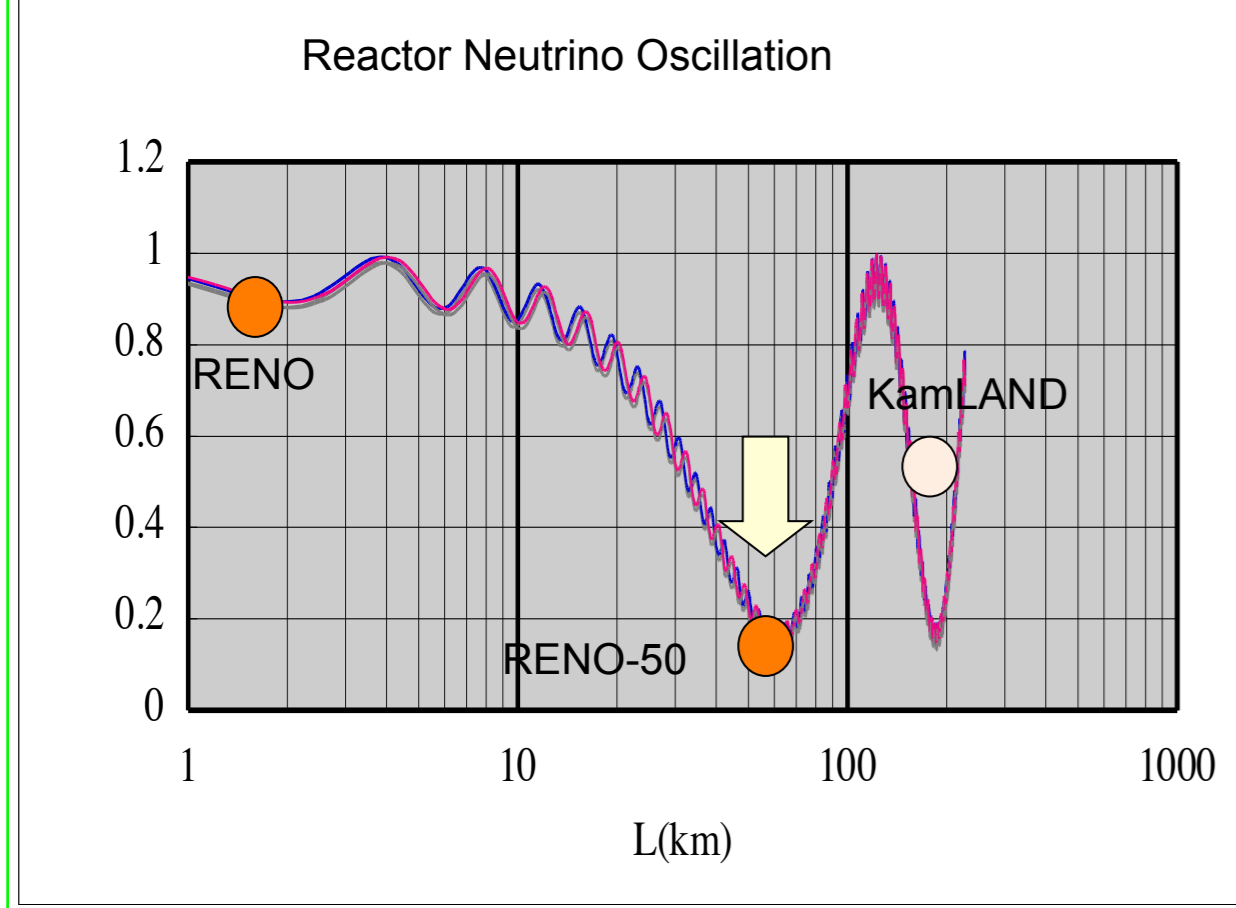


RENO-50:

Neutrino Mass Hierarchy and Neutrino Observatory

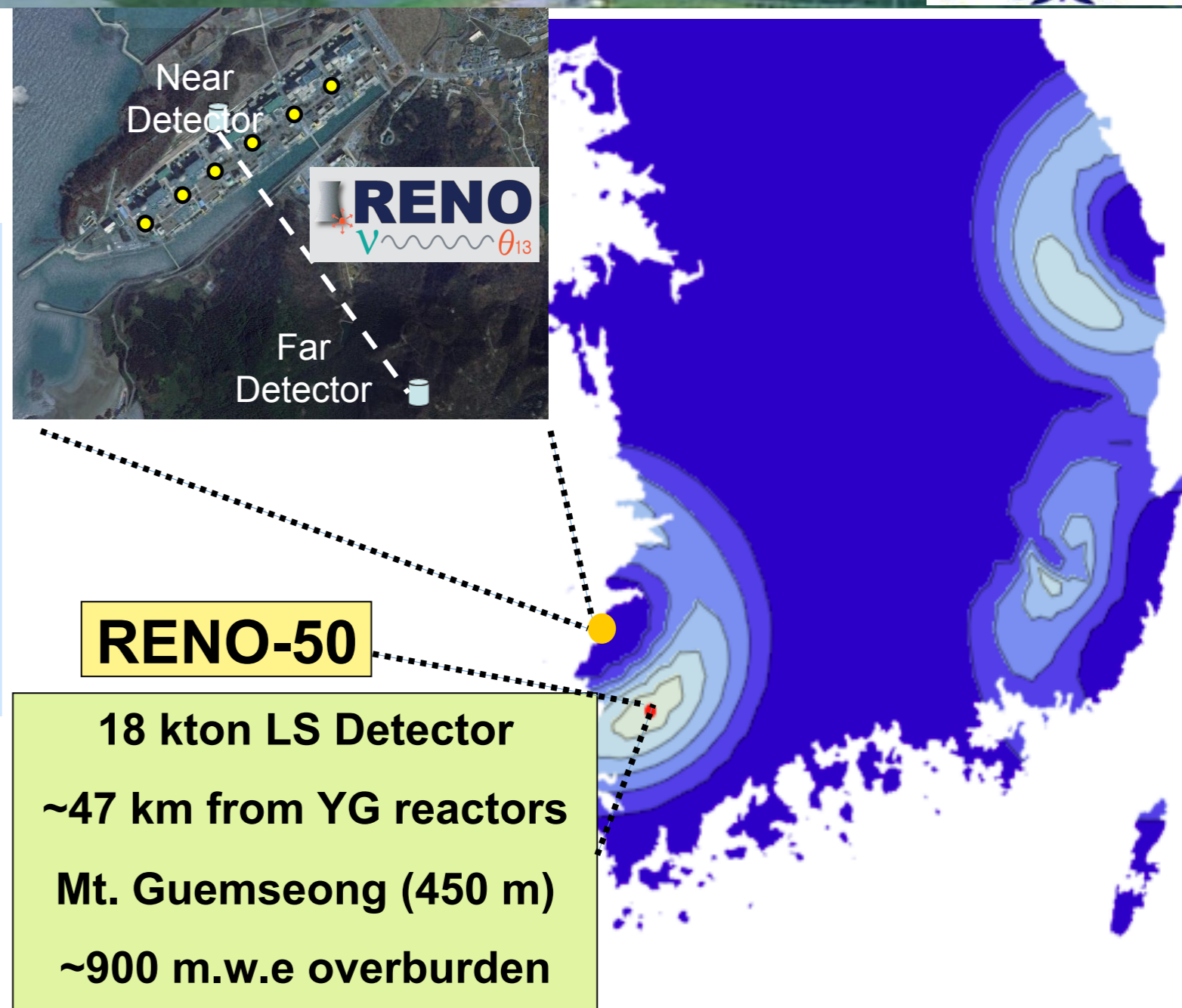
Seon-Hee Seo

Seoul National University, Korea



Scientific Goals

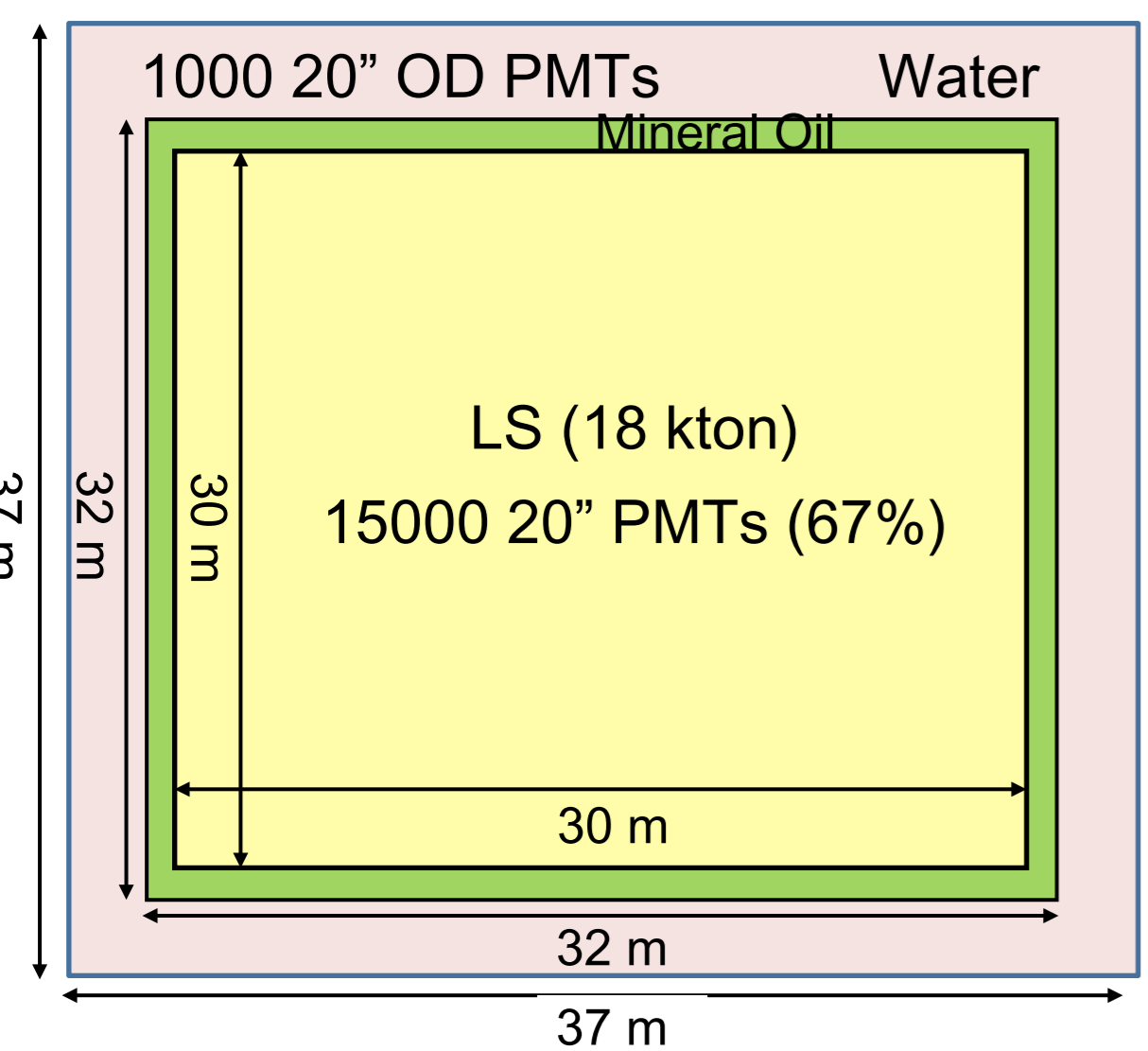
- Determination of neutrino mass hierarchy
- High-precision measurement of θ_{12} & Δm^2_{21}
- Study neutrinos from reactors, the Sun, the Earth, Supernova, and any possible stellar objects



$$P_R(\bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) = 1 - \left\{ \begin{aligned} &\cos^4 \theta_{13} \sin^2 2\theta_{12} \sin^2 \Delta_{21} \\ &+ \sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sin^2 \theta_{12} \left(\cos 2\Delta_{31} \sin^2 \Delta_{21} - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\Delta_{31} \sin 2\Delta_{21} \right) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

RENO-50
18 kton LS Detector
~47 km from YG reactors
Mt. Guemseong (450 m)
~900 m.w.e overburden

Design Concept & Sensitivity

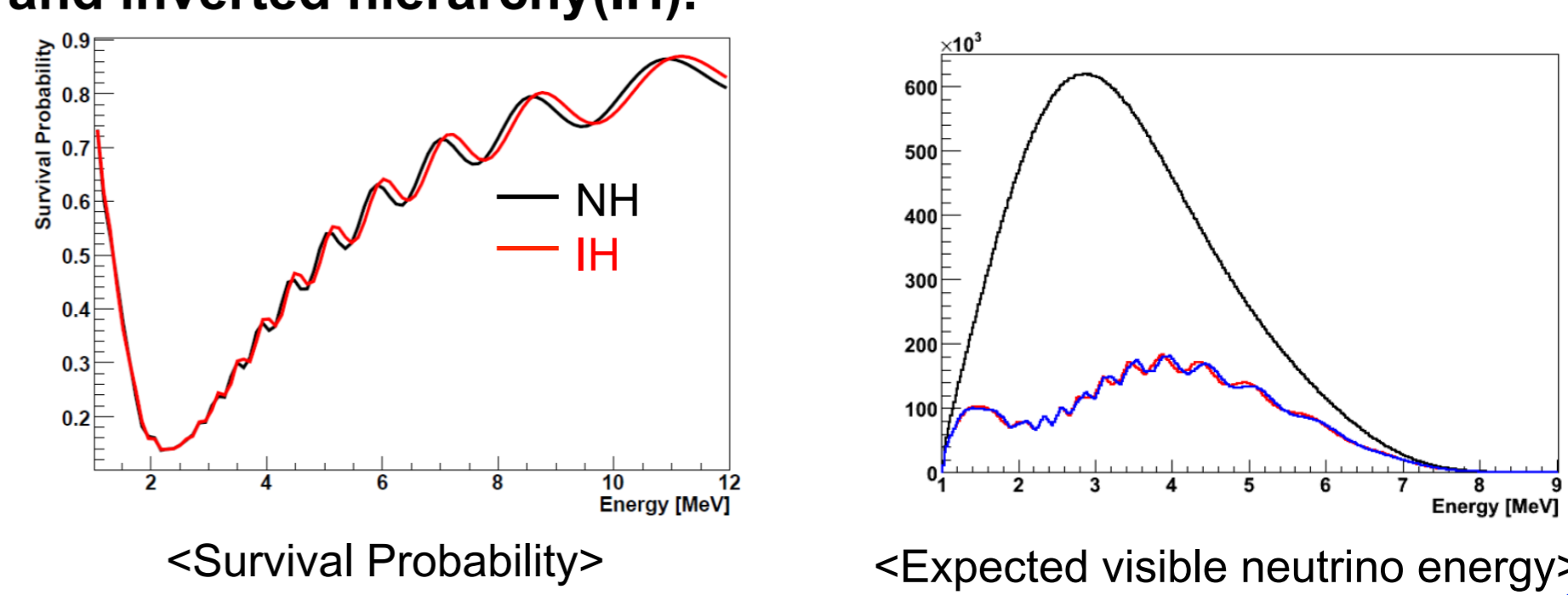


- Expects ~5400 events / year (w/ oscillation effect & 70% detection efficiency)
- Better than 3% resolution is needed for mass hierarchy.
- 10 years of data taking for 3σ determination

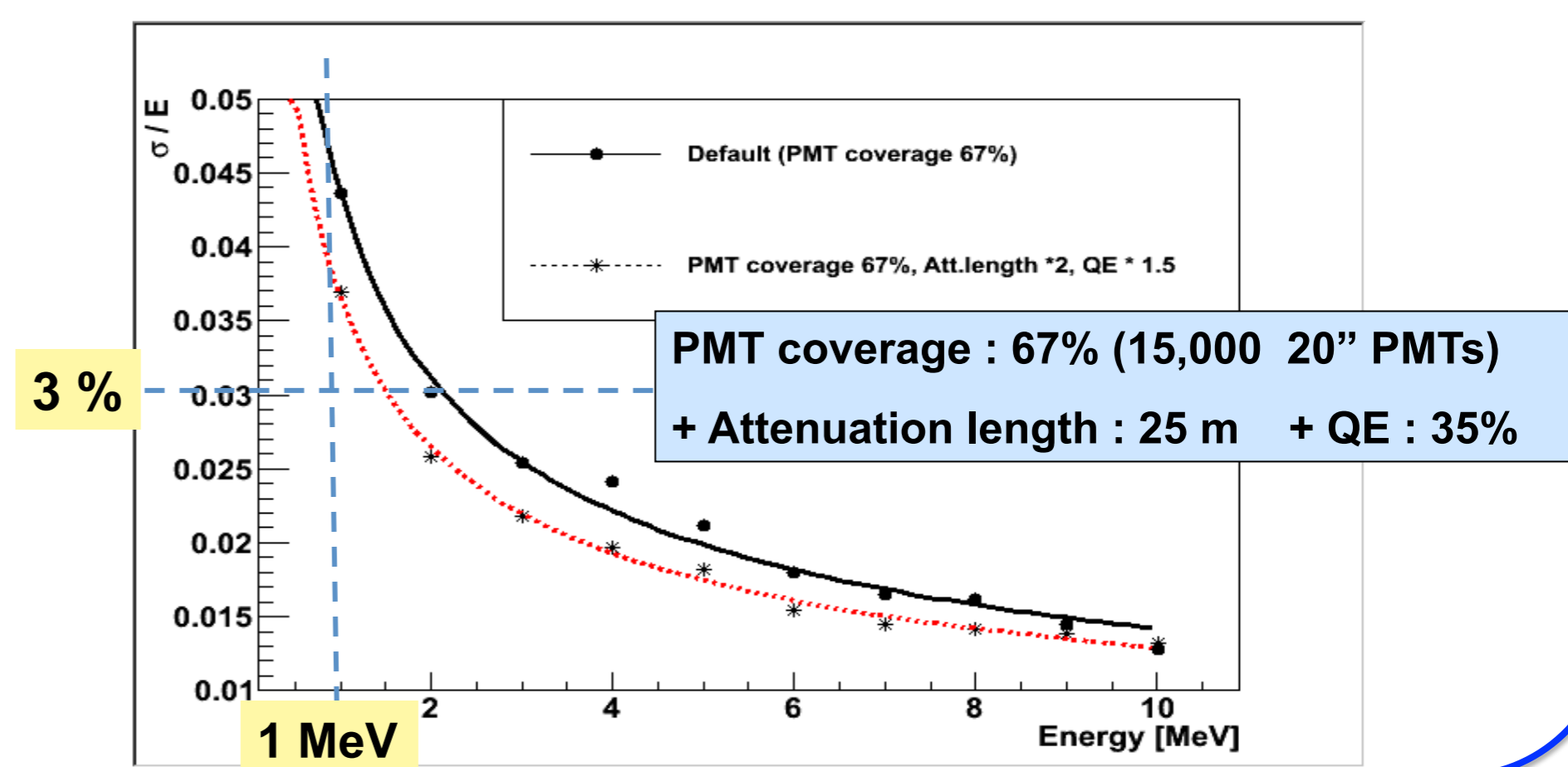
MC Study

Survival Probability @ RENO-50

- Different energy modulation between normal hierarchy (NH) and inverted hierarchy (IH).



Expected Energy Resolution



Timeline of RENO-50

- Apr. 2012: Successful measurement of $\sin^2(2\theta_{13})$ in RENO
- June 2012: Initial Idea of RENO-50
- July 2012~Apr. 2013: RENO-50 Detector conceptual design & MC Study
- May 2013: Domestic RENO-50 Workshop @ Seoul
- June 2013: International RENO-50 Workshop @ Seoul
- July 2013: LOI for RENO-50
- Aug. 2013: RENO-50 is recognized as one of the future experiments to determine neutrino hierarchy @ Snowmass meeting, 2013
- Nov. 2013: RENO-50 is recommended as future neutrino experiment @ Asian Community Town Meeting by ICFA Neutrino Panel
- Current: Waiting for a decision by the Korean funding agency.

Mass Hierarchy

- * Bin size effect of determining mass hierarchy.
- * 0.08 MeV per bin for 3% energy resolution @ ~5 MeV : 12 bin/MeV.
- * At least 3% energy resolution is needed to distinguish NH and IH.

