#### Study of muon&hadron acceptance in LAr+TMS

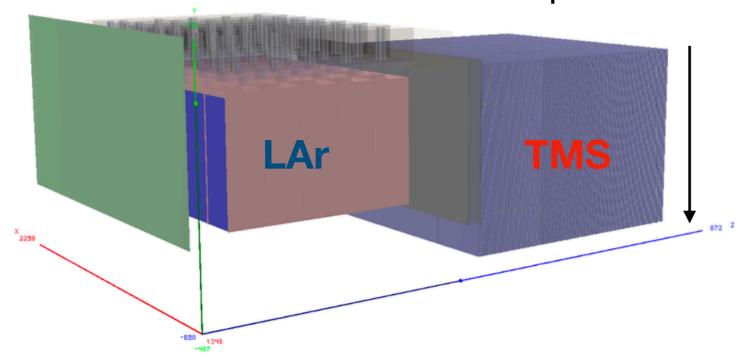
# Kiyoung Jung, Chris Marshall (University of Rochester)



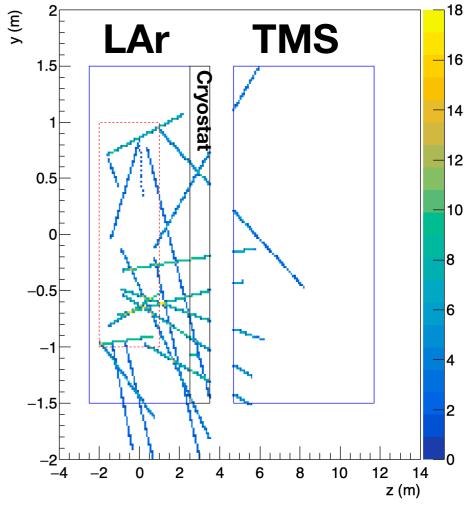
Aug. 14, 2024 ND Meeting

#### Introduction

- Beam angle: downward at 101 mrad.
- Change of muon acceptance in TMS by moving y position.
- Toy simulation:
- Muon (up to 5 GeV) vertex in LAr fiducial volume.
- Pick  $\theta_{\nu,\mu}$  and kinetic energy of muon.
- Random azimuthal angle between 0 and  $2\pi$ .
- For the cryostat, assume 1m depth from active volume of LAr with 60g/cm2.
- Check the where the muon stop.

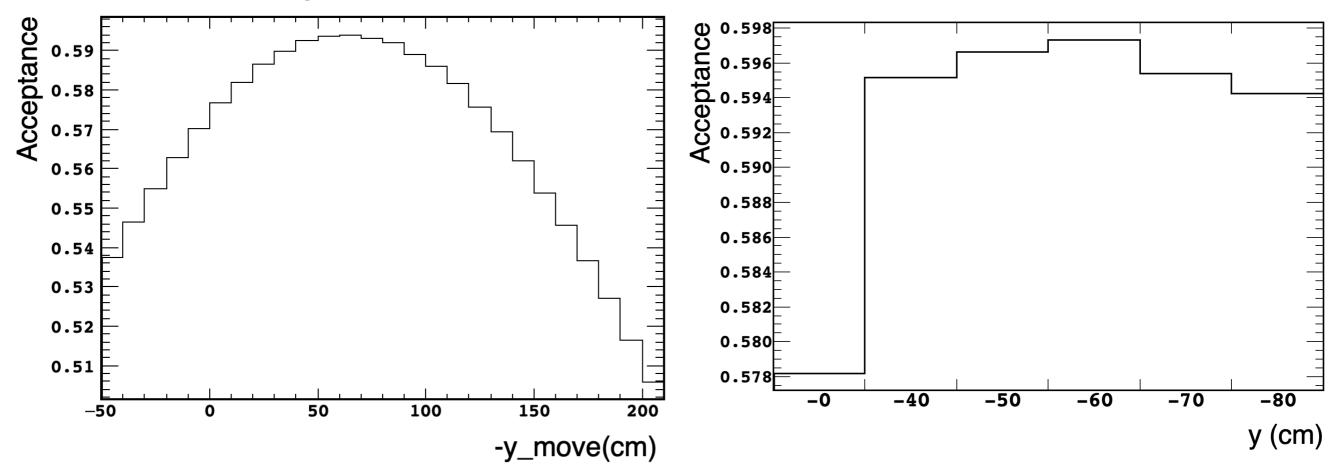


- LAr dimensions (cm): X (-350, 350), Y: (-150, 150), Z: (-250, 250).
- Fiducial volum of LAr: X (-300, 300), Y: (-100, 100), Z: (-200, 100).
- Cryostat dimension= (X: (-500, 500), Y: (-340, 340), Z: (250, 350).
- TMS dimensions (cm): X: (-350, 350), Y: (-150, 150), Z: (500, 1140).



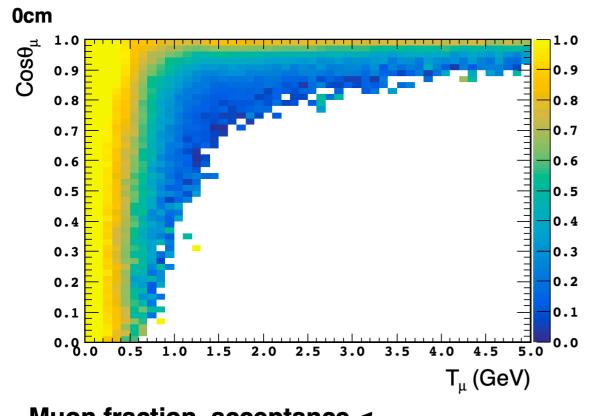
# **Acceptance in TMS+LAr**

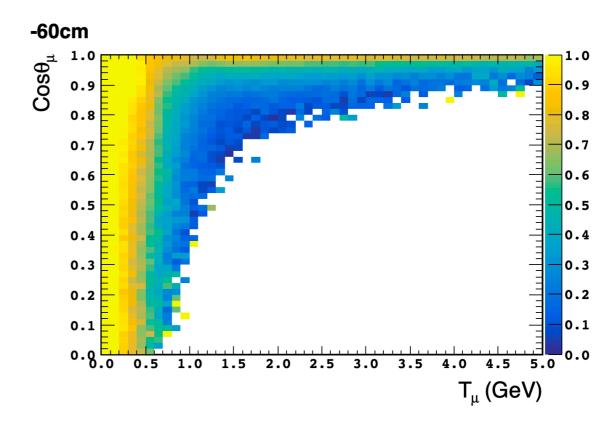
#### **LAr+TMS Muon Acceptance**



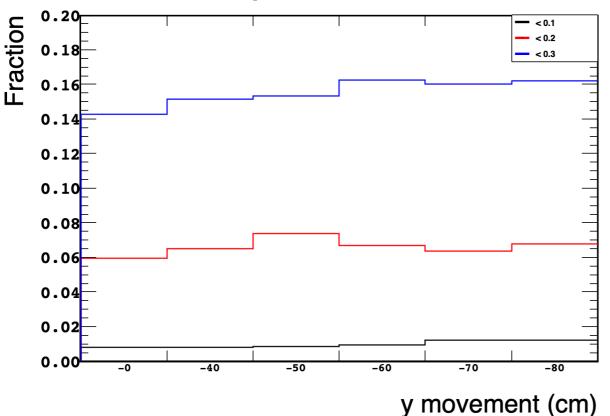
- 0cm means the center of the TMS lines the LAr's center on the y-axis.
- Moving TMS around -60cm increases the acceptance by about 2% more.
- Now, in TMS.gdml, the y position difference between the center of TMS's scintillator and the active LAr is around -1m.

## Phase space check





#### Muon fraction, acceptance <



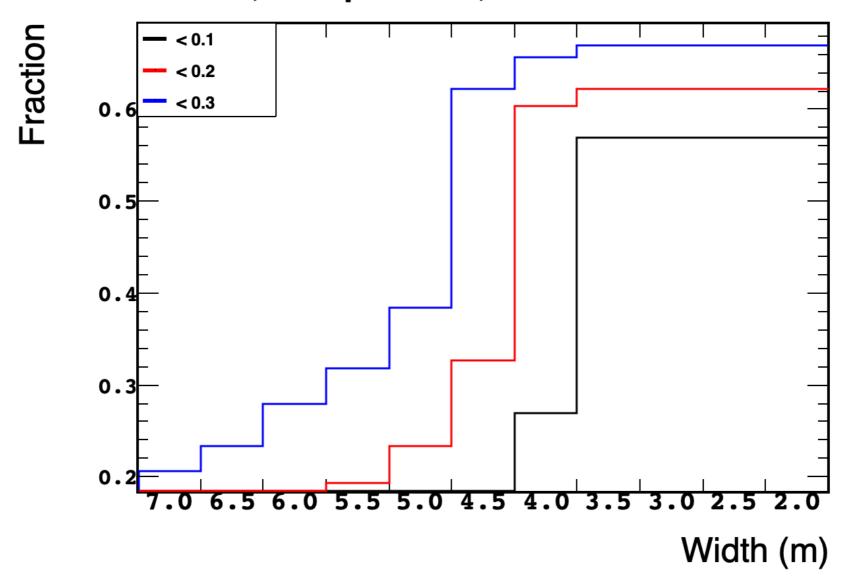
 We scanned all the bins that have acceptance below 0.1,0.2,0.3 in angle vs E. The muon fraction difference between 0 cm and -60cm is ~2% for the bin which has acceptance < 0.3.</li>

#### μ stopped in TMS through the window

• Muon widow (-2.0 m, 1m) can cover the whole of muon stopped in TMS when the TMS's y position is on -60cm, which is consistent with design.

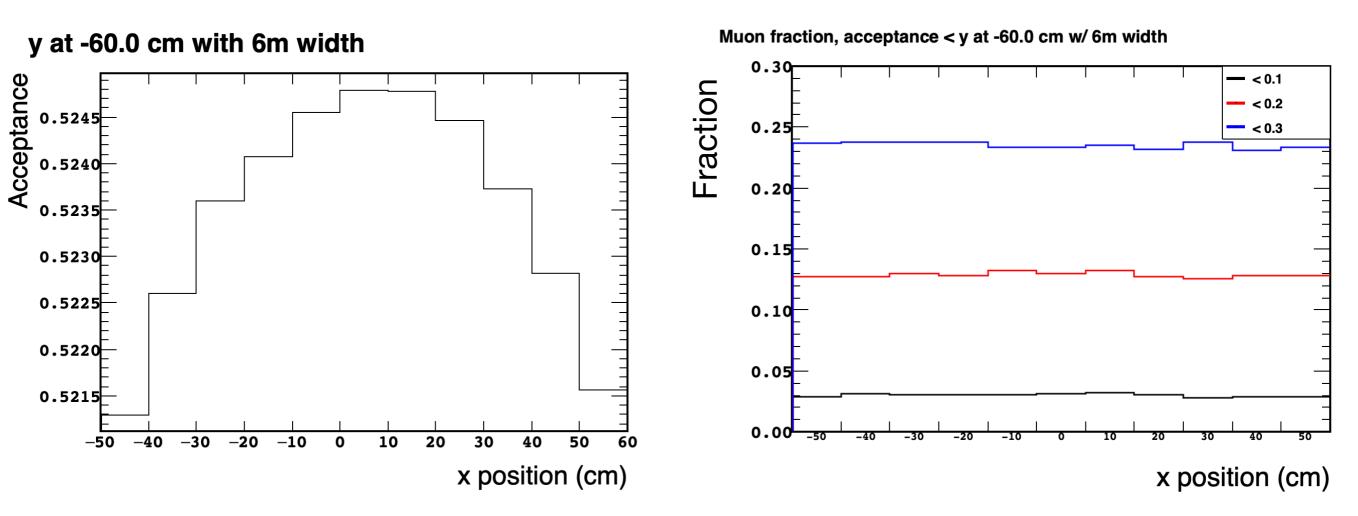
#### **TMS** width

#### Muon fraction, acceptance <, w/ width



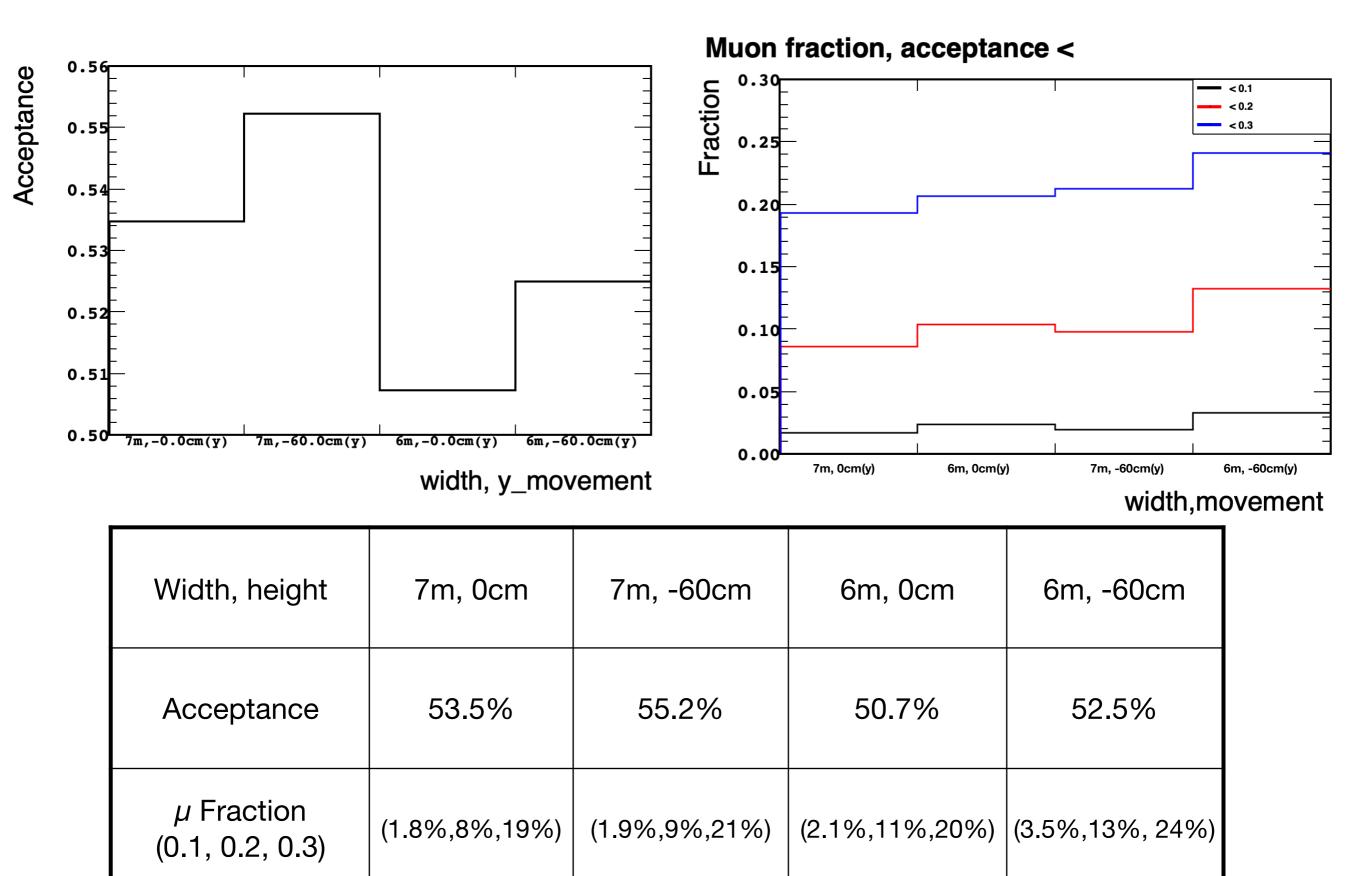
- Phase loss is significant when the TMS width is reduced to 4m and 5m.
- After 3.5m width, the phase loss is flat.

## TMS x position

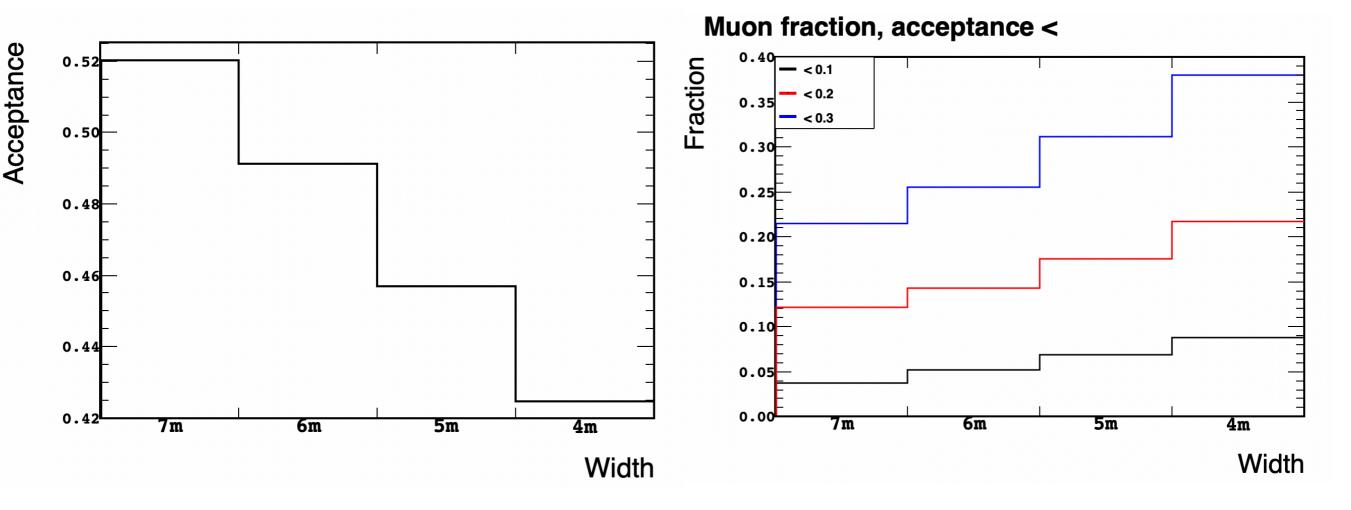


 X position of TMS does't give any change in acceptance and muon fraction loss.

## TMS's width and height

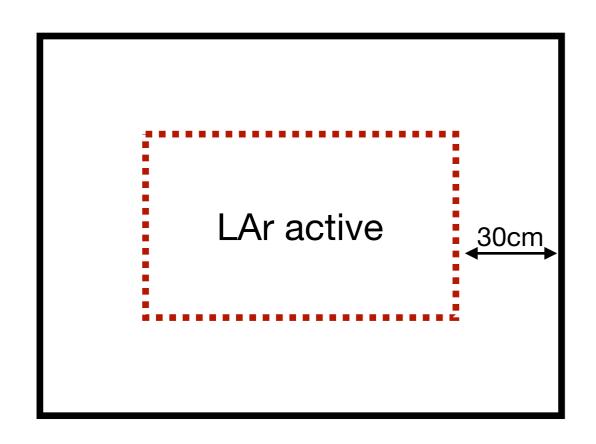


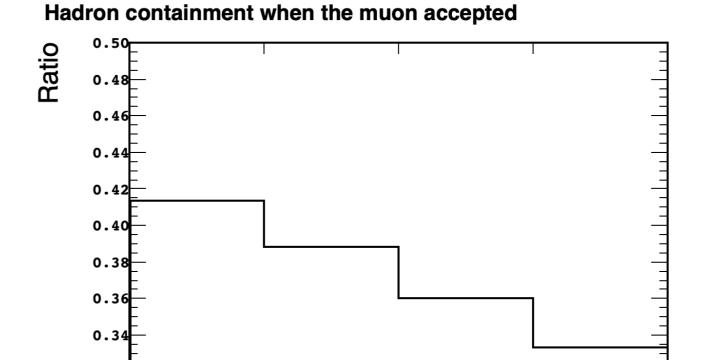
# TMS width result from edepsim



Width	7m	6m	5m	4m
Acceptance	52%	49%	45%	42%
μ Fraction (0.1, 0.2, 0.3)	(4%,12%,21%)	(5%,14%,26%)	(7%,18%,31%)	(8%,22%, 38%)

#### Hadron & muon acceptance





6m

 Collect the hadron's deposit energy in outmost 30cm of active LAr region.
if E deposit <30 MeV, hadron is</li>

contained in LAr.

Width	7m	6m	5m	4m
Hadron acceptance ratio	41%	38%	36%	33%

5m

4m

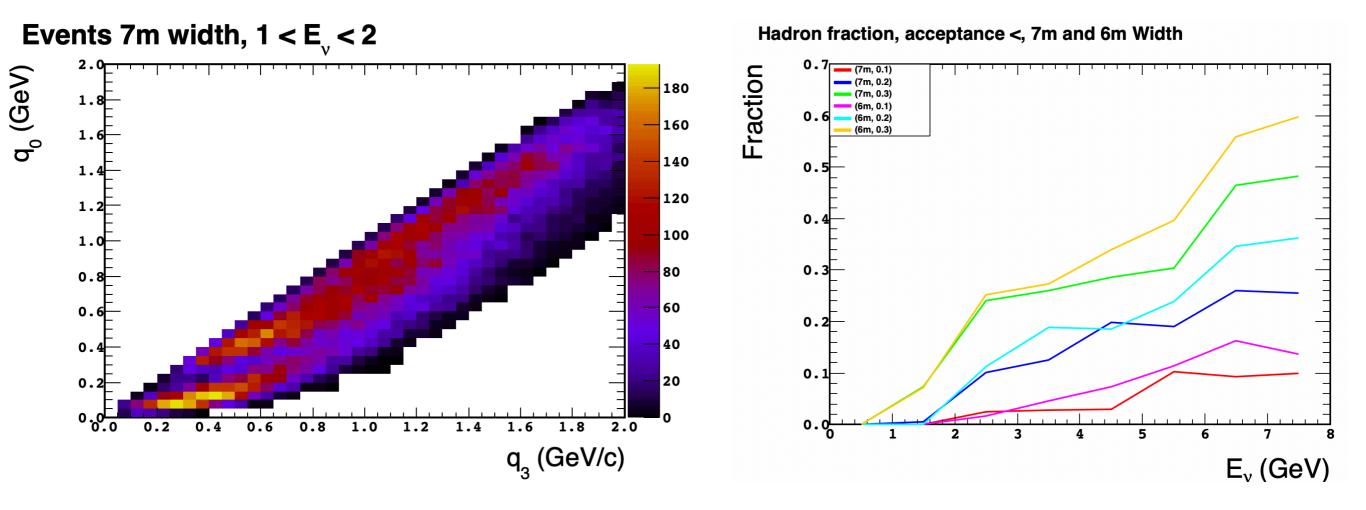
Width

0.32

0.30

7m

#### Phase space check for hadron & muon acceptance



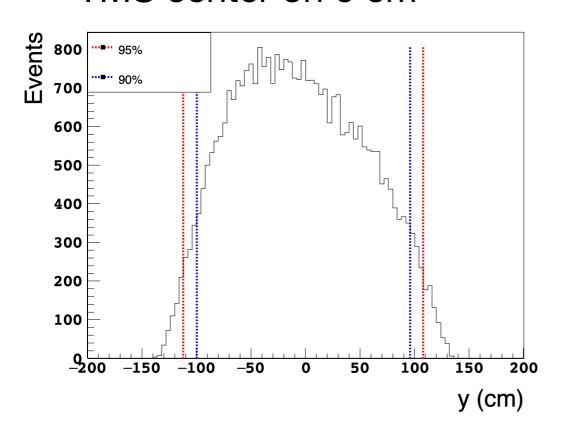
- Like before, we scanned all bins in  $q_{3 \text{ vs}} q_0$  region.
- At the neutrino energy (2 GeV,3 GeV), the hadron fraction is less than 1% difference for every acceptance.

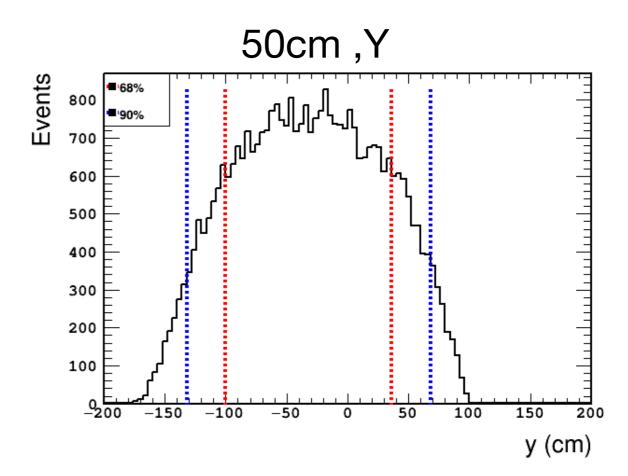
#### **Summary**

- We can get the muon 2% more comparing the position at 0 cm by adjusting the y position around -50~80 cm.
- The Muon window from -2m to 1m can cover the whole muon from LAr.
- Phase loss gets severe when TMS's width shrinks from 5m.
- The muon acceptance and muon fraction are steady after moving TMS' x position.
- The phase loss of Hadron and muon containment between 7m and 6m width doesn't have a big difference at the neutrino peak region.

## **Backup**

• TMS'center on 0 cm

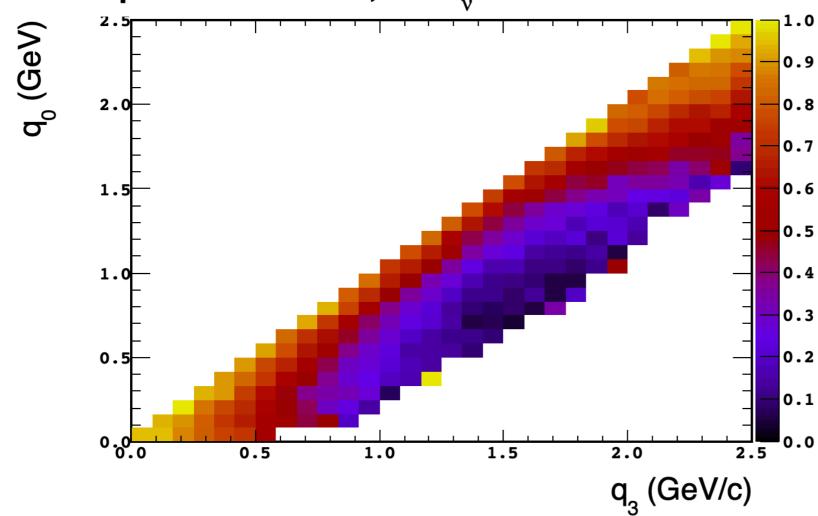




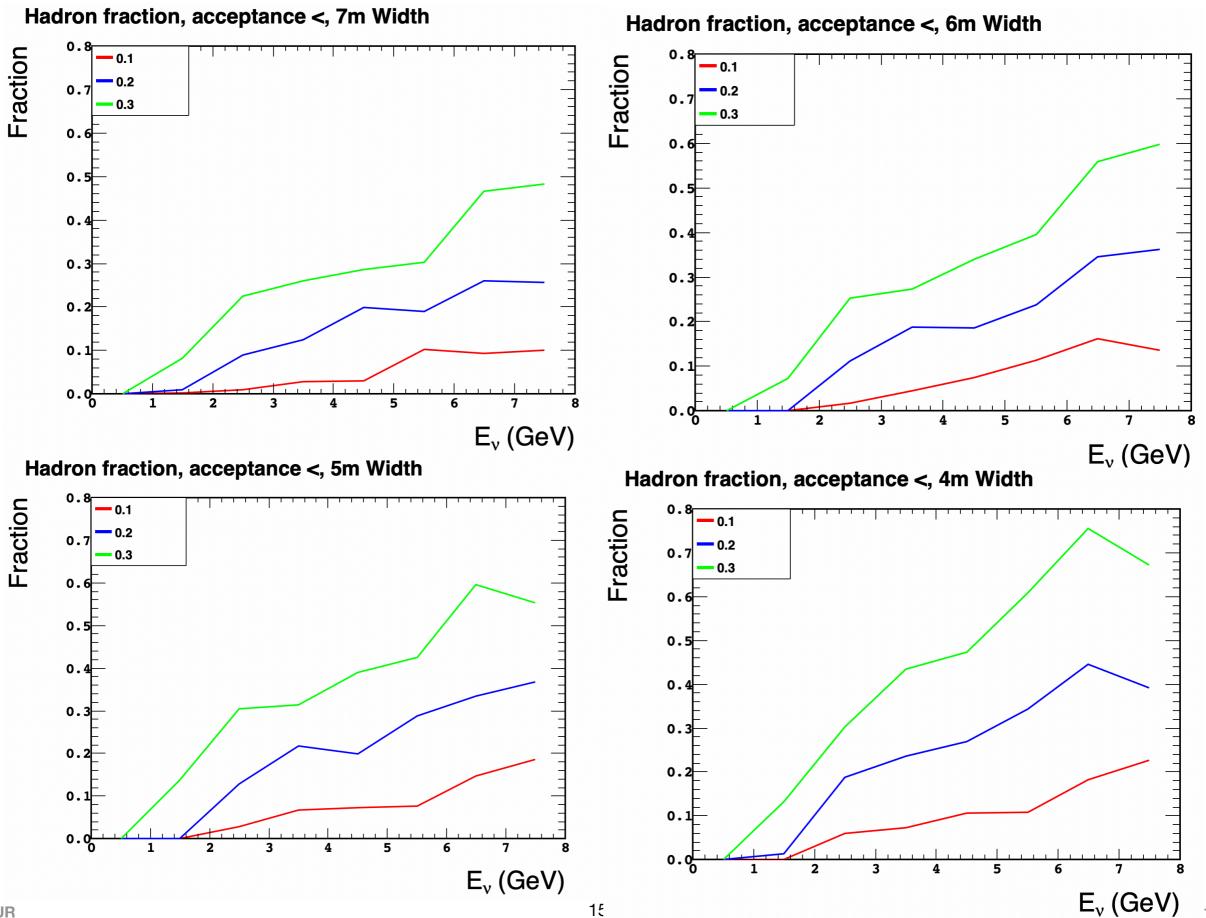
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# Backup





#### Backup



15 K.Y.Jung, UR