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Future prospects of geo-neutrino measurement with KamLAND

The Kamioka Liquid-Scintillator Antineutrino Detector (KamLAND) is marked by the ability to detect antineutrino signals at 1,000 ton of ultra pure liquid scintillator. We reported the results of the first study of electron antineutrinos produced within the Earth in 2005. The recent long-term shutdown of Japanese nuclear reactors has resulted in a significantly reduced reactor antineutrino flux at KamLAND, and this condition improves sensitivity for geo-neutrinos.

To improve the ability to discriminate between Earth models, we are planning to upgrade KamLAND detector. This poster presents the ongoing studies for future improvement.

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