

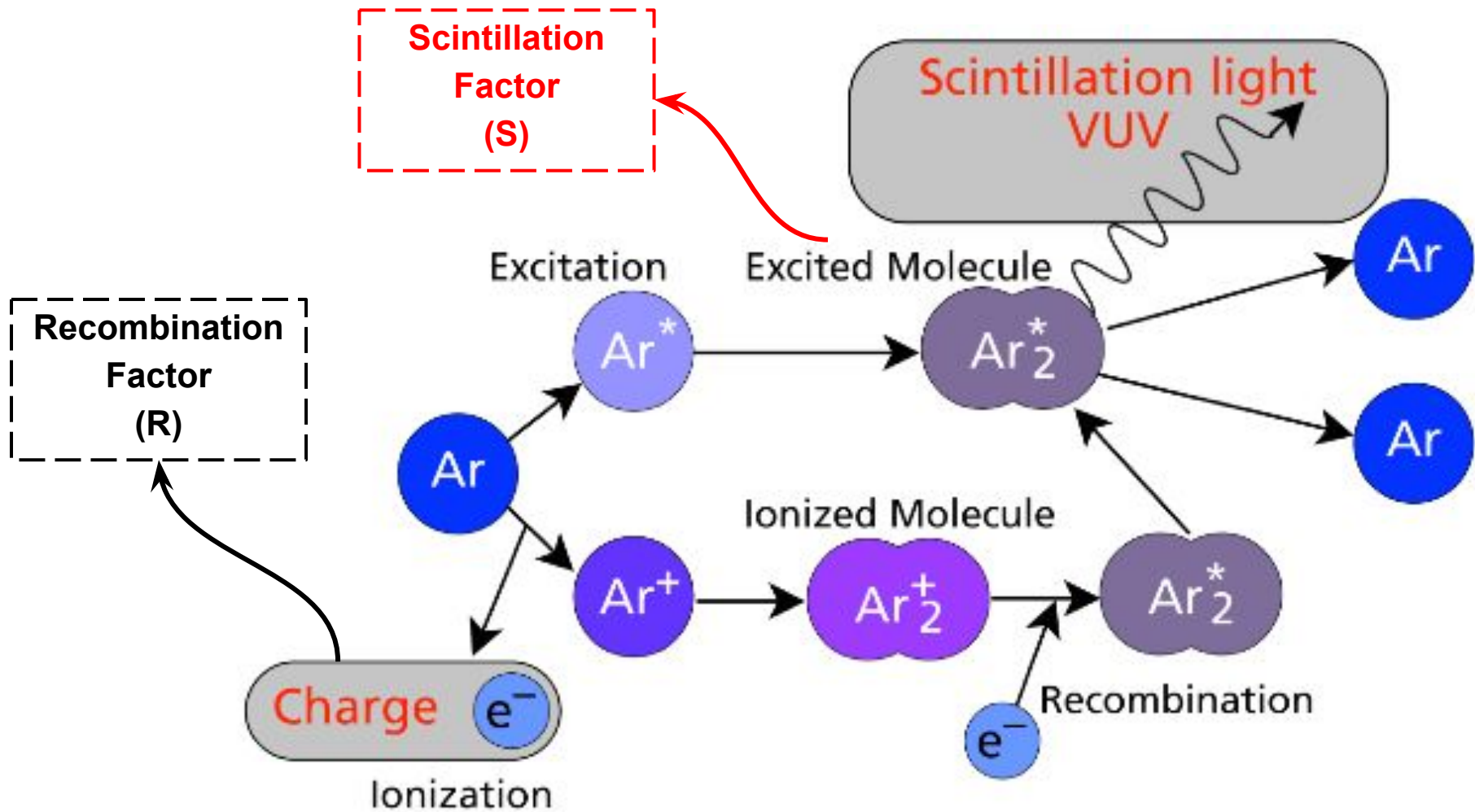
Improving neutrino detection with double calorimetry in LArTPCs - Approval for LIDINE

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Outline

- **Main objective:** Learn and develop GLoBES software to analyse the oscillation parameters of the CPV and mass ordering for only charge and for both charge and light energy resolutions.
 - ❖ Ancillary files from the article: “Experiment Simulation Configurations Approximating DUNE TDR” - <https://arxiv.org/src/2103.04797v2/anc>
- **Sensitivity analyses in GLoBES** to validate with TDR using all data from ancillary - charge signal + smearing matrices.
- **Gaussian energy resolution function** into GLoBES to analyse CPV sensitivity and mass ordering:
 - Charge signal \sim 14% energy resolution;
 - Charge + Light signal \sim 8% energy resolution.

Charge and light signal in a LArTPC



Araujo, G. Wavelength Shifting and Photon Detection of Scintillation Light from Liquid Argon

Charge and light signal in a LArTPC

- Electric Field in LArTPC $\sim 0.5\text{kV/cm}$
 - Recombination signal;
 - Scintillation signal.

- Charge signal (Q)

$$Q = N_e = N_i R,$$

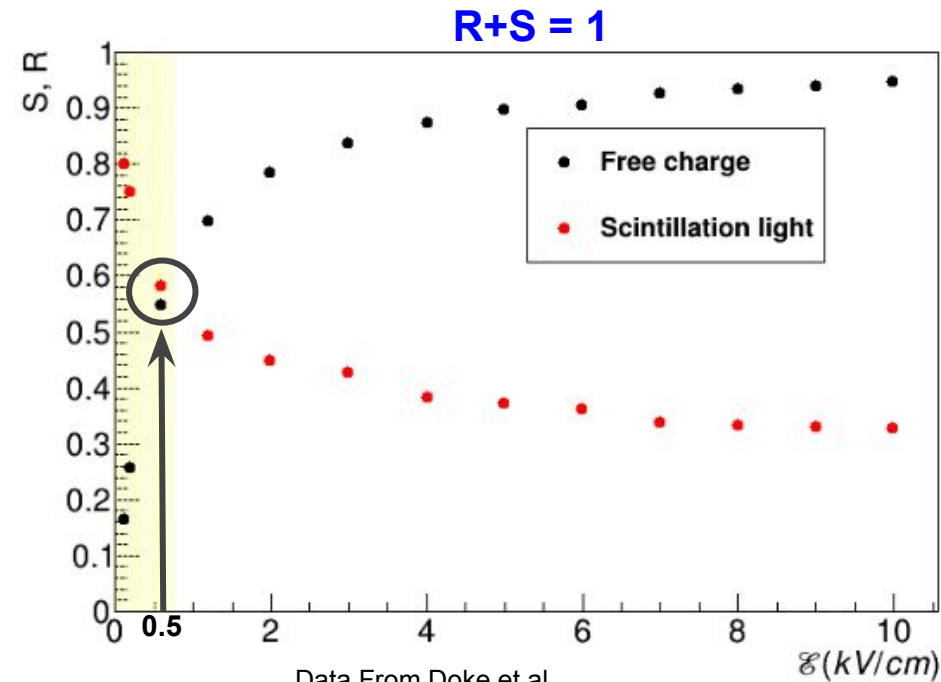
- Light signal (L)

$$L = N_\gamma = N_{ex} + N_i(1 - R)$$

- Combination of charge signal and light (Q+L)

- Improved energy resolution;
- Independence of the recombination factor (R).

$$L + Q = N_i + N_{ex} = \frac{\Delta E}{W_{ph}} \rightarrow \Delta E = (Q + L)W_{ph}$$

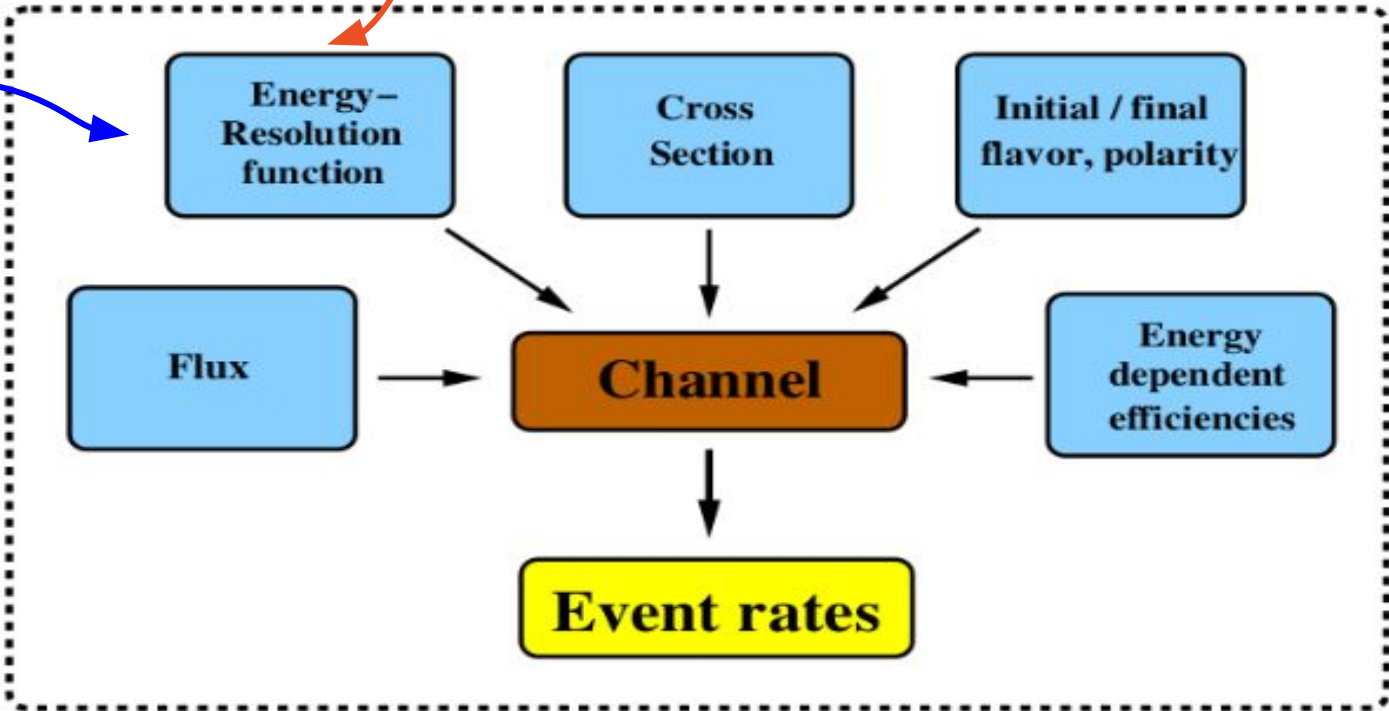


Data From Doke et al.

Marinho, F., et al. JINST C07009 (2022)

Event rates

Updated data: Q+L signals - Gaussian function



From TDR - Q signal and smearing matrices

Channel's values in GLOBES

$$n_i^c = N/L^2 \int_{E_i - \Delta E_i/2}^{E_i + \Delta E_i/2} dE' \int_0^\infty \phi^c(E) P^c(E) \sigma^c(E) R^c(E, E') \epsilon^c(E').$$

Energy Resolution Function

- Gaussian energy resolution function and energy resolution:

$$R^c(E, E') = \frac{1}{\sigma(E) \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(E-E')^2}{2\sigma^2(E)}} \quad \frac{\sigma(E)}{E} = \alpha + \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{E}} + \frac{\gamma}{E}$$

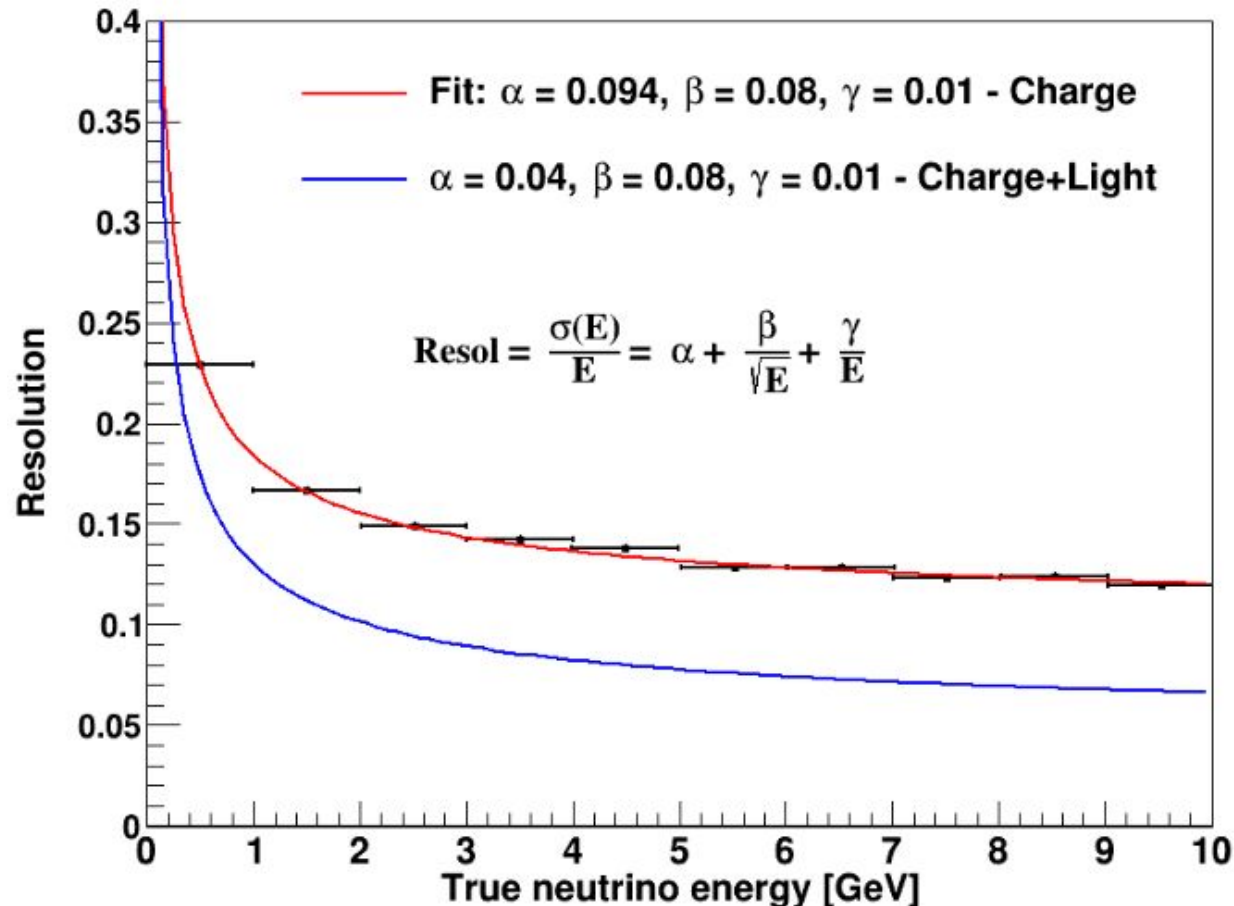
- Flexibility to modify its variables α , β and γ , to achieve the expected energy resolution.

Energy Resolution Function

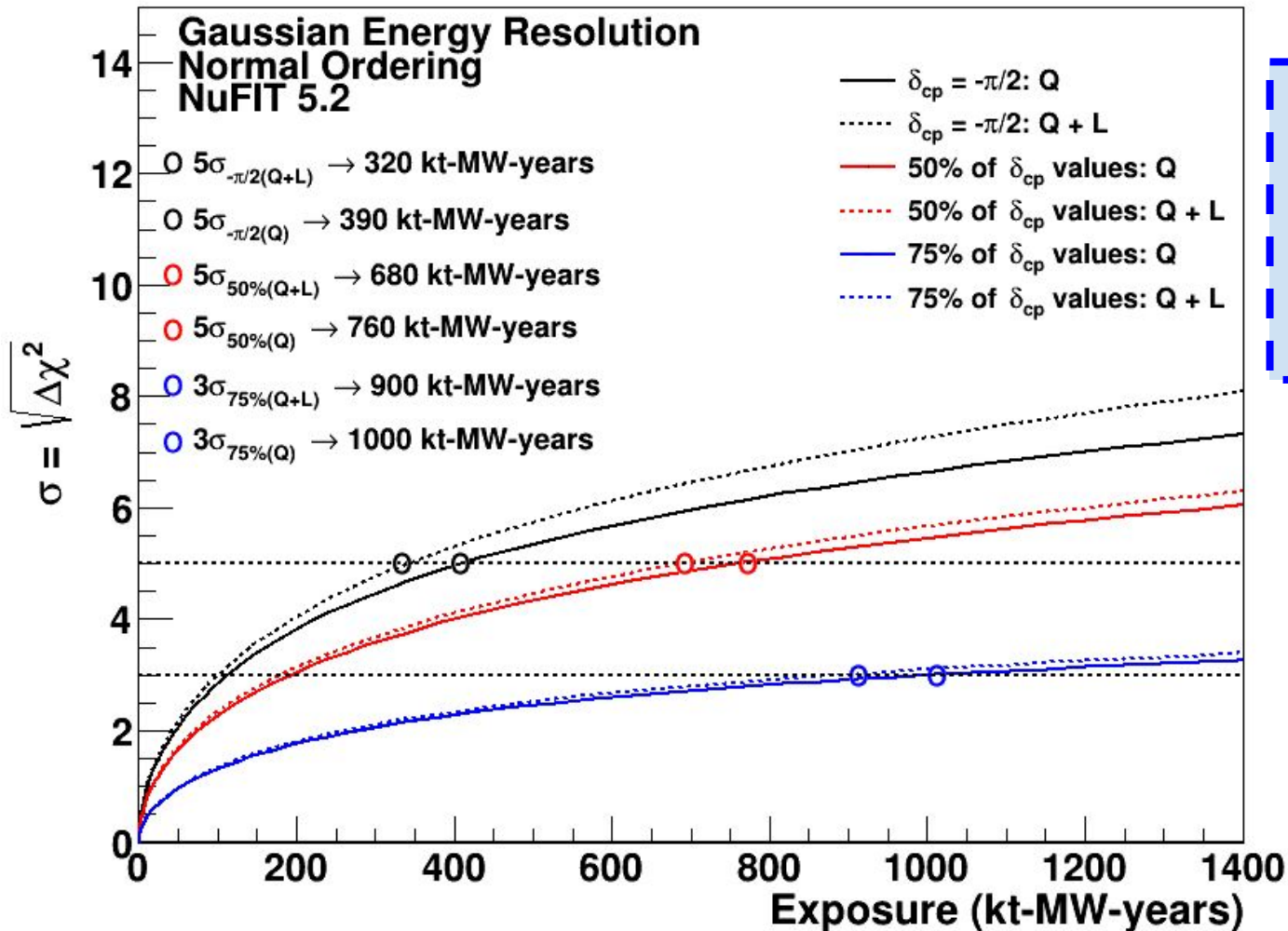
- **Q Energy Resolution** (14% energy resolution)
 - Neutrino energy reconstruction in the Vertical Drift (Wenjie Wu) - CM 13 Sep, 2022 - > <https://indico.fnal.gov/event/53964/contributions/250282/>
- **Q + L energy resolution** (8% energy resolution)
 - Charge and Light analysis in DUNE Far Detector HD (Marta Torti and Giulia Brunetti) - CM 25 May, 2023 - > <https://indico.fnal.gov/event/57487/contributions/267200/>
 - Energy resolution for electron neutrinos is around 6.6%, we assume 8% as an initial conservative analysis.
 - Preliminary results on simulated beam events CC Nue contained on Total Deposited Energy.

Energy Resolution Function

- Fit the MC charge resolution with a proper function;
- Modify one of the parameters to reproduce the expected charge+light resolution.

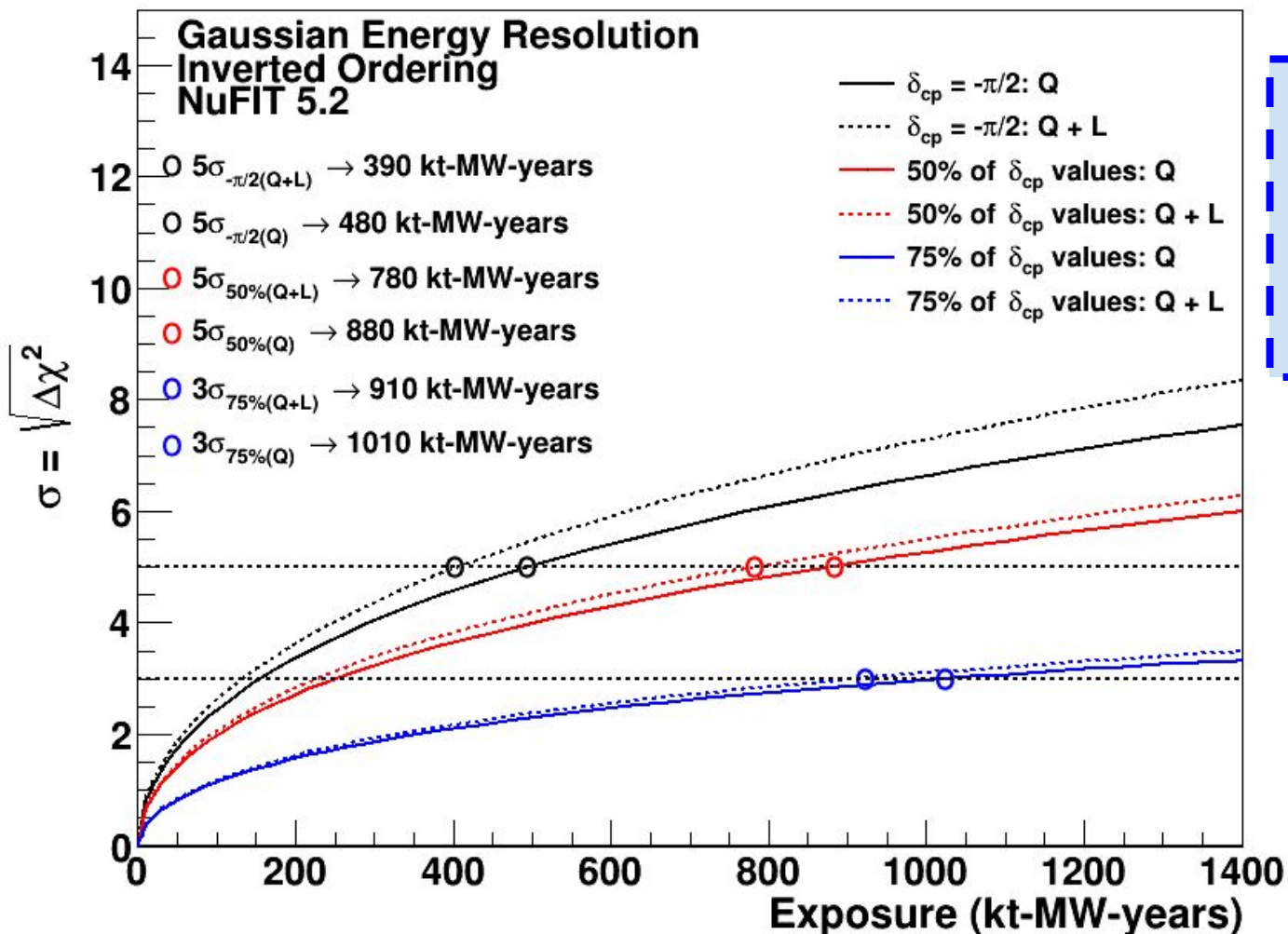


CPV Sensitivity for Q and Q+L



RESULT!
 **5σ sensitivity can
 be reached ~ 70
 kt-MW-years earlier!**

CPV Sensitivity for Q and Q+L



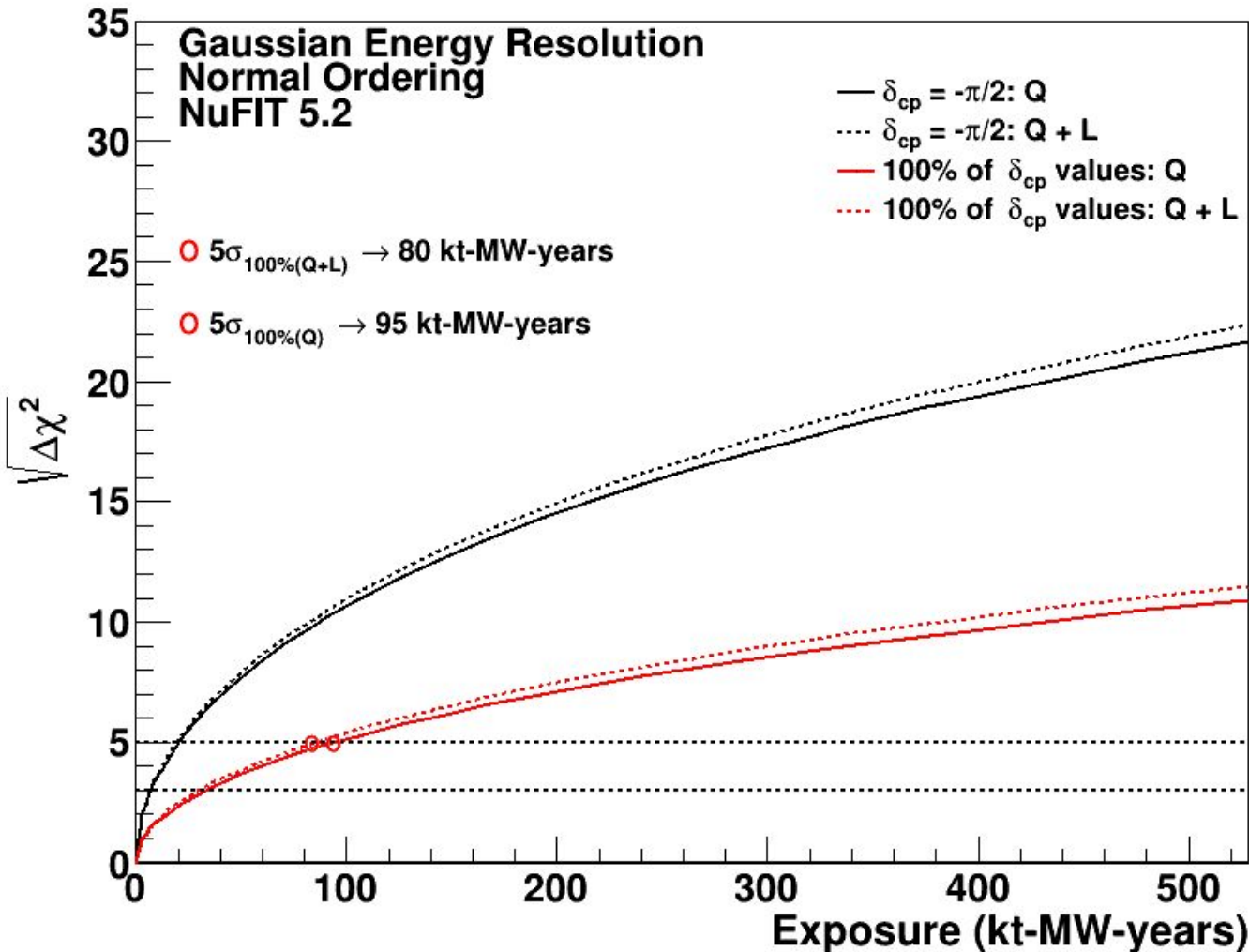
RESULT!
 **5σ sensitivity can
 be reached ~ 90
 kt-MW-years earlier!**

Approx. Improve CPV for Q+L

Improve CPV	$-\pi/2$	50% of δ_{cp}	75% of δ_{cp}
Normal Ordering	18%	15%	10%
Inverted Ordering	19%	11%	10%

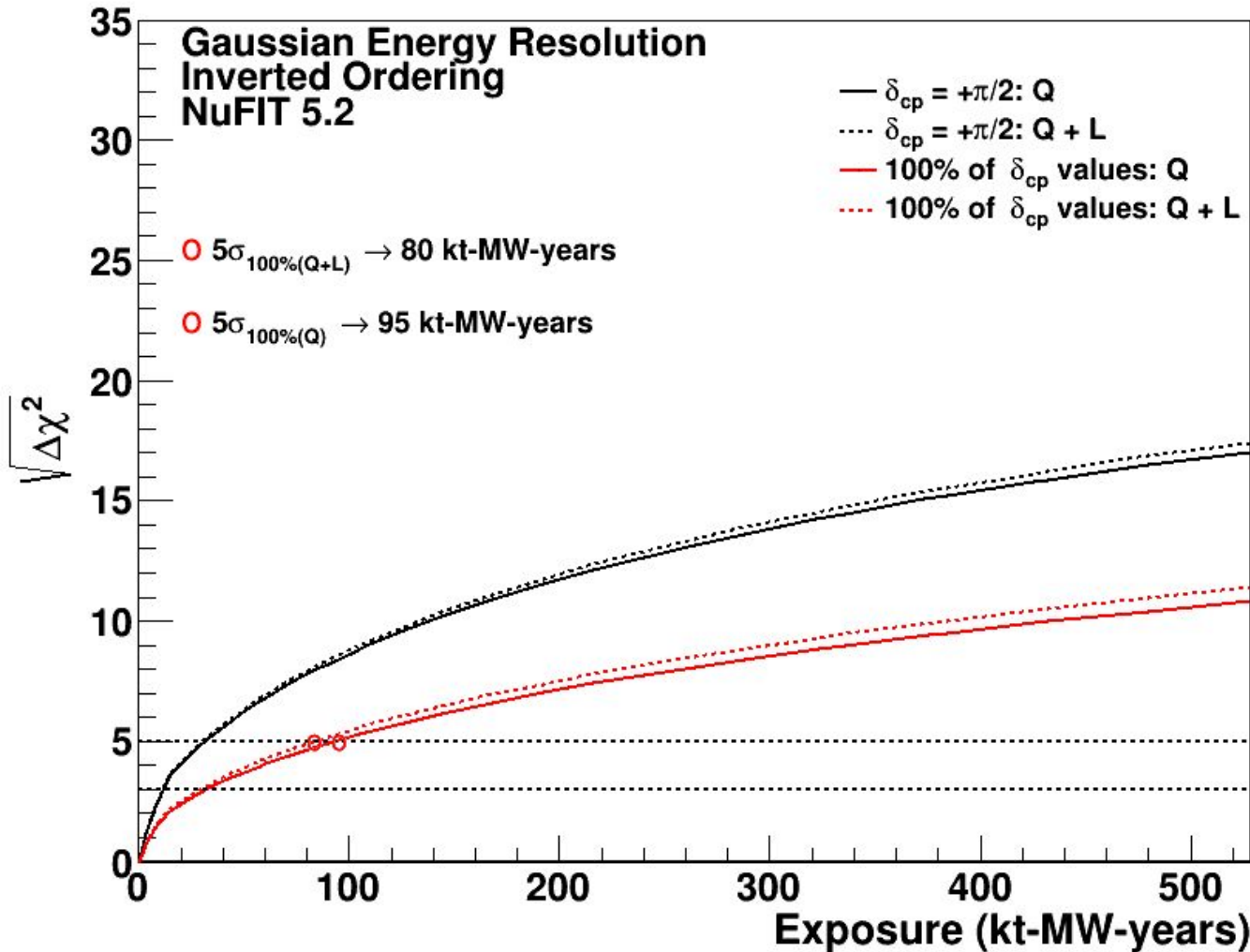
Tab 1: Reduction in Exposure obtained by comparing the Q+L signal with the Q signal for CPV.

Mass Ordering Sensitivity for Q and Q+L



RESULT!
5 σ sensitivity can
be reached ~ 15
kt-MW-years earlier!

Mass Ordering Sensitivity for Q and Q+L



RESULT!
5 σ sensitivity can
be reached ~ 15
kt-MW-years earlier!

Approx. Improve Mass Ordering for Q+L

Improve Mass Ordering	100% of δ_{cp}
Normal Ordering	16%
Inverted Ordering	16%

Tab 2: Reduction in Exposure obtained by comparing the Q+L signal with the Q signal for Mass Ordering.

Conclusions

- Impact of including the charge and light signal into GLoBES
 - For determining CPV;
 - For determining Mass Ordering.
- The simulations does not take into account all the systematic effects, including the ND and Gaussian function lacks details from the detector.
 - These results indicate that including the light signal may improve the sensitivity of CPV and Mass Ordering;
 - Updated analyses of the improvement in energy resolution and the impact on oscillation parameters will be made in my PhD.

● Next steps for the PhD

- Improve the oscillation analysis using better methods with MaCh3.
- In collaboration with the group of the Charge and Light analysis will employ the Monte Carlo simulation + ProtoDUNE data to build a better energy resolutions for Q+L signals.

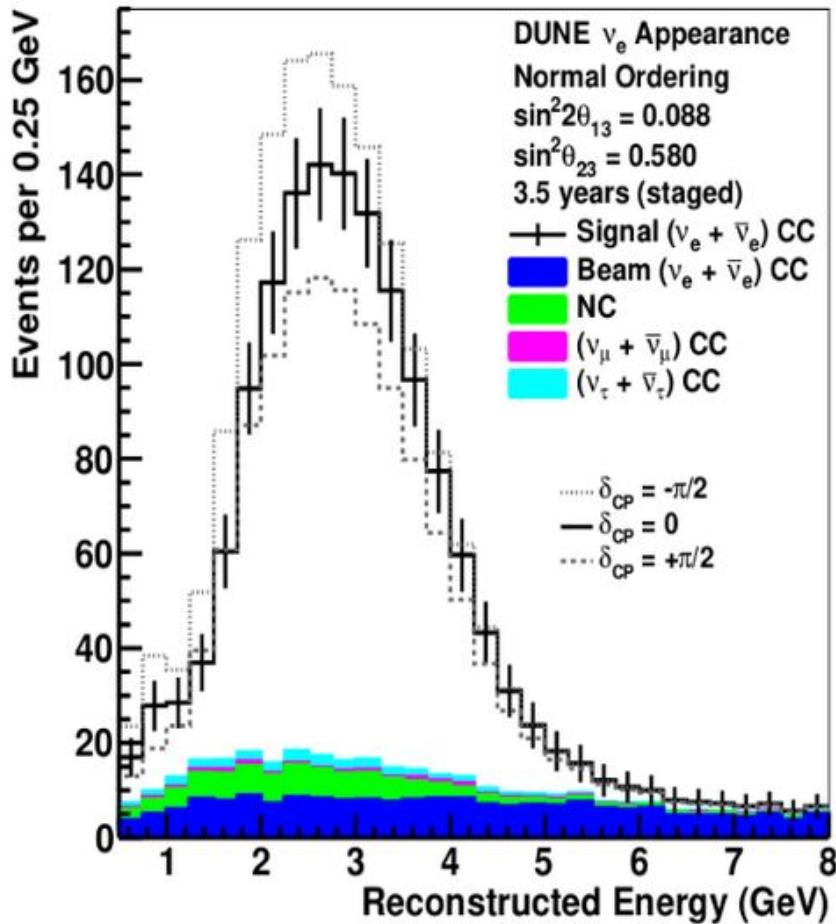
Back up

First step - Validation results

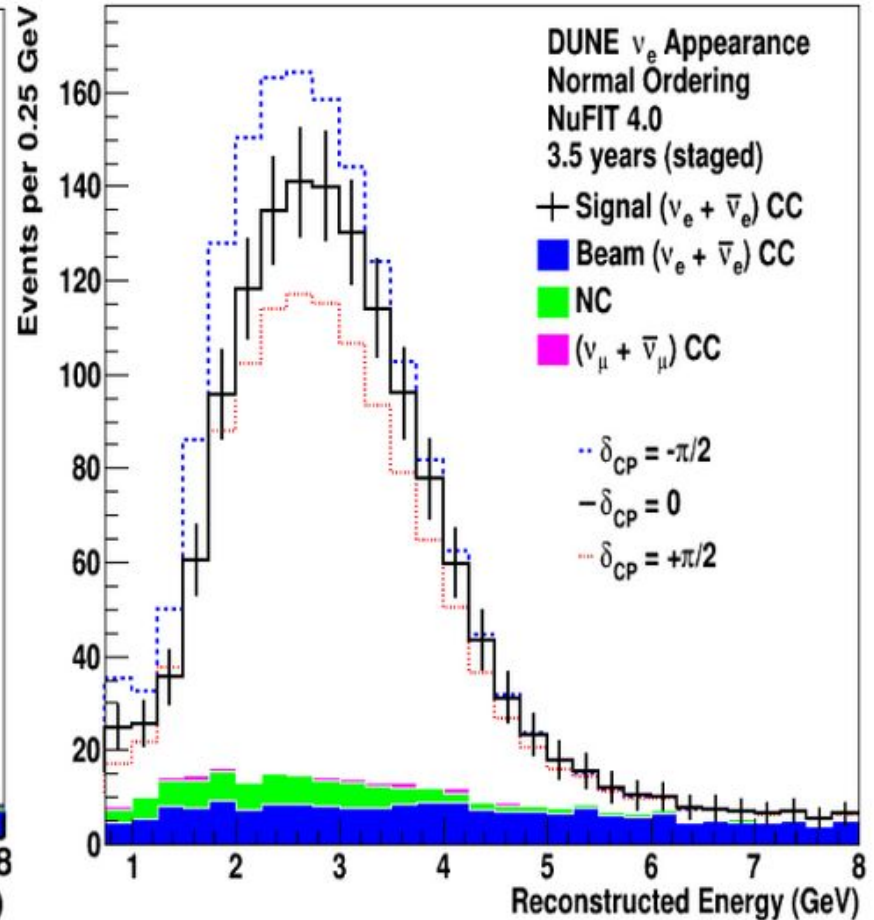
- **For validation with TDR** - Nominal deployment plan and the oscillation parameters from NuFIT 4.0 (2018).
 - Start of beam run: two FD module volumes for total fiducial mass of 20 kt, 1.2 MW beam
 - After one year: add one FD module volume for total fiducial mass of 30 kt
 - After three years: add one FD module volume for total fiducial mass of 40 kt
 - After six years: upgrade to 2.4 MW beam

	Normal Ordering (best fit)		Inverted Ordering ($\Delta\chi^2 = 4.7$)	
	bfp $\pm 1\sigma$	3σ range	bfp $\pm 1\sigma$	3σ range
$\sin^2 \theta_{12}$	$0.310^{+0.013}_{-0.012}$	0.275 \rightarrow 0.350	$0.310^{+0.013}_{-0.012}$	0.275 \rightarrow 0.350
$\theta_{12}/^\circ$	$33.82^{+0.78}_{-0.76}$	31.61 \rightarrow 36.27	$33.82^{+0.78}_{-0.76}$	31.61 \rightarrow 36.27
$\sin^2 \theta_{23}$	$0.580^{+0.017}_{-0.021}$	0.418 \rightarrow 0.627	$0.584^{+0.016}_{-0.020}$	0.423 \rightarrow 0.629
$\theta_{23}/^\circ$	$49.6^{+1.0}_{-1.2}$	40.3 \rightarrow 52.4	$49.8^{+1.0}_{-1.1}$	40.6 \rightarrow 52.5
$\sin^2 \theta_{13}$	$0.02241^{+0.00065}_{-0.00065}$	0.02045 \rightarrow 0.02439	$0.02264^{+0.00066}_{-0.00066}$	0.02068 \rightarrow 0.02463
$\theta_{13}/^\circ$	$8.61^{+0.13}_{-0.13}$	8.22 \rightarrow 8.99	$8.65^{+0.13}_{-0.13}$	8.27 \rightarrow 9.03
$\delta_{CP}/^\circ$	215^{+40}_{-29}	125 \rightarrow 392	284^{+27}_{-29}	196 \rightarrow 360
$\frac{\Delta m_{21}^2}{10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2}$	$7.39^{+0.21}_{-0.20}$	6.79 \rightarrow 8.01	$7.39^{+0.21}_{-0.20}$	6.79 \rightarrow 8.01
$\frac{\Delta m_{3\ell}^2}{10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2}$	$+2.525^{+0.033}_{-0.032}$	+2.427 \rightarrow +2.625	$-2.512^{+0.034}_{-0.032}$	-2.611 \rightarrow -2.412

Event rates - TDR reference



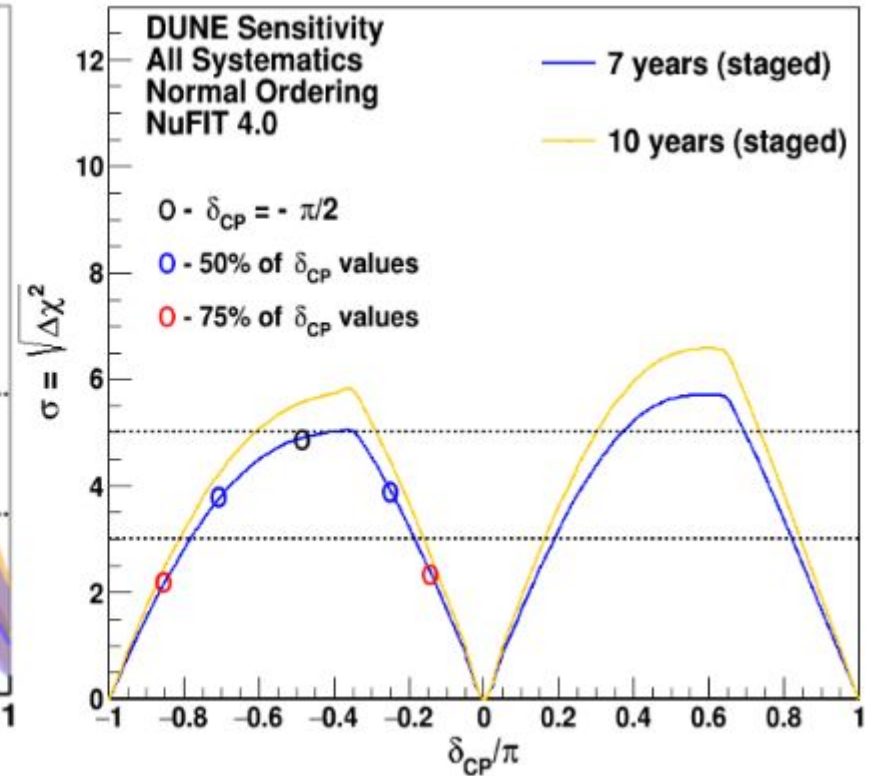
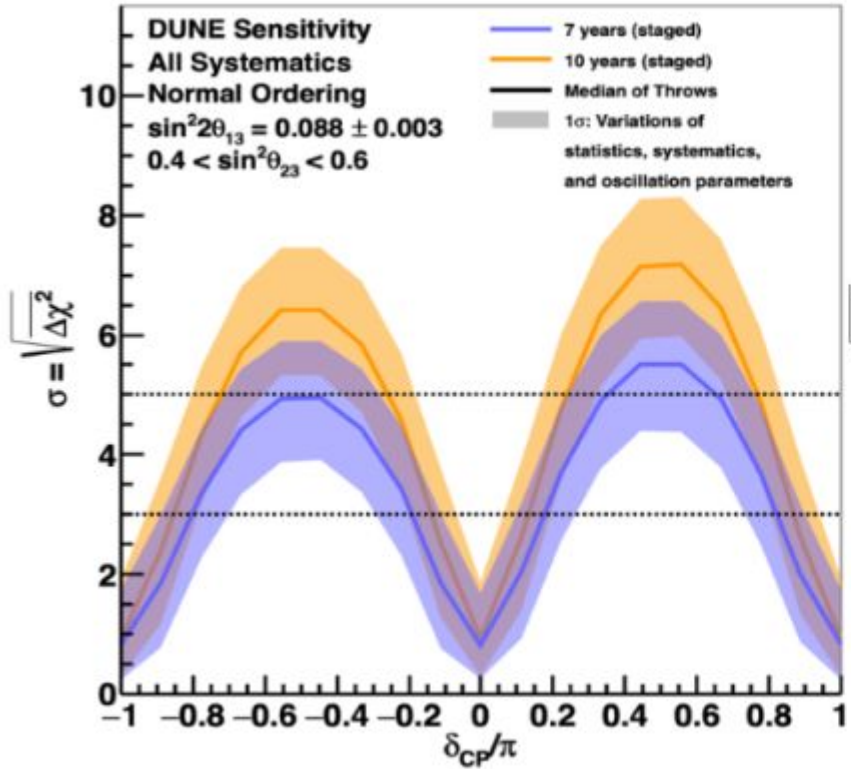
- Graph from TDR



- Graph from our results using GLoBES

Back up

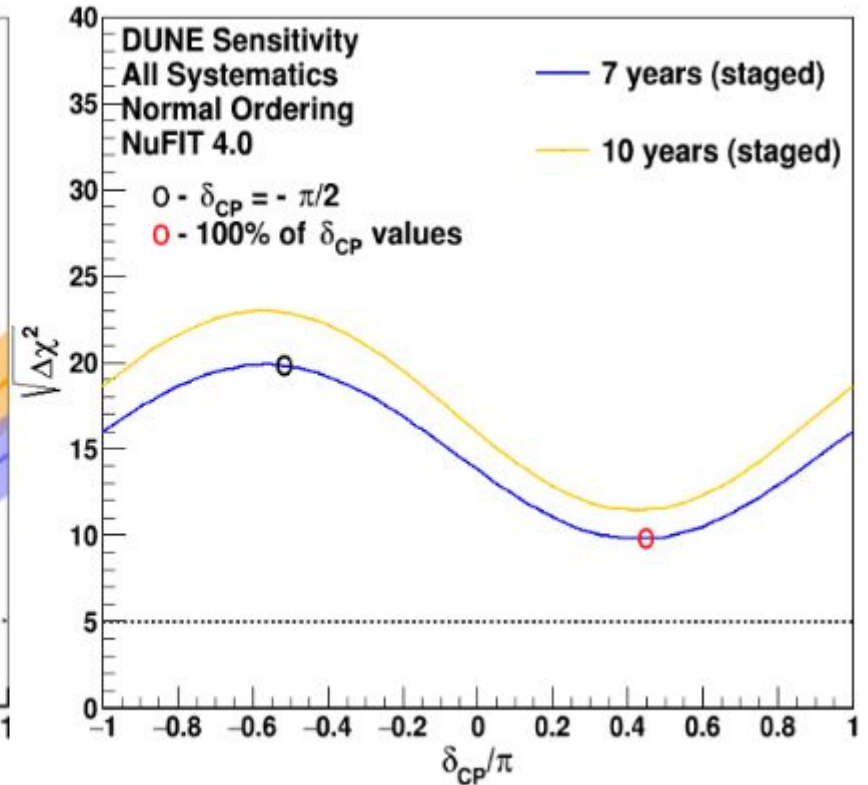
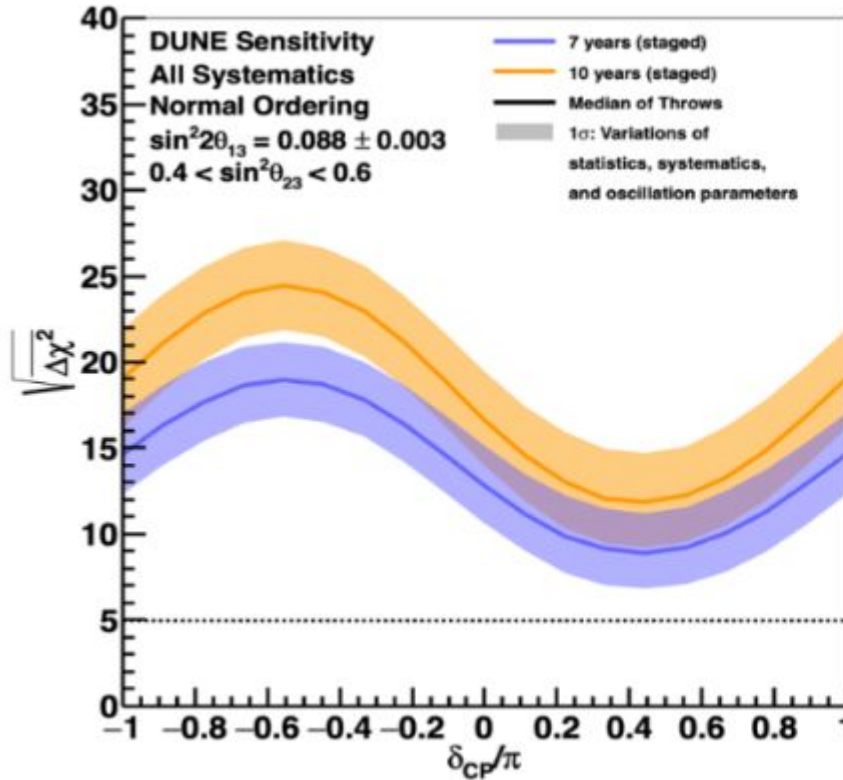
- Sensitivity CPV



$$\Delta\chi_{CPV}^2 = \text{Min}[\Delta\chi_{CP}^2(\delta_{CP}^{test} = 0), \Delta\chi_{CP}^2(\delta_{CP}^{test} = \pi)]$$

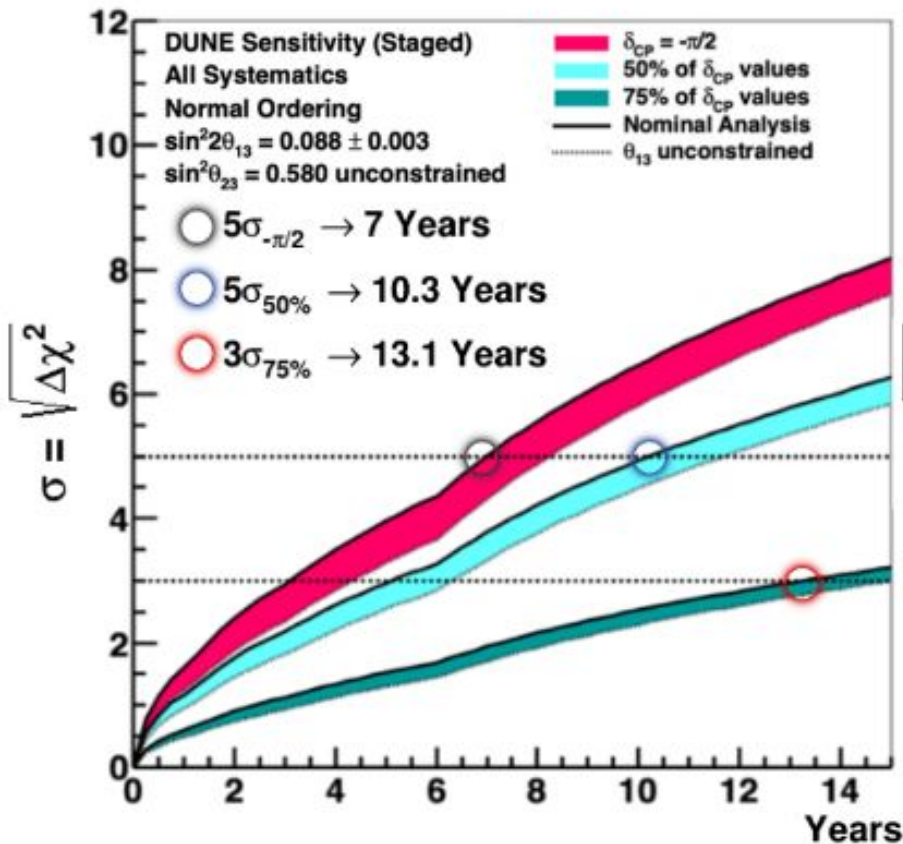
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- Sensitivity Mass Ordering

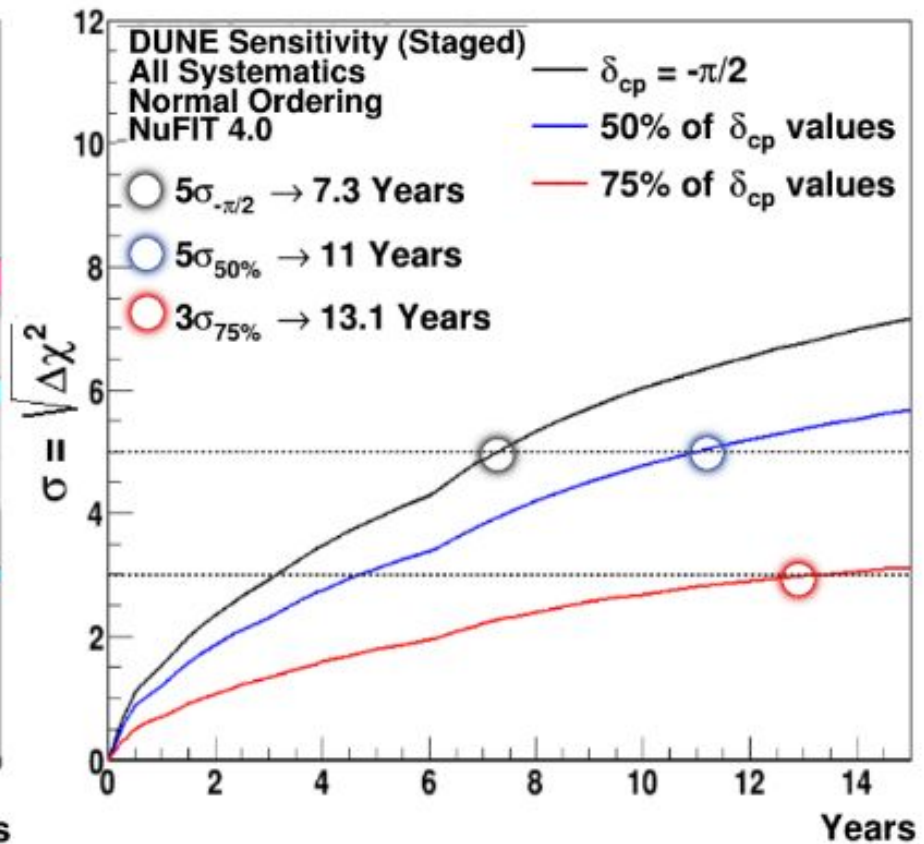


$$\Delta\chi_{ordering}^2 = \chi_{opposite}^2 - \chi_{true}^2$$

CPV Sensitivity - TDR reference

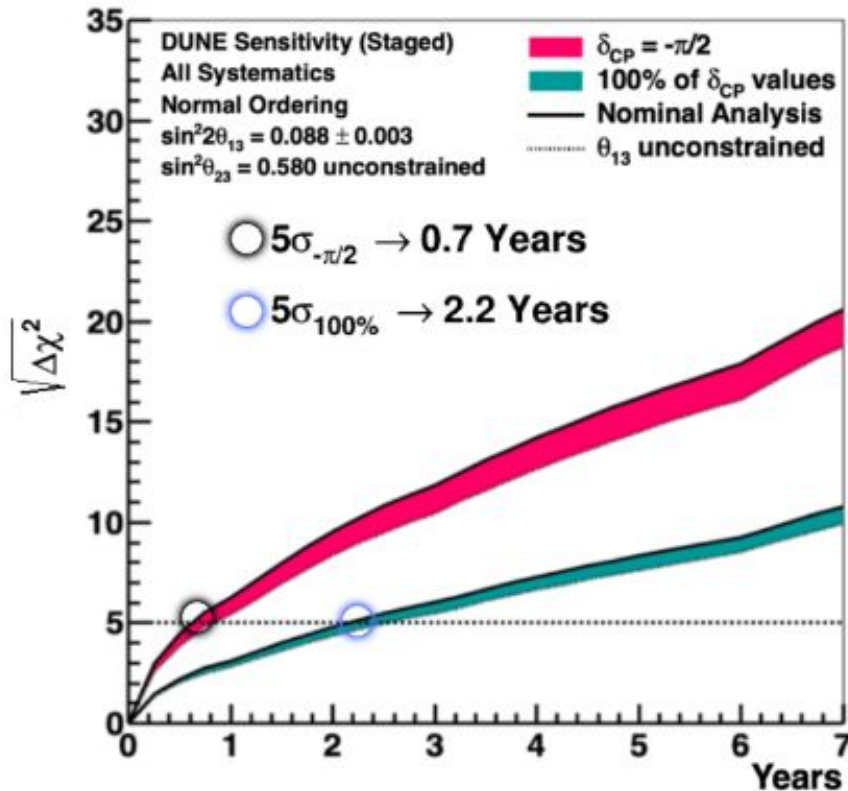


- Graph from TDR
- Sensitivity analysis with Framework CAFAna

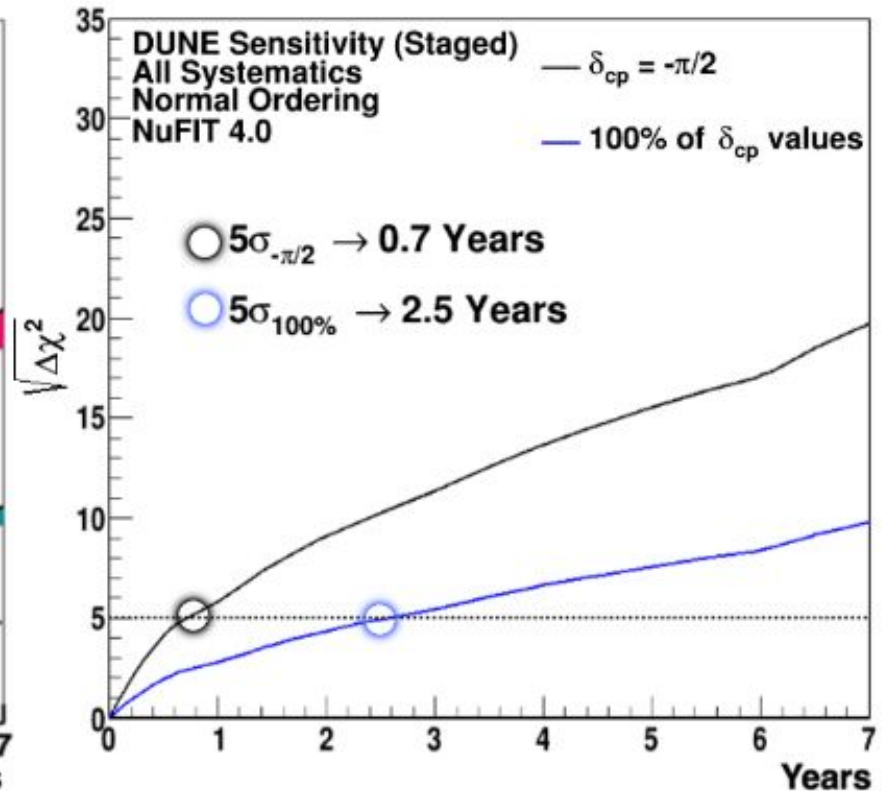


- Graph from our results
- Sensitivity analysis with GLOBES

Mass Ordering Sensitivity - TDR reference



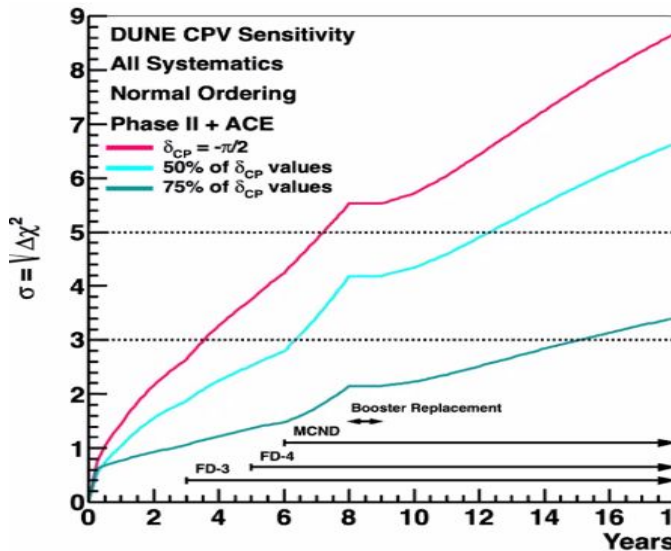
- Graph from TDR
- Sensitivity analysis with Framework CAFAna



- Graph from our results
- Sensitivity analysis with GLOBES

Charge + Light analysis

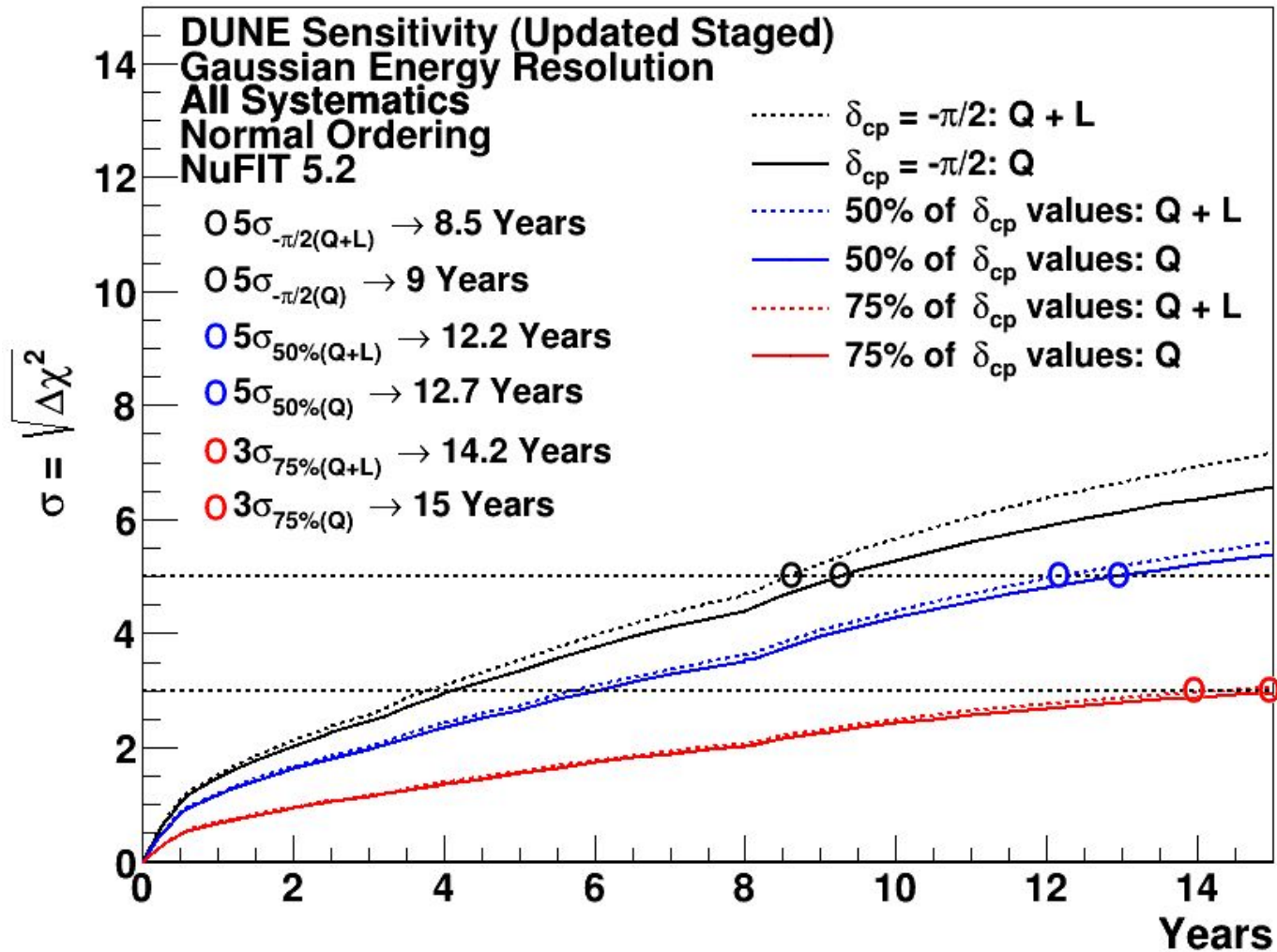
- **After validation:** using the updated information about nominal deployment plan (P5) and implementation of the current value oscillation parameter from NuFIT 5.2 (2023).



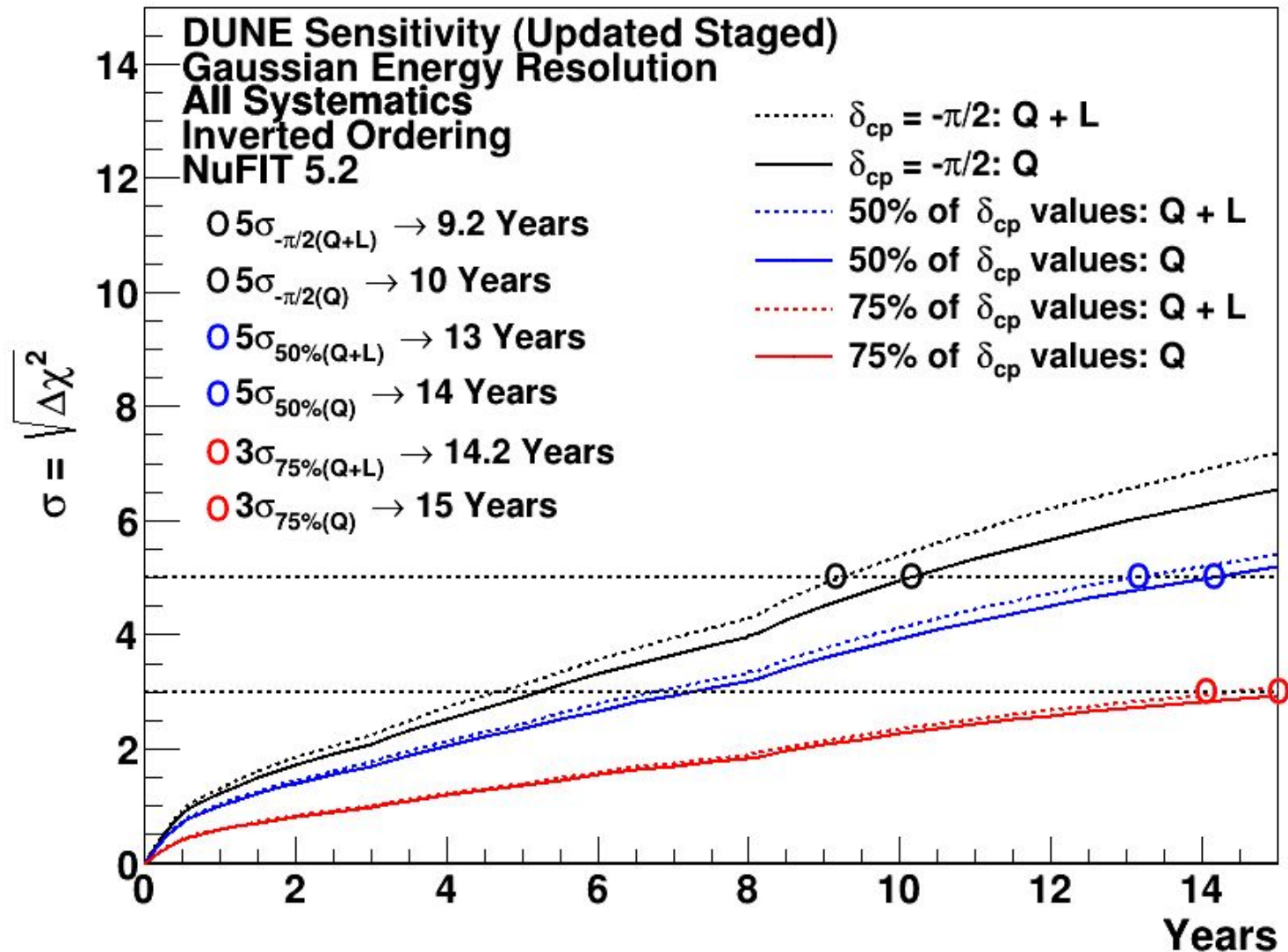
	Normal Ordering (best fit)		Inverted Ordering ($\Delta\chi^2 = 2.3$)	
	bfp $\pm 1\sigma$	3σ range	bfp $\pm 1\sigma$	3σ range
$\sin^2 \theta_{12}$	$0.303^{+0.012}_{-0.011}$	0.270 \rightarrow 0.341	$0.303^{+0.012}_{-0.011}$	0.270 \rightarrow 0.341
$\theta_{12}/^\circ$	$33.41^{+0.75}_{-0.72}$	31.31 \rightarrow 35.74	$33.41^{+0.75}_{-0.72}$	31.31 \rightarrow 35.74
$\sin^2 \theta_{23}$	$0.572^{+0.018}_{-0.023}$	0.406 \rightarrow 0.620	$0.578^{+0.016}_{-0.021}$	0.412 \rightarrow 0.623
$\theta_{23}/^\circ$	$49.1^{+1.0}_{-1.3}$	39.6 \rightarrow 51.9	$49.5^{+0.9}_{-1.2}$	39.9 \rightarrow 52.1
$\sin^2 \theta_{13}$	$0.02203^{+0.00056}_{-0.00059}$	0.02029 \rightarrow 0.02391	$0.02219^{+0.00060}_{-0.00057}$	0.02047 \rightarrow 0.02396
$\theta_{13}/^\circ$	$8.54^{+0.11}_{-0.12}$	8.19 \rightarrow 8.89	$8.57^{+0.12}_{-0.11}$	8.23 \rightarrow 8.90
$\delta_{CP}/^\circ$	197^{+42}_{-25}	108 \rightarrow 404	286^{+27}_{-32}	192 \rightarrow 360
$\frac{\Delta m_{21}^2}{10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2}$	$7.41^{+0.21}_{-0.20}$	6.82 \rightarrow 8.03	$7.41^{+0.21}_{-0.20}$	6.82 \rightarrow 8.03
$\frac{\Delta m_{3l}^2}{10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2}$	$+2.511^{+0.028}_{-0.027}$	+2.428 \rightarrow +2.597	$-2.498^{+0.032}_{-0.025}$	-2.581 \rightarrow -2.408

- **We do not take into account:**
 - Near Detector configuration;
 - Approximately 1 year which the experiment could be stopped for the beam upgrade.

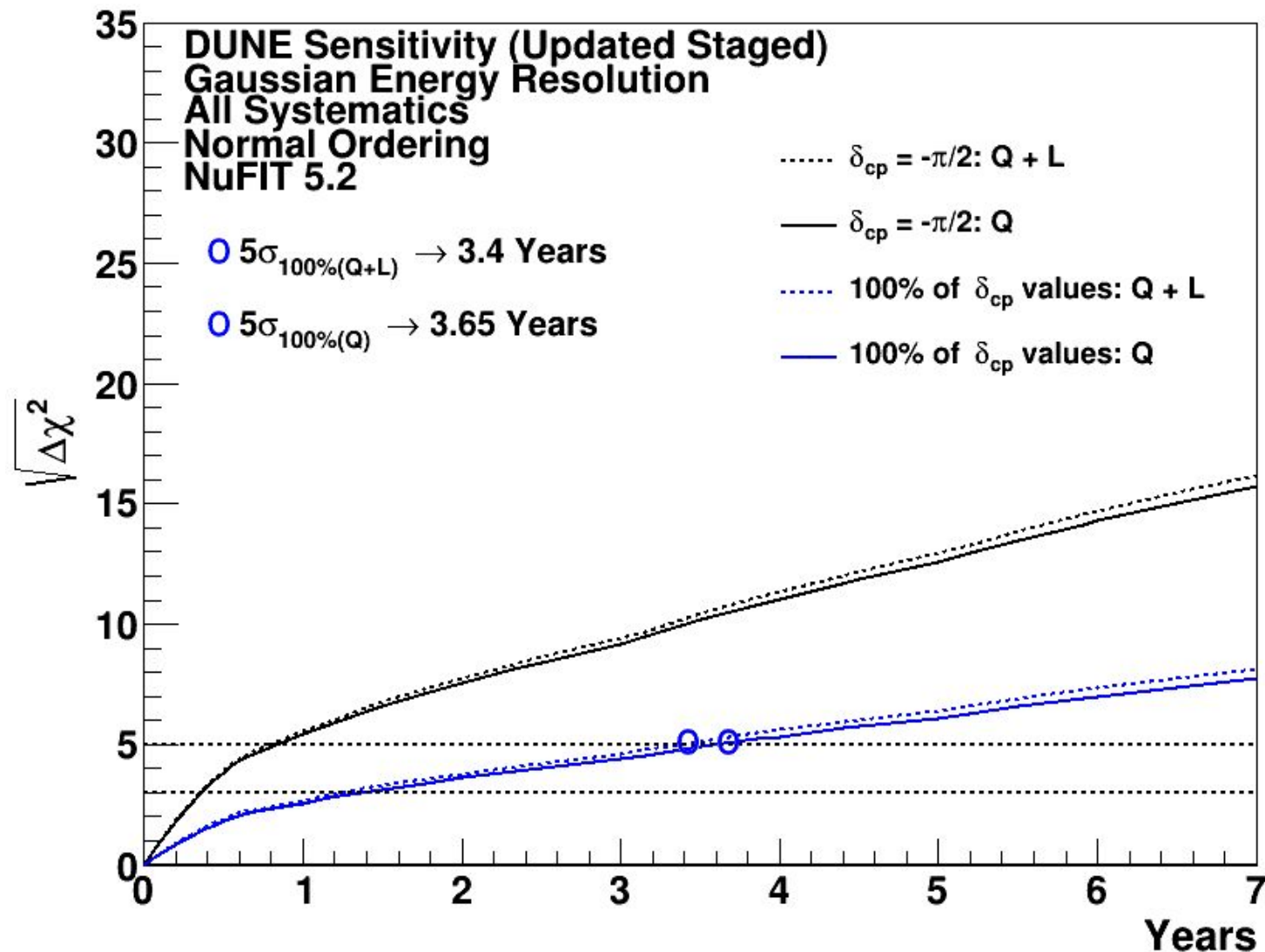
CPV Sensitivity - Updated reference



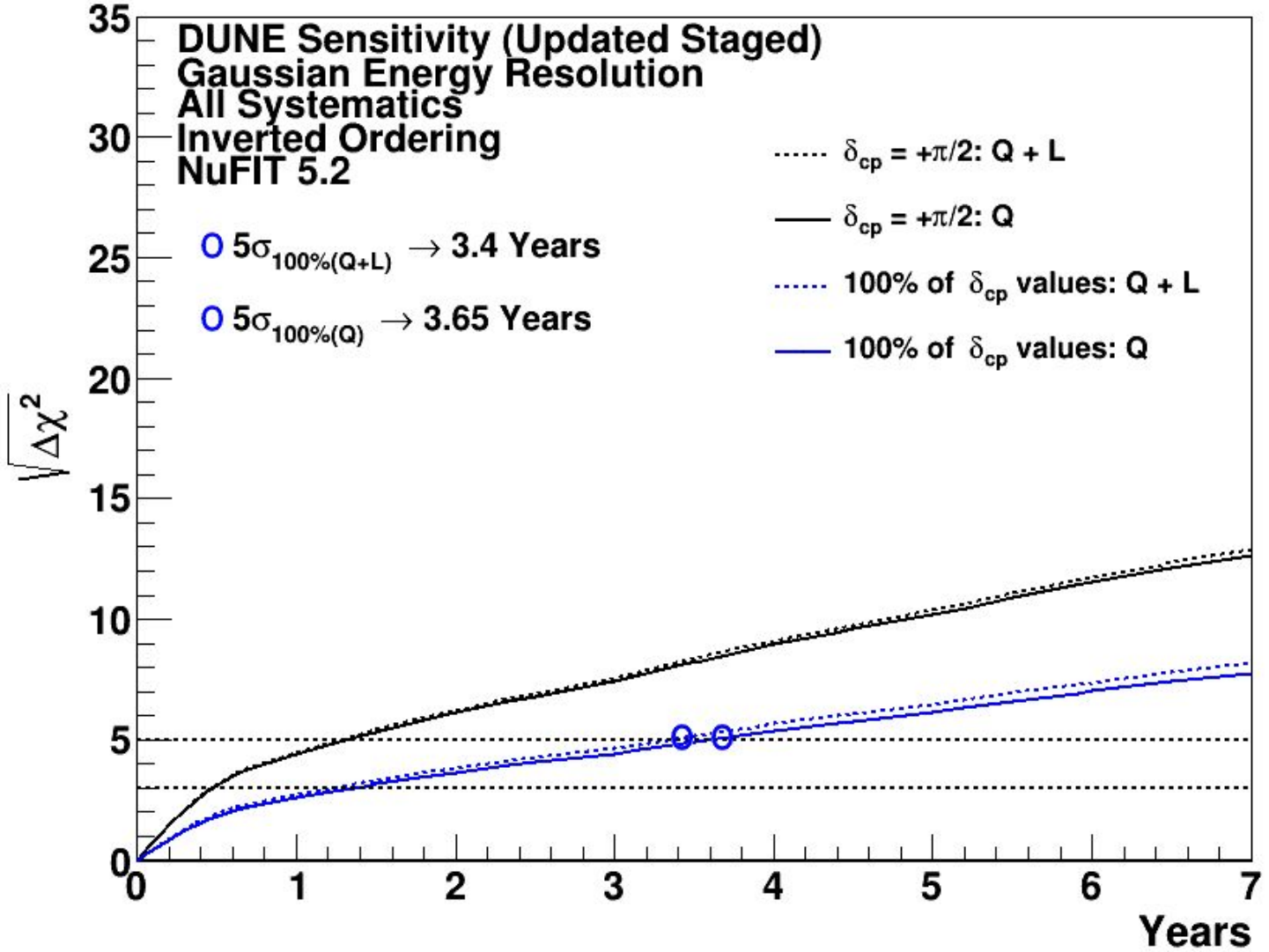
CPV Sensitivity - Updated reference



Mass Ordering Sensitivity - Updated reference



Mass Ordering Sensitivity - Updated reference



Back up

- **Energy Resolution Function:**

- Charge signal - > Results from Wenjie Wu Presentation.

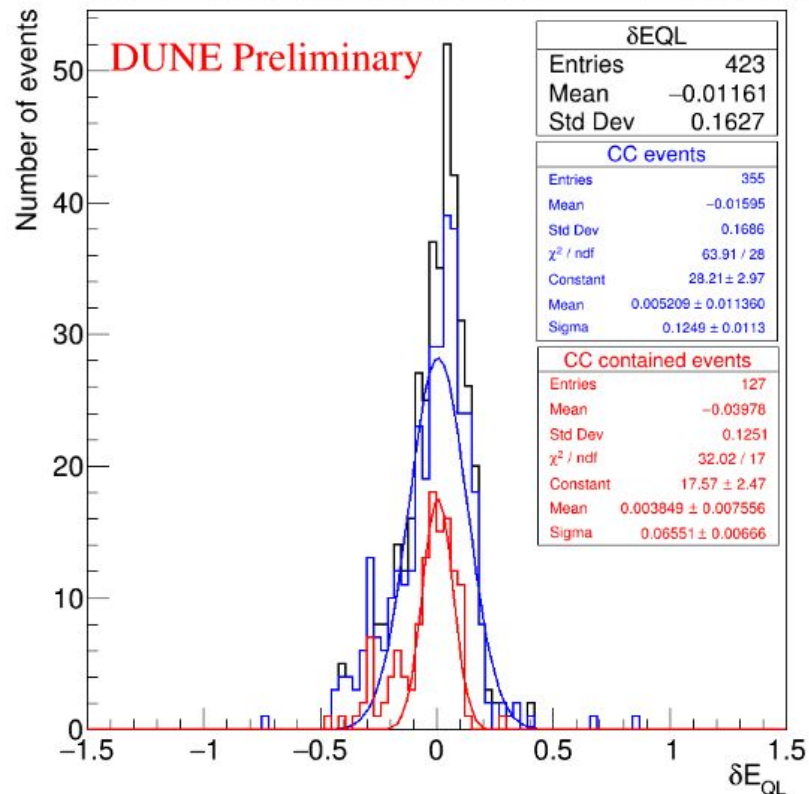
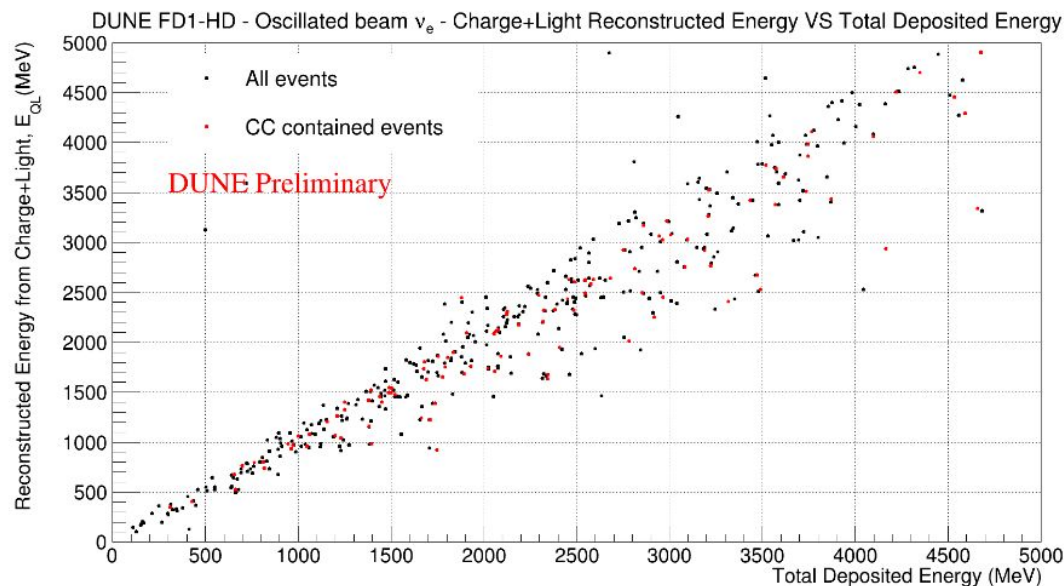
Resolution	3view_30deg	3view_30deg (anti-nu)	HD (tech-note)
Numu CC events (contained)	20.3%	17.2%	18%
Numu CC events (exiting)	18.3%	17.8%	20%
Nue CC events	14.1%	12.0%	13%

<https://indico.fnal.gov/event/53964/contributions/250282/>

Back up

- Energy Resolution Function:

- Charge and Light signal for electron neutrino - > Results from Giulia Brunetti/Marta Torti Presentation.



<https://indico.fnal.gov/event/57487/contributions/267200/>