



# Racetrack FFAG muon decay ring for vSTORM

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# Outline

- ① Constraints
- ① “FODO-LIKE” option
- ① “LOW-COST” option
- ① Magnets
- ① Comparison



# Outline

● Constraints

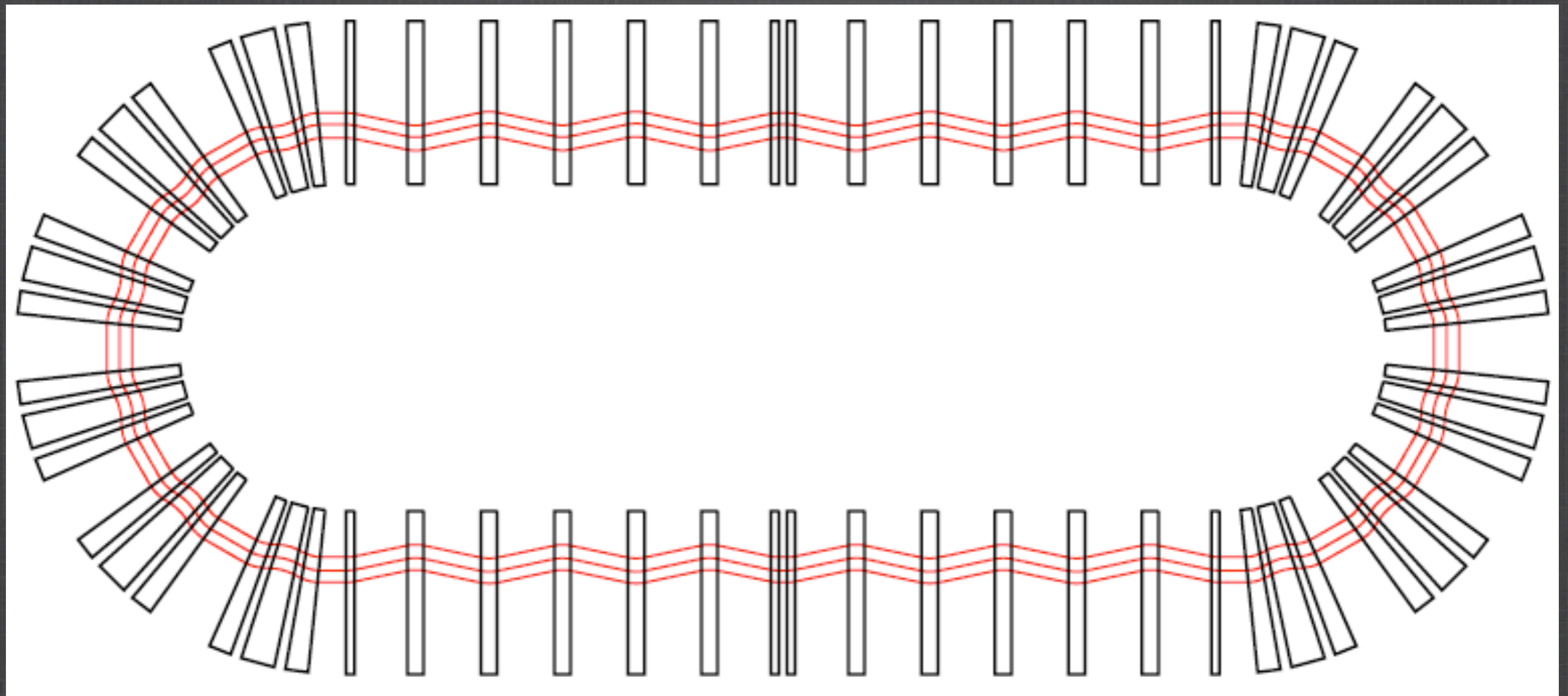
● “FODO-LIKE” option

● “LOW-COST” option

● Magnets

● Comparison

# Racetrack FFA G



# νSTORM Racetrack FFAG

## Constraints:

- in the straight part, the scallop must be as small as possible to keep reasonable the size of the detector. 15 mrad has been chosen as the maximum angle.
- in the dispersion matching section, a drift length of  $\sim 2.6$  m is necessary for stochastic injection.
- to keep the ring as small as possible, SC magnets in the arcs are considered. Normal conducting magnets are used in the straight part.
- large transverse acceptance is needed in both planes ( $1000\pi$  mm.mrad).



# Outline

- Constraints

- “FODO-LIKE” option

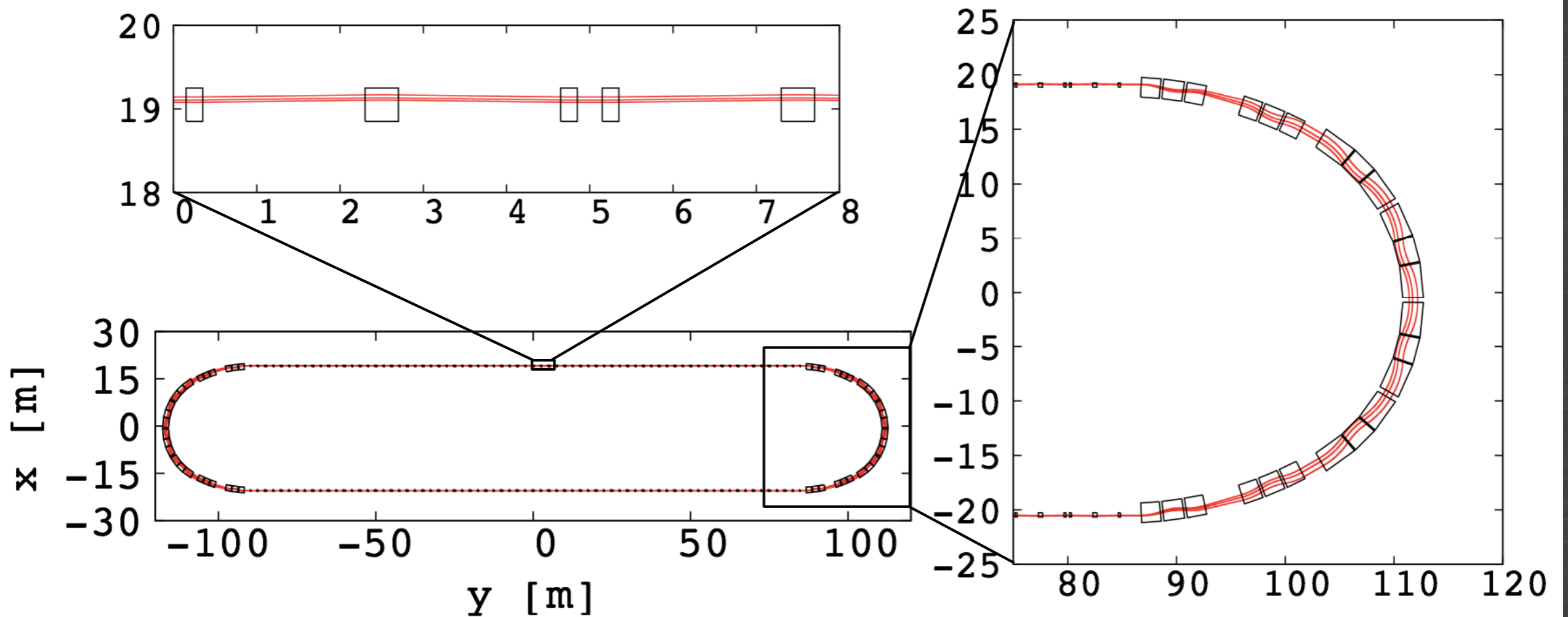
- “LOW-COST” option

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# "FODO-LIKE" OPTION

Straight: 175 m, maximum scallop angle: 12 mrad



Comparable straight length than FODO lattice

# “FODO-LIKE” OPTION

## Cell parameters

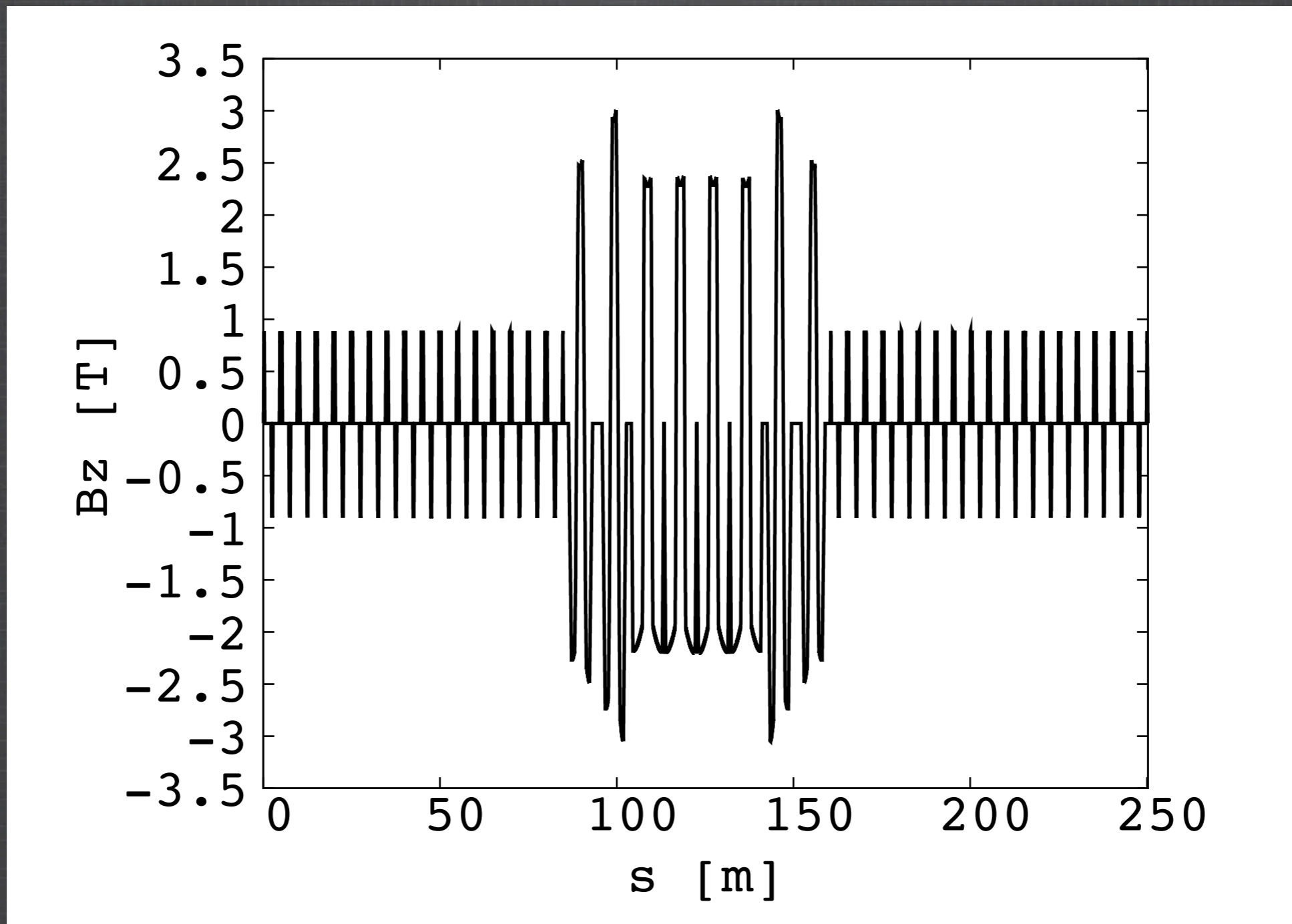
	Circular Section	Matching Section	Straight Section
Type	FDF	FDF	DFD
Cell radius/length [m]	17.3	36.1	5
Opening angle [deg]	30	15	
k-value/m-value	6.202	26.785	5 m <sup>-1</sup>
Packing factor	0.92	0.58	0.16
Maximum magnetic field [T]	2.5	3.3	1.5
horizontal excursion [m]	1.3	1.1	0.4
Full gap height [m]	0.45	0.45	0.45
Horizontal phase advance /cell [deg]	90.0	90.0	15.8
Vertical phase advance /cell [deg]	21.1	23.7	16.8
Average dispersion /cell [m]	2.4	1.3	0.2
Number of cells /ring	4 × 2	4 × 2	35 × 2





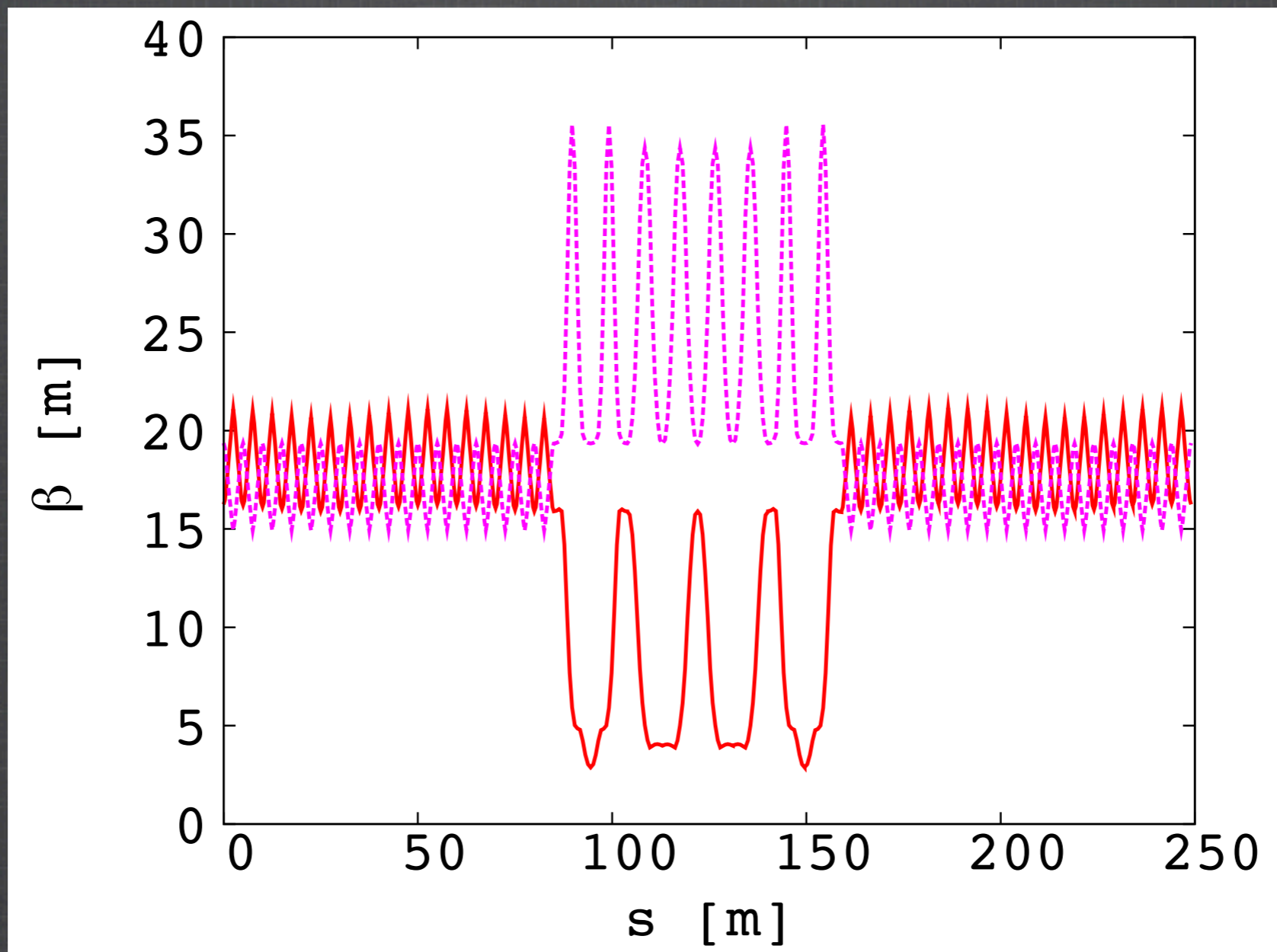
# “FODO-LIKE” OPTION

Magnetic field for  $P_{\max}$  (+16%)



# "FODO-LIKE" OPTION

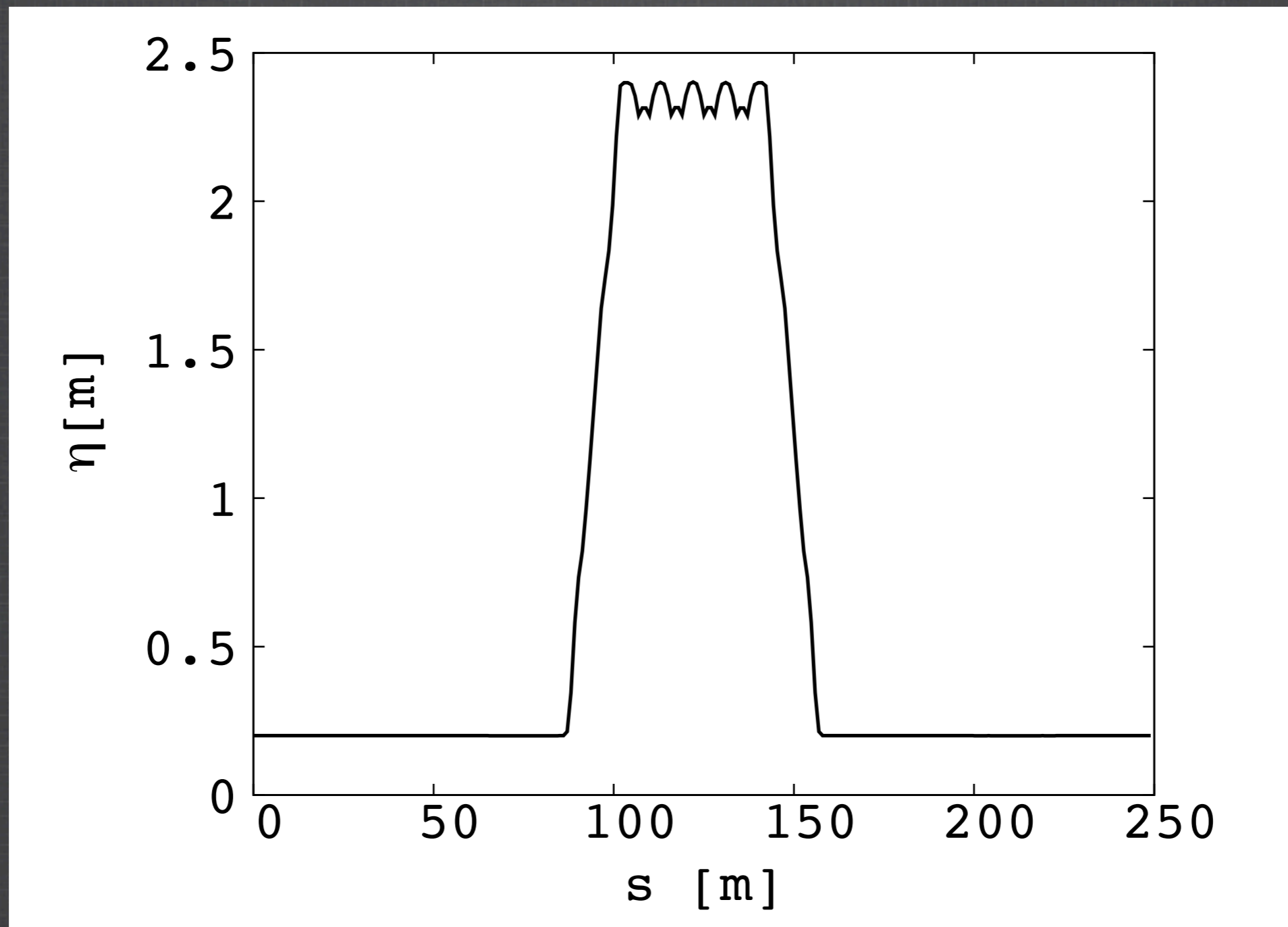
Beta-functions at matching momentum



Horizontal (plain red) and vertical (dotted purple) betafunctions for half of the ring.

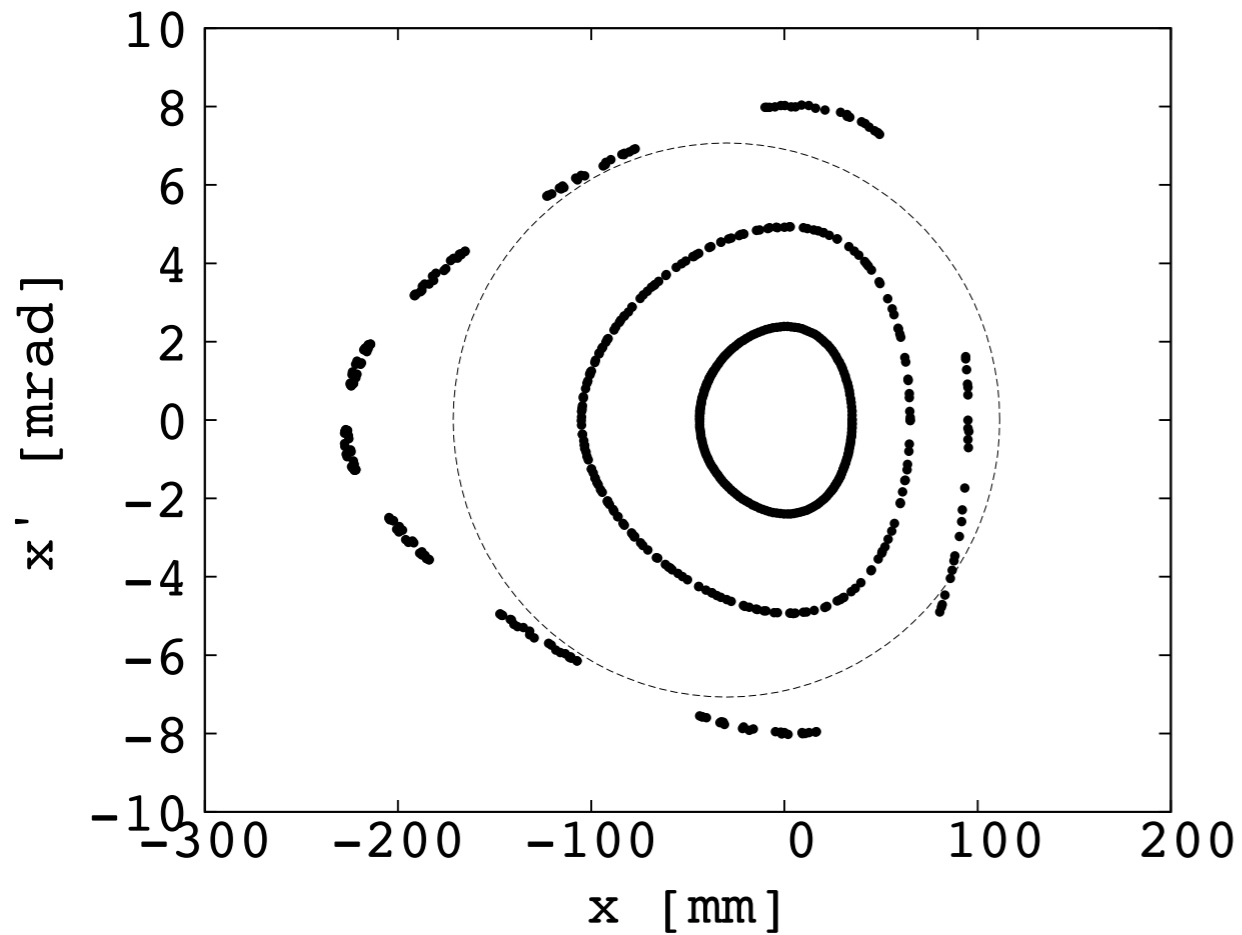
# "FODO-LIKE" OPTION

Dispersion function at matching momentum

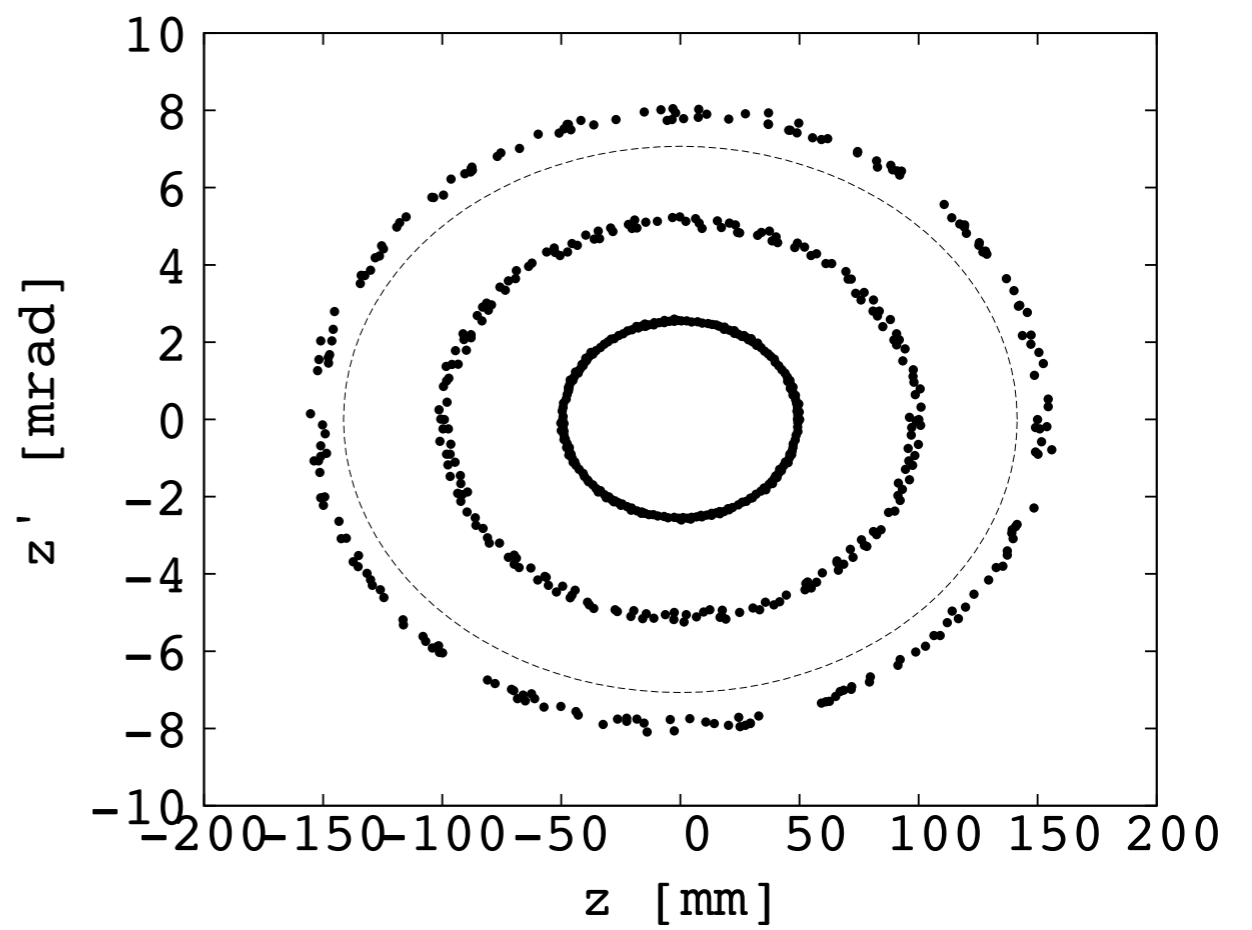


# "FODO-LIKE" OPTION

## Transverse acceptance



Maximum horizontal stable amplitude over 100 turns



Maximum vertical stable amplitude over 100 turns



# Outline

- Constraints

- “FODO-LIKE” option

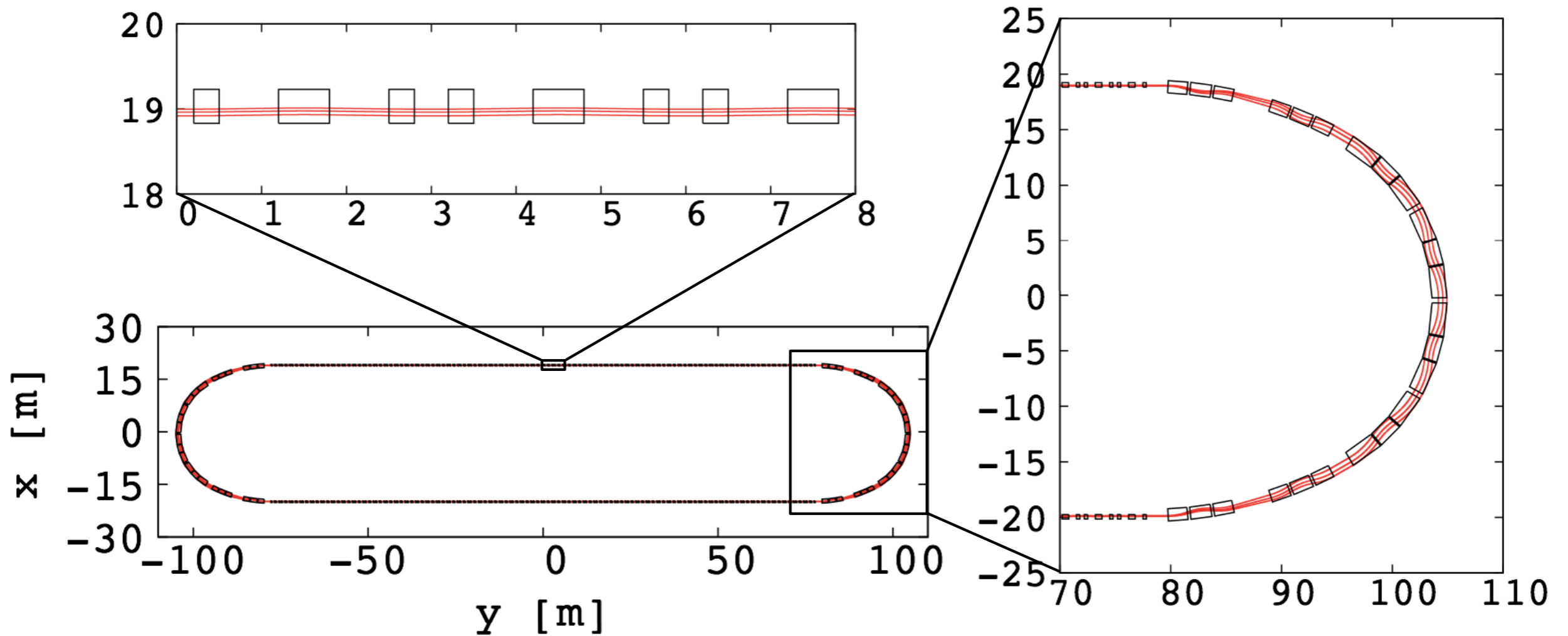
- “LOW-COST” option

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# "LOW-COST" OPTION

Straight: 156 m, maximum scallop angle: 13.9 mrad



Short straight length for a cheaper lattice.

# “LOW-COST” OPTION

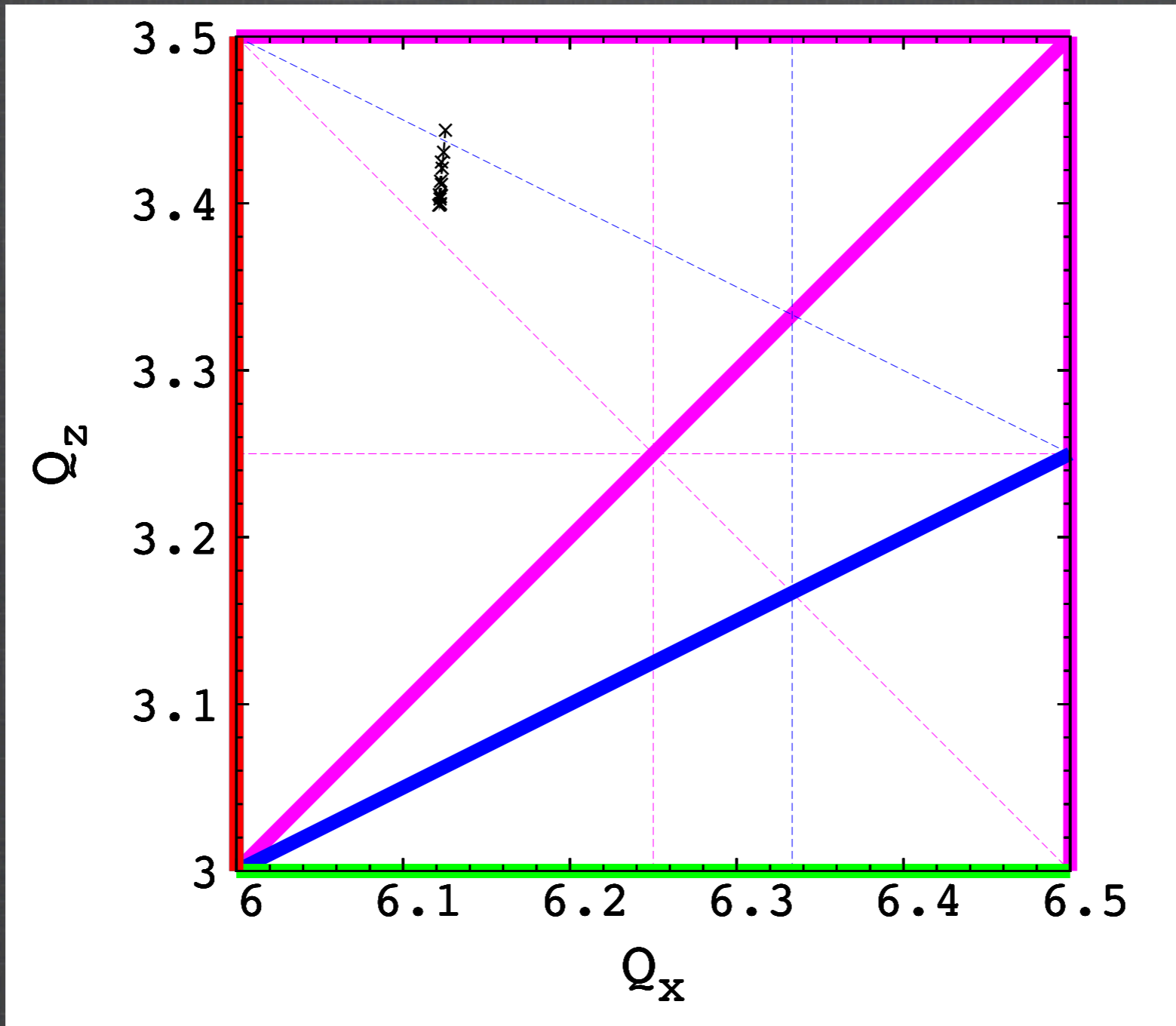
## Cell parameters

	Circular Section	Matching Section	Straight Section
Type	FDF	FDF	DFD
Cell radius/length [m]	17	36.15	3
Opening angle [deg]	30	15	
k-value/m-value	6.21	26.83	4 m <sup>-1</sup>
Packing factor	0.92	0.58	0.4
Maximum magnetic field [T]	2.9	3.8	1.7
horizontal excursion [m]	1.35	1.1	0.65
Full gap height [m]	0.45	0.45	0.45
Horizontal phase advance /cell [deg]	90.0	90.0	7.3
Vertical phase advance /cell [deg]	19.1	21.9	8.6
Average dispersion /cell [m]	2.4	1.3	0.25
Number of cells /ring	4 × 2	4 × 2	52 × 2



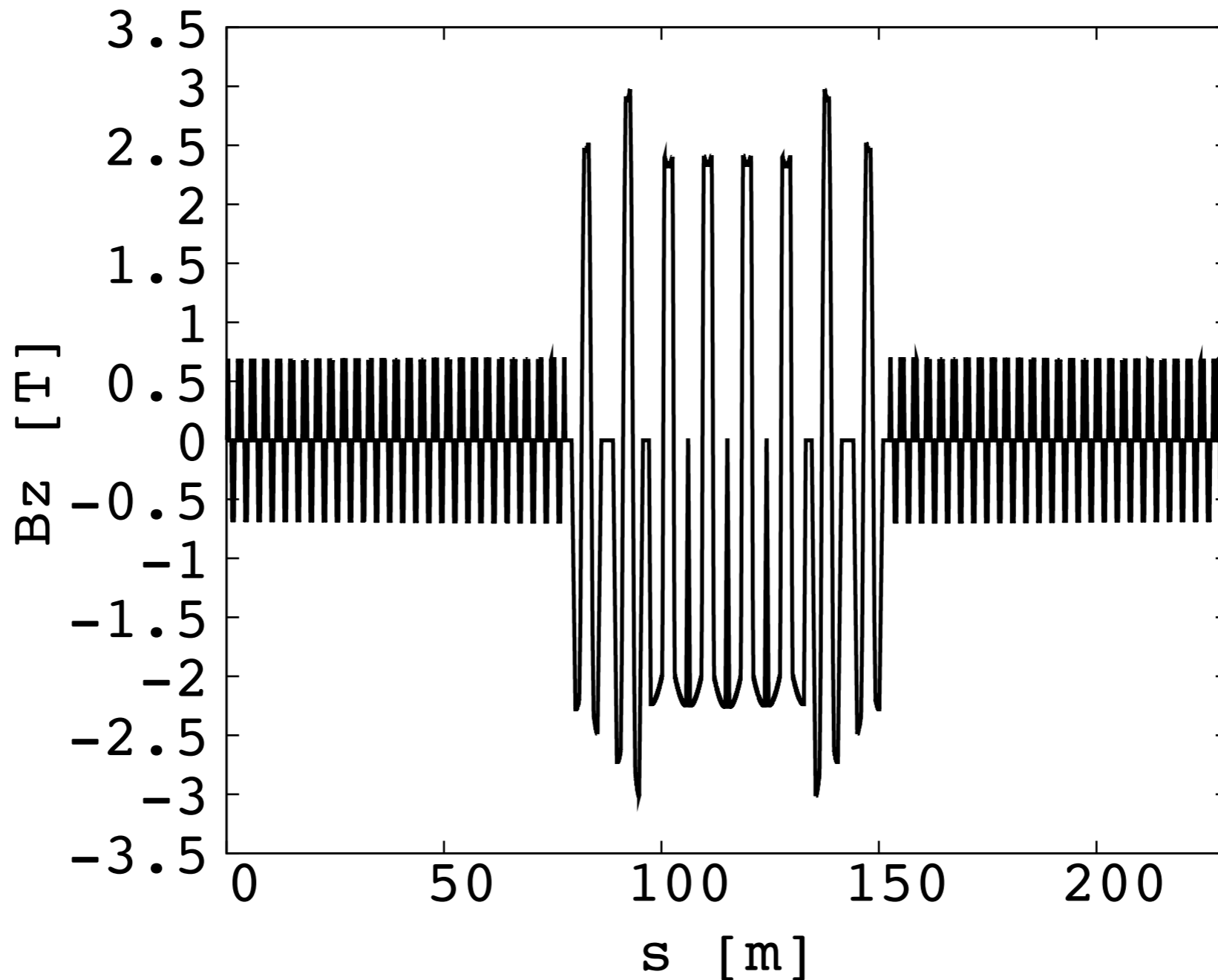
# "LOW-COST" OPTION

Tune diagram  $\frac{\Delta P}{P} = \pm 16\%$



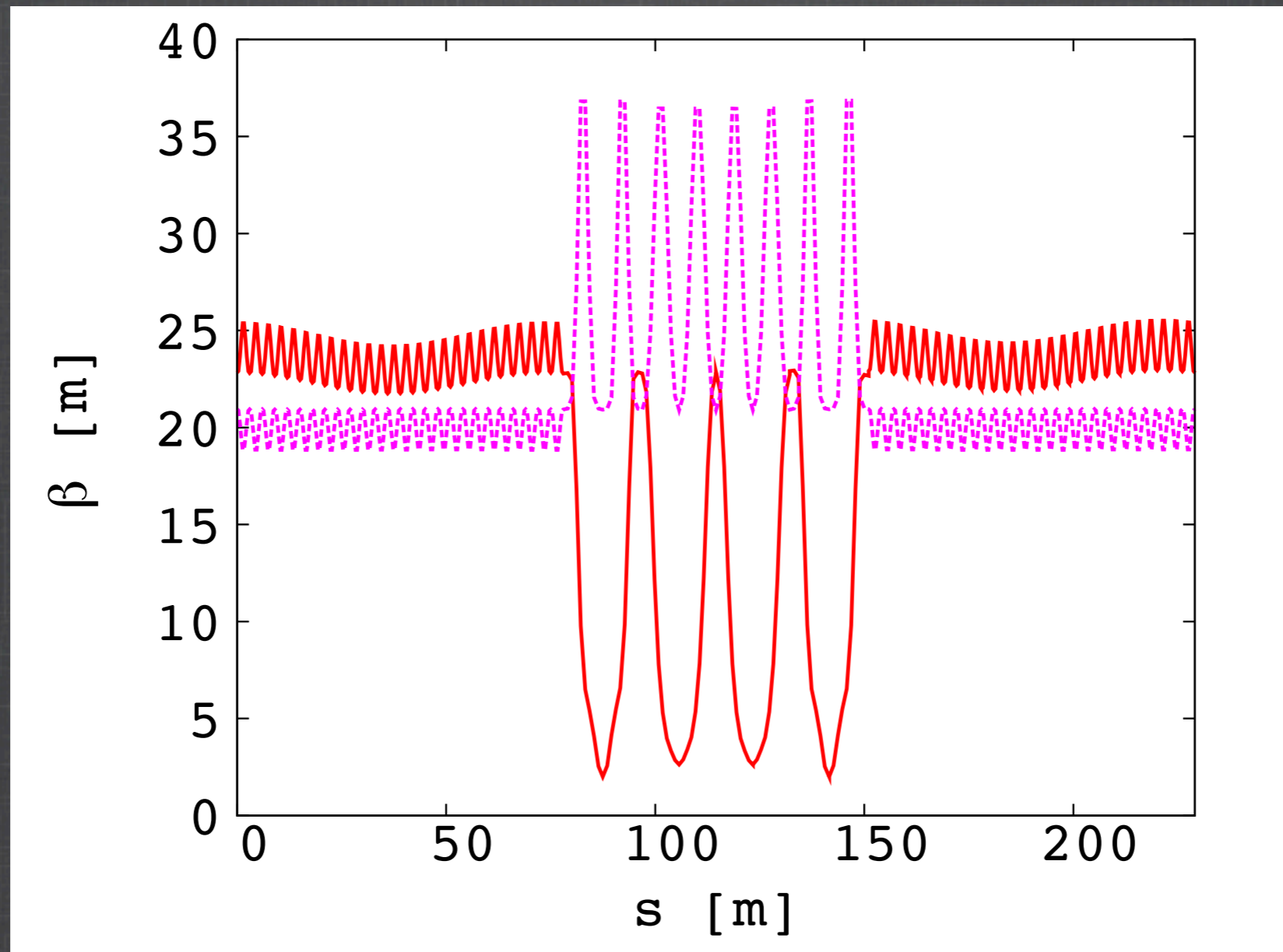
# “LOW-COST” OPTION

Magnetic field for  $P_{\max}$  (+16%)



# "LOW-COST" OPTION

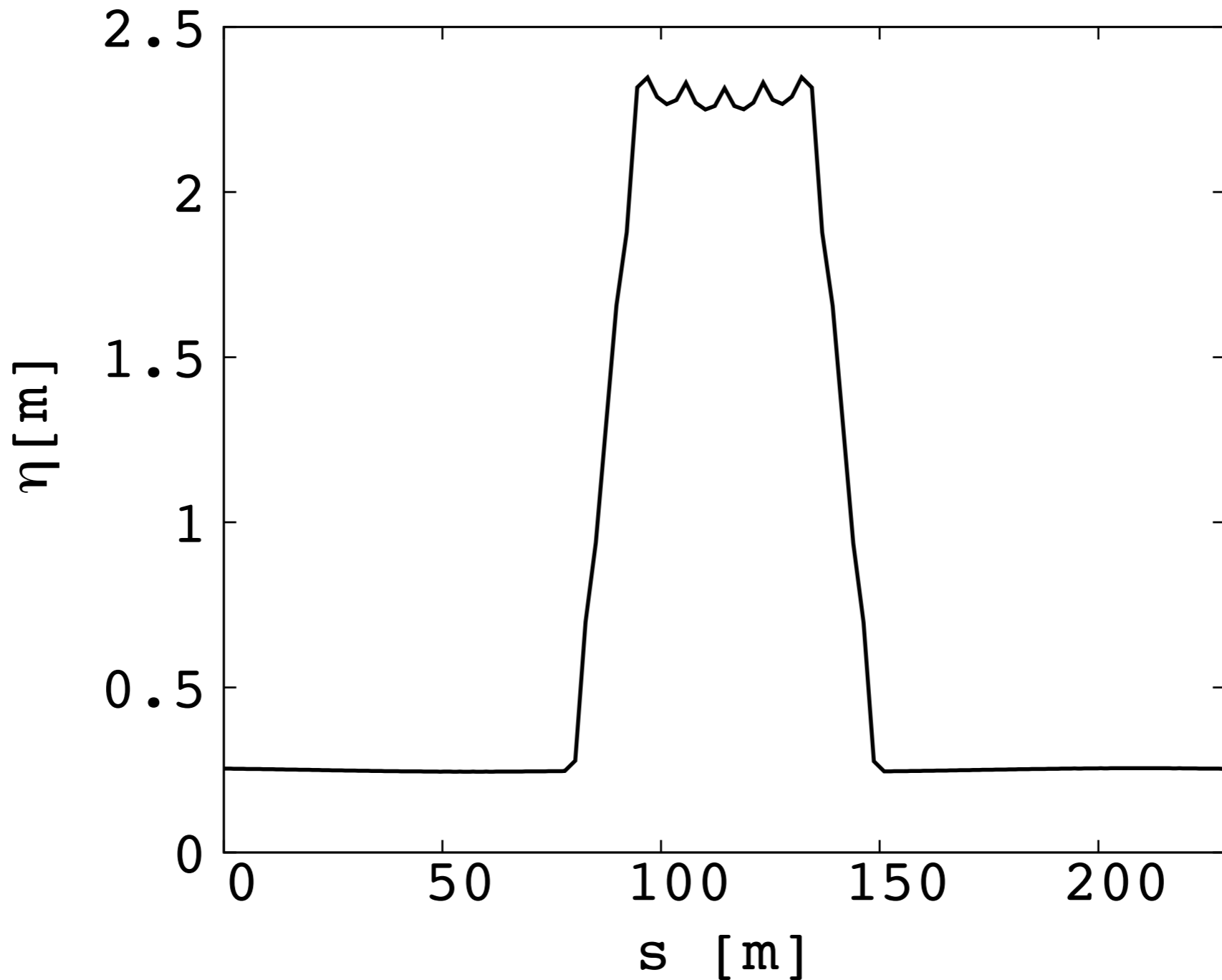
## Beta-functions at matching momentum



Horizontal (plain red) and vertical (dotted purple) betafunctions for half of the ring.

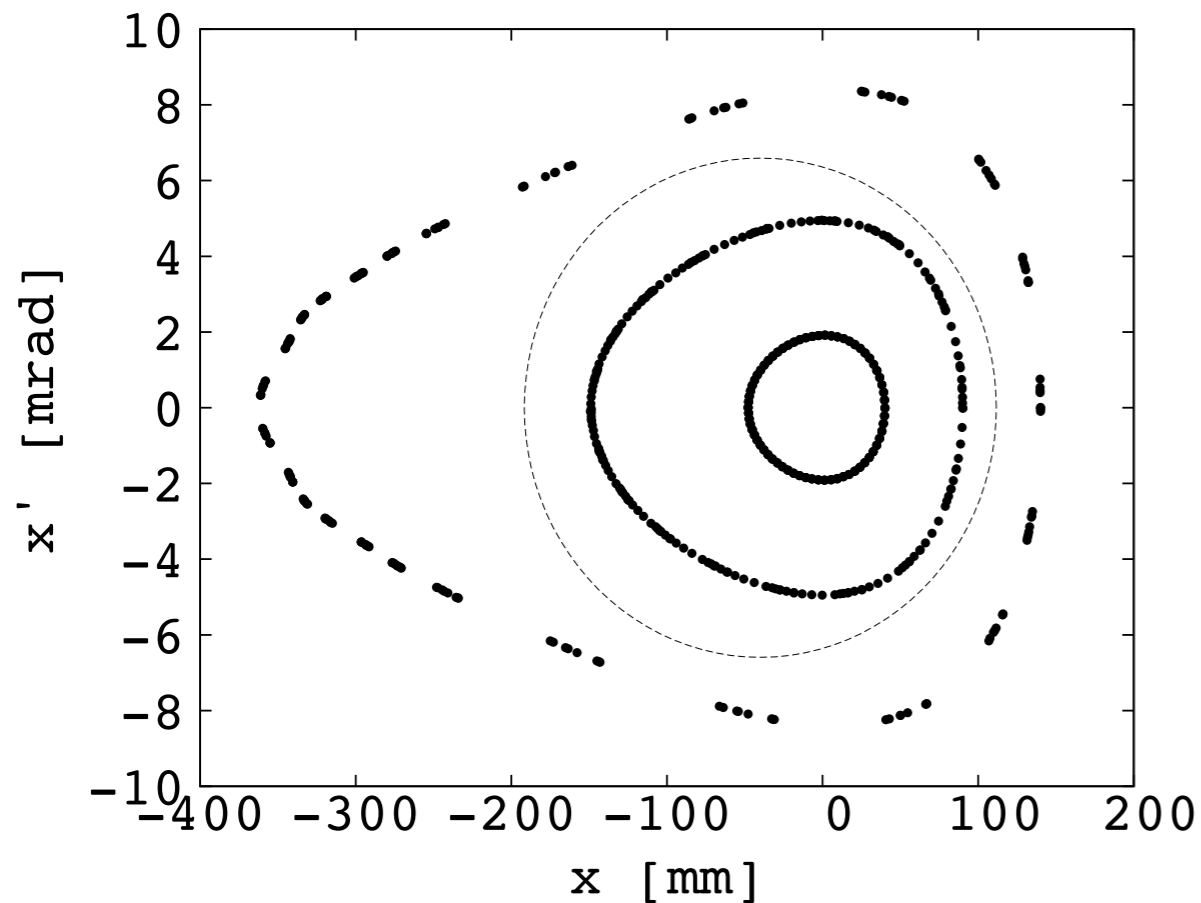
# "LOW-COST" OPTION

Dispersion function at matching momentum

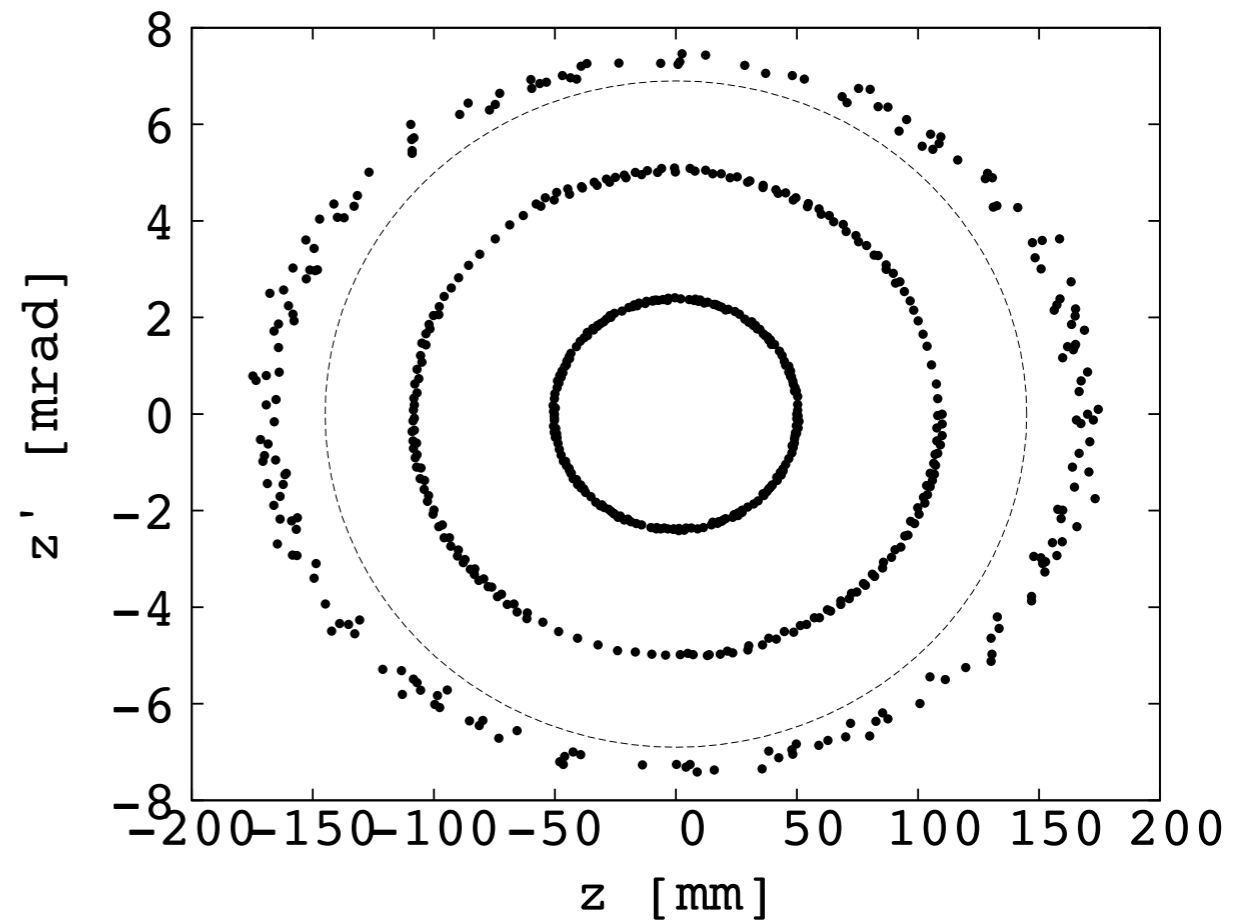


# "LOW-COST" OPTION

## Transverse acceptance



Maximum horizontal stable amplitude over 100 turns



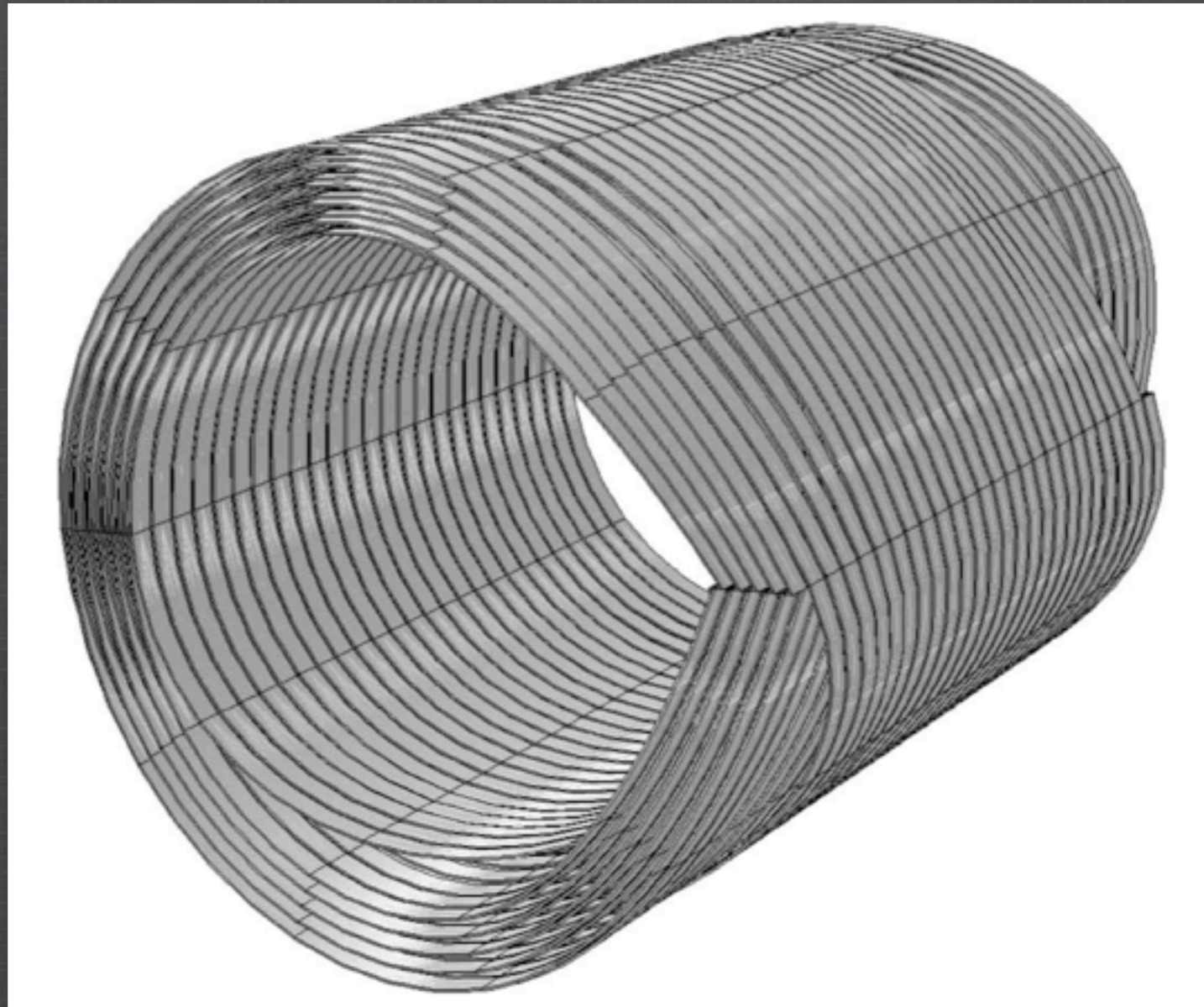
Maximum vertical stable amplitude over 100 turns



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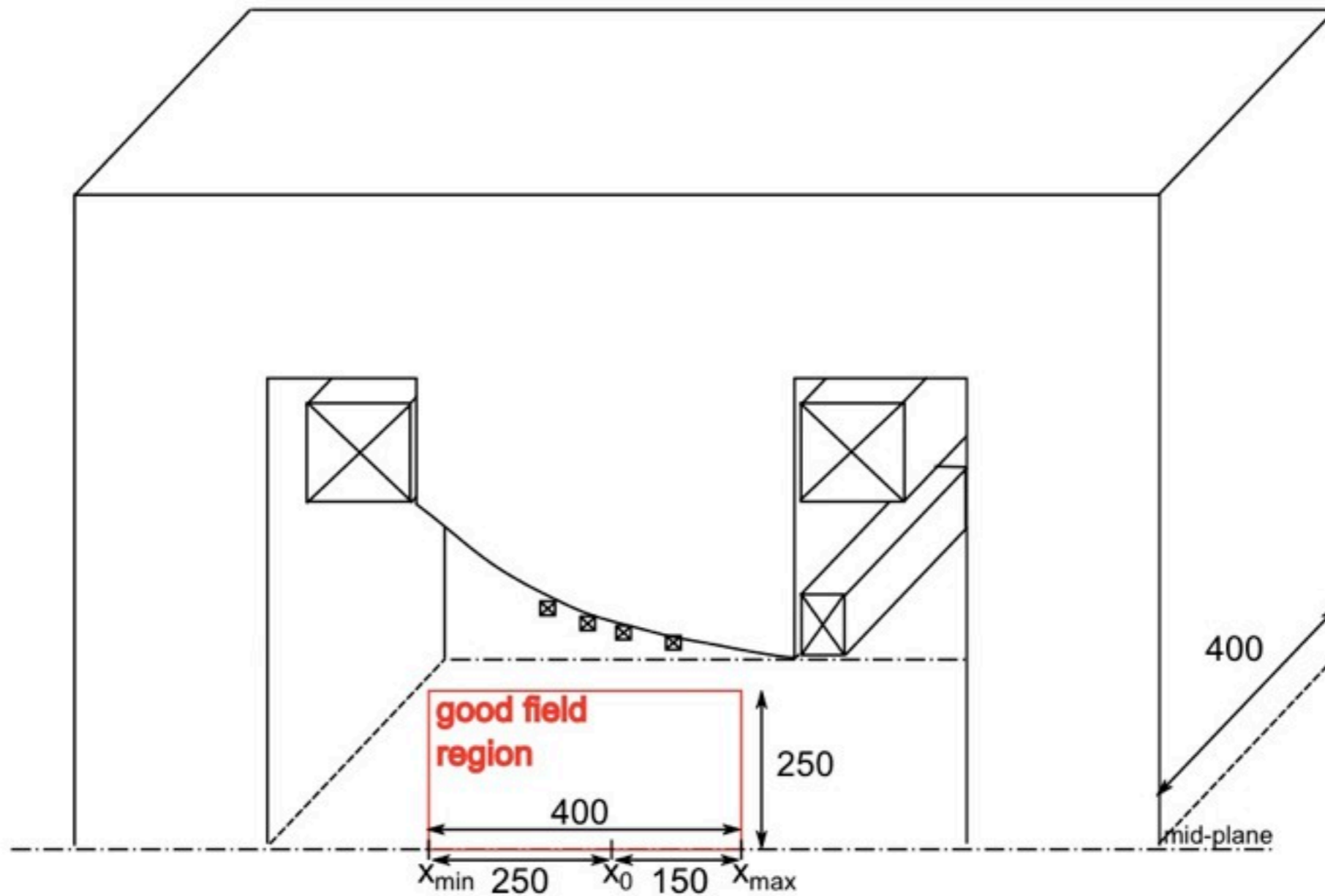
# Superconducting magnets



## PAMELA "F" magnet

*The Advantages and Challenges of Helical Coils for Small Accelerators—A Case Study, H. Witte et al. IEEE, 22 (2), 2012.*

# Straight FFA G magnets







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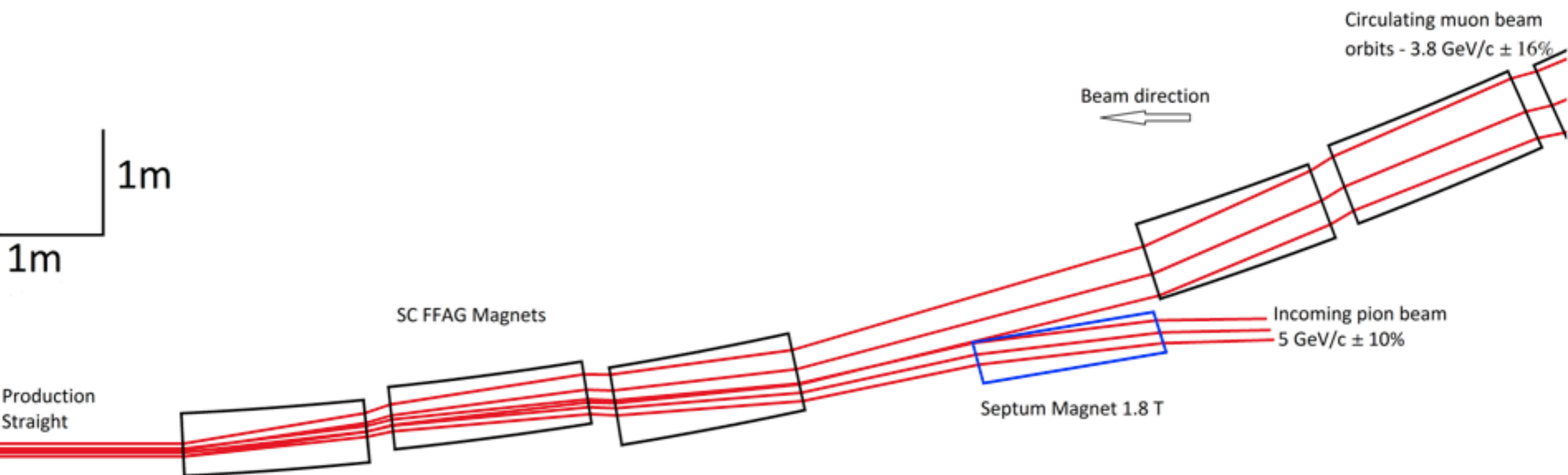


# Comparison

Parameters	FODO (Jun. 2013)	RFFAG “FODO-like”	RFFAG “low-cost”
$L_{straight}$ [m]	185	175	156
Circumference [m]	480	500	460
Dynamical acceptance $A_{dyn}$	0.6	0.95	0.95
Momentum acceptance	$\pm 10\%$	$\pm 16\%$	$\pm 16\%$
$\pi$ /POT within momentum acceptance	0.094	0.171	0.171
Fraction of $\pi$ decay in one straight ( $F_s$ )	0.48	0.47	0.43
Straight-circumference ratio ( $\Omega$ )	0.39	0.35	0.34
$A_{dyn} \times \pi/\text{POT} \times F_s \times \Omega$	<b>0.011</b>	<b>0.027</b>	<b>0.024</b>

# Stochastic Injection

## Preliminary results



Stochastic injection principle (J. Pasternak)

# Summary

- Promising results for racetrack FFAG ring as a muon decay ring for NuSTORM.
- Quite flexible regarding the circumference.
- Large momentum acceptance compared with FODO lattice.
- Cost may not be higher than FODO solution.
- Larger momentum acceptance ( $\pm 25\%$  achieved previously) for wider magnets.

# Future plans

- Enge functions fringe field fall-offs (ongoing).
- Study of the scallop effect on the neutrino flux.
- Injection study.
- Error studies (field quality, alignments).
- Investigate feasibility of the arc magnets.
- Cost/performance comparison with FODO solution using cross-checked code (Zgoubi).

**Thank you for your attention**