

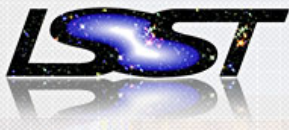
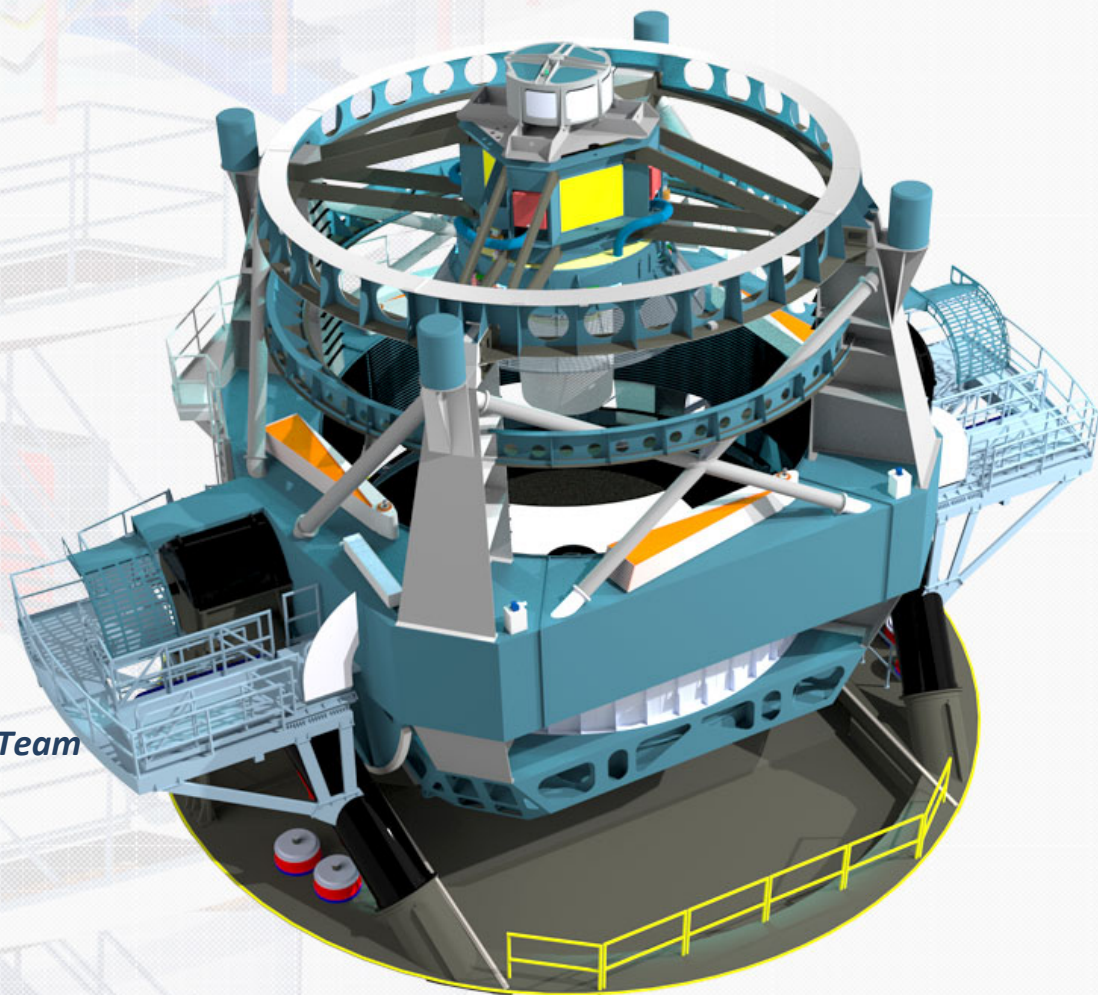
LSST Data Management: Processing, Pipelines and Workflows

Simon Krughoff,

LSST Data Management, UW

*Robyn Allsman,
Yusra AlSayyad,
Tim Axelrod,
Jacek Becla,
Andrew Becker,
Steve Bickerton,
Jim Bosch,
Bill Chickering,
Andy Connolly,
Greg Daues,
Gregory Dubois-
Fellsman,
Mike Freemon,
Andy Hanushevsky,
Mario Juric,
Fabrice Jammes,
Lynne Jones,
Jeff Kantor,*

*Kian-Tat Lim,
Dustin Lang,
Ron Lambert,
Robert Lupton,
Serge Monkewitz,
Jon Myers,
Russell Owen,
Steve Pietrowicz,
Ray Plante,
Paul Price,
Andrei Salnikov,
Dick Shaw,
Schuyler Van Dyk,
Daniel Wang
and the LSST Project Team*



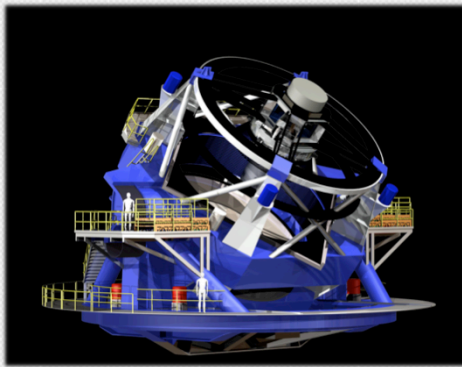
OSG ALL HANDS
March 25, 2015

A Dedicated Survey Telescope

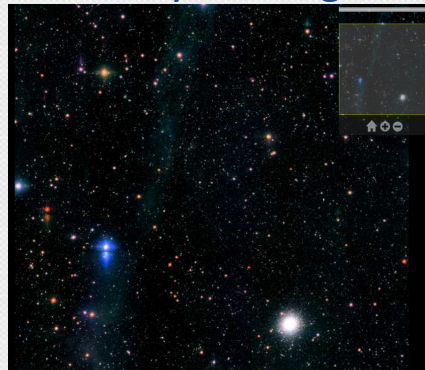


- A wide (half the sky), deep (24.5/27.5 r-band mag), fast (image the sky once every 3 days) survey telescope. Beginning in 2022, it will repeatedly image the sky for 10 years.
- The LSST is an integrated survey system. The Observatory, Telescope, Camera and Data Management system are all built to support the LSST survey. There's no PI mode, proposals, or time.
- **The ultimate deliverable of LSST is not the telescope, nor the instruments; it is the fully reduced data.**

- All science will come from survey catalogs and images



Telescope



Images

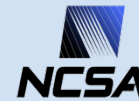


Catalogs

Table 4: Level 2 Catalog Object Table

Name	Type	Unit	Description
psRadcTai	double	time	Point source model: Time at which the object was at position radec.
psPm	float[2]	mas/yr	Point source model: Proper motion vector.
psParallax	float	mas	Point source model: Parallax.
psFlux	float[ugrizy]	nmgy	Point source model fluxes ⁵⁸ .
psCov	float[66]	various	Point-source model covariance matrix ⁵⁹ .
psLnL	float		Natural <i>log</i> likelihood of the observed data given the point source model.
bdRadc	double[2]	degrees	B+D model ⁶⁰ : (α, δ) position of the object at time radecTai, in each band.

LSST Operations: Sites and Data Flows



Archive Site

Archive Center

- Alert Production
- Data Release Production
- Calibration Products Production
- EPO Infrastructure
- Long-term Storage (copy 2)

Data Access Center

- Data Access and User Services

Dedicated Long Haul Networks

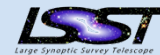
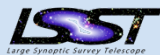
Two redundant 40 Gbit links from La Serena to Champaign, IL (existing fiber)

Summit and Base Sites

- Telescope and Camera
- Data Acquisition
- Crosstalk Correction
- Long-term storage (copy 1)
- Chilean Data Access Center

HQ Site

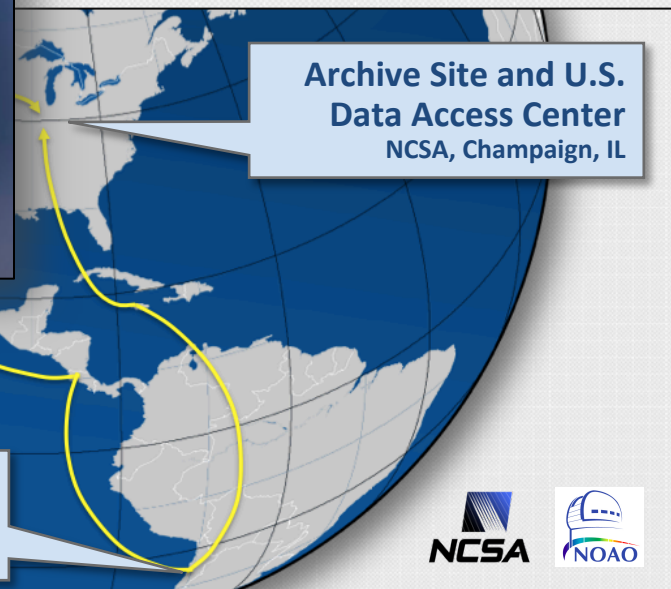
- Science Operations
- Observatory Management
- Education and Public Outreach





*The computing cluster at the **LSST Archive** (at NCSA) will run the processing pipelines.*

- *Single-user, single-application, dedicated data center*
- *Process images in real-time to detect changes in the sky*
- *Produce annual data releases*



Long Haul Networks to transport data from Chile to the U.S.

- *200 Gbps from Summit to La Serena (new fiber)*
- *2x40 Gbit (minimum) for La Serena to Champaign, IL (protected, existing fiber)*

Base Site and Chilean Data Access Center
La Serena, Chile

Archive Site and U.S. Data Access Center
NCSA, Champaign, IL





- A stream of ~10 million time-domain events per night, detected and transmitted to event distribution networks within 60 seconds of observation.
- A catalog of orbits for ~6 million bodies in the Solar System.
- A catalog of ~37 billion objects (20B galaxies, 17B stars), ~7 trillion observations (“sources”), and ~30 trillion measurements (“forced sources”), produced annually, accessible through online databases.
- Deep co-added images.
- Services and computing resources at the Data Access Centers to enable user-specified custom processing and analysis.
- Software and APIs enabling development of analysis codes.

Alert
Stream

Data
Release

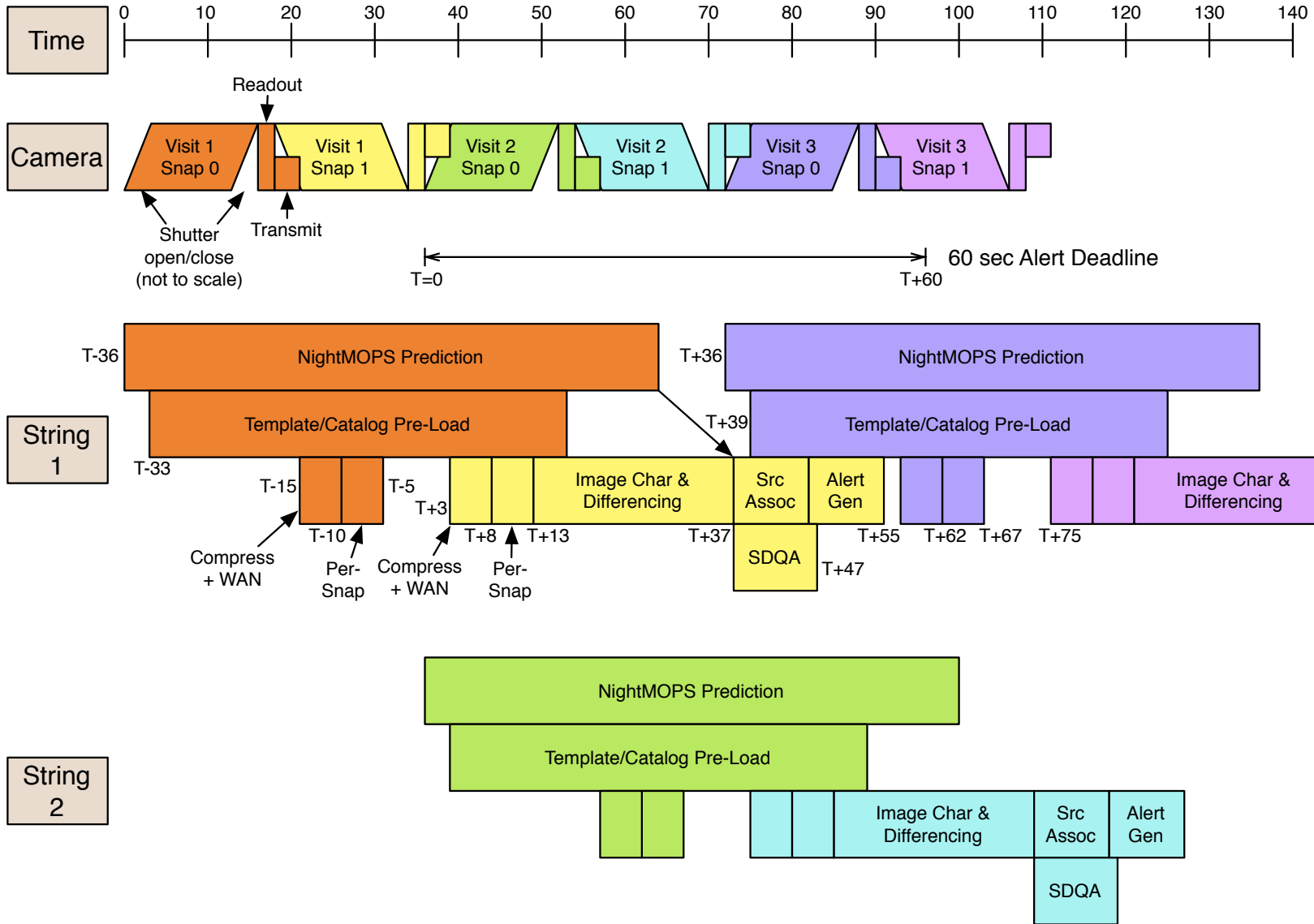
Value
Added

Level 1: Transients Alerts



- **LSST computing is sized for 10M alerts/night (average), 10k/visit (average), 40k/visit (peak)**
 - Dedicated networking for moving data from Chile to the US
 - New image differencing pipelines with improved algorithms
- **Will measure and *transmit with each alert*:**
 - position
 - flux, size, and shape
 - light curves in all bands (up to a ~year; stretch: all)
 - variability characterization (eg., low-order light-curve moments, probability the object is variable)
 - cut-outs centered on the object (template, difference image)

Level 1 Processing: System Architecture



Level 2: Annual Data Releases



- **Well calibrated, consistently processed, catalogs and images**
 - Catalogs of objects, detections, detections in difference images, etc.
- **Made available in *Data Releases***
 - Annually, except for Year 1
 - Two DRs for the first year of data
- **Complete reprocessing of all data, for each release**
 - Every DR will reprocess all data taken up to the beginning of that DR
- **Projected catalog sizes:**
 - **18 billion objects** (DR1) → **37 billion** (DR11)
 - **750 billion observations** (DR1) → **30 trillion** (DR11)

Data Release Processing: Logical Flow



DRP begins with processing, detection, and measurement on single frames, generating *Sources*.

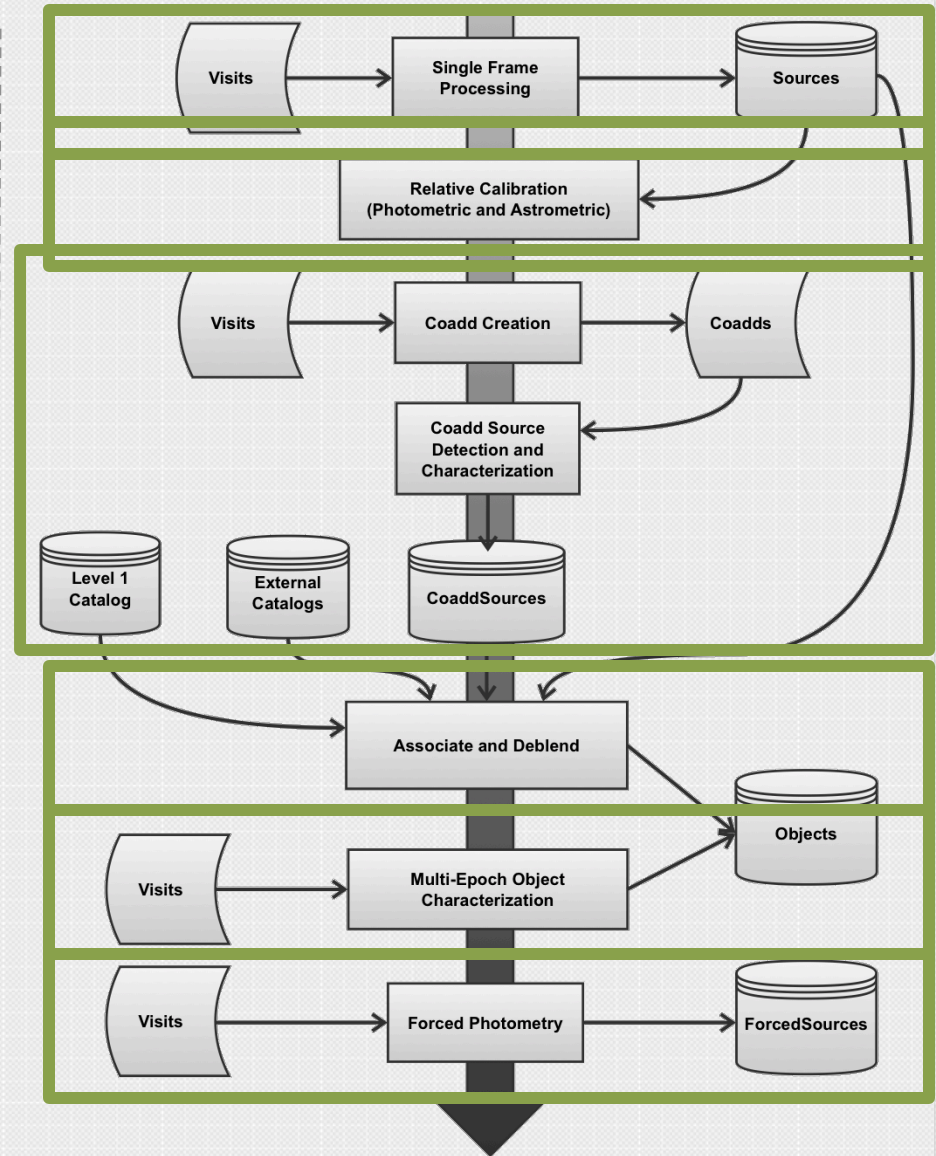
These are used to photometrically and astrometrically calibrate the survey.

A series of *coadds* is built next, where *Objects* are detected.

Detections on co-adds are *deblended* and *associated* to form a master object list.

The objects are simultaneously characterized in all observed epochs (*MultiFit*).

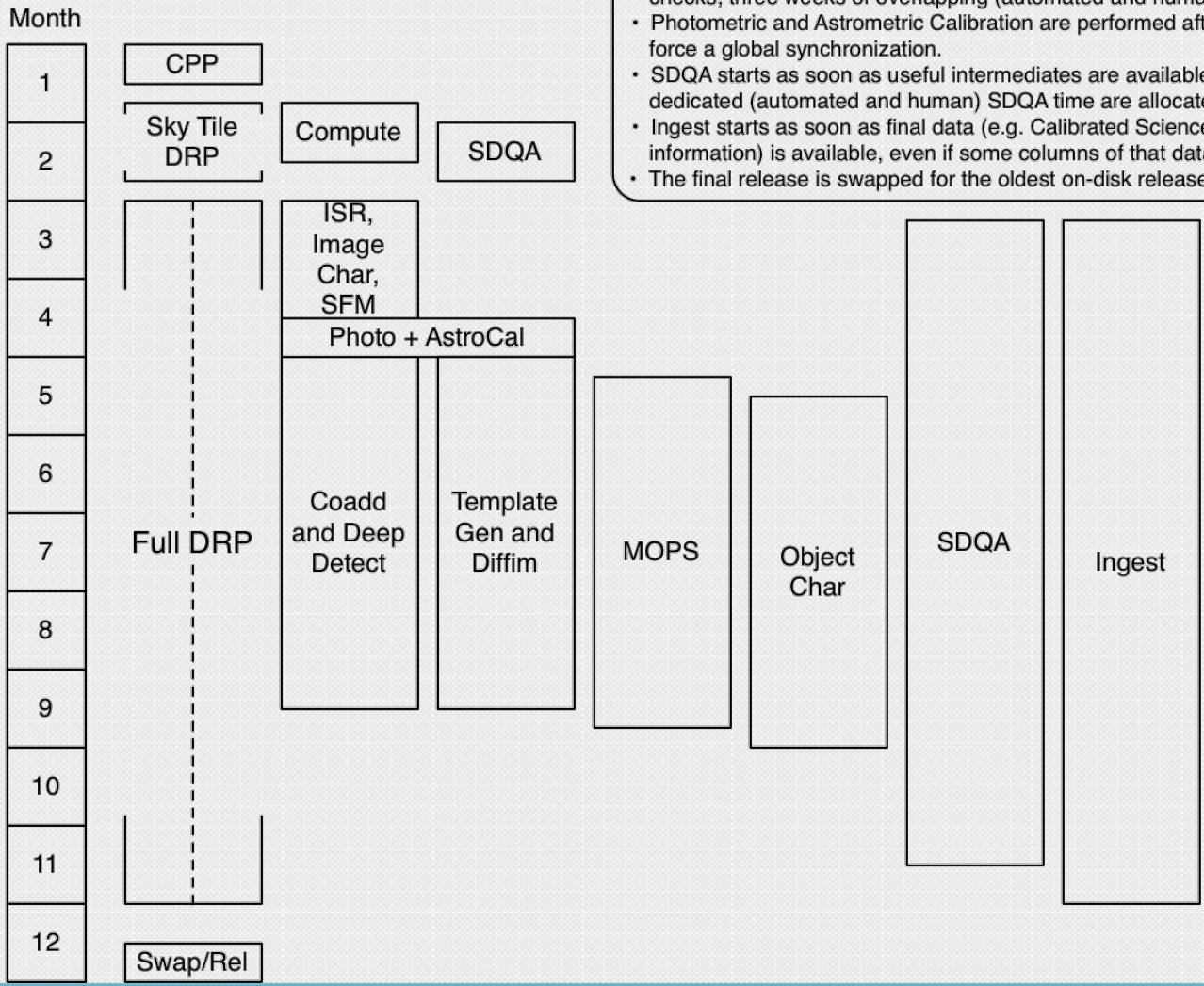
Time variability is characterized by independent measurement of *Forced Sources* in individual epochs.



Data Release Processing: Physical Flow



- Notes:
- CPP is the Calibration Products Production, generating Master Calibration Images and the Calibration Database.
 - A single sky tile is processed first through the entire DRP for initial testing and quality checks; three weeks of overlapping (automated and human) SDQA time are allocated.
 - Photometric and Astrometric Calibration are performed after single-frame processing and force a global synchronization.
 - SDQA starts as soon as useful intermediates are available. Six additional weeks of dedicated (automated and human) SDQA time are allocated.
 - Ingest starts as soon as final data (e.g. Calibrated Science Exposure metadata and Source information) is available, even if some columns of that data will be modified later.
 - The final release is swapped for the oldest on-disk release at the end of the year.



Level 3: Enabling User-created Data Products



- **Products created by the community using LSST’s software, services, or computing resources.**
 - **Our task: enabling the creation of L3 products with infrastructure and software**
- **For use-cases not fully enabled by Level 1 and 2 processing:**
 - Reprocessing images to search for SNe light echos
 - Characterization of diffuse structures (e.g., ISM)
 - Extremely crowded field photometry (e.g., globular clusters)
 - Custom measurement algorithms
- **Enabling Level 3:**
 - User databases and workspaces (“mydb”)
 - Enabling user computing at the LSST data center
 - processing that will greatly benefit from co-location with the LSST data
 - Making the LSST software stack available to end-users

Beyond LSST: Opportunities for Survey Projects



- **LSST DM’s primary mission is to build the data processing system for LSST. We are scoped as required to achieve that.**
- That said, the optimal design for LSST (that balances technical and programmatic risks) makes this system reusable and largely general purpose.
 - Necessary to deal with real-world hardware
 - Necessary to be able to process precursor data
 - Necessary to enable science (“Level 3”) software to be written on top of it
- **Attractive opportunities exist for using the LSST stack components on existing and future data sets.**
 - Possibilities: SDSS, CFHT-LS, PanSTARRS, HSC, DES, WFIRST, Euclid, ...
 - Good basis for analysis frameworks (LSST DESC)
 - **Leveraging a 100M+ NSF investment in large survey data management**
- **The benefits feed back to LSST:** more users, less bugs, better understanding, shorter path to science.

New Algorithms: Background-matched co-add of SDSS Stripe 82 in the vicinity of M2.

+1°00'
Background matching preserves diffuse structures.

Generated with LSST pipeline prototypes.



Figure:
5 sq. deg.
background-matched
coadd composite

(g,r,i)
~55 epochs

Region: Aqr
Galactic lat = -35.0

Slide: Yusra AlSayyad

Dec (J2000)

+1°00'

30'

00'

-0°30'

-1°00'

38m

36m

34m

RA (J2000)

<http://moe.astro.washington.edu/sdss/>

Finding Out More



@LSST 

- LSST Data Management Home:
 - <https://confluence.lsstcorp.org/x/QYEF>
 - <http://dm.lsst.org>
- Installing LSST stack:
 - <https://confluence.lsstcorp.org/display/LSWUG/LSST+Stack+Installation>
- Mailing list – dm-users (see below for a full list):
 - <https://confluence.lsstcorp.org/display/DM/Communication+and+Links>

LSST: Thank You for Your Attention!



8.4m telescope

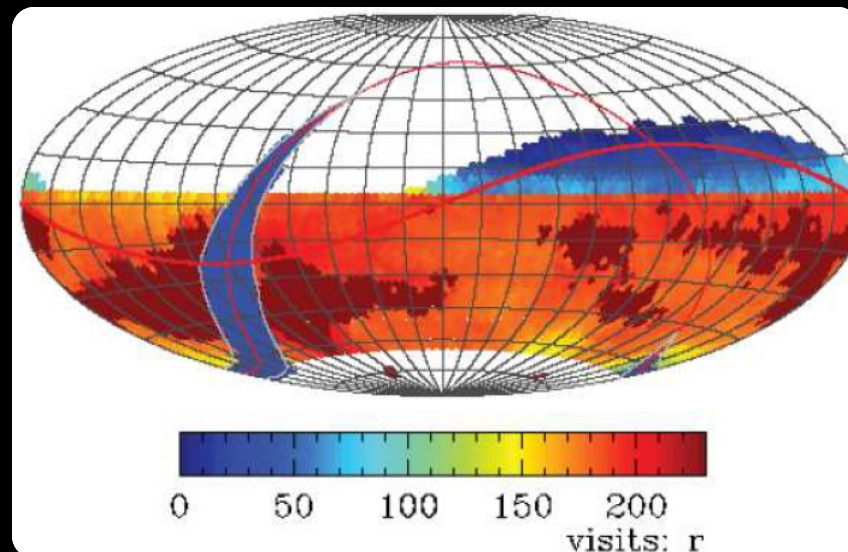
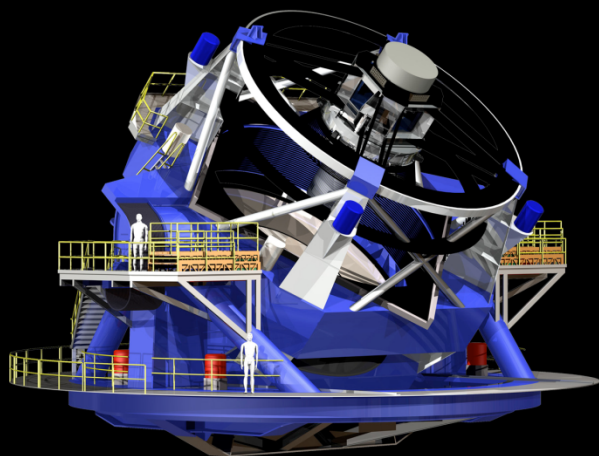
18000+ deg²

10mas astrom.

r<24.5 (<27.5@10yr)

ugrizy

0.5-1% photometry



3.2Gpix camera

30sec exp/4sec rd

15TB/night

37 B objects

Imaging the visible sky, once every 3 days, for 10 years (825 revisits)