

Code intercomparison and benchmark for muon fluence and absorbed dose induced by an 18 GeV electron beam after massive iron shielding

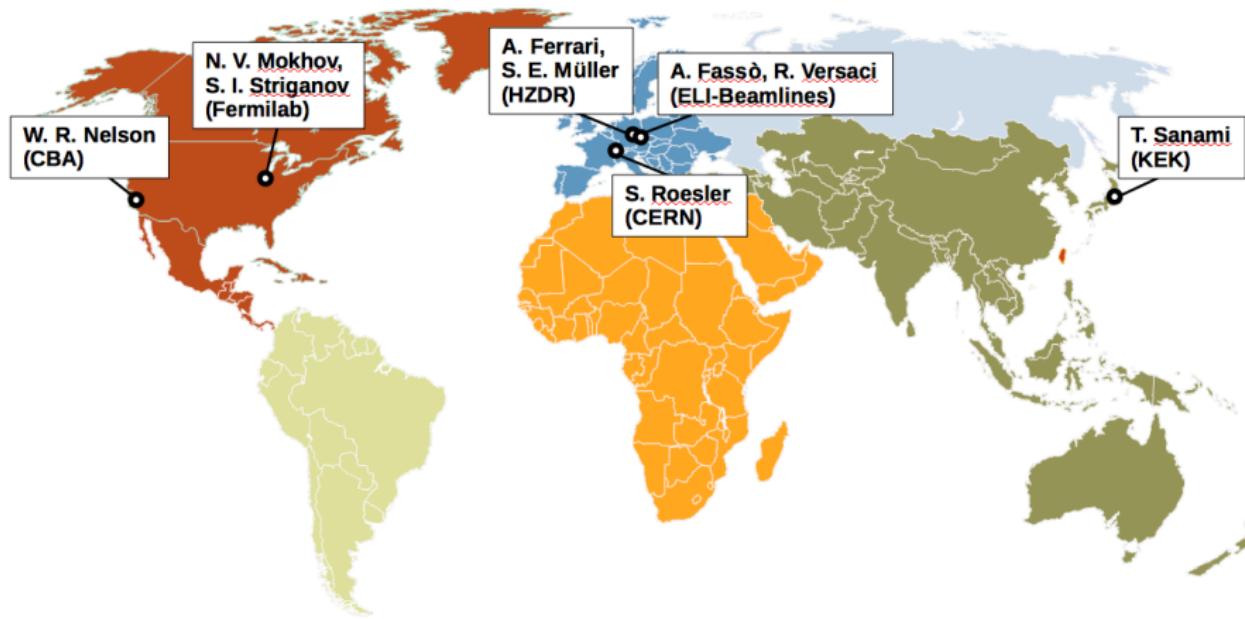
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*Twelfth Meeting on Shielding Aspects of Accelerators, Targets and
Irradiation Facilities (SATIF-12) - FERMILAB, April 28-30, 2014*



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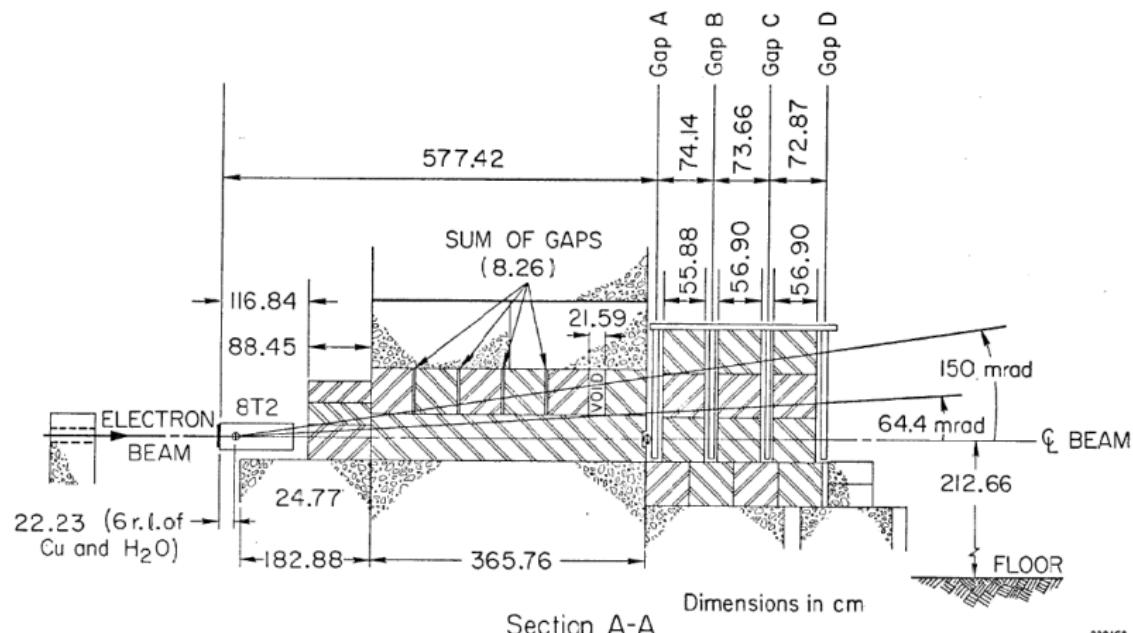


The experiment

- 1974: Nelson, Kase and Svensson publish the results of an experiment performed at SLAC (*NIM 120 (1974) 413*)
- 18 GeV e^- beam hits beamedump-target made of copper and water discs
- massive shielding ("iron") after beamedump
- detectors for muon fluence and dose measurements were placed in 4 gaps of shielding:
 - Nuclear track emulsion plates ($400\mu m$ thick) to measure muon fluence
 - Thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD-700 phosphor) to measure dose
- in addition, 2 scintillation counters to determine exposure (and muon fluence)
- Results were compared to theoretical predictions of the time (*NIM 120 (1974) 401*)

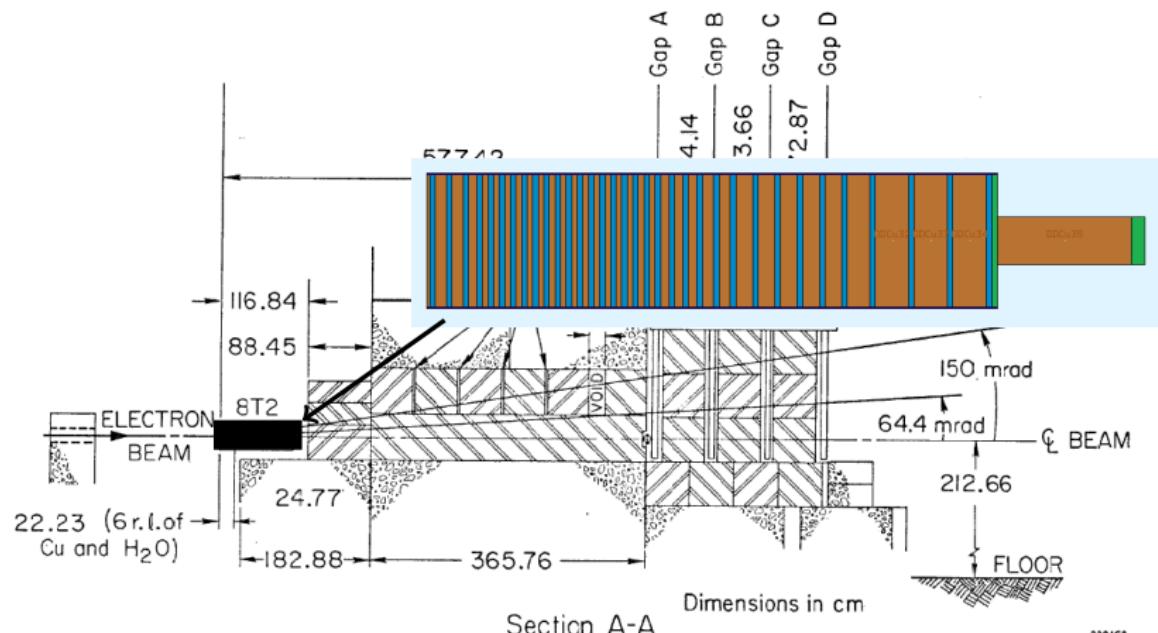
The experiment

Vertical view of experimental setup:



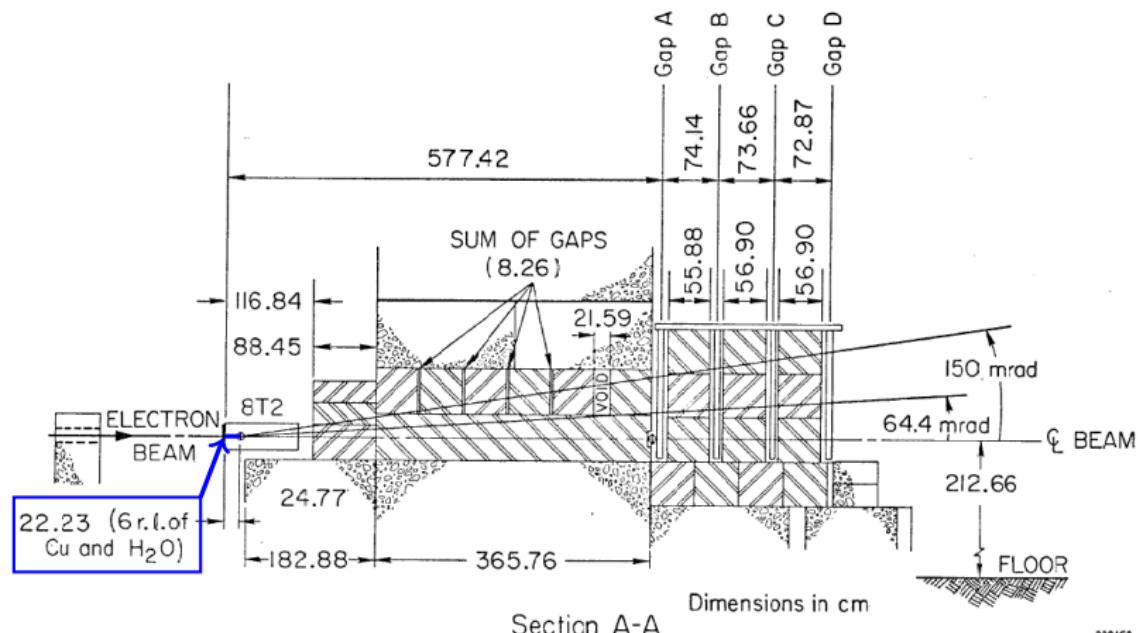
The experiment

Vertical view of experimental setup:



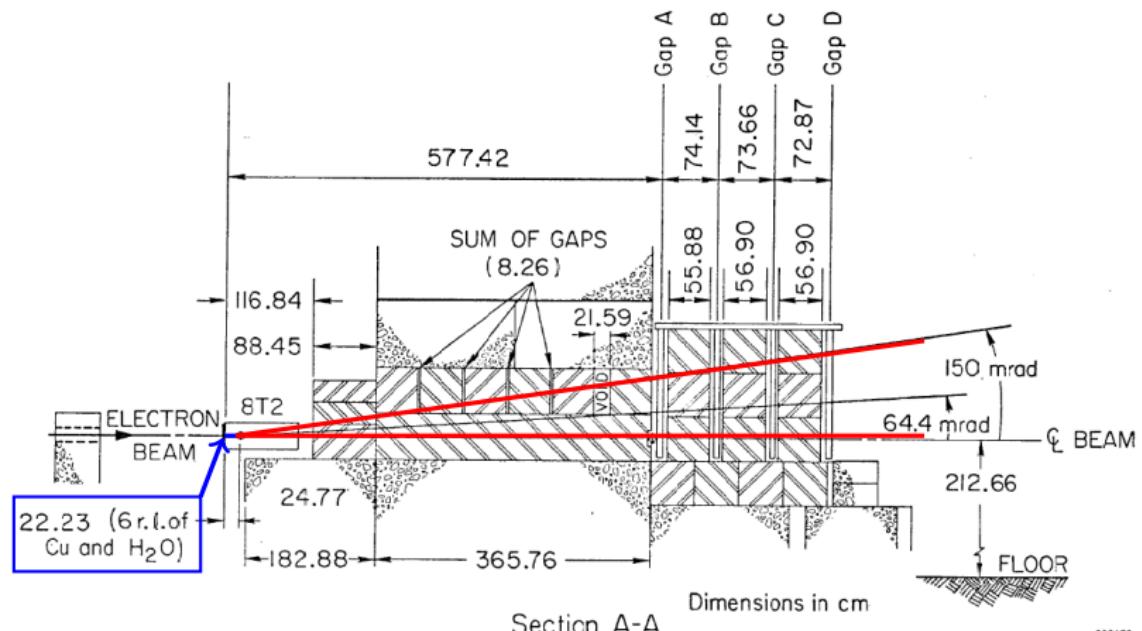
The experiment

Vertical view of experimental setup:



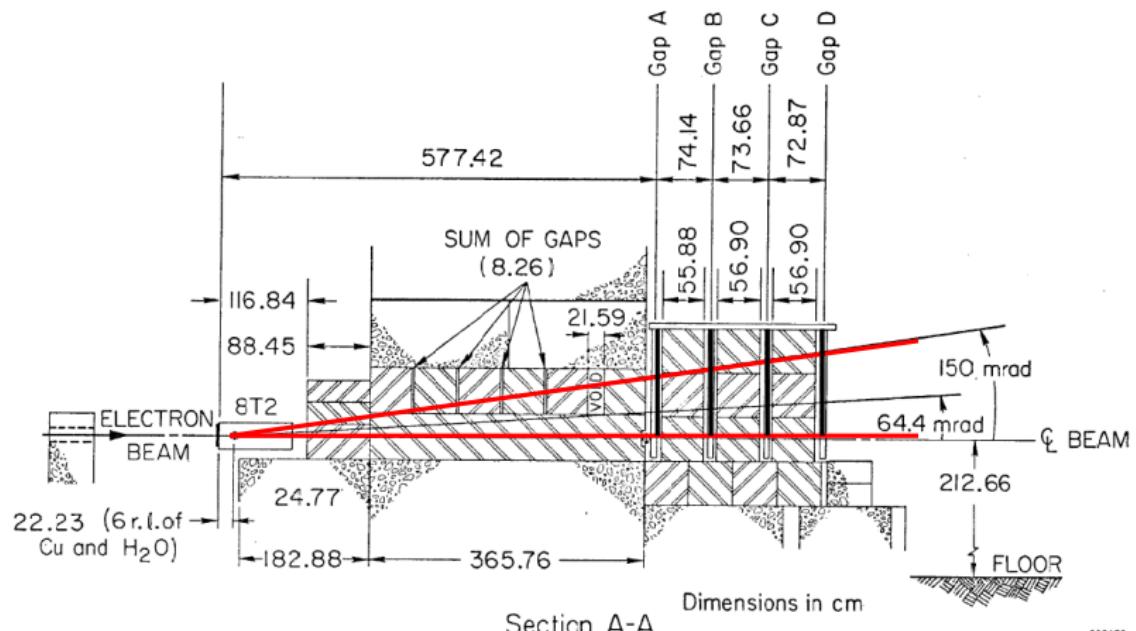
The experiment

Vertical view of experimental setup:



The experiment

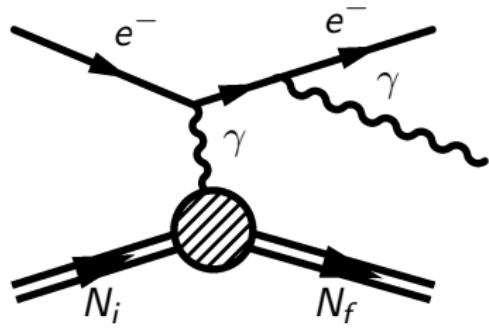
Vertical view of experimental setup:



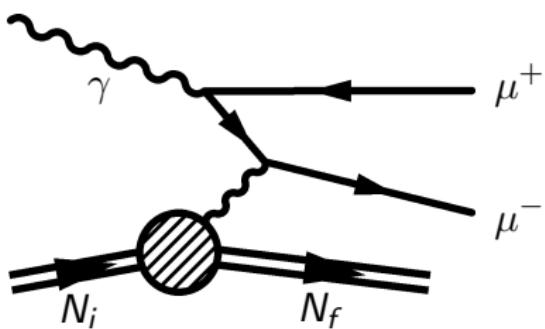
Physics models:

Muon pair production in the field of the nucleus from Bremsstrahlung photons

Bremsstrahlung:

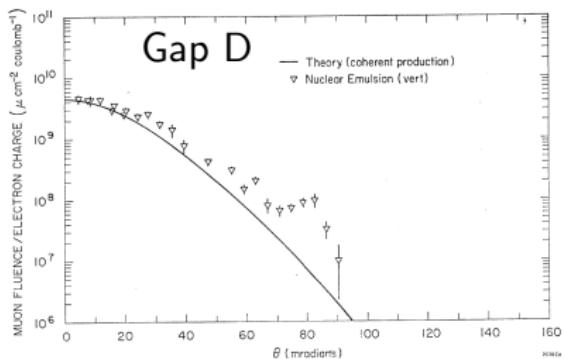
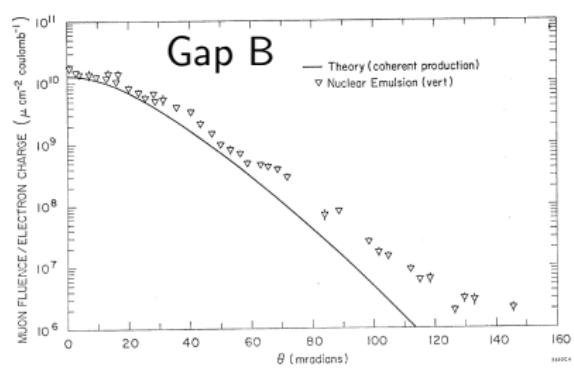
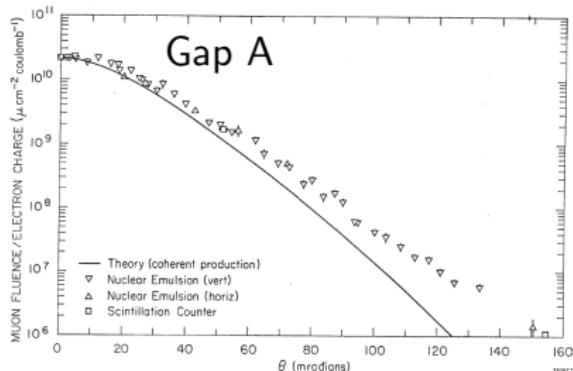


Photomuon production:

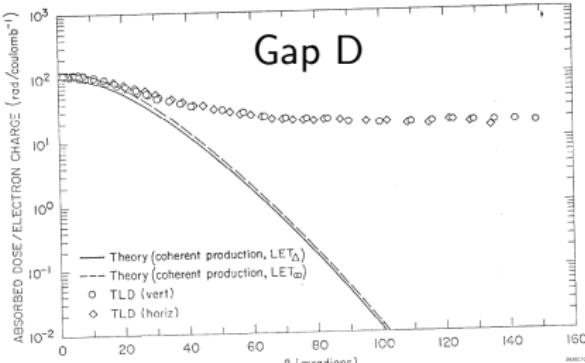
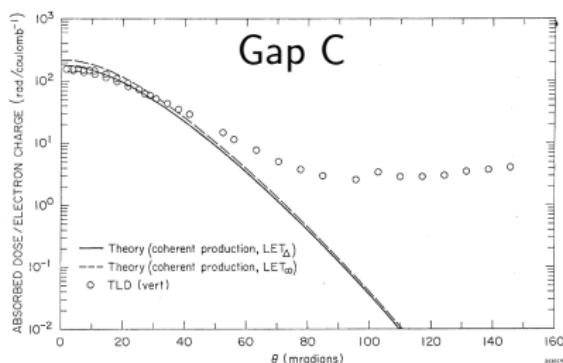
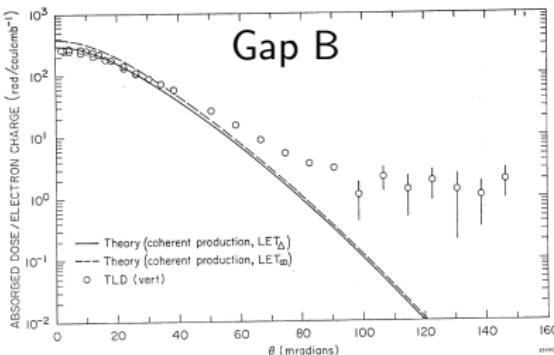
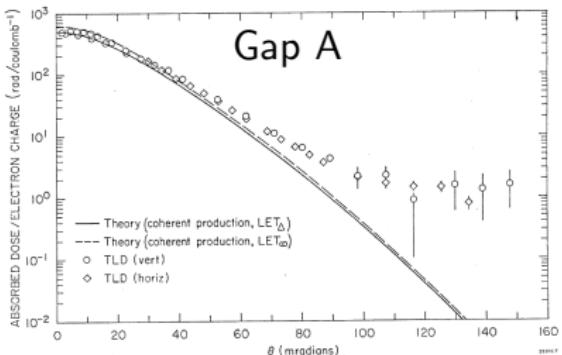


Y. S. Tsai: *Pair production and Bremsstrahlung of charged leptons*,
Rev. Mod. Phys. 46 (1974) 815, Rev. Mod. Phys. 49 (1977) 421

Experiment: Results on muon fluence

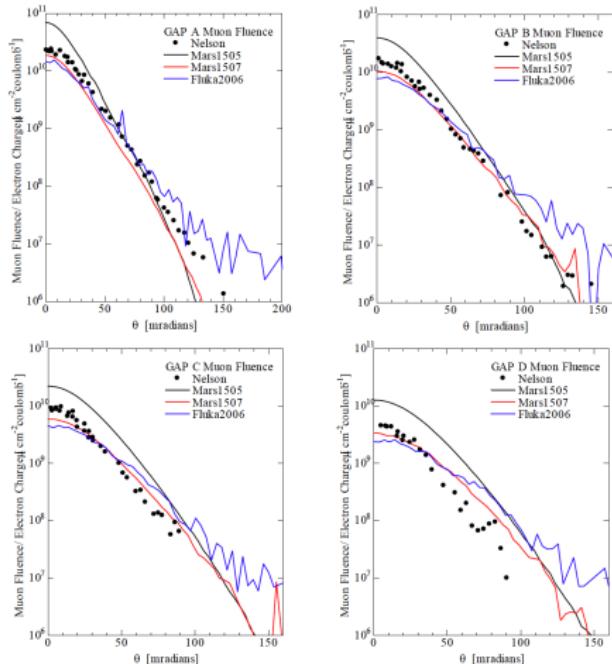


Experiment: Results on dose measurements



First comparison with modern transport codes:

2007: N. V. Mokhov, W. R. Nelson and T. Sanami (*SLAC Radiation Physics Note RP-07-15*): Comparison with MARS and FLUKA



The transport codes:

- MARS15
 - www-ap.fnal.gov/MARS
- FLUKA2011
 - www.fluka.org
- GEANT4.10
 - geant4.cern.ch/

MARS15

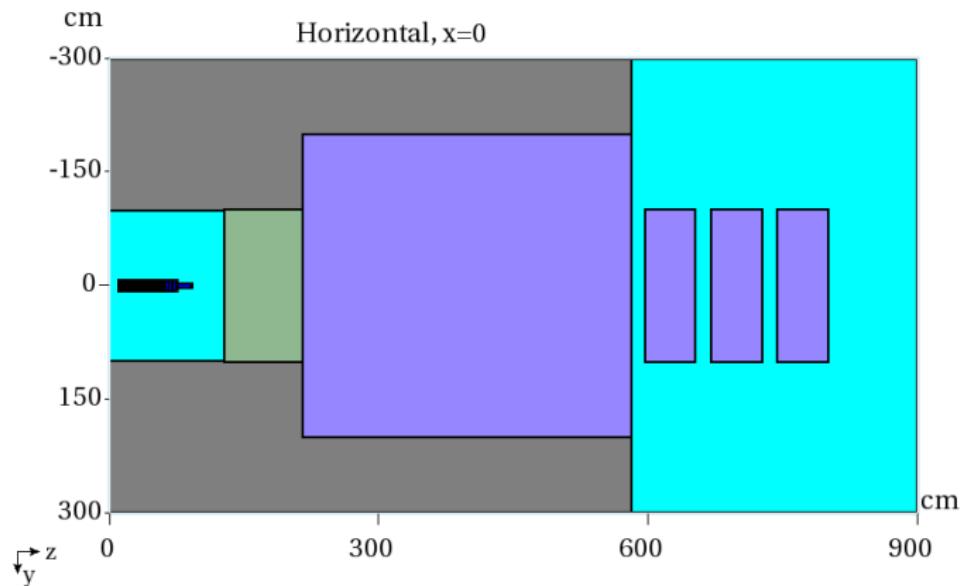
- General-purpose, all-particle Monte Carlo simulation code
- Current version: **MARS15(2014)**
- Established theoretical models for strong, weak and electromagnetic interactions of hadrons, heavy ions and leptons
- Most processes can be treated either
 - exclusively (analogously)
 - inclusively (with corresponding statistical weights)
 - in a mixed mode
- Variety of geometry options, major ones are
 - “extended”
 - ROOT-based
- Especially powerful in particle production, accelerator lattice, beamline and machine-detector interface applications
- Participant of international benchmarking for almost two decades



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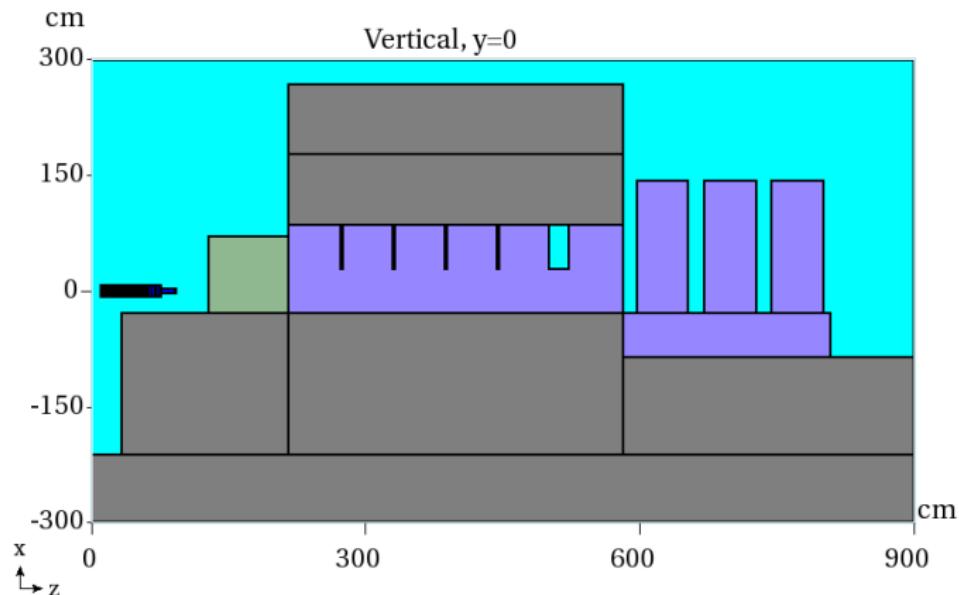
MARS15: Geometrical model

Horizontal view



MARS15: Geometrical model

Vertical view



MARS15: Muons

- Exclusive generator based on Weizsäcker-Williams approximation
 - algorithms based on Burkhardt, Kelner, and Kokoulin (2002)
 - only coherent photomuon production
 - used as default
- Inclusive generator based on Y. S. Tsai (Rev. Mod. Phys. 46 (1974) 815, Rev. Mod. Phys. 49 (1977) 421))
 - calculation in lowest-order Born approximation
 - target of arbitrary mass, spin and form factor
 - arbitrary final state
- Both models give practically identical results for $E > 10$ GeV photons
- At lower energies, precise description of nuclear form factor is important. MARS supports two options for description of nuclear density:
 - original Tsai power-law mode
 - symmetrized Fermi function

FLUKA2011

- Historical origin (1970): **FLU**ktuierende **KA**skade (J. Ranft *et al.*, Leipzig)
- Current version: **FLUKA2011.2b.6** (maintained by CERN-INFN)
- Fully integrated particle physics MonteCarlo simulation package
- Driven by “data cards” (minimum of programming knowledge required)
- Linux platform (g77/gfortran)
- Well tested built-in scoring
- Graphical user interface: **FLAIR** (FLUKA Advanced Interface)



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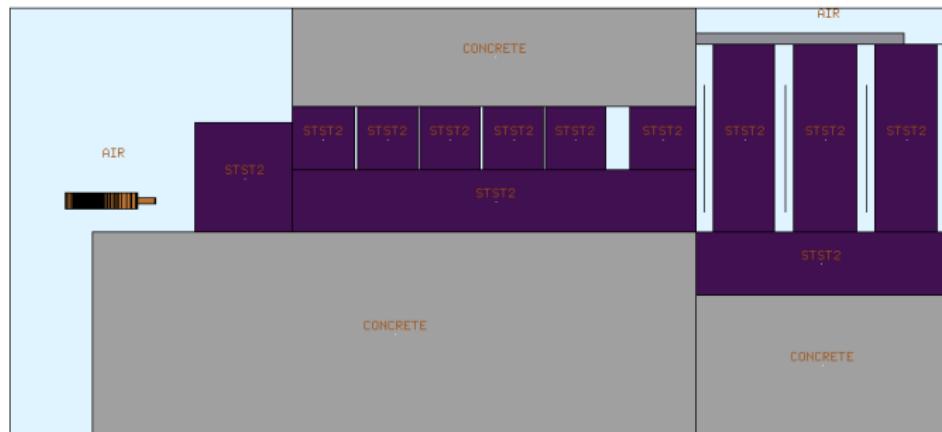
FLUKA2011: Geometrical model

Horizontal view



FLUKA2011: Geometrical model

Vertical view



FLUKA2011: Muons

- Theoretical model:

- Photomuon production implemented according to Y. S. Tsai (Rev. Mod. Phys. 46 (1974) 815, Rev. Mod. Phys. 49 (1977) 421)
- Only coherent production of photomuons

- Simulation parameters:

- Biasing scale factor on photon interaction length for photomuon production: 2.5E-5
- Biasing scale factor for hadronic inelastic interaction length of photons: 0.05
- δ -ray production of muons and charged hadrons switched on (1 MeV threshold)
- full simulation of muon nuclear interactions and production of secondary hadrons switched on
- e^\pm and γ production thresholds set to 100 keV
- DEFAULTS card is set to PRECISIO

Geant4.10

- GEANT4: **Geo**metry **ANd** **T**racking (since 1998)
- Successor of **GEANT** program developed at CERN
- Current version: **GEANT4.10p1**
- Written in **C++** (Object Oriented software technology)
- Open source software
- **Toolkit** - user needs to program an application using GEANT4 tools
- Many examples provided



Mitglied der Helmholtz-Gemeinschaft

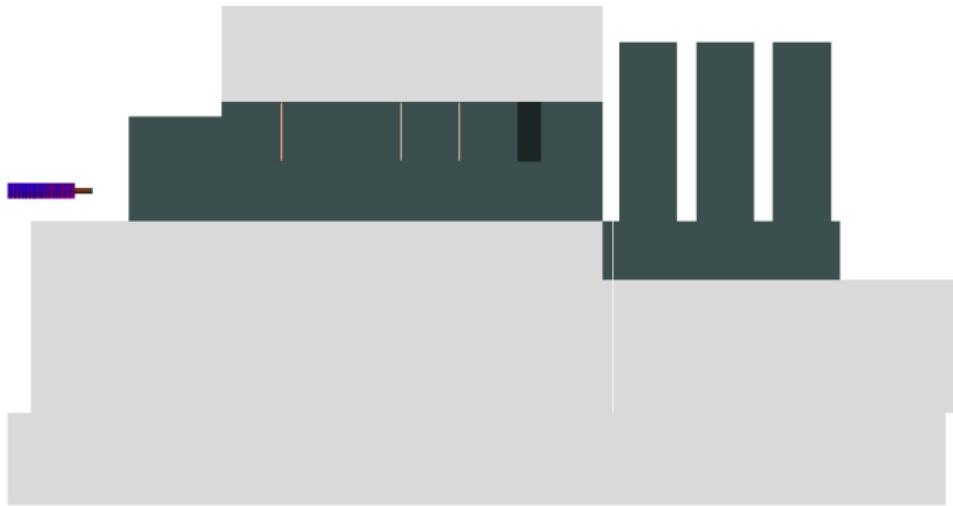
GEANT4.10: Geometrical model

Horizontal view



GEANT4.10: Geometrical model

Vertical view



GEANT4.10: Muons

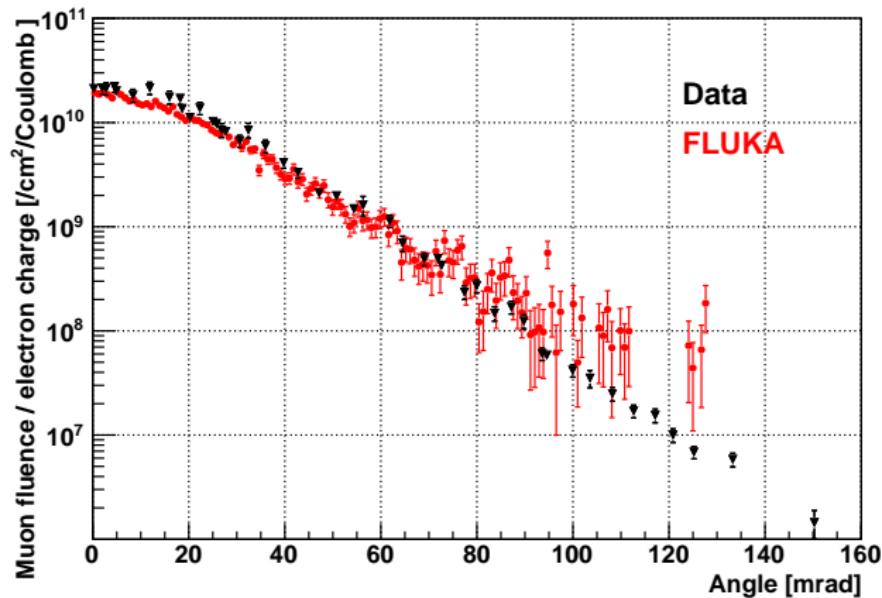
- Theoretical model:
 - Photomuon production algorithms based on Kelner, Kokoulin, and Petrukhin (*Moscow Phys. Eng. Inst.* 024-95, 1995)
- Simulation parameters:
 - Build customized physics list:
 - ▶ Start with `QGSP_BERT_EMZ` list (contains `G4EmStandardPhysics_option4` and `G4EmExtraPhysics`)
 - ▶ Register the process `G4GammaConversionToMuons` to the process list for photons
 - ▶ Register process `G4MuonNuclearProcess` to process lists for muons (using `G4MuonVDNuclearModel`)
 - Mixture of built-in scoring and `ROOT` histograms
 - To be done: Biasing of muon processes

Scoring

- Muon fluence in the 4 gaps
 - normalized to integrated electron charge on beam dump
 - in $\mu/\text{cm}^2/\text{coulomb}$
- Dose in the 4 gaps
 - scored in thin volumes of LiF placed in each gap (to simulate thermoluminescent dosimeters)
 - normalized to integrated electron charge on beam dump
 - in rad/coulomb
- Double-differential scoring in **energy** and **angle** for muons crossing copper-water boundaries of target beam dump
 - scored over a target thickness of 6 radiation length

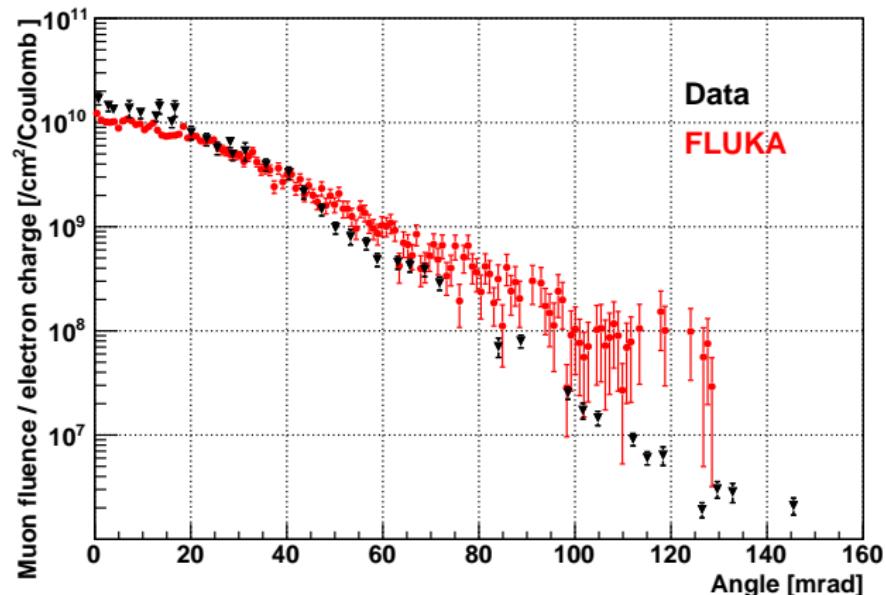
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap A (shielding material cast iron, $\rho = 7 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



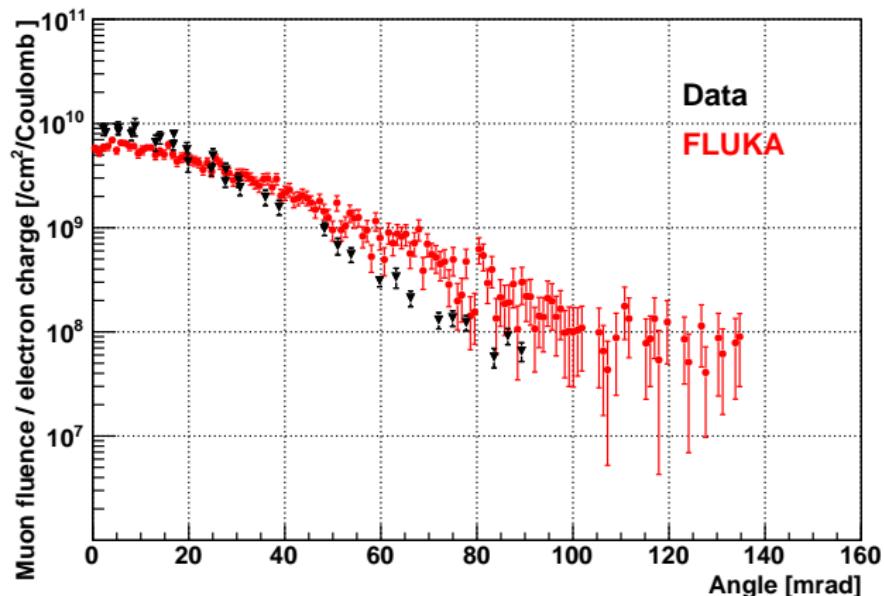
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap B (shielding material cast iron, $\rho = 7 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



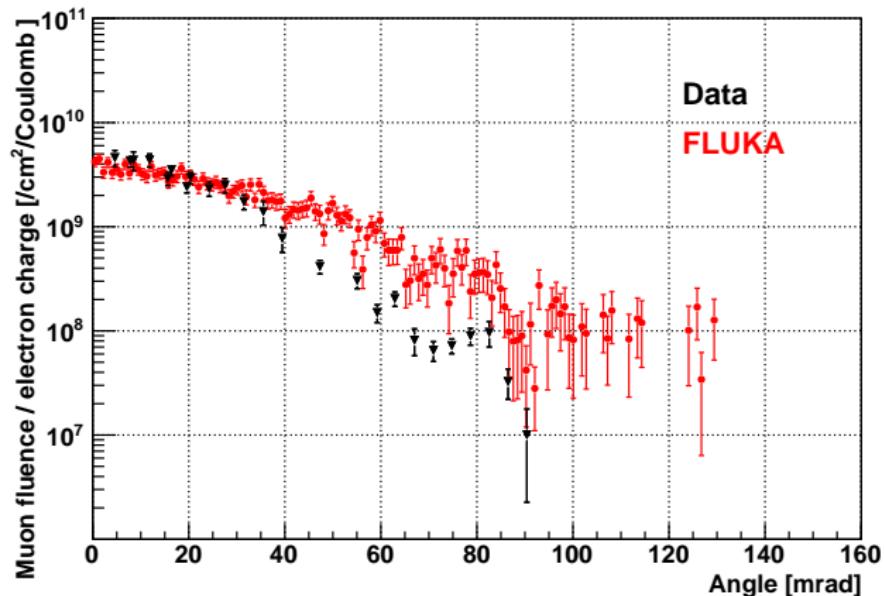
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap C (shielding material cast iron, $\rho = 7 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



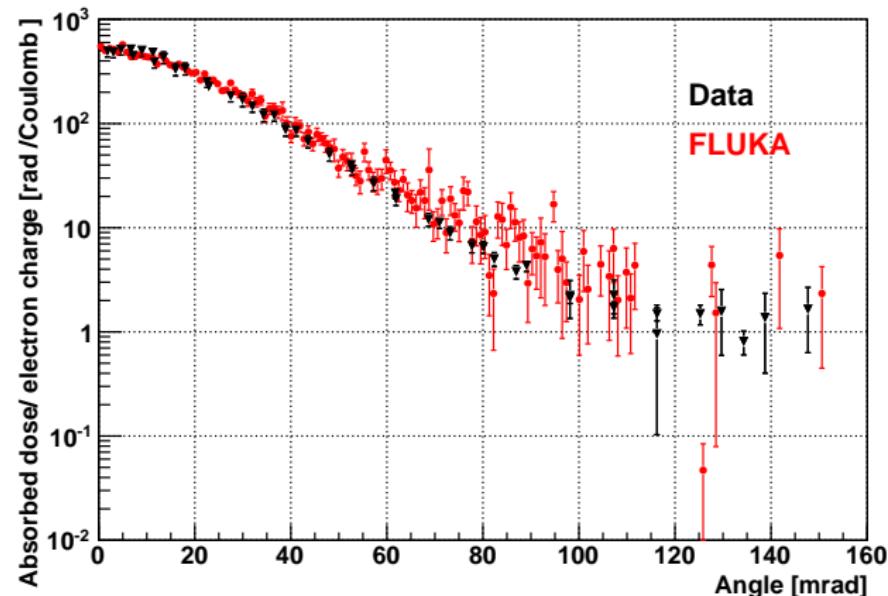
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap D (shielding material cast iron, $\rho = 7 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



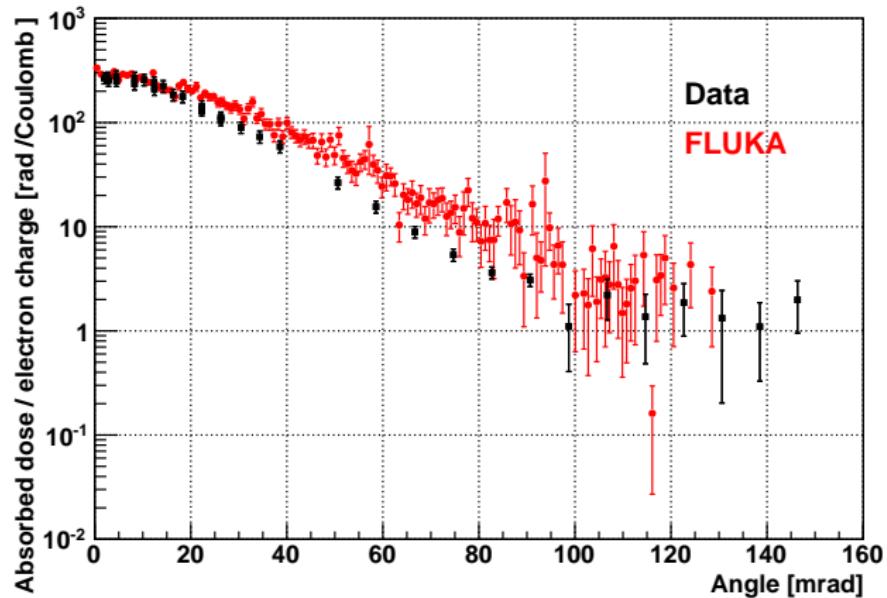
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Absorbed dose in Gap A (shielding material cast iron, $\rho = 7 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



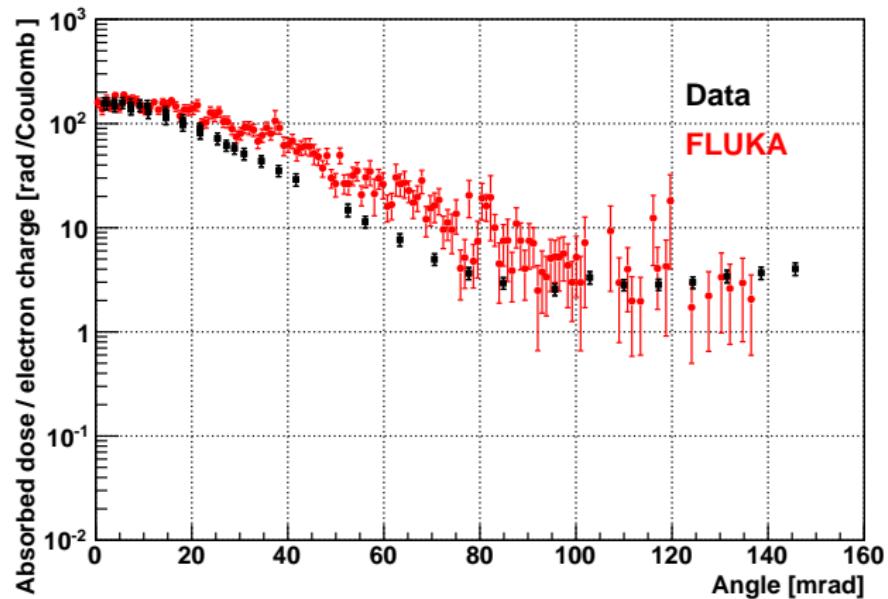
Preliminary results

Absorbed dose in Gap B (shielding material cast iron, $\rho = 7 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



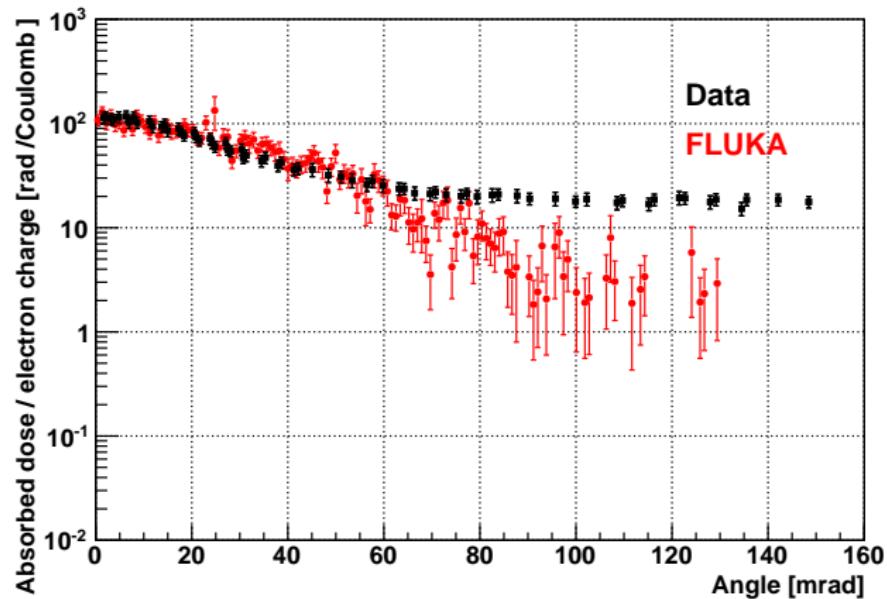
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Absorbed dose in Gap C (shielding material cast iron, $\rho = 7 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



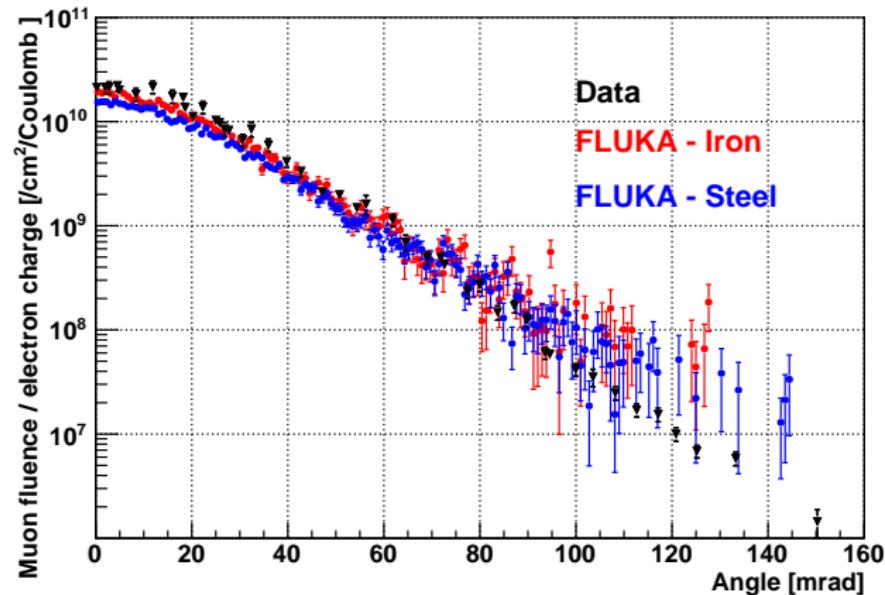
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Absorbed dose in Gap D (shielding material cast iron, $\rho = 7 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



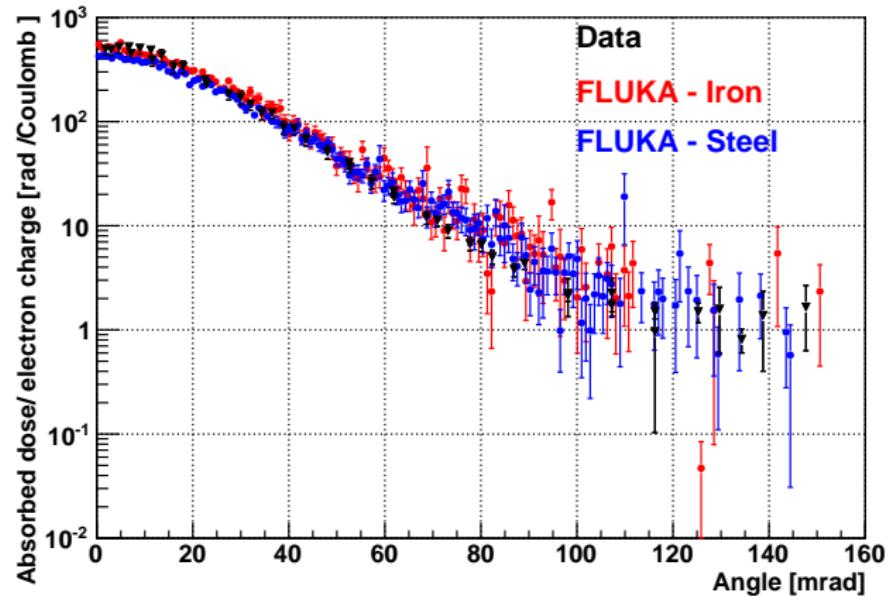
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap A (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$ and cast iron, $\rho = 7.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



FLUKA: Preliminary results

Absorbed dose in Gap A (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$ and cast iron, $\rho = 7.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



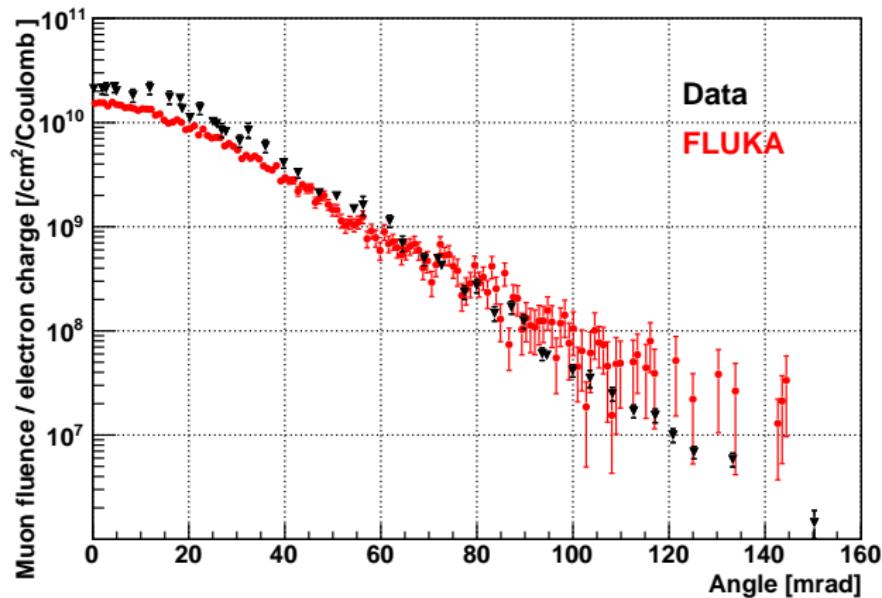
Conclusions:

- Based on the experimental results on muon production by an 18 GeV e^- beam hitting a copper-water target reported by Nelson, Kase, and Svensson, the Monte Carlo transport codes MARS, FLUKA and GEANT4 have been used to model the experimental conditions
- First preliminary results on muon fluence and absorbed dose have been produced with FLUKA. The agreement between the simulated results and the experimental values is quite promising
- Results with MARS and GEANT4 will follow soon
- Still some uncertainties about actual geometry and materials
 - original logbooks of the experiment are currently been retrieved
- Further refinement of the simulations together with consistency checks will allow to compare the implementation of muon production and transport in the different transport codes
- Work has just started now!

SPARE SLIDES

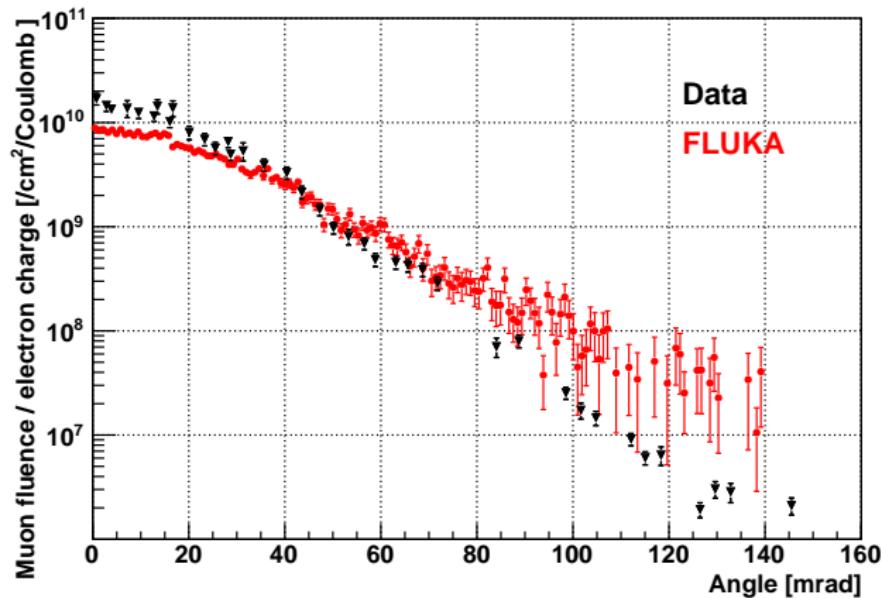
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap A (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



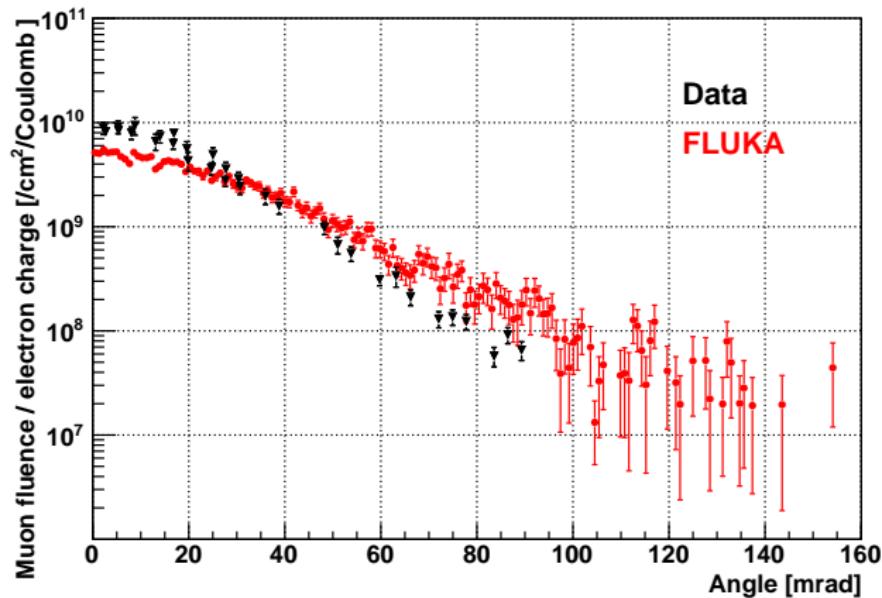
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap B (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



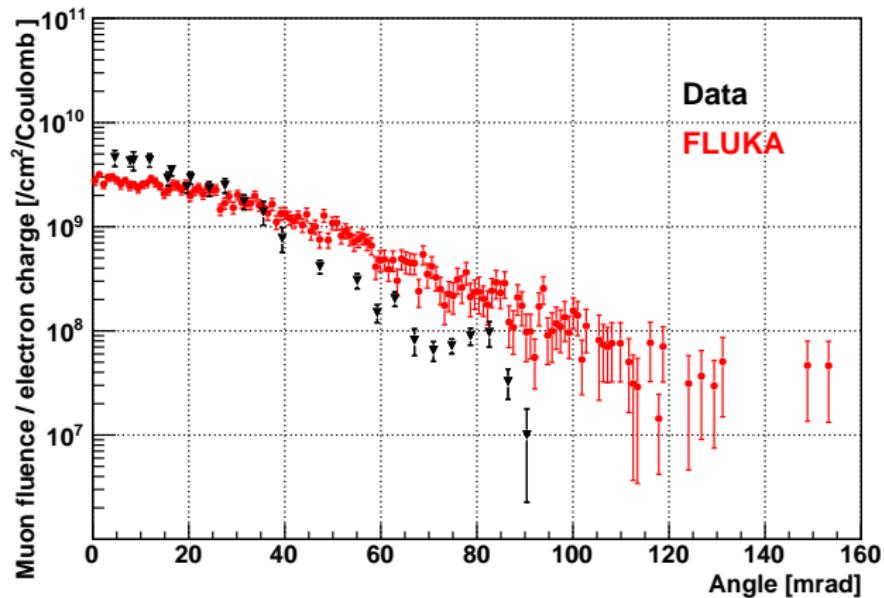
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap C (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



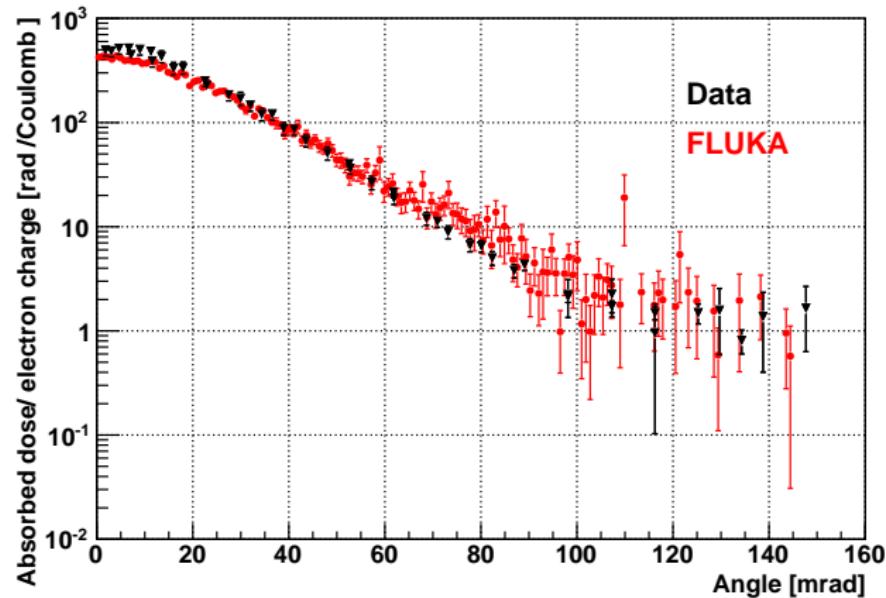
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Muon fluence in Gap D (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



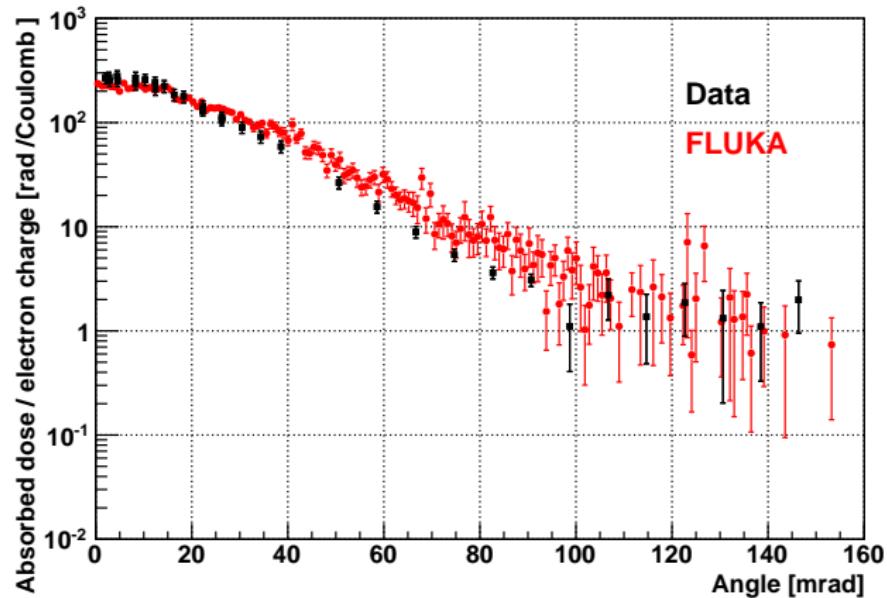
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Absorbed dose in Gap A (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



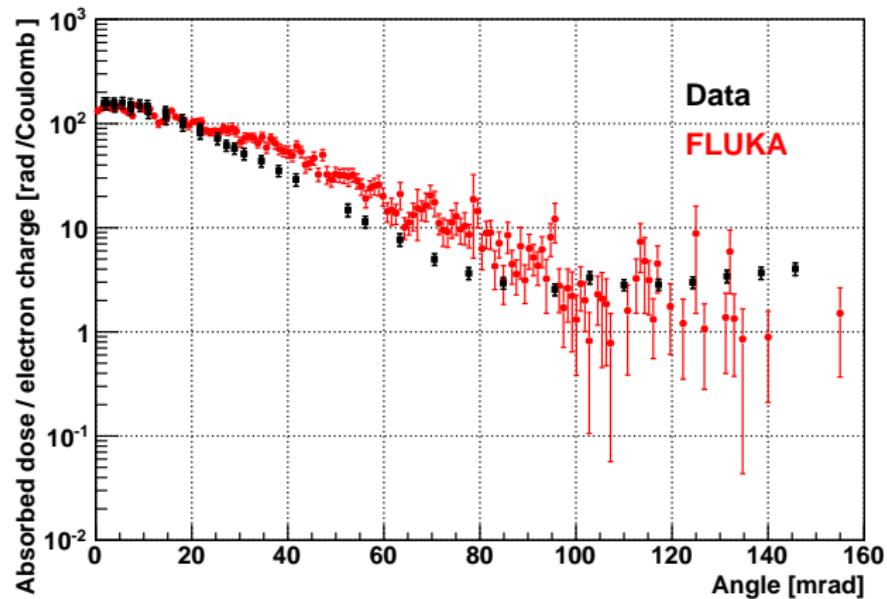
Preliminary results

Absorbed dose in Gap B (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



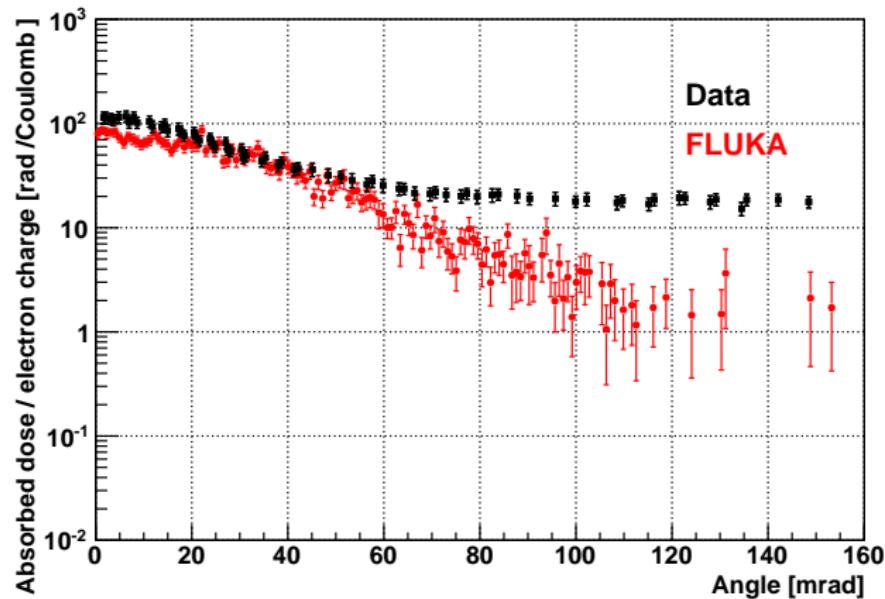
FLUKA: Preliminary results

Absorbed dose in Gap C (shielding material steel, $\rho = 7.6 \text{ g/cm}^3$):



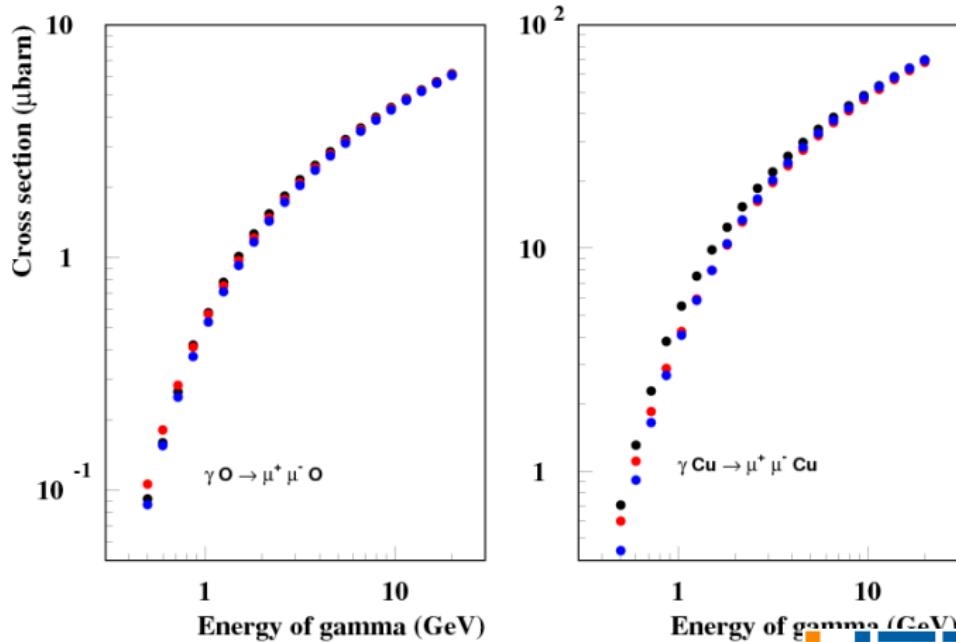
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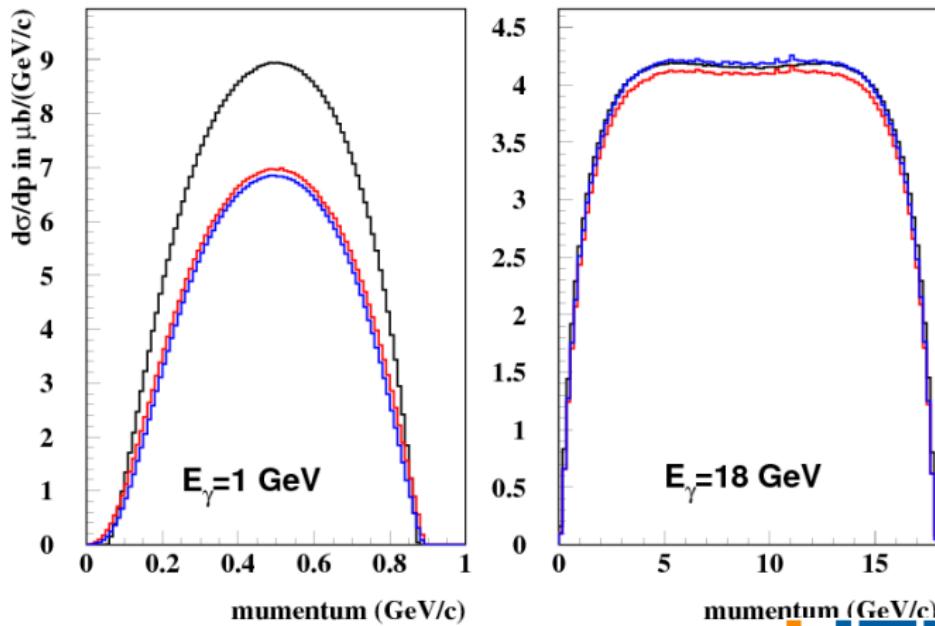
MARS15: Cross sections of muon production in γO and γCu

BKK-model, Tsai original FF, Tsai Fermi FF



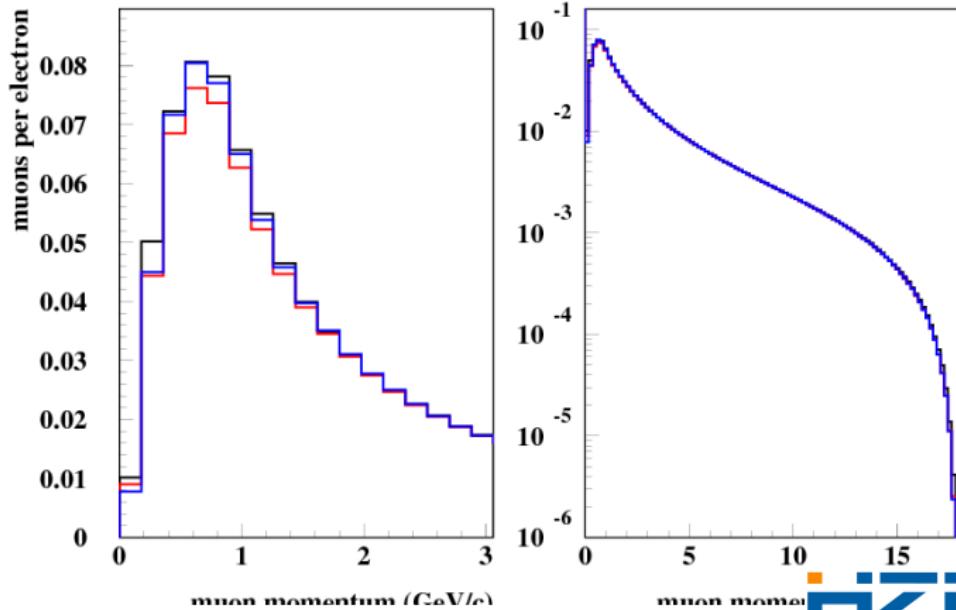
MARS15: Momentum distributions of muons produced in γ Cu

BKK-model, Tsai original FF, Tsai Fermi FF



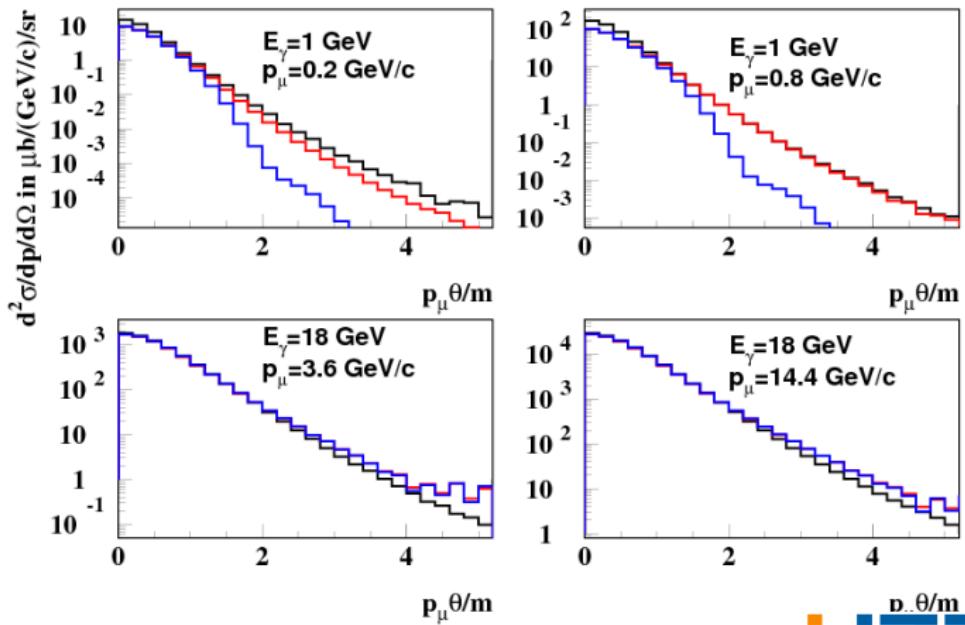
MARS15: Momentum distributions of muons produced by bremsstrahlung of 18 GeV electrons in copper

BKK-model, Tsai original FF, Tsai Fermi FF



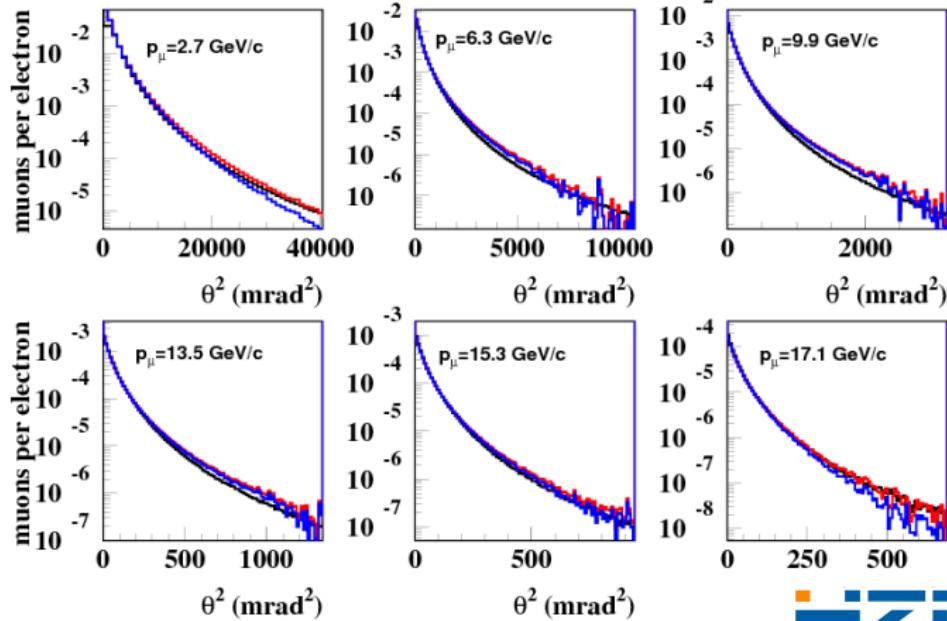
MARS15: Angular distributions of muons produced in γ Cu

BKK-model, Tsai original FF, Tsai Fermi FF



MARS15: Angular distributions of muons produced by bremsstrahlung of 18 GeV electrons in copper

BKK-model, Tsai original FF, Tsai Fermi FF



The experiment

Horizontal view of the experimental setup:

