Two Higgs Doublet Model (2HDM) search projections for high-luminosity LHC

Nitish Dhingra¹ (On the behalf of CMS Collaboration)

¹ Brown University, USA



New Perspectives 2014 Conference at Fermilab (USA)



Outline

Introduction - Delphes Simulation

Two Higgs Doublet Model (2HDM)

Analysis Strategy

> Results for H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l

> Results for A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow 2l2b



Delphes Simulation

- Delphes^[1] is a C++ framework for the parameterized simulation of a generic collider experiment
 - Was used extensively for Snowmass and ECFA workshops last year
- Has inherent flexibility to tune to the object reconstruction efficiencies and resolutions of a given detector
- Event processing is fast enough to allow generation of large MC samples very quickly
- Incorporates pileup simulation and subtraction
 - Charged particles from pileup are removed using tracking information
 - ✓ Remove tracks inconsistent with the primary vertex
 - Neutral particle subtraction using fastjet area method (ρ*A) method
- Crucial tool to have reliable physics predictions at high luminosity and high pileup expected in future LHC runs

5/9/2014

Two Higgs Doublet Model (2HDM)

Standard Model (SM) contains a minimal Higgs sector

There is only one scalar responsible for Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

Many natural models beyond the SM predict extended Higgs sector

Can be described at low energy by 2HDM



6/9/2014

2HDM Type	
Туре І	
Type II	
Lepton Specific	
Flipped	

Large parameter space, but many simplifications possible

- \checkmark No CP violation, No FCNC, MSSM quadratic couplings
 - Four 2HDM types with 6 parameters: 4 masses & 2 angles (α , β)
- Assume the recently discovered h(125) to be the lighter of CP-even 2HDM scalars
 - Constrain 2HDM parameter space using current measurements of Higgs boson couplings

Focus on search sensitivity for 2HDM neutral Higgs bosons (H & A)

Probing the 2HDM

Two strategies available to probe 2HDM

Precision measurements of h(125) couplings
 Couplings of h_{2HDM} differs from h_{SM}
 Not sensitive in alignment limit (AL)
 For Cos(β-α) = 0, y_{2HDM}/y_{SM} = 1

Direct searches for additional scalars
 Complementary approach
 Focus on gluon-fusion production

 HVV coupling proportional to Cos(β-α)
 VBF & associated production suppressed
 No AVV tree-level coupling
 No VBF or associated production

 \succ We focus on the search for H \rightarrow ZZ & A \rightarrow Zh





Analysis Strategy

→ We explore H→ZZ & A→Zh channels with Z→ II (I= e/μ) & h→bbar

Signal and background samples based on Delphes fast detector simulation
 Run conditions considered

➤ Trigger

Assume trigger thresholds remain similar to the current scenario

♣ Require $p_T (I_1) > 30 \text{ GeV or } p_T (I_1) > 20 \text{ GeV } \& p_T (I_2) > 10 \text{ GeV}$

Object Selection

- Lepton (e, μ)
 - ✓ p_T > 5/10 GeV (μ/e) & |η| < 2.5
 - ✓ Relative isolation < 0.1
- ✤ b-Jet
 - $\checkmark p_{T} > 20 \text{ GeV } \& |\eta| < 2.5$
 - ✓ Efficiency = 70% (60%) for |η| < 1.2 (> 1.2)
 - ✓ 0.1% light jet mistag rate

$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I$

nitish@fnal.gov

(a) Results for $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I$



- Invariant mass distribution of Higgs candidate
- Use this to determine crosssection times branching ratio which can be excluded or yield discovery
- \blacktriangleright B = W[±], Z & t= top, antitop
- Assume 20% systematic uncertainty on the background prediction

1000

 \succ Interpret these results in terms of parameter space of two Higgs doublet model (next slide)

6/9/2014

(b) Results for $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I$



 $A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow 2l2b$

nitish@fnal.gov

Preselection Kinematics for $A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow 2l2b$



nitish@fnal.gov

6/9/2014

Apply additional selections to enhance signal sensitivity
 \$ Δφ < 1.9
 \$ p_T > 40 GeV
 \$ 0.4 < p_T(Z)/p_T(h) < 2.75
 Cuts are optimized by varying them simultaneously to achieve the best





(a) Results for $A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow 2l2b$



- Invariant mass distribution of Higgs candidate
- Use this to determine crosssection times branching ratio which can be excluded or yield discovery



- \blacktriangleright B = W[±], Z & t= top, antitop
- Assume 20% systematic uncertainty on the background prediction
- Interpret these results in terms of parameter space of two Higgs doublet model (next slide)

(b) Results for $A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow 2l2b$



nitish@fnal.gov

Summary

- > It is crucial to explore Higgs sector completely
- Precision measurements of h(125) couplings can constrain the parameter space of Two Higgs Doublet Model
 Little (no) sensitivity near (at) alignment limit: cos(β-α) = 0
- Direct searches for neutral Higgs boson provide a unique opportunity to probe regions of 2HDM parameter space near the alignment limit
- It is very important to pursue both coupling measurements and the direct searches
- With the upgraded CMS detector and future runs of LHC machine it is possible to exclude or discover significant regions of the 2HDM parameter space

5/9/2014

Back Up

nitish@fnal.gov

Higgs Production Feynman Diagrams



(C)





Higgs Couplings to Fermions and Vector Bosons



nitish@fnal.gov