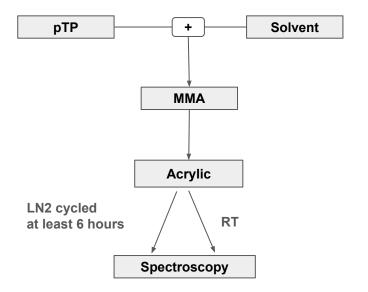
Update on the photodetector R&D

Rado Razakamiandra, Ciro Riccio, Wei Shi Stony Brook University January 9th, 2025

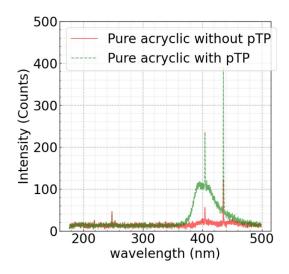
Motivation

- Developing a p-terphenyl (pTP)
 coating technique for APEX mass
 production using chemical
 deposition
- Simplify the detector design

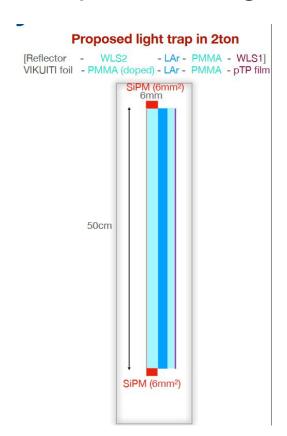


Summary of previous status

- The solvability of pTP in toluene as a solvent has been demonstrated
- The light shift from the chemical deposited pTP has been demonstrated



Proposed design of the Light trap



1st PMMA (for pTP deposit):

- Thickness of the acrylic: 5.5mm
- Thickness of the pTP in terms of density: proposed = $100 - 200 \,\mu\text{g/cm}^2$

2nd PMMA (blue WLS):

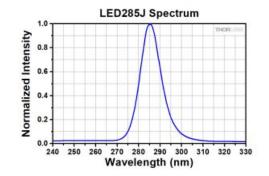
Thickness of the acrylic: 5.5mm

Layer of LAr:

Proposed thickness: 2mm

New setup for the spectroscopy

- UV source: UV LED emitting light peaking at 285nm
- Spectrometer OceanOptics USB2000+ able to get the range : 200nm - 1000nm
- Distance between LED (source) and the area of the acrylic: ~2.5cm

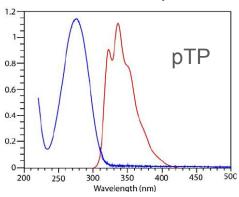


PMMA

COCOUNT TO SERVICE TO



emissionabsorption

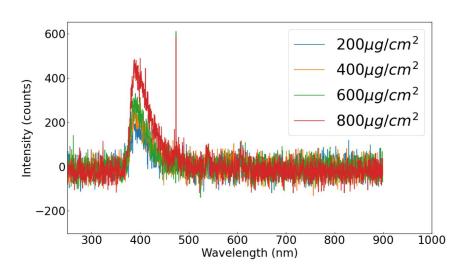


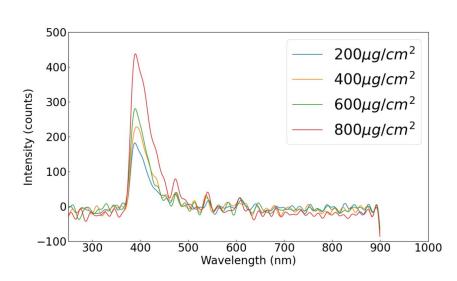
Sample holder

LED 285

Chemical deposition of pTP on the PMMA

- We want to know the best concentration of pTP needed for the first wavelength shifting using the chemical deposition
- The concentration of pTP dissolved in the solvent was gradually increased from goal density 200 μg/cm² to 800 μg/cm² by 200 μg/cm²





The intensities are increasing with the concentration of pTP

pTP coating for the 50cm x 50cm acrylic

1st PMMA (for pTP deposit):

- to get 200 μg/cm²: we need 500mg of pTP,
 ~210mL of toluene, and ~130mL of MMA
 - The amount of MMA is still to be understood

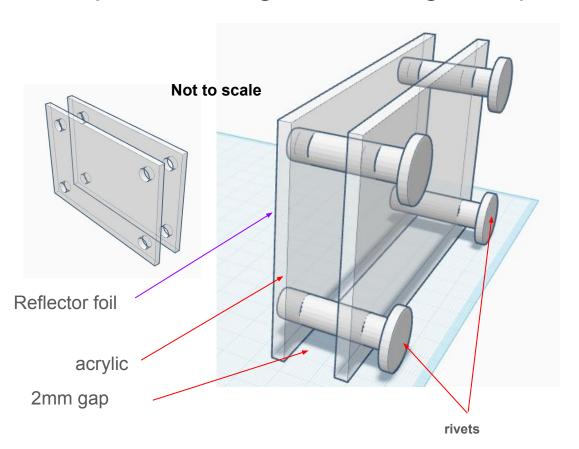
Method of coating:

- Small sample: we brush the solution to the sample
- Large sample (50cm x 50cm): automated spray coating
 - Atomizer with an automated controller





Proposed design of the Light trap: using rivets



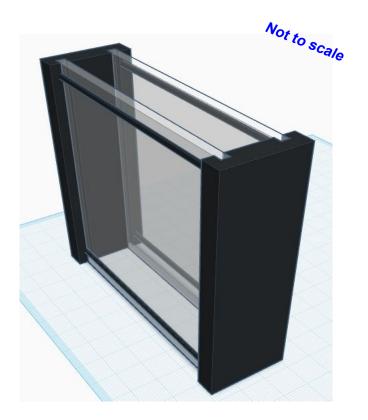
Are the 4 rivets at each corner enough to hold the two 50cm x 50cm acrylics at a 2 mm distance between each other?

 The SiPM will be mounted on the edge of the second acrylic

Proposed design of the Light trap: using a frame

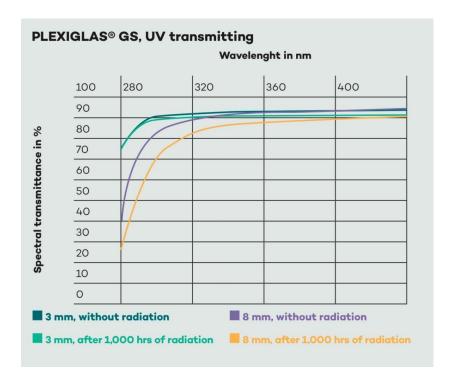
- Frame with two gaps to slide the acrylics.
- Distance between the two gaps: 2mm

We need to understand which design to choose: as simple as possible while maintaining the structure



Different thickness of the acrylic

- First prototype: acrylic with 5.5 mm thickness
- We are in touch with the company Polyvantis for a 3mm and 8mm thickness with very good transmittance



Summary and next steps

- The intensity of the shifted light increases with the p-terphenyl dissolved in the solvent
- Two designs with rivets and a frame for the first prototype have been proposed

Next steps:

- Develop the automated spray coating method
- Understand the effect of MMA under fixed toluene and pTP
- Practice the spray coating on the 50cm x 50cm acrylic using the 200µg/cm² concentration of pTP
- Assemble the first prototype with the chosen design.