DUNE-PRISM Gaussian Fluxes

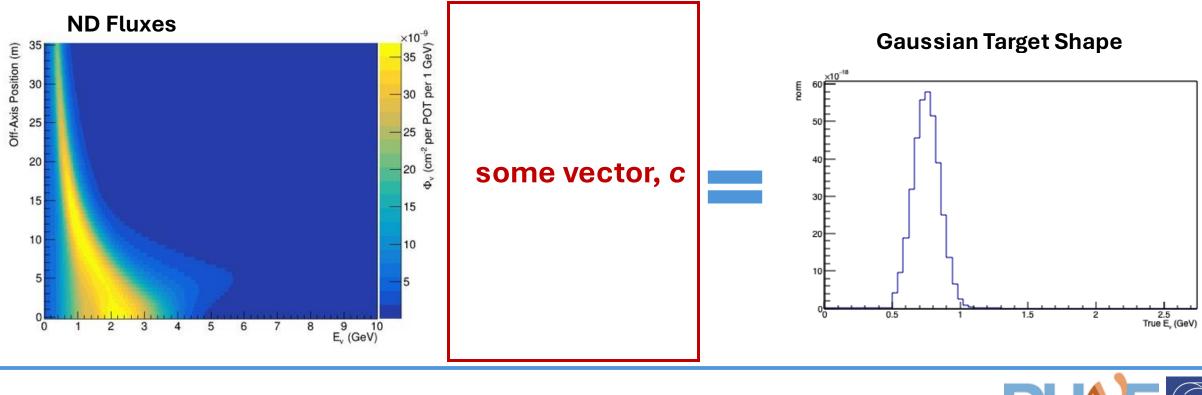
Ciaran Hasnip DUNE-PRISM Meeting 08/08/2024



1. 08/08/2024

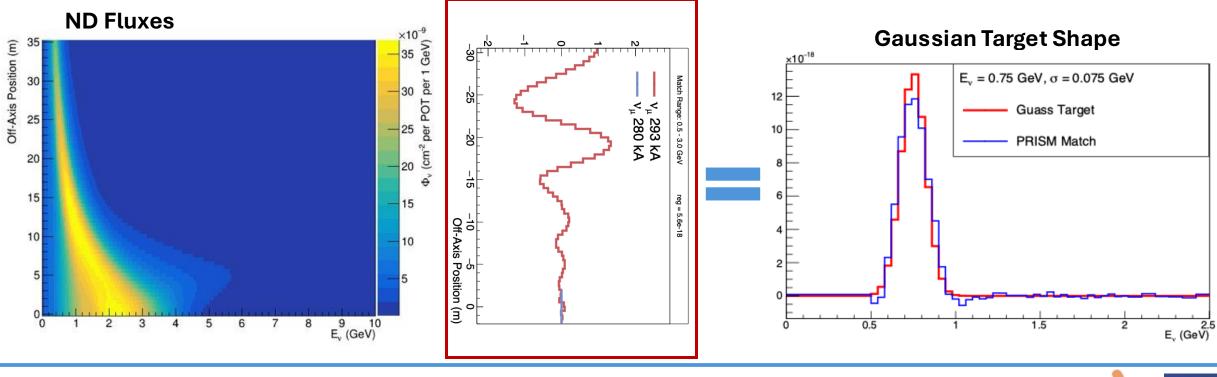
Matching a Gaussian Target

- Match the ND ν_{μ} fluxes to a narrow gaussian shape
- Just solving a linear algebra problem with the flux
- Mathematically, this is **N***c* = *F* we solve for *c*!



Matching a Gaussian Target

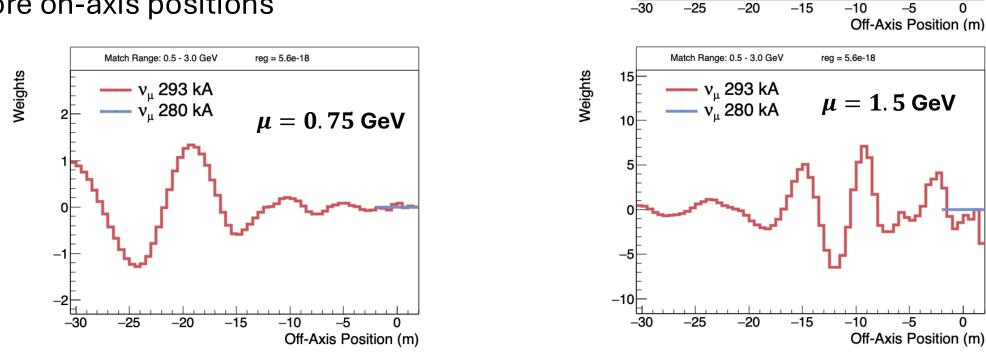
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Matching a Gaussian Target

- Low energy mean higher coefficients at • far off axis position
- High energy mean larger coefficients at • more on-axis positions



Match Range: 0.5 - 3.0 GeV

 v_{μ} 293 kA

v. 280 kA

Weights

8⊦

reg = 5.6e-18

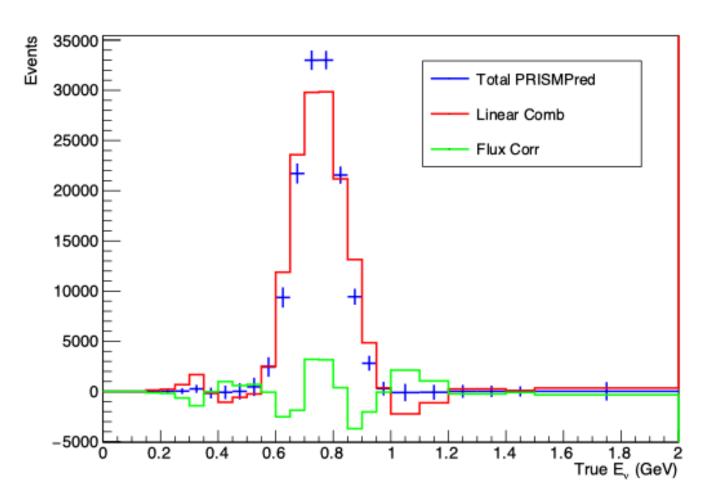
 $\mu = 1.0 \text{ GeV}$



0

Flux Mismatch Correction

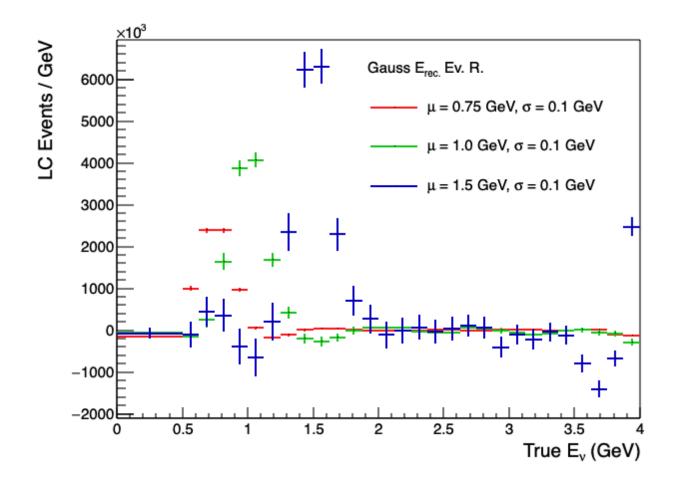
- Like in the oscillation analysis the coefficient calculation is not perfect
- Correct with a flux mismatch correction
- Calculated by weighting onaxis ND MC by flux-mismatch residual
- Seems to work okay





Removing Detector Effects

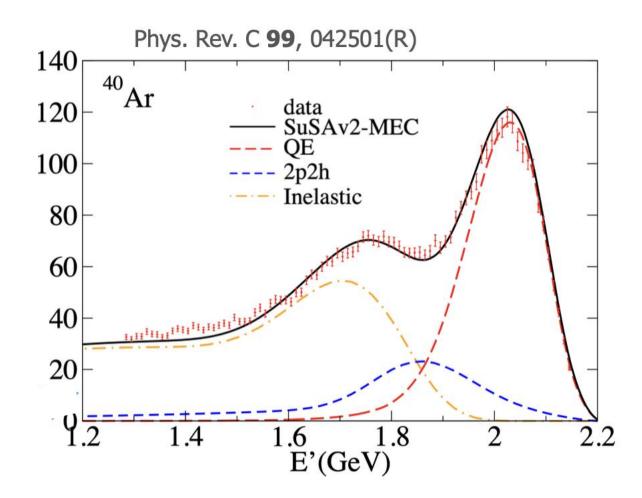
- In a cross section analysis probably want to remove detector effects
- Can unfold ND data and correct for efficiencies before linear combination
- Here shows unfolded gaussian fluxes for $E_{\nu}^{rec} \rightarrow E_{\nu}^{true}$





Different Analysis Axes

- Inspiration from electron scattering
 and see report by Amir Gruber
- Known incoming electron energy
- Measure outgoing scattered electron energy at specific **scattering angle**
- Enables **separation** of nuclear effects
- Gaussian neutrino flux gives a pseudoknown incoming neutrino energy
- Can measure outgoing lepton energy and angle from neutrino interaction

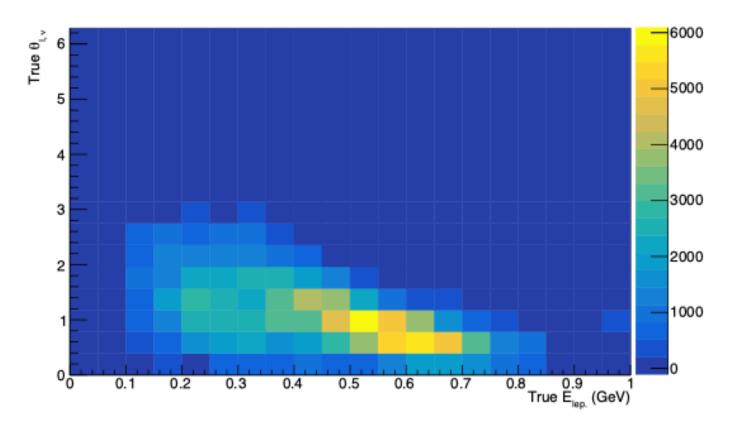




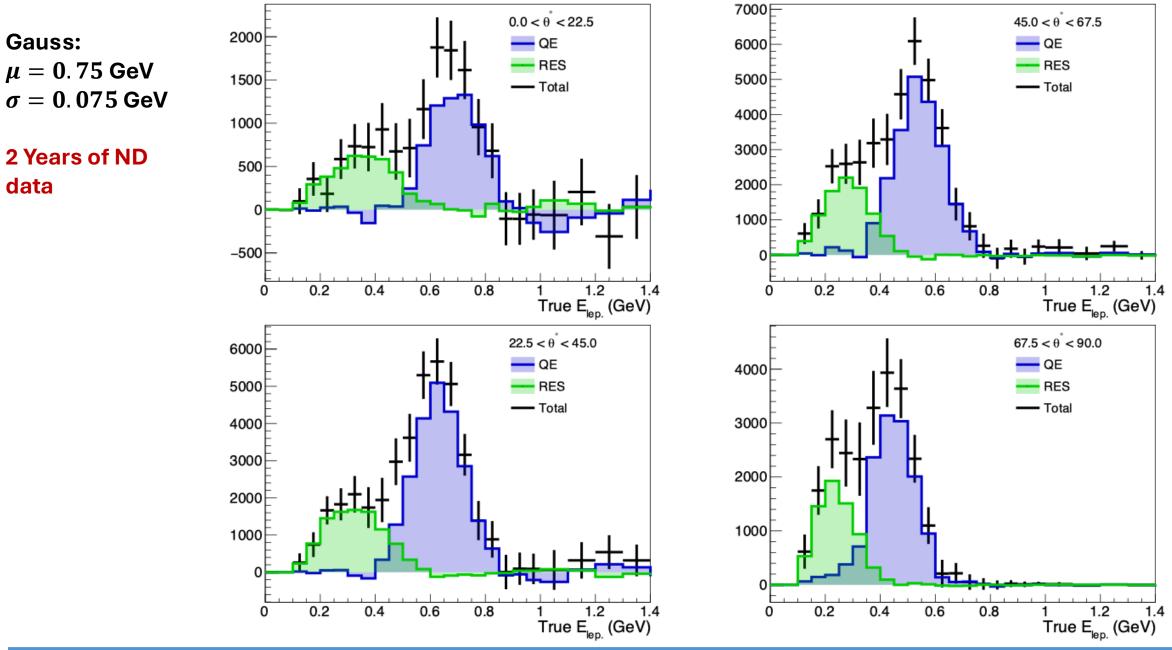
Different Analysis Axes

- Follow the **same procedure** for gaussian linear combination
- Analysis axis is now Lep-NuTheta vs Elep
- Look at individual angular bins

 just like electron scattering
 experiments looking at a single
 scattering angle





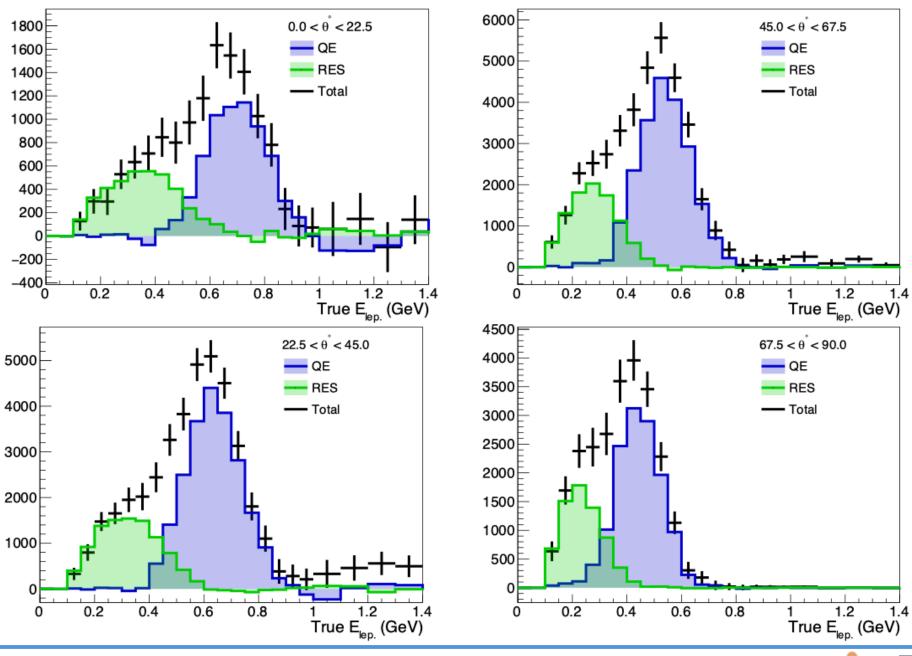




Gauss: $\mu = 0.75 \text{ GeV}$ $\sigma = 0.1 \text{ GeV}$

Slightly wider gaussian:

- Better control of statistical errors
- Weaker **separation** of QE and RES





Next Steps

- Main components are working in CAFAna
- Controlling statistical uncertainties is challenging but (I hope) manageable
 – more work needed
- Implementation of **all systematics** we should get for **free**
- Unfolding detector effects fine for 1D need to get this working for 2D as well
- Need to have a think of how to demonstrate this is useful in a simulated cross section analysis



Thanks for listening!



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