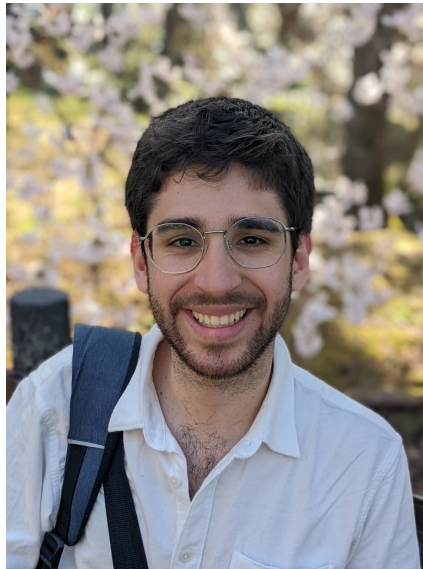


# Recent progress on DUNE's solar parameter sensitivity at LAPP

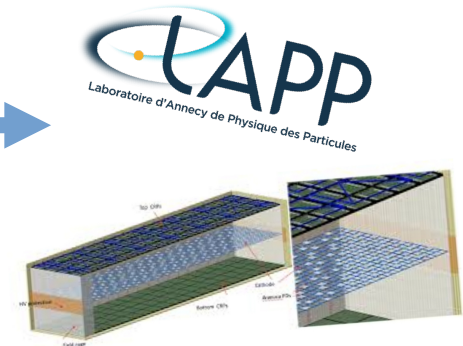
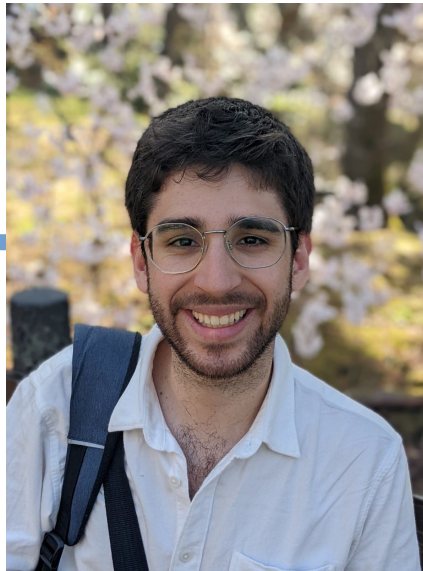


Andrés López Moreno (Me)

Luis Manzanillas

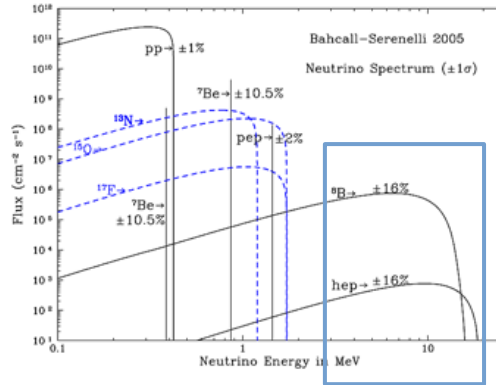
Maël Martin

# Recent progress on DUNE's solar parameter sensitivity at LAPP



# Solar fit

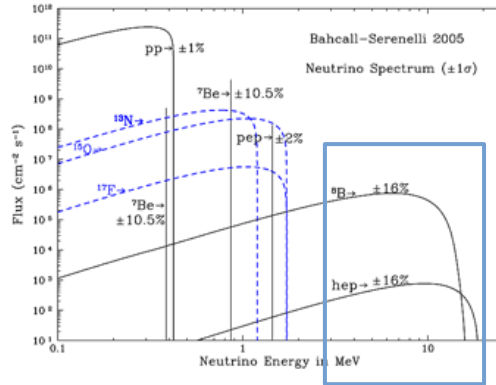
New Solar Opacities, Abundances, Helioseismology, and Neutrino Fluxes, ApJ, 621, L85 (2005)



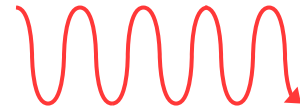
Neutrino fluxes from solar model (AGSS09)

# Solar fit

New Solar Opacities, Abundances, Helioseismology, and Neutrino Fluxes, ApJ, 621, L85 (2005)



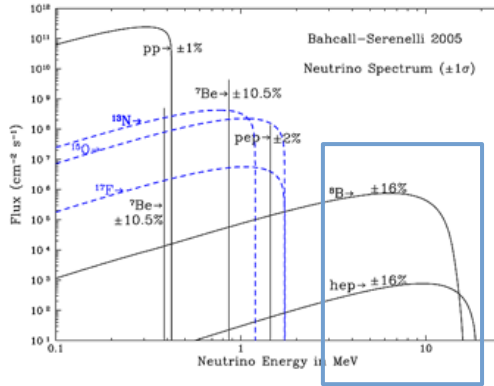
$$P_{ee}(\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, \Delta m_{21}^2)$$



Neutrino fluxes from solar model (AGSS09)

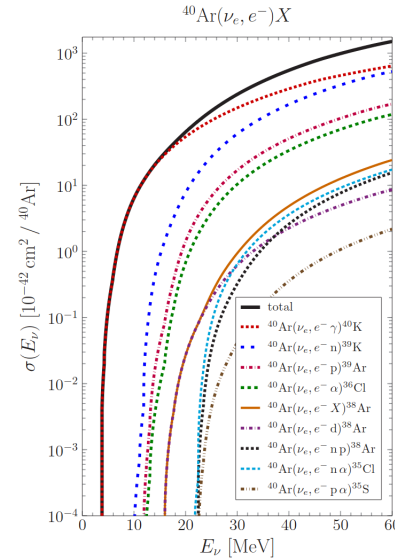
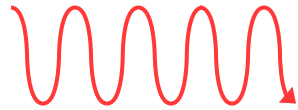
# Solar fit

New Solar Opacities, Abundances, Helioseismology, and Neutrino Fluxes, ApJ, 621, L85 (2005)



Neutrino fluxes from solar model (AGSS09)

$$P_{ee}(\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, \Delta m^2_{21})$$



Nuclear de-excitations in low-energy charged-current ve scattering on <sup>40</sup>Ar PRC, 103 (2021)

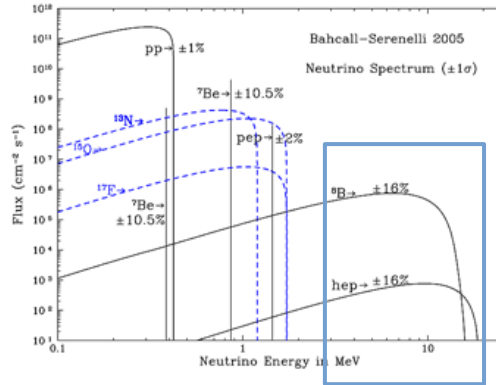


**E<sub>true</sub> spectrum**

Cross sections from MARLEY

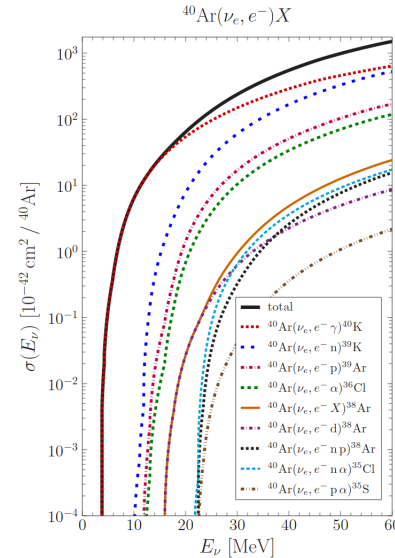
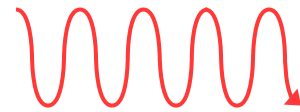
# Solar fit

New Solar Opacities, Abundances, Helioseismology, and Neutrino Fluxes, ApJ, 621, L85 (2005)



Neutrino fluxes from solar model (AGSS09)

$$P_{ee}(\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, \Delta m^2_{21})$$



Nuclear de-excitations in low-energy charged-current ve scattering on <sup>40</sup>Ar PRC, 103 (2021)



**E<sub>true</sub> spectrum**

Response matrices  
(generated by Maël)



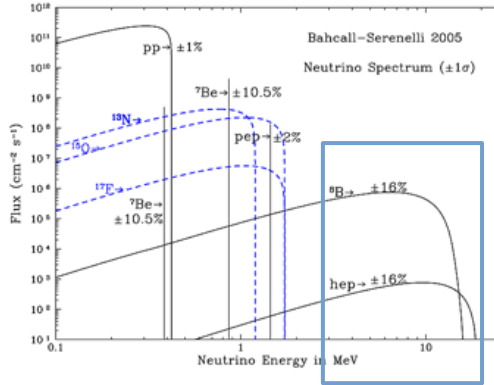
**Binned E<sub>reco</sub> spectrum**

(normalised to match Maël's calculations)

Cross sections from MARLEY

# Solar fit

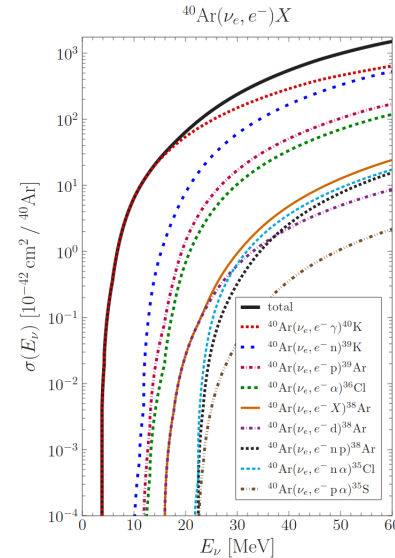
New Solar Opacities, Abundances, Helioseismology, and Neutrino Fluxes, ApJ, 621, L85 (2005)



Neutrino fluxes from solar model (AGSS09)

$$P_{ee}(\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, \Delta m^2_{21})$$

VARY  
PARAMETERS



Nuclear de-excitations in low-energy charged-current ve scattering on  $^{40}\text{Ar}$  PRC, 103 (2021)

Cross sections from MARLEY



$E_{\text{true}}$  spectrum

Response matrices  
(generated by Maël)

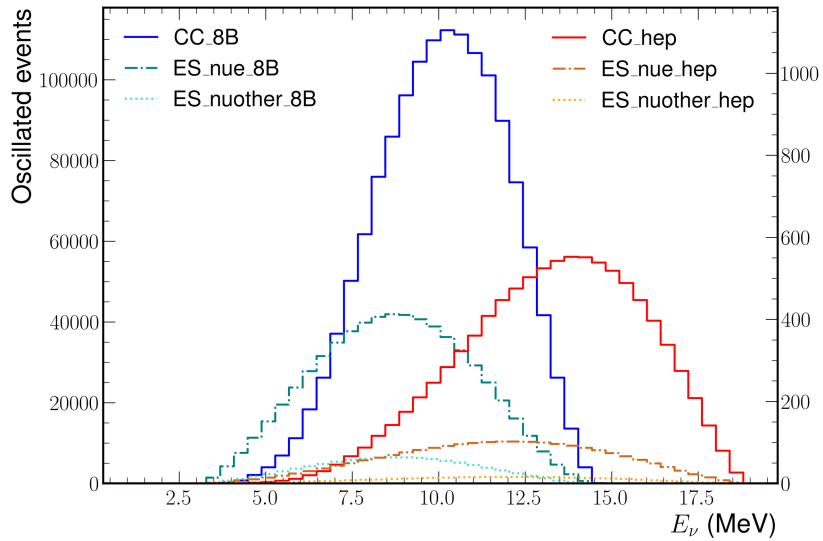
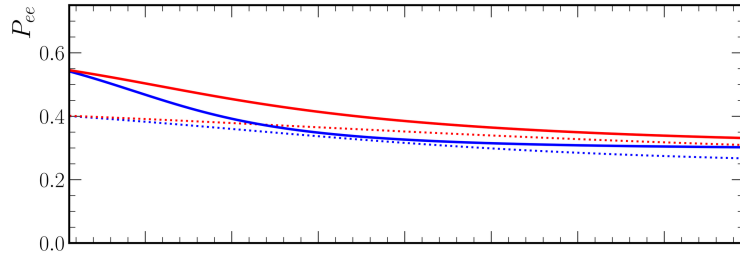


Binned  $E_{\text{reco}}$   
spectrum  
(normalised to match  
Maël's calculations)

COMPARE TO  
(FAKE) DATA

# Solar event rates

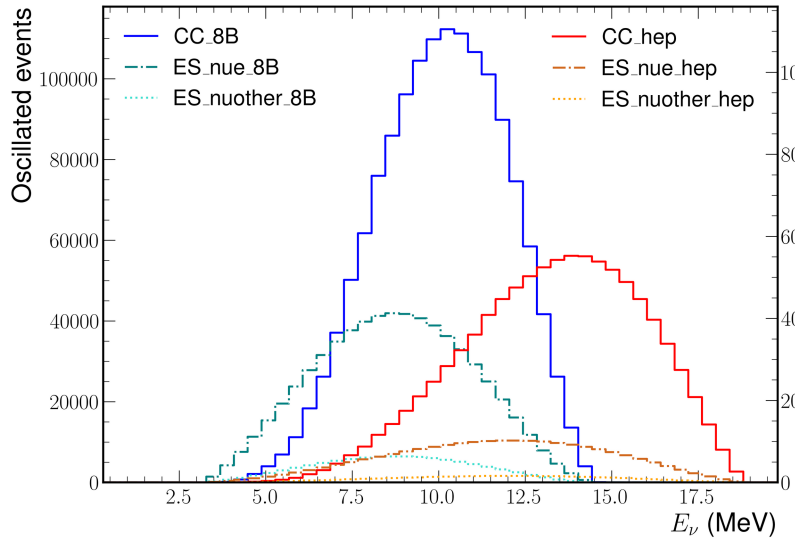
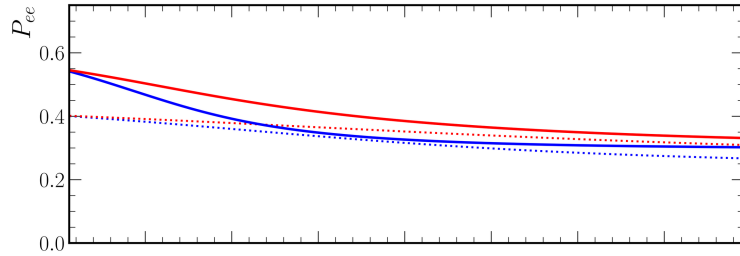
## Normalised $E_{\text{true}}$ spectrum





# Solar event rates

Normalised  $E_{\text{true}}$  spectrum

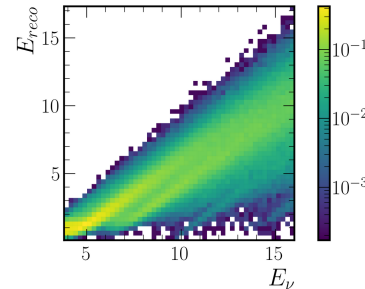
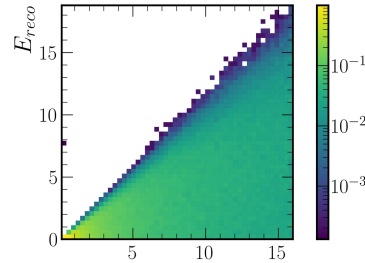
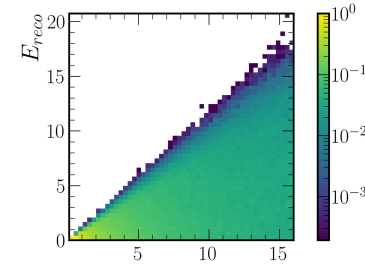


+ 10%  
energy  
smearing

ES (nue)

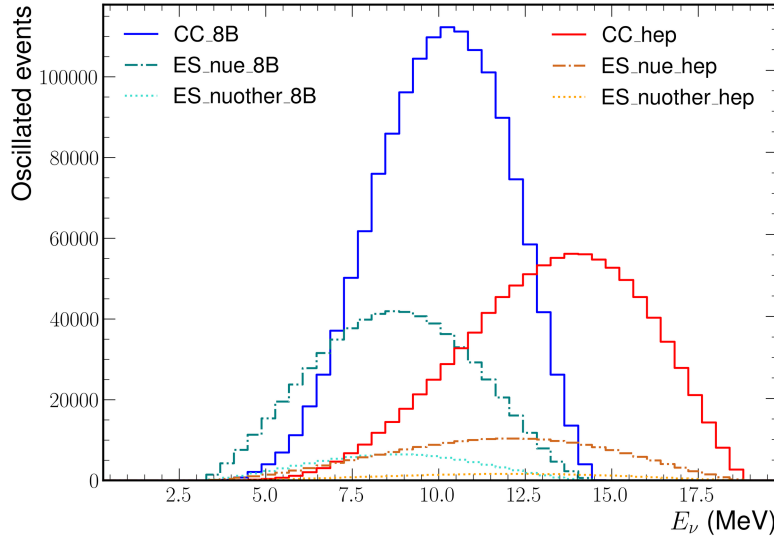
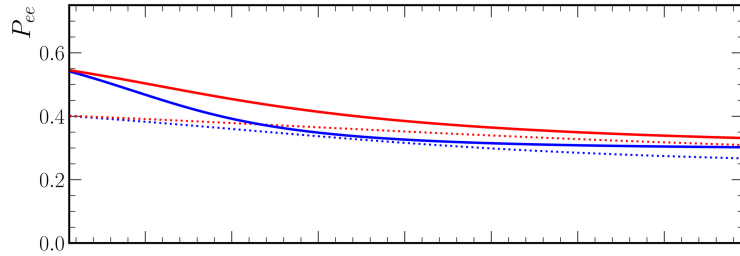
ES (nuother)

CC



# Solar event rates

Normalised  $E_{\text{true}}$  spectrum

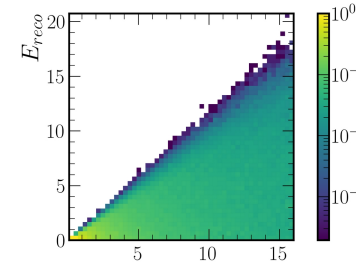


+ 10%  
energy  
smearing

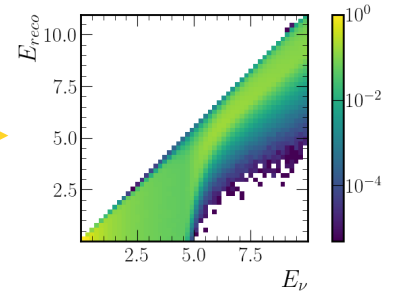
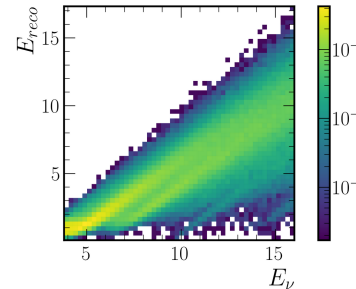
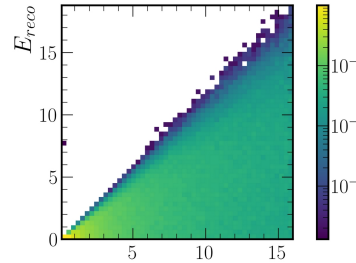
ES (nue)

ES (nuother)

$\mathcal{C}$

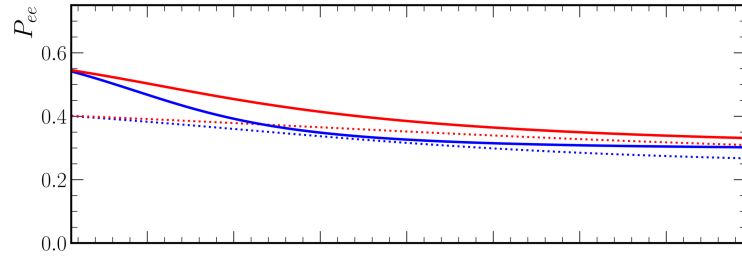


Directionality

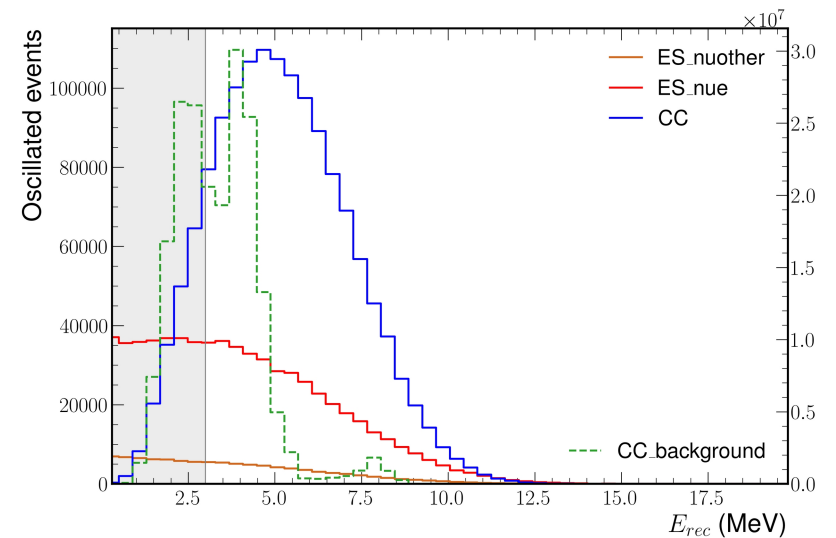
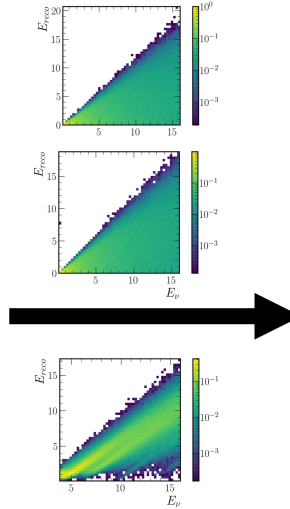
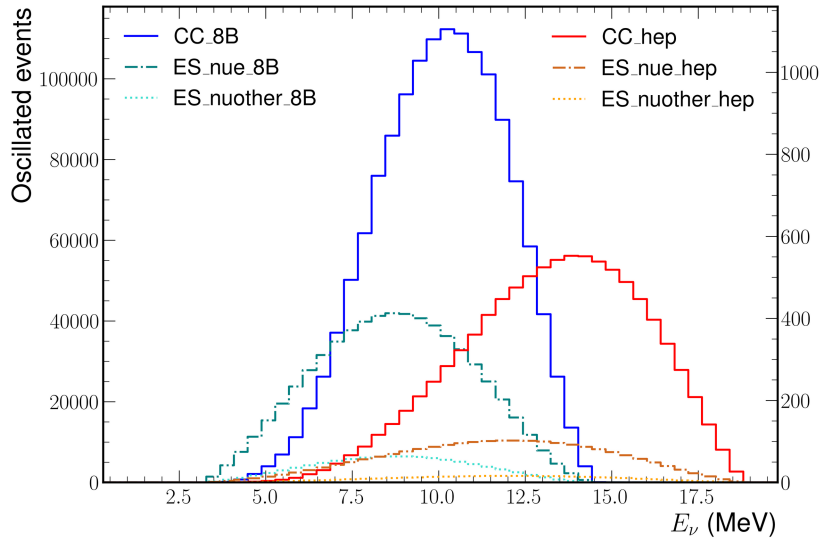
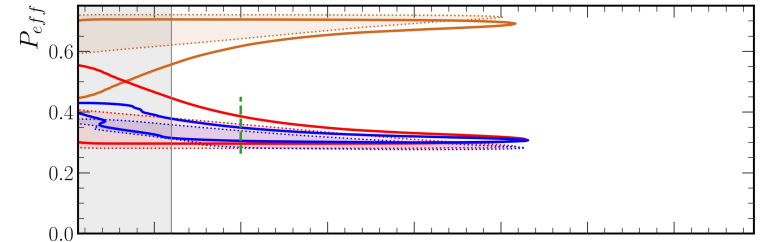


# Solar event rates

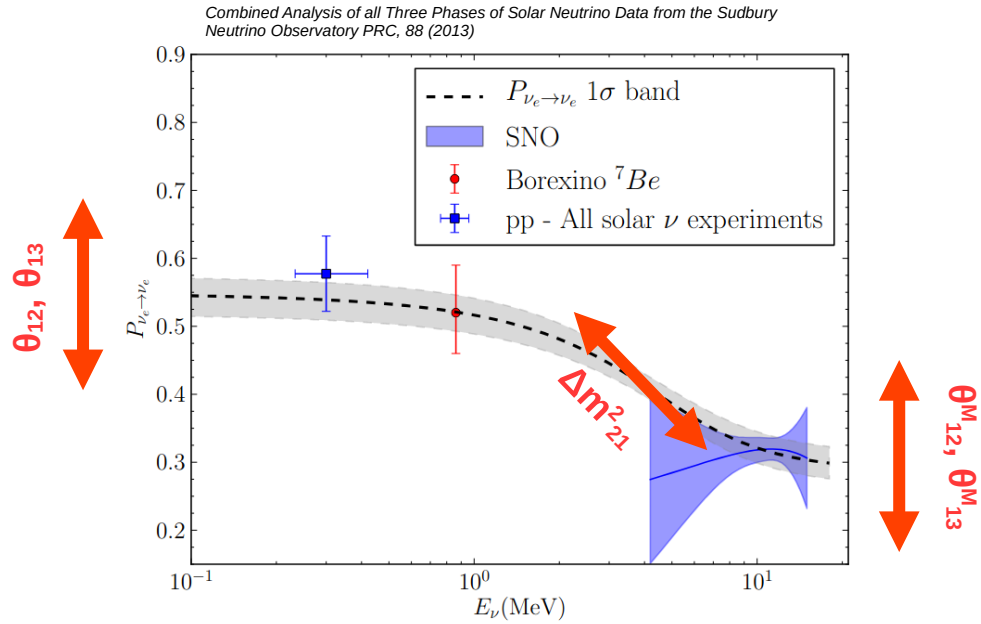
## Normalised $E_{\text{true}}$ spectrum



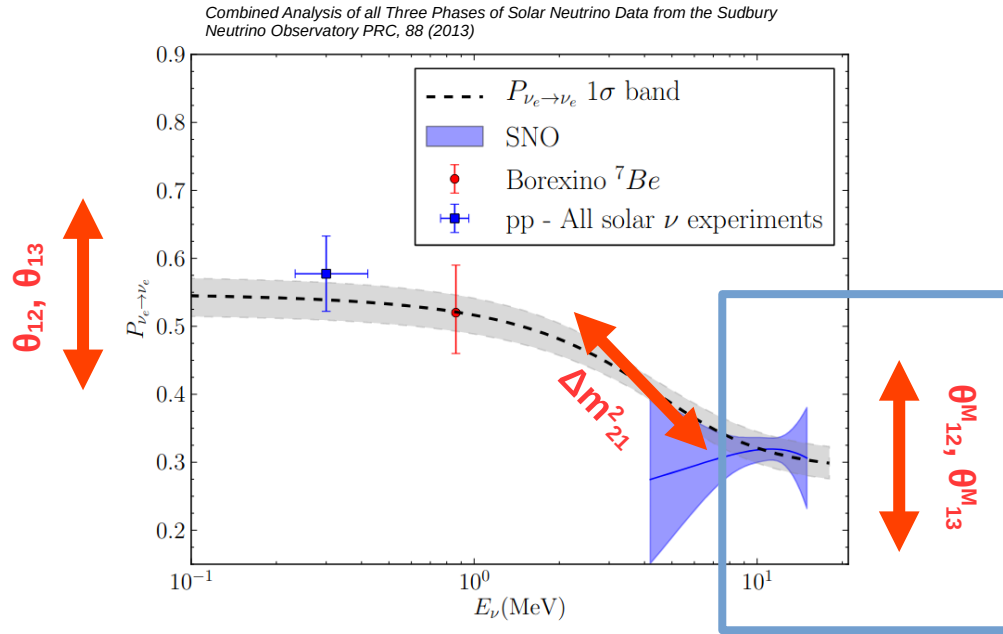
## Reconstructed event rates



# Sensitivity



# Sensitivity



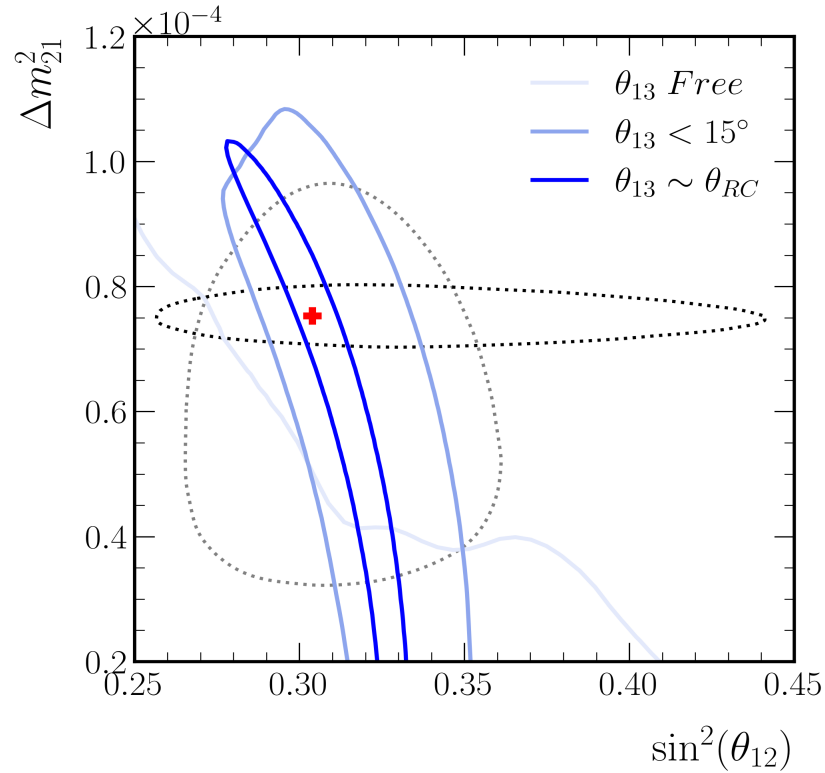
Unable to separate  $\theta_{13}$  without measuring the vacuum regime.

Consider 3 scenarios:

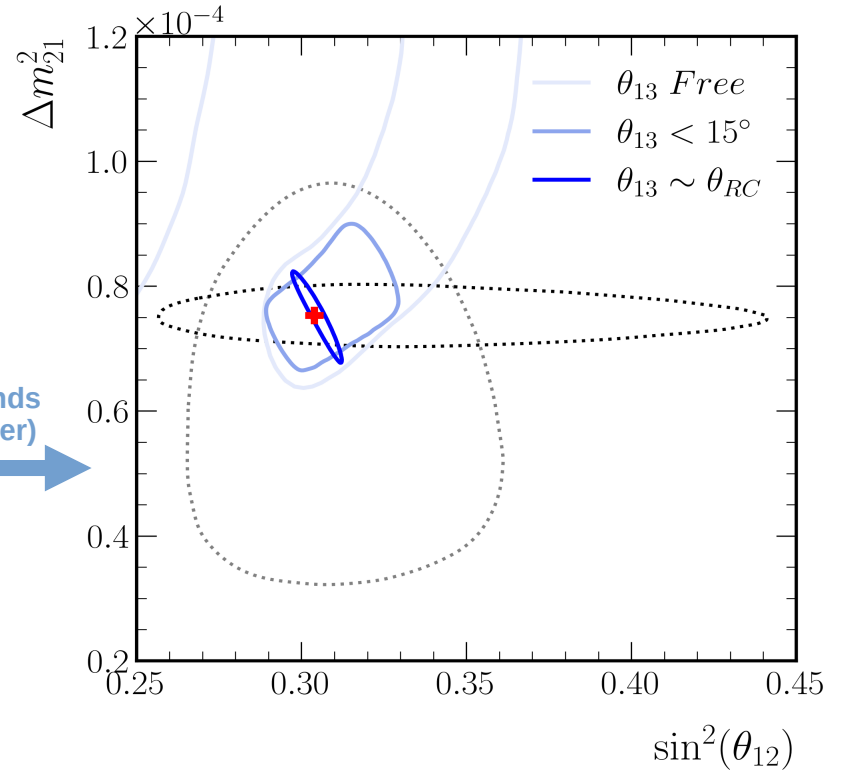
- Free  $\theta_{13}$
- $\theta_{13} < 15^\circ$
- $\theta_{13}$  as given by the PDG's global reactor measurement ( $\sim 2$  flavour fit)

# Sensitivity

CC only: 95% credible regions

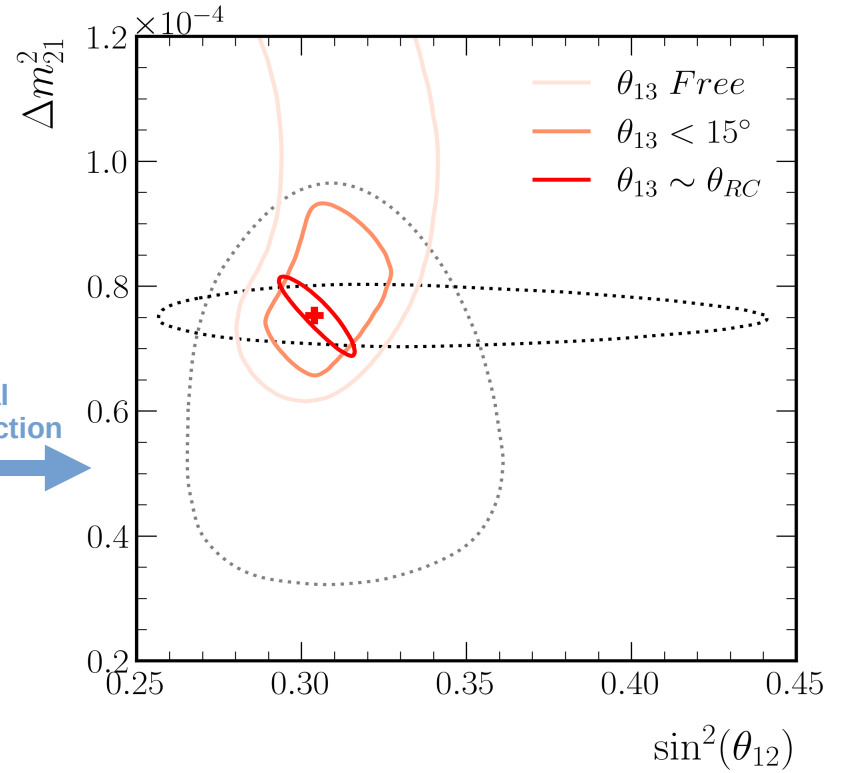
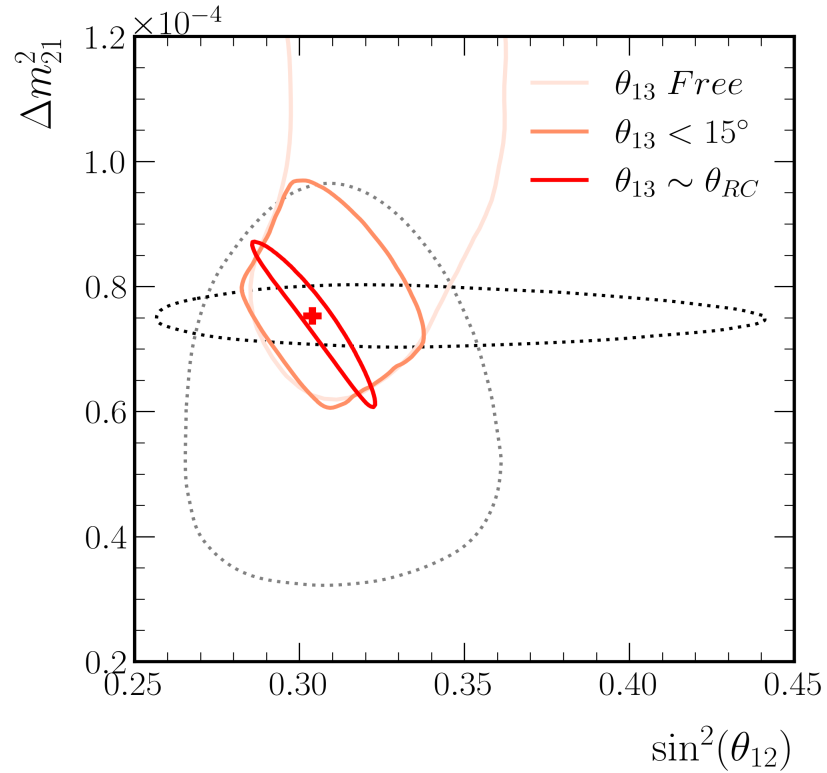


Reduced  
backgrounds  
(40cm water)



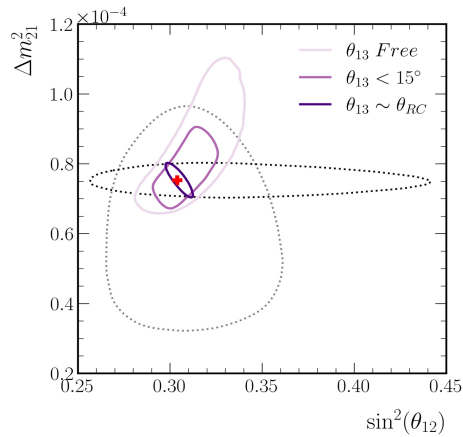
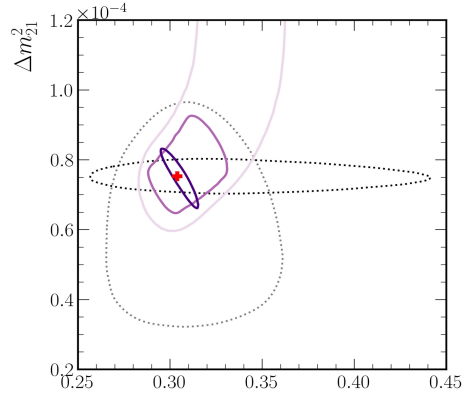
# Sensitivity

ES only: 95% credible regions



Combined channels:  
95% credible regions

# Sensitivity

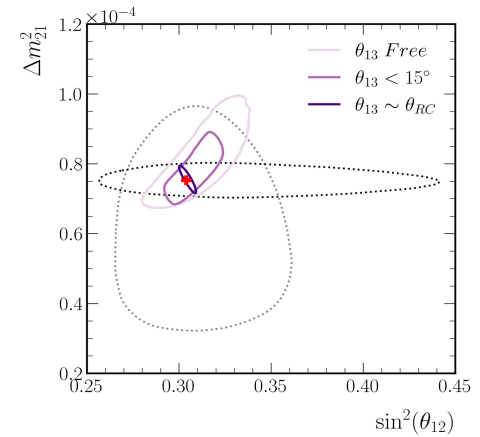
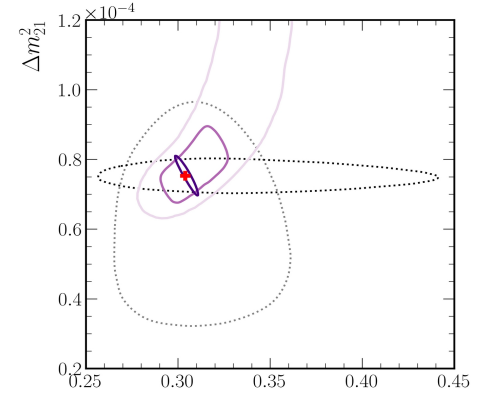


Reduced backgrounds (40cm water)

Directional reconstruction

Directional reconstruction

Reduced backgrounds (40cm water)





# Conclusions

- **DUNE should be able to perform excellent measurements of the solar neutrino parameters when combining the ES and CC channels, given we achieve a threshold of  $E_{\text{reco}} \sim 3\text{MeV}$**
- **Although the CC channel has larger statistics, the cross section vanishes at  $E_{\text{true}} < 4.7\text{ MeV}$ , obscuring the region of highest sensitivity**
- **As things stand, our sensitivity is driven by the ES channel, which can be boosted by using scattering angle information**
- **For the CC channel to be useful, we need to reduce the neutron background from radioactive decays in the surrounding rock**

# Many thanks

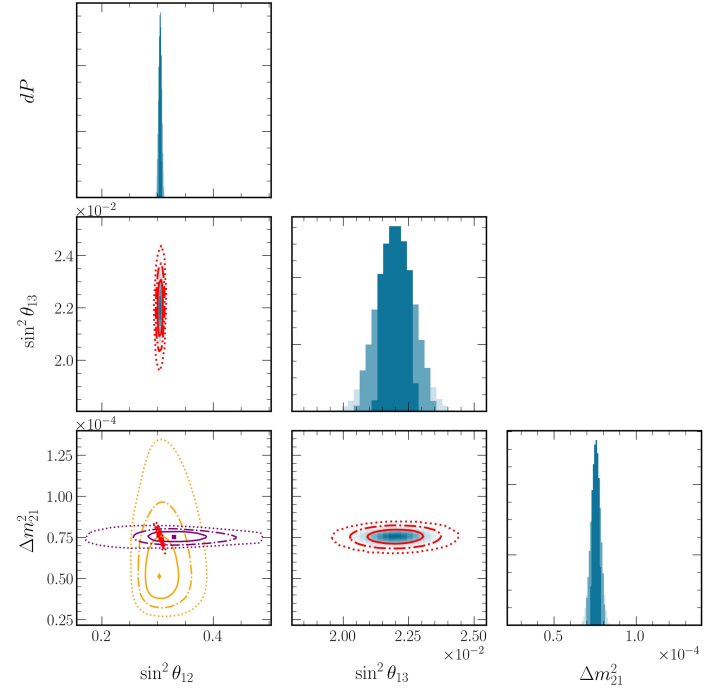
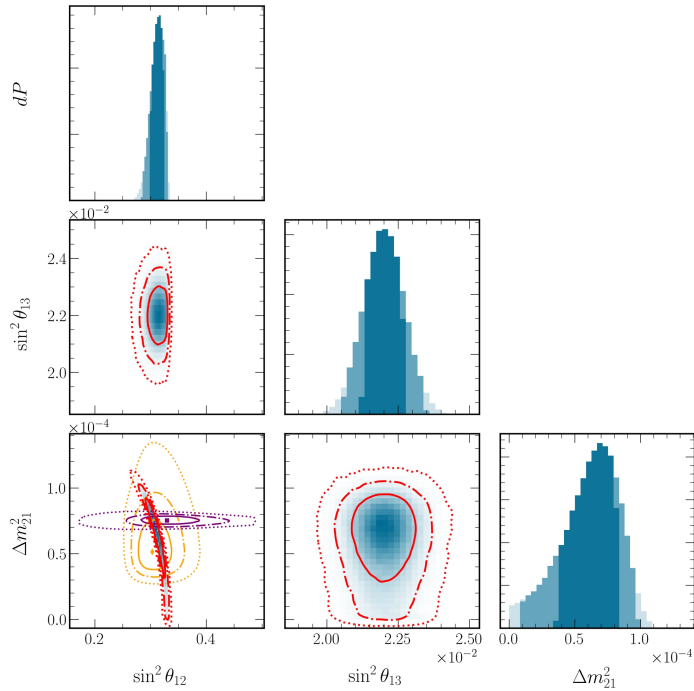
**PS:**All this work was done using an MCMC fitter I wrote in Julia, and it is available at [https://github.com/AlopezMoreno/DUNE\\_SolarOscFitter](https://github.com/AlopezMoreno/DUNE_SolarOscFitter).

It is easy to use and should allow you to generate similar contours to the ones I showed. It is still a work in progress

# Backups

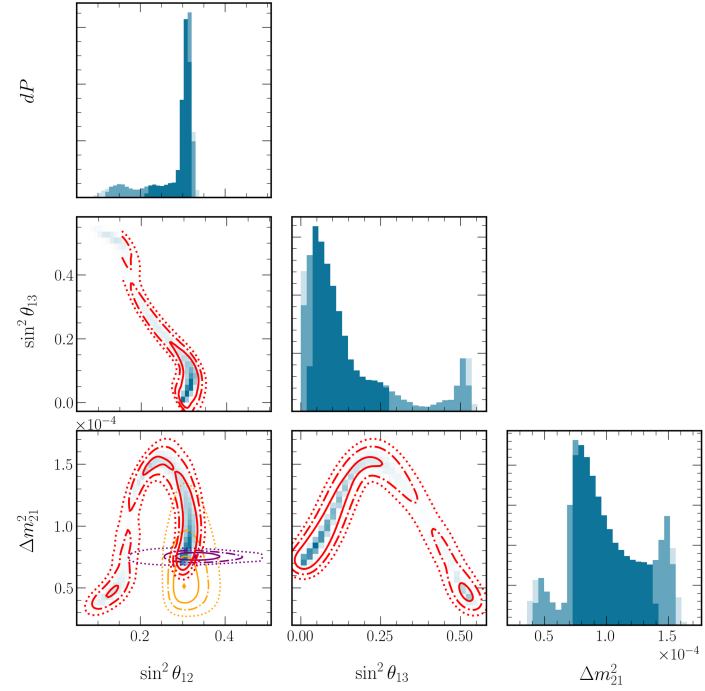
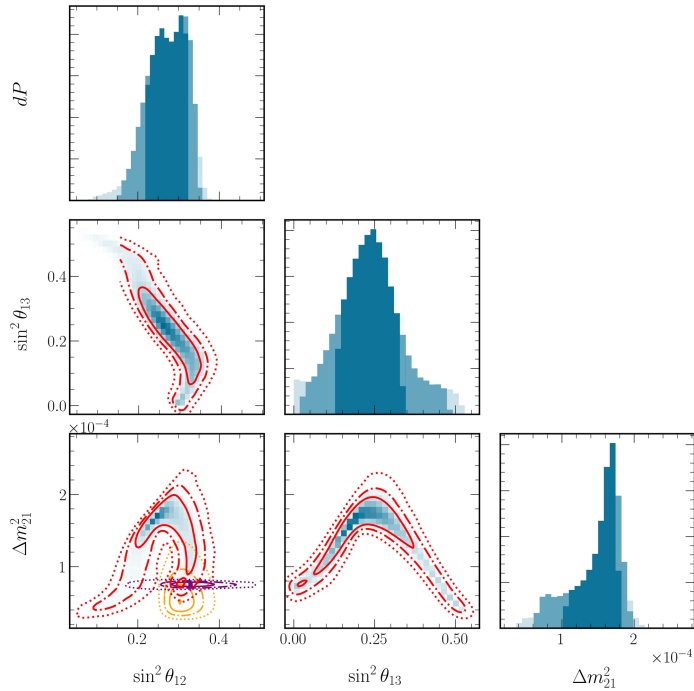
# Corner plots

CC only: RC, with and without backgrounds



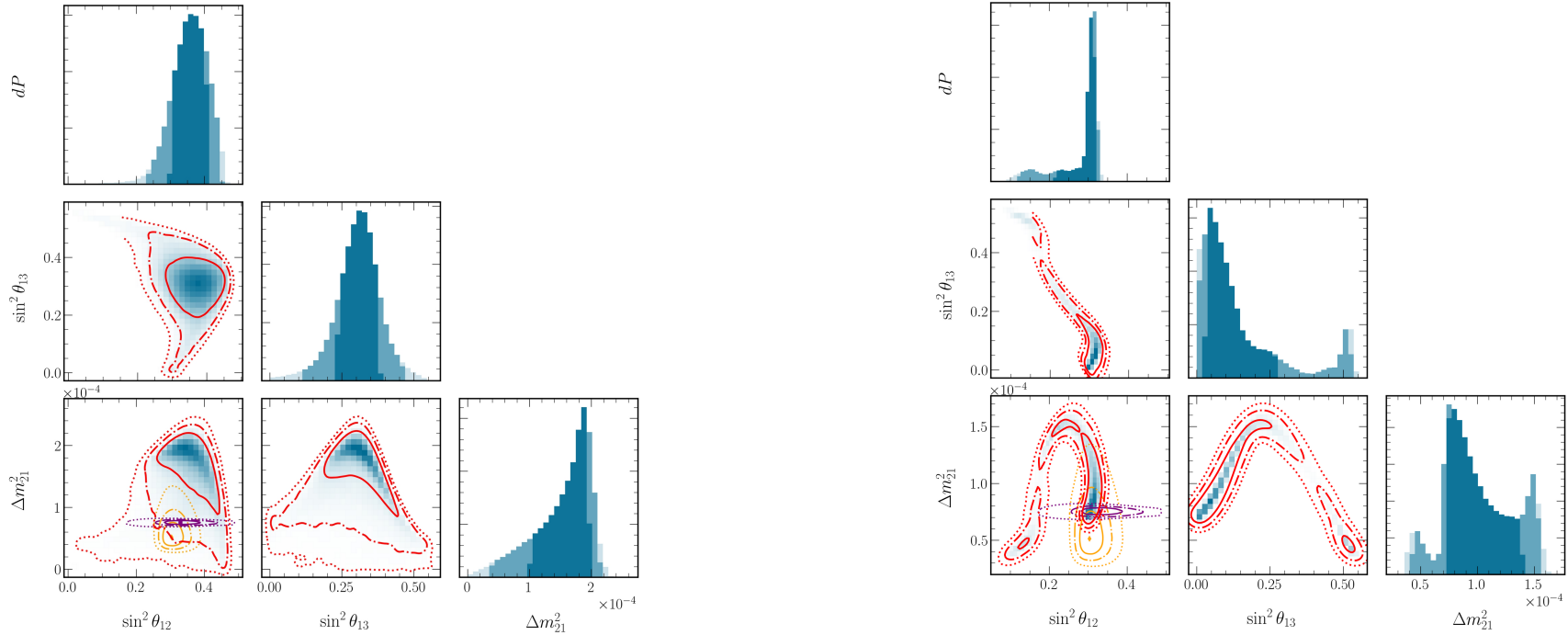
# Corner plots

ES only: free, without and with directional reconstruction



# Corner plots

Contributions to the combined fit with directional reco: CC (left) and ES (right)



# Corner plots

Combined fit with directional reco (left), ES contribution (right):

