

MEBT status

A. Shemyakin

Fermilab

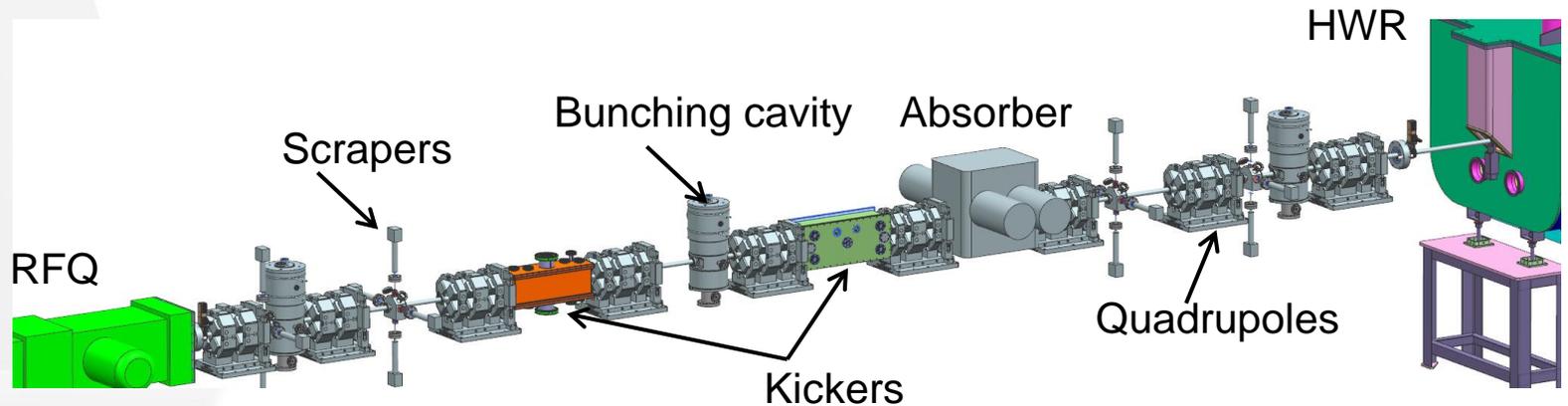
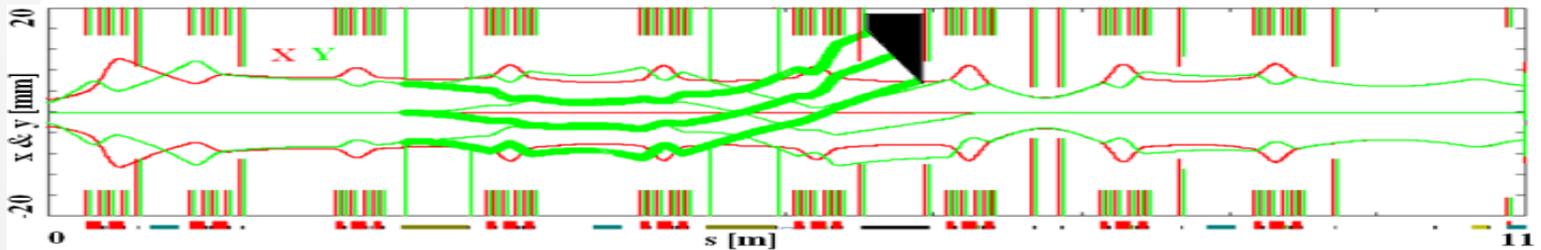
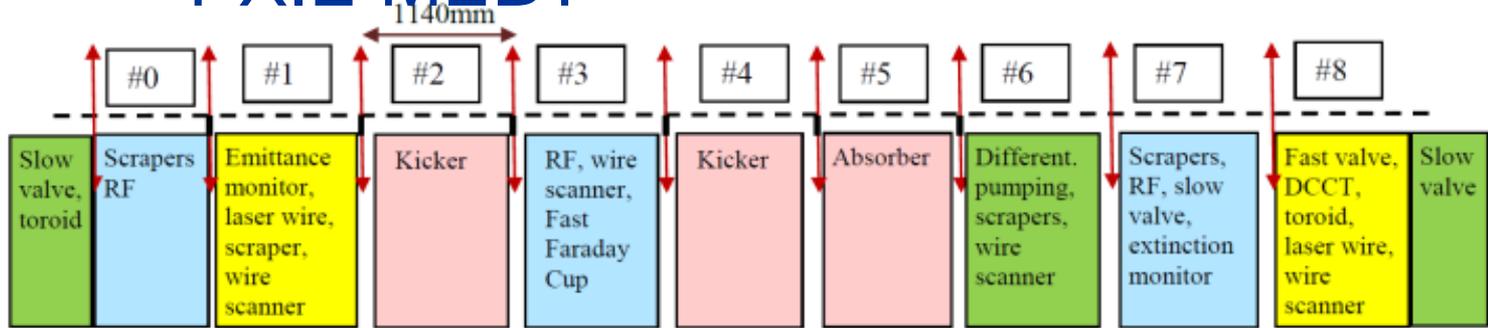
PIP-II collaboration meeting

June 3, 2014

Goals and status

- Main goals stay the same:
 - Demonstrate creating an arbitrary bunch pattern from initially CW 5-10 mA, 2.1 MeV H- beam
 - Compatibility with SRF downstream
- Plan to use parts of MEBT to characterize the beam from RFQ
- MEBT will provide all modes that may be required for PIP-II
 - E.g. bucket-to-bucket filling of the Booster
- The specifications and scheme did not change
- All major components are under development
- Work on the 3D model of the entire MEBT has begun

PXIE MEBT

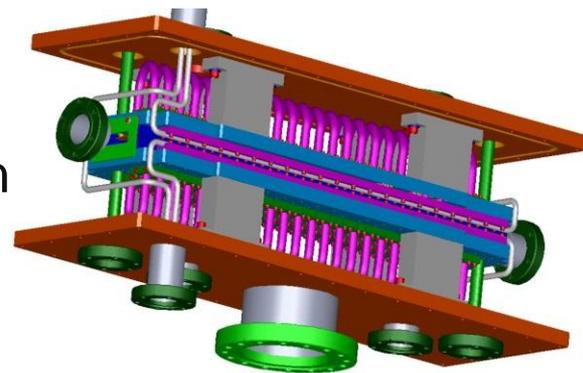


Development of MEBT elements

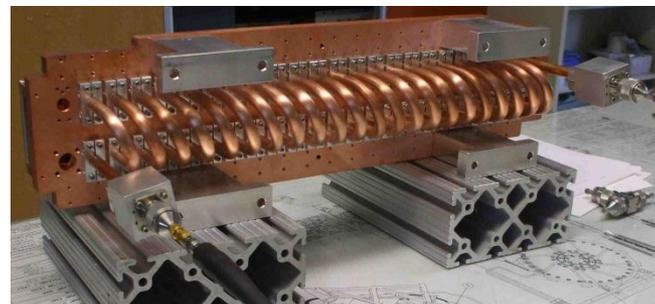
- Kickers
 - $\Delta U=500V$ on each plate; two 50-cm kickers; 6.15 ns bunch separation, 1.3 ns 6σ bunch length
 - Two versions, 50 Ohm and 200 Ohm
- Absorber
- Quadrupoles and dipole correctors
 - BARC, India
- Bunching cavity
- Scrapers
- Diagnostics

50 Ohm kicker

- Kicker
 - 24 electrodes per plate connected in vacuum by 50 Ohm cables
 - One half has been assembled, and low-voltage RF tests are done
 - ❖ Excellent characteristics
 - Vacuum and power tests in FY14
- Driver
 - Commercially available linear amplifier
 - ❖ Do not plan to purchase yet
 - ❖ The concept has been tested with a similar lower-power amplifier



D. Sun, A. Chen



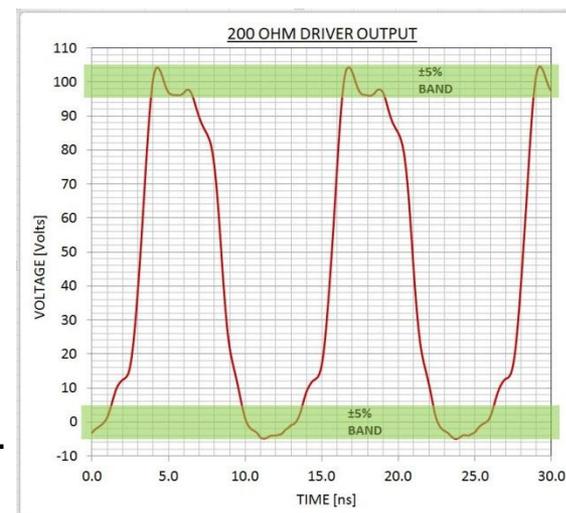
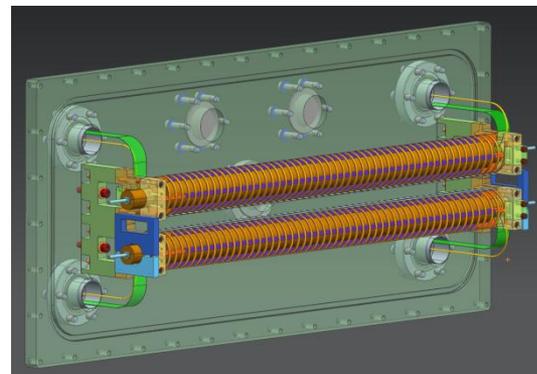
RF testing of one kicker plate. D.Sun

200 Ohm kicker

G.Saewert,
A.Chen

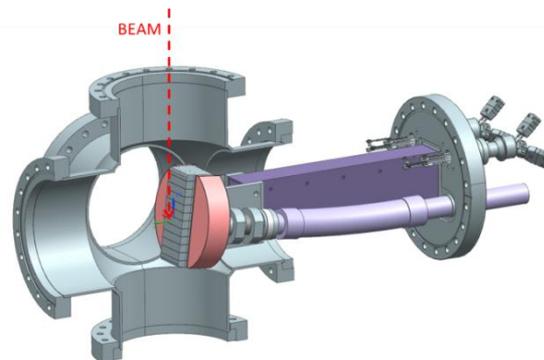
- Helix as a travelling-wave structure
 - Finishing mechanical design, starting production
 - Measurements in beginning of FY15
- Driver is being developed at Fermilab
 - Broadband, DC coupled switches in push-pull configuration
 - Single switch was tested to 0-500V
 - Push-pull driver was tested 0-100V
 - 200 V push-pull configuration is under tests

Example of 100V driver output to 200 Ohm load, modelling kicking out every other bunch. 80 MHz CW. Rise/fall time 2.7/3.2 ns. G.Saewert

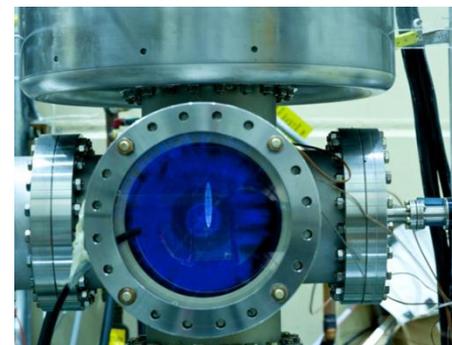


Absorber

- 21 kW CW, 2mm 1σ beam, 50 cm length, 17 W/mm²
- A ¼-size prototype was successfully built and tested with an e-beam of comparable power density
 - Molybdenum alloy TZM, monolithic design, transverse slits, shadowing steps
 - Tested surface power density up to 17 W/mm² with surface temperature up to 1300 K
 - Reasonable agreement with ANSYS simulations
- Building a second ¼-size prototype
 - Improve complicated manufacturing process
 - Remove chances to develop a crack to water channels
 - Better management of reflected particles

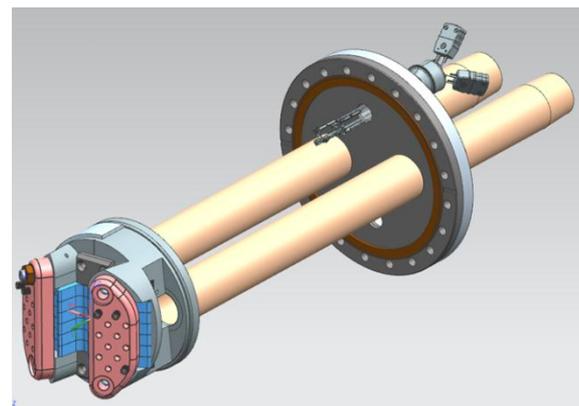
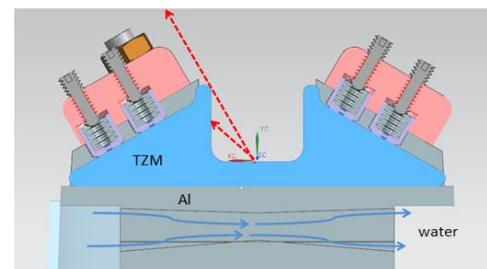


C. Baffles



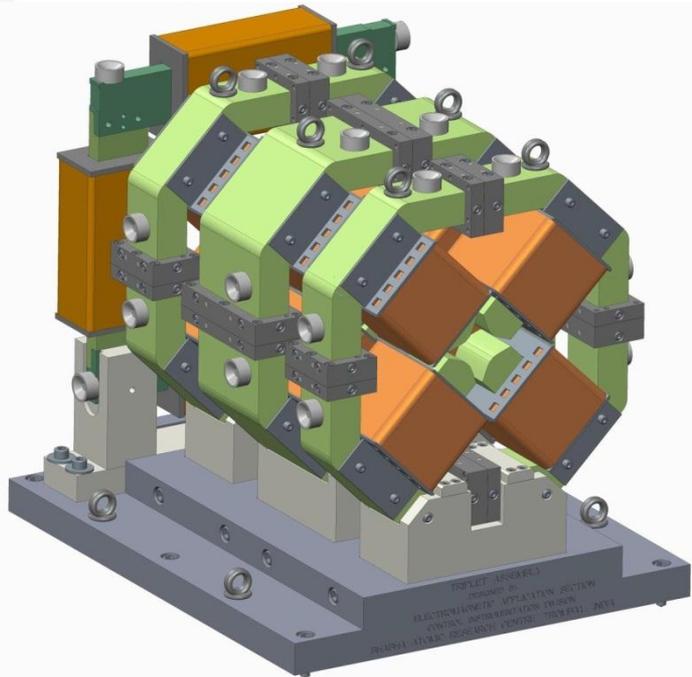
Absorber prototype – 2nd version

- Short TZM pieces pressed against an aluminum strongback with a graphite sheet in between
 - Expect ~25% higher temperature rise, still within capabilities of TZM
- In production
 - Will test with e-beam in FY14
- Plan to use at PXIE as well
 - To test blistering resistance before building a full-size absorber
 - Should be capable of intercepting 5 kW beam for chopping tests



MEBT magnets

- MEBT needs 2 doublet and 7 triplet assemblies
 - Each assembly includes two dipole correctors
 - Design incorporates a BPM inside triplets/doublets



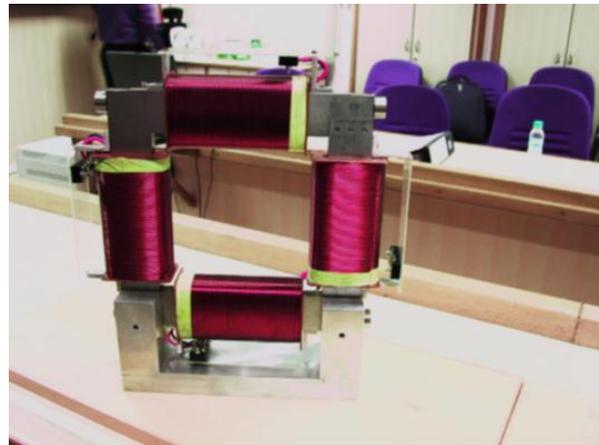
Triplet assembly. Image courtesy of BARC, India.



Triplet vacuum chamber with a mockup BPM. M. Alvarez

MEBT magnets (2)

- Quadrupoles and dipole correctors have been developed and will be built at BARC, India
 - Prototype magnets have been built, measured, and tested with beam
 - ❖ Quality is within specifications
 - Parts are ordered for complete doublet and triplet
 - Two doublet sets are expected to be installed at MEBT by the time of RFQ commissioning



Prototypes of the quadrupole F and dipole correctors. Images courtesy of BARC.

Bunching cavity

- Bunching cavity
 - 162.5 MHz, 100 kV max
 - Order has been placed in Feb 2014 for 1 cavity, expected in Sep 2014
 - Will be high-power tested before installation into the beam line



I. Terechkine et al.

Scrapers

- Scrapers
 - Electrically isolated, movable, radiation-cooled, rated 50 W/jaw
 - A prototype was tested with an electron beam up to 150W
 - Under design

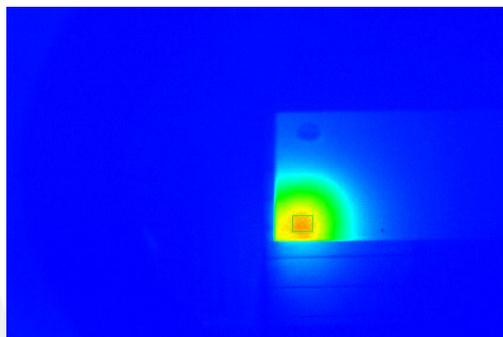
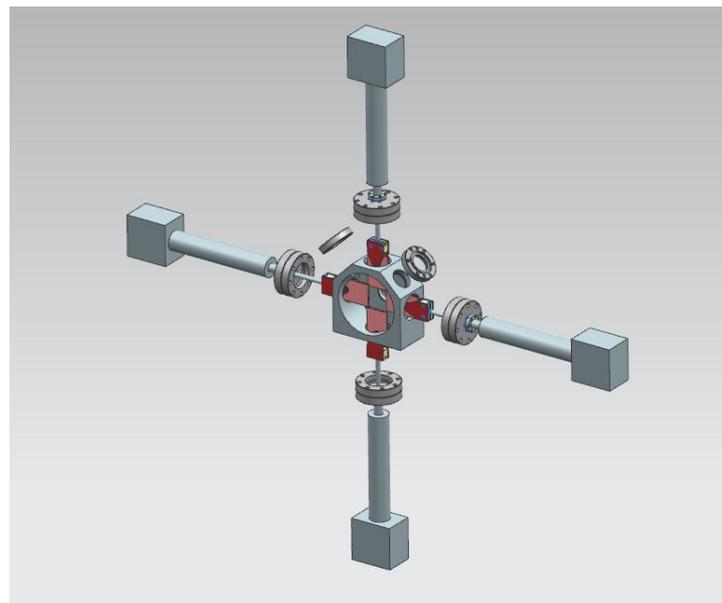


Image (in false colors) of thermal radiation from a TZM plate irradiated by a 140W electron beam.



Model of scraper assembly.
C.Baffes

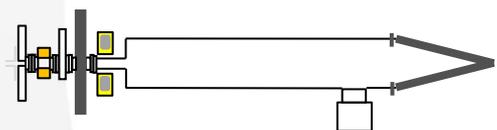
Diagnostics

- Will be mainly in two “diagnostics” sections of the final MEBT
 - The final set may include: 9 BPMs, 2 toroids, DCCT, 4 x 4 scrapers, emittance scanner, 2 wire scanners, Fast Faraday Cup, 2 laser wires, extinction monitor
 - Should be enough for complete beam characterization
- For optimum use of resources, the diagnostics will be installed sequentially over years
 - FY15: toroid, 4 BPMs, 2x4 scrapers, Fast Faraday Cup (originally from SNS). Should be enough for initial RFQ characterization
 - BPM pickups designed; buttons for 3-4 ordered; electronics will be based on ASTA's

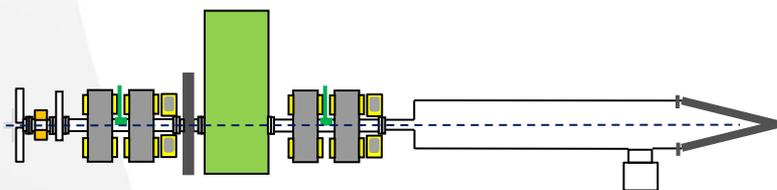


Initial stage

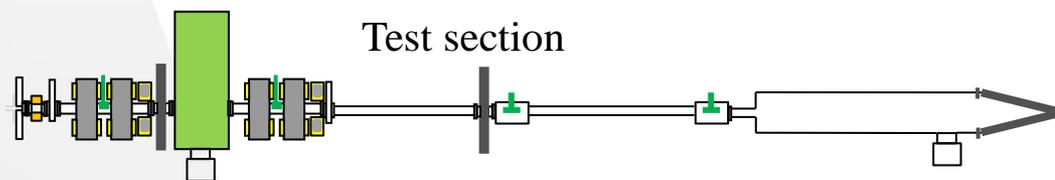
- In FY15, parts of MEBT will be used for the RFQ beam commissioning and characterization
 - Expected to be in steps, while MEBT is being built



“SNS dump”, toroid, set of 4 scrapers, dipole correctors.
Pulse/CW beam, beam loss in RFQ (to 1%)



+ 1st MEBT section (2 doublets, 2 BPMs,
bunching cavity)
+ 10 kW CW



+ “test” section, 2 BPMs, set of
4 scrapers, Fast Faraday Cup
+ estimations of emittances;
energy measurement to 1%

Milestones

- FY2015 – characterization of beam from RFQ
- FY2017 – Stage 1
 - Full-length MEBT with prototype kickers and absorber, temporary dump, bunchers, some diagnostics
- FY 2018- Stage 3
 - MEBT in final configuration
 - Bunch-by-bunch selection