



# Logistics for Mu2e Director's CD-2/3 Review

R. Ray Mu2e Project Manager 7/8/2014

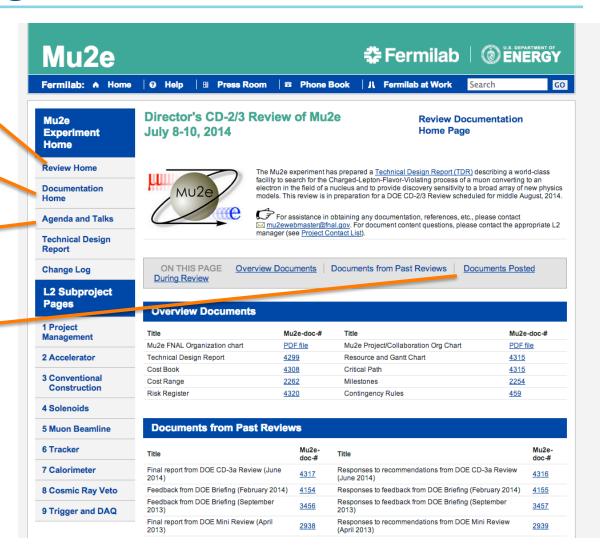
### Mu2e Review Page

Takes you to Dean's Review Page

Brings you back to this page,

Takes you to Indico site Where talks are posted

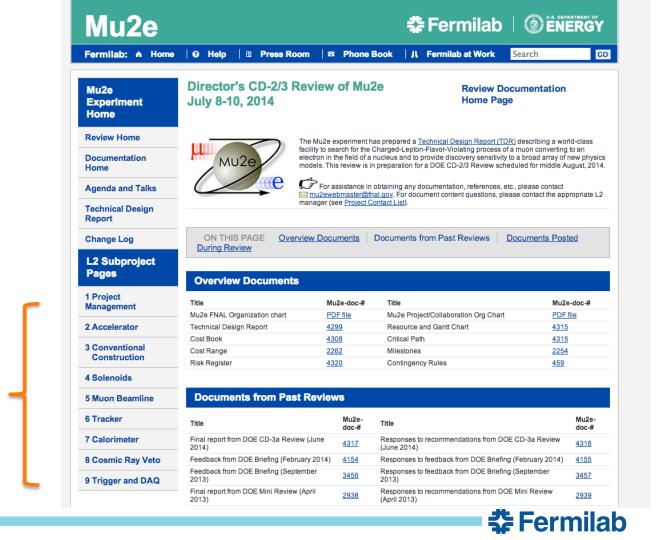
Where we'll post additional <stuff as review evolves





### Mu2e Review Page

http://mu2e.fnal.gov/public/project/reviews/cd2dir-review/cd2dir-index.shtml



A link to the relevant documentation for each L2 sub-project



## L2 Example: Solenoids

Requirements

Design and Specifications <

**BOEs** 

Mu2e

#### Mu2e





Fermilab: A Home | 0 Help | 8 Press Room | 5 Phone Book | // Fermilab at Work

Director's CD-2/3 Review

July 8-10, 2014

#### Mu2e Experiment Home

Review Home

Documentation

Agenda and Talks Technical Design

Change Log

Solenoids

#### L2 Subproject

1 Project Management

2 Accelerator

Construction 4 Solenoids

6 Tracker

5 Muon Beamline

7 Calorimeter 8 Cosmic Ray Veto

9 Trigger and DAS

Title	Mu2e-doc-#	Title	Mu2e-doc-#			
Technical Design Report	4299	WBS Dictionary	4300			

ON THIS PAGE Schedule and Planning Documents | Requirements Documents | Design and Specification Documents | BOE Documents

#### **Requirements Documents**

Title	Mu2e-doc- #	Title	Mu2e-doc-#
Quench Protection System Requirements	1238	Detector Solenoid Requirements	946
Transport Solenoid Collimators Requirements	1129	Transport Solenoid Requirements	947
Production Solenoid Heat and Radiation Shield Requirements	1092	Production Solenoid Requirements	945
Power Supply System Requirements	1237	Magnetic Field Measurement Requirements	1275
Mu2e Cryogenic Distribution Requirements	1244		

#### **Solenoids Design and Specifications Documents**

Title	Mu2e-doc- #	Title	Mu2e-doc- #
Concerning the Conductors:			
Advanced Acquisition Plan for Solenoid Conductors	2493	Conductor Specification Packages	2488
R&D Conductor Performance and Production Readiness	4221		
Concerning the Production Solenoid:			
Advanced Acquisition Plan for the PS	3019	PS Reference Design	3647
PS Drawings and Solid Model	3732	PS Procurement Specifications	3669
Concerning the Detector Solenoid:			
Advanced Acquisition Plan for the DS	3021	DS Reference Design	3664
DS Drawings and Solid Model	3733	DS Procurement Specifications	3670
DS Tolerance studies	2870		
Concerning the Transport Solenoid:			
Advanced Acquisition Plan for the TS	4309	TS Preliminary Design	4214
TS Tolerance Studies	2156	Effect of coil displacements on the magnetic center	2403

#### **Solenoids BOE Documents**

Existing supporting documentation is either bundled with its associated BOE documents or referenced within

WBS Number	Task Name	Mu2e-doc #
475.04.01	Project Management	1641
475.04.02	Production Solenoid	1642
475.04.03	Transport Solenoids	1643
475.04.04	Detector Solenoid	1644
475.04.05	Cryogenic Distribution System	1646
475.04.06	Magnet Power System	1648
475.04.07	Magnet Quench Protection System	1649
475.04.08	Magnetic Field Mapping System	1650
475.04.09	Ancillary Equipment	1651
475.04.10	System Integration, Installation, and Commissioning	1652

### **BOE Example**



#### Mu2e Document 1642-v10 BOE for WBS 475.04.02: Mu2e Solenoid Production Solenoid



Abstract:

This BOE details the cost and labor estimates for the Mu2e Solenoid Production Solenoid WBS.

#### Files in Document:

- BOE WBS-4.4 CD2 Production-Solenoid-v3.docx (80.7 kB)
- BOE WBS-4.4 CD2 Production-Solenoid-v3.pdf (240.4 kB)

#### Other Files:

• 475.04.02 BOE Table 20140625.xlsx (976.3 kB)

Get all files as tar.gz, zip.

#### Topics:

- Basis of Estimates for CD-2:BOE WBS 4 Solenoids
- Basis of Estimates for CD-1:BOE WBS 4 Solenoids

#### Authors:

Thomas M Page

BOE itself is at the top Supporting documentation below under "other files" or appended to BOE itself.

#### Viewable by: • <u>mu2e</u>

- reviewer
- mu2e-techboard
- mu2e-proj-office
- OPMO
- doe

#### Modifiable by:

- mu2e-techboard
- mu2e-proj-office

#### Other Versions:

Mu2e-doc-1642-v9 20 Jun 2014, 08:23

Mu2e-doc-1642-v8 19 Jun 2014, 08:32

Mu2e-doc-1642-v7 04 Jun 2012, 14:28

Mu2e-doc-1642-v6

22 May 2012, 10:27 Mu2e-doc-1642-v5

10 May 2012, 13:28

Mu2e-doc-1642-v4 12 Mar 2012, 15:38

Mu2e-doc-1642-v3 19 Jul 2011, 09:39

Mu2e-doc-1642-v2

19 Jul 2011, 09:34

Mu2e-doc-1642-v1 05 Jul 2011, 10:11

#### **Cost Book and Gantt Chart**

- Gantt Chart
  - Gives numbers as supplied from the BOEs and entered into P6
    - Hours for labor
    - FY14 \$ for materials
    - Specify the resource type
- Cost Book
  - Gives total cost for each WBS item
    - Starts from the estimates in the BOEs
      - Hours for labor
      - FY14 \$ for materials
    - Assigns \$ values to labor resources
      - By resource type
    - · Is escalated and fully burdened
  - Only Fermilab labor shows-up in Labor column
    - Univ. labor shows-up in M&S or is uncosted

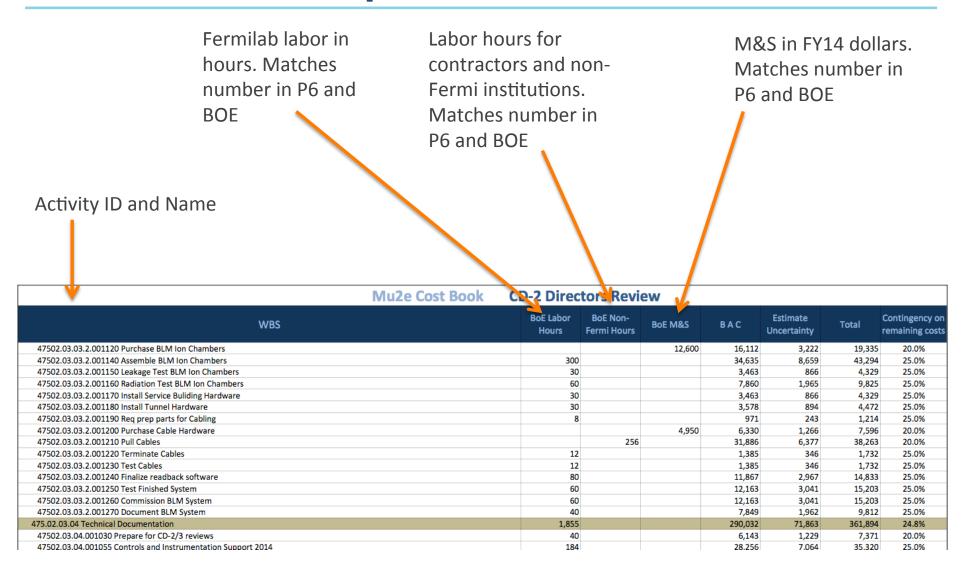
## **Gantt Chart Example**

External Beamline Safety	System Total Loss Monitoring	1344.50	10/14/13 A	2/26/19				
47502.04.03.2.001000	Prepare documentation of TLM design features	5.00	10/14/13 A	10/18/13 A	47502.01.02.00100	ACWP	С	Engineering Physicist 10
47502.04.03.2.001010	Disseminate External Beamline TLM design. Publish documentation	5.00	10/23/13 A	10/29/13 A	47502.04.03.2.001	ACWP	С	Engineering Physicist 5
47502.04.03.2.001020	Develop the plan of using TLMs in External Beam Line Enclosure	15.00	10/1/15	10/21/15	FY16B02, 47502.04.05.00101 47502.07.01.00601 47502.04.01.00103 47502.01.02.00100		С	Engineering Physicist 15
47502.04.03.2.001030	Final Shop Drawing of External Beamline Safety System TLM (Post CD-2; PED)	50.00	10/23/18	1/9/19	47502.04.02.1.001 47502.04.03.2.001 47502.04.03.2.001 47502.04.02.1.001 47502.04.02.1.001	2120	К	Engineering Physicist 123
47502.04.03.2.001040	Complete Procurement of Materials and Service for Electrical SubContractor	5.00	1/9/19	1/16/19	47502.04.03.2.001	2120	С	Accelerator Systems Specialis 2; Construction Coordinator 1
47502.04.03.2.001050	Complete Procurement of Materials and Service for Electrical SubContractor (M&S)	5.00	1/9/19	1/16/19	47502.04.03.2.001	2120	С	M&S Standard with Base Year FY14 15605
47502.04.03.2.001060	Complete Procurement of Materials and Service for Electrical SubContractor (Obligation)	1.00	1/9/19	1/10/19	47502.04.03.2.001	Obligation	С	M&S Standard with Base Year FY14 15605
47502.04.03.2.001070	Complete Procurement of Materials and assemble TLM End Caps	1.00	1/16/19	1/17/19	47502.04.03.2.001 47502.04.03.2.001 47502.04.03.2.001	2120	c	M&S Standard with Base Year FY14 100; Accelerator System Specialist 1; Electrical Interloci Technician 2
Activity ID								
tocivity 15	Activity Name			ocdb i	# for BOE			Resources
	,	PMT Code						

**‡** Fermilab

Mu2e

### **Cost Book Example**







## **Cost Book Example (cont)**

Budget At Completion (BAC) is the total cost of labor and M&S, burdened and escalated. Number produced in COBRA.

Estimate uncertainty on this activity, in burdened, escalated dollars

Total = sum of BAC and Estimate Uncertainty.

% Contingency on the work remaining.
Contingency on completed work is 0.

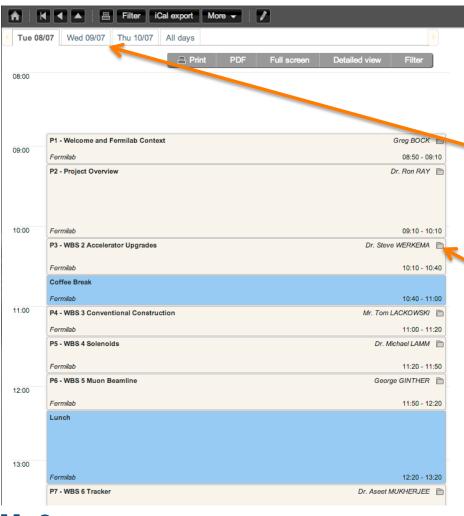
Mu	2e Cost Book C	D-2 Direc	tors Revi	FW				
WBS		BoE Labor Hours	BoE Non- Fermi Hours	BoE M&S	BAC	Estimate Uncertainty	Intal	Contingency on remaining costs
47502.03.03.2.001120 Purchase BLM Ion Chambers				12,600	16,112	3,222	19,335	20.0%
47502.03.03.2.001140 Assemble BLM Ion Chambers		300			34,635	8,659	43,294	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001150 Leakage Test BLM Ion Chambers		30			3,463	866	4,329	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001160 Radiation Test BLM Ion Chambers		60			7,860	1,965	9,825	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001170 Install Service Buliding Hardware		30			3,463	866	4,329	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001180 Install Tunnel Hardware		30			3,578	894	4,472	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001190 Req prep parts for Cabling		8			971	243	1,214	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001200 Purchase Cable Hardware				4,950	6,330	1,266	7,596	20.0%
47502.03.03.2.001210 Pull Cables			256		31,886	6,377	38,263	20.0%
47502.03.03.2.001220 Terminate Cables		12			1,385	346	1,732	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001230 Test Cables		12			1,385	346	1,732	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001240 Finalize readback software		80			11,867	2,967	14,833	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001250 Test Finished System		60			12,163	3,041	15,203	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001260 Commission BLM System		60			12,163	3,041	15,203	25.0%
47502.03.03.2.001270 Document BLM System		40			7,849	1,962	9,812	25.0%
475.02.03.04 Technical Documentation		1,855			290,032	71,863	361,894	24.8%
47502.03.04.001030 Prepare for CD-2/3 reviews		40			6,143	1,229	7,371	20.0%
47502.03.04.001055 Controls and Instrumentation Support 2014		184			28.256	7.064	35.320	25.0%





### **Indico Page**

https://indico.fnal.gov/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=8683#20140708

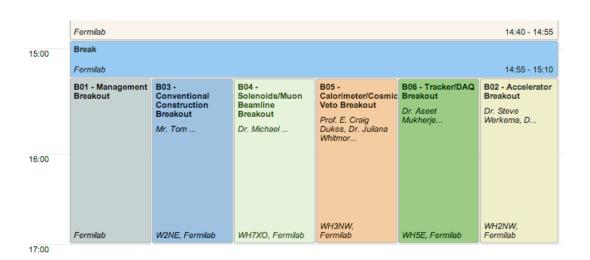


Presentations are linked to Indico page

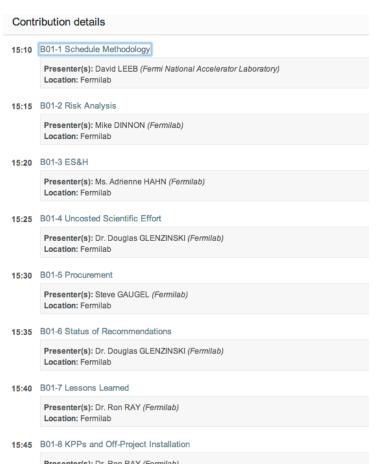
Click here to navigate between days

Click here to open talk

### **Indico Page**



Breakout sessions loaded with talks, but agenda is free-form. Agenda and presentations tailored to reviewers needs.







## **Getting Help**

For assistance in obtaining any documentation, references, etc., please contact <u>mu2ewebmaster@fnal.gov</u>. For document content questions, please contact the appropriate L2 manager (see <u>Project Contact List</u>).

Look for this symbol.

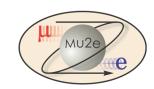
Available from every page in Documentation Site, usually at the bottom.





## **Mu2e Project Overview**

Ron Ray Mu2e Project Manager 7/8/2014



#### Introduction

- Mu2e is a compelling discovery experiment with sensitivity to a broad range of new physics
  - Reach extends to 10<sup>4</sup> TeV, beyond the reach of any current or planned accelerator.
- Synergistic part of the overall muon program at Fermilab
- Full cost, schedule and risk analysis has been performed resulting in a Total Project Cost of \$271M.
- Requesting CD-2 approval this summer along with CD-3 approval for the Mu2e Detector Hall and some parts of the accelerator system.
  - ESAAB for CD-3a long-lead procurement of superconducting cable scheduled for July 10



## **Tailoring Strategy**

- CD-3a for long-lead solenoid conductor
  - Review held June 10, 2014
  - ESAAB scheduled for July 10, 2014
- CD-2 and CD-3 for the Detector Hall and parts of the accelerator
  - This Review
- Series of CD-3 mini reviews as other systems complete designs, pass internal design and construction readiness reviews.
  - Maximally flexible strategy suggested by DOE OPA
  - Driven by the long shadow of the solenoids that could require everything else to hibernate while waiting for designs to be completed in a traditional CD-3 strategy.



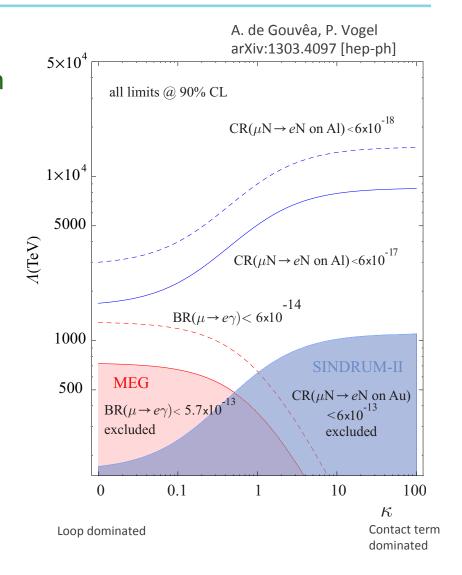
#### Mu2e in a Nutshell

- Mu2e is a search for Charged Lepton Flavor Violation (CLFV) via the coherent conversion of  $\mu^- N \to e^- N$ 
  - Most new physics models so far postulated provide new sources of flavor phenomena
  - Observation is unambiguous evidence for new physics.
- Target sensitivity has great discovery potential
  - Goal: Single-event-sensitivity of 2.5 x  $10^{-17}$  (relative to ordinary  $\mu$  capture)
  - Goal: <0.5 events background</li>
    - Yields Discovery Sensitivity for all rates > few 10<sup>-16</sup>
    - Factor of 10,000 more sensitive than existing measurement.
- Quark flavor is violated. Neutrino flavor is violated.
  - Both implied something profound about the underlying physics
  - Both garnered Nobel Prizes
- Mu2e enables a search for charged lepton flavor violation with unprecedented precision that could prove to be equally profound.



#### Science drivers

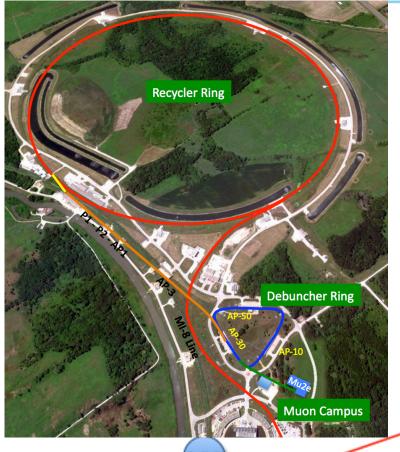
- Explore the unknown, new particles, interactions and physical principles (in the new P5 framework).
- Broad discovery sensitivity across all categories of new physics models
- Sensitivity to 10,000 TeV, well beyond any imaginable accelerator
- Sensitive to new physics at LHC energies that is suppressed by small mixing angles, loop factors
- Sensitive to new physics at 10 TeV, beyond reach of LHC but within reach of 100 TeV pp collider.





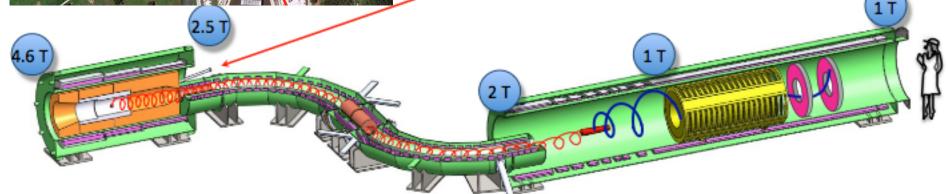


## Mu2e Project Scope



Mu2e Project scope includes

- New building to house experiment
- Modifications to accelerator
- Mu2e apparatus
  - Superconducting Solenoids
  - Tracker
  - Calorimeter
  - Cosmic Ray Veto (not shown)
  - DAQ



#### Mu2e Collaboration





Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati INFN Genova

INFN Lecce and Università del Salento INFN Lecce and Università Marconi Roma INFN Pisa

Universita di Udine and INFN Trieste/Udine

Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow



**Boston University Brookhaven National Laboratory** Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory University of California, Berkeley University of California, Irvine California Institute of Technology City University of New York **Duke University** Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory University of Houston University of Illinois **Lewis University** University of Massachusetts, Amherst Muons Inc. Northern Illinois University Northwestern University Pacific Northwest National Laboratory Purdue University Rice University University of Virginia

**University of Washington** 

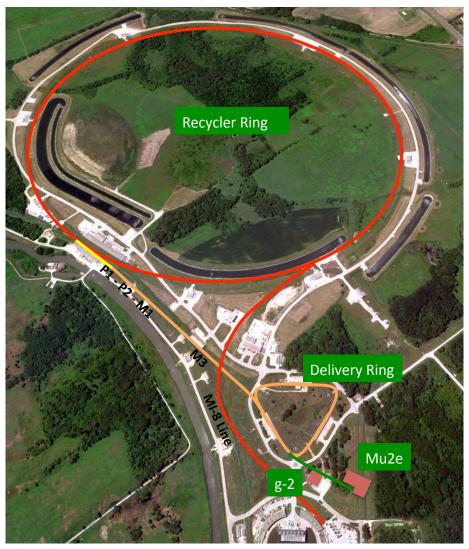


How Does the Experiment Work?
What Drives the design?





### **Beam Delivery**

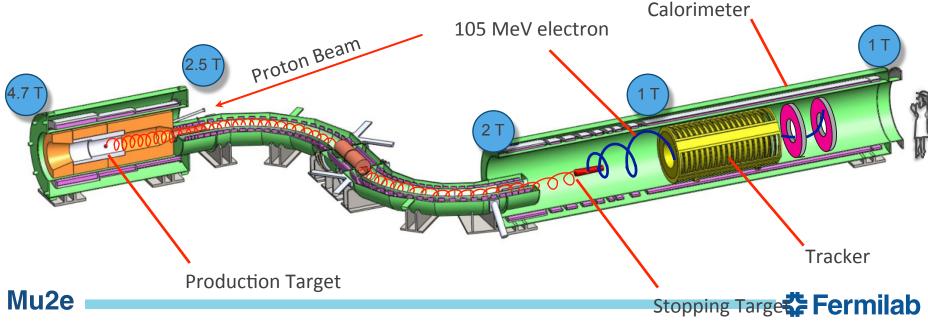


- We make muons by directing 8 GeV protons on to a target.
- Batches of protons from the Booster are transported through existing beamlines to the Recycler Ring where they are re-bunched and transported to the Delivery Ring through existing transport lines.
- Beam is slow extracted from
   Delivery Ring in microbunches of ~
   10<sup>7</sup> protons every 1694 ns through
   a new external beamline to the
   Mu2e production target.
- Run simultaneously with NOvA and Booster Neutrino Program.

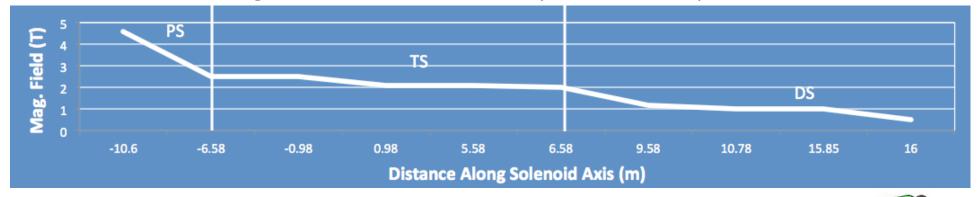


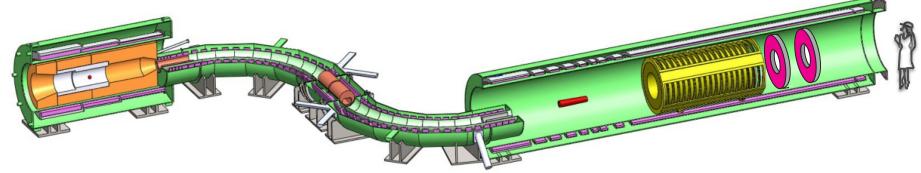
- Solenoids capture pions, form secondary muon beam, preserve timing structure, provide magnetic field for momentum analysis and help to reject backgrounds
  - Most efficient way of producing an intense, low energy muon beam
- 2 targets
- Tracker Straw tubes
- Calorimeter BaF2 crystals
- Cosmic Ray Veto Scintillator, WLS fibers, SiPMs
- Stopping Target Monitor Crystal
- Warm bore of solenoids evacuated to 10<sup>-4</sup> to 10<sup>-5</sup> Torr.

Cosmic Ray Veto and Stopping Target Monitor not shown



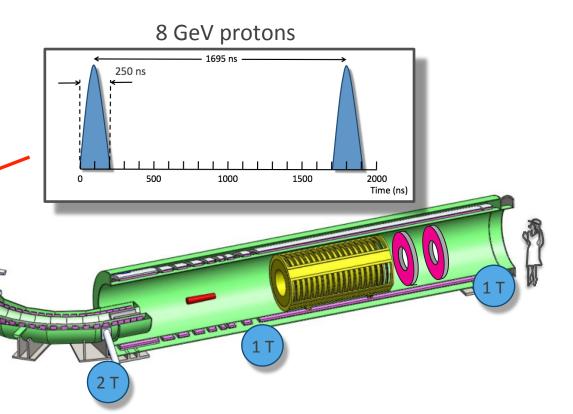
#### Magnetic Field Profile – Driven by the science requirements





#### **Production Solenoid**

- Production target
- Graded field
- Captures secondary pions
- Highest field
- Highest radiation exposure



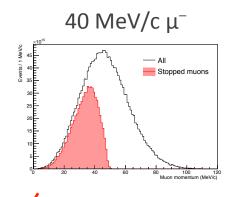
**Production Target** 

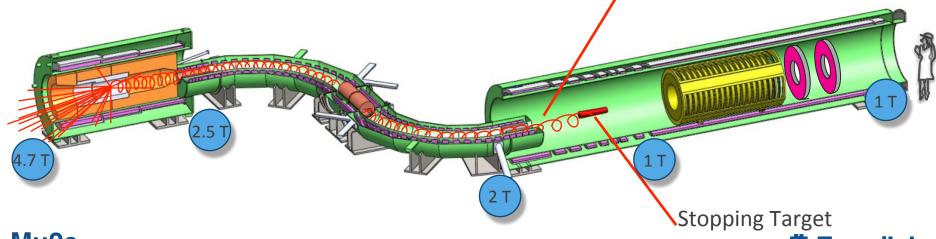
#### **Transport Solenoid**

 Collimation system that selects muon charge and momentum range

#### **Transport Solenoid**

- Collimation system selects muon charge and momentum range
- Pbar window in middle of central collimator
- Directs  $10^{10}$  Hz of  $\mu^-$  to stopping target

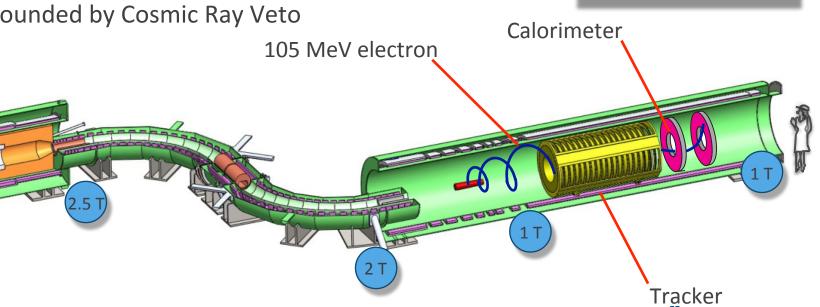




#### **Detector Solenoid**

- Graded field upstream for acceptance and background suppression
- Uniform field downstream for momentum analysis
- Muon stopping target
- Tracker
- Calorimeter

Surrounded by Cosmic Ray Veto



Cosmic Ray Veto not shown

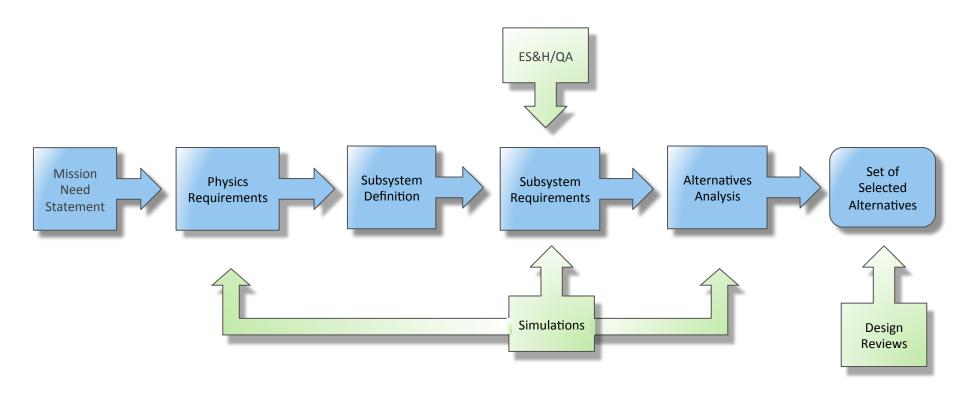
### Requirements Management

Торіс	Document Database Number
Proton Beam	Mu2e-doc-1105
Extinction	Mu2e-doc-1175
Extinction Monitoring	Mu2e-doc-894
Production Target	Mu2e-doc-887
Heat and Radiation Shield	Mu2e-doc-1092
Proton Beam Absorber	Mu2e-doc-948
Conventional Facilities	Mu2e-doc-1088
Production Solenoid	Mu2e-doc-945
Transport Solenoid	Mu2e-doc-947
Detector Solenoid	Mu2e-doc-946
Cryoplant	Mu2e-doc-1509
Cryo Distribution	Mu2e-doc-1244
Quench Protection	Mu2e-doc-1238
Solenoid Power System	Mu2e-doc-1237
Magnetic Field Mapping	Mu2e-doc-1275
Stopping Target	Mu2e-doc-1437
Stopping Target Monitor	Mu2e-doc-1438
Transport Solenoid Collimators	Mu2e-doc-1129
Muon Beam Stop	Mu2e-doc-1351
Vacuum System	Mu2e-doc-1481
Proton Absorber	Mu2e-doc-1439
Neutron Absorbers	Mu2e-doc-1371
Muon Beamline Shielding	Mu2e-doc-1506
Detector Support and Installation System	Mu2e-doc-1383
Tracker	Mu2e-doc-732
Calorimeter	Mu2e-doc-864
Cosmic Ray Veto	Mu2e-doc-944
Calibration	Mu2e-doc-1182
Trigger and DAQ	Mu2e-doc-1150

- Requirements necessary to execute the experiment have been developed primarily by the Collaboration
- Under configuration management on docdb.
- Electronically signed by responsible parties. Automatic notification if document is changed.
  - Part of Configuration Management.
- Signed version is the official document.



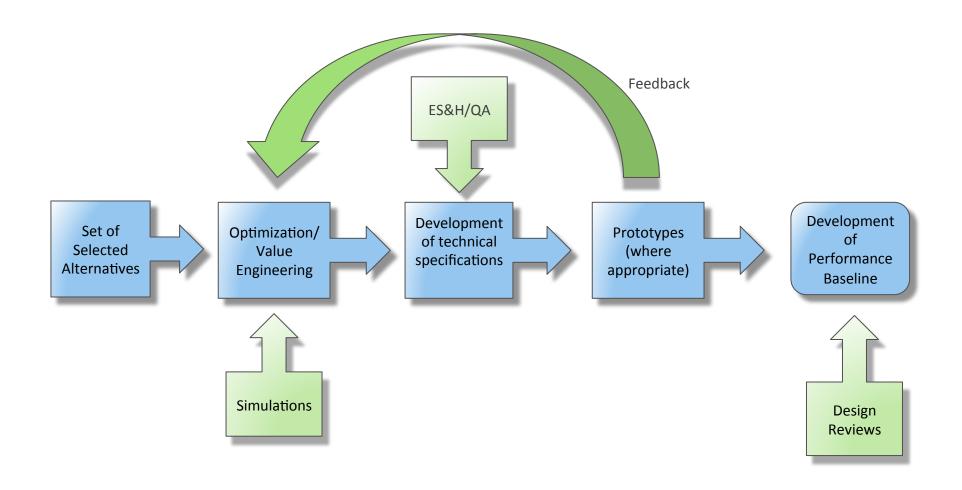
### **Design Development**



A set of technical alternatives was selected as the result of the conceptual design validated at CD-1.



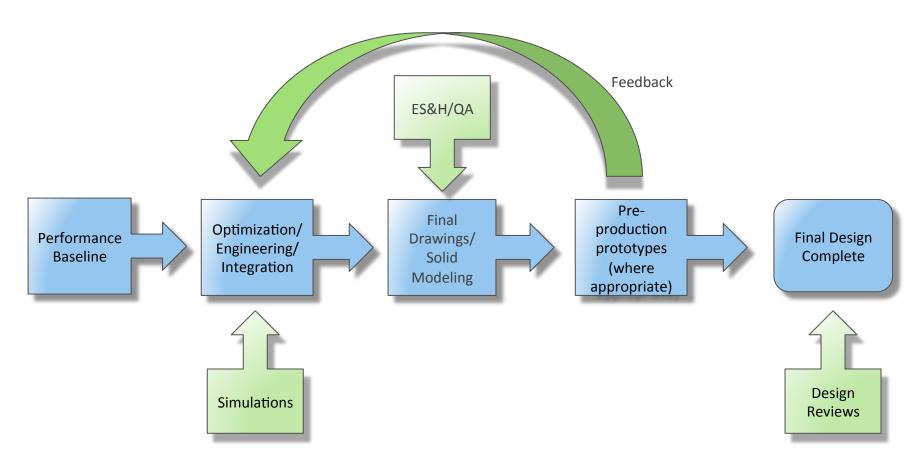
### **Development of Performance Baseline**







### **Development of Final Design**



Validation of pre-production prototypes for detector systems, using final parts, required before production may begin.



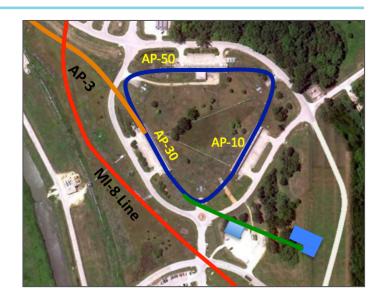
Project Scope

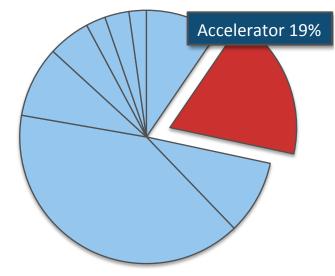




### WBS 2 - Mu2e Accelerator

- Delivery Ring RF System
  - Same RF cavities used in Recycler RF system.
- Resonant Extraction System
- External Beamline
  - Recycled Accumulator magnets
- Extinction System
- Extinction Monitoring
- Production Target
- Heat and Radiation Shield to protect Production Solenoid
- Proton Beam Absorber
- Radiation Safety
- Instrumentation and Controls
- Significant interface to Muon Campus AIPs and GPPs.







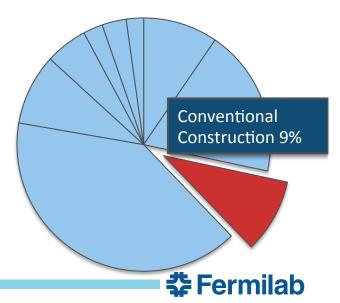


### **WBS 3 - Conventional Construction**

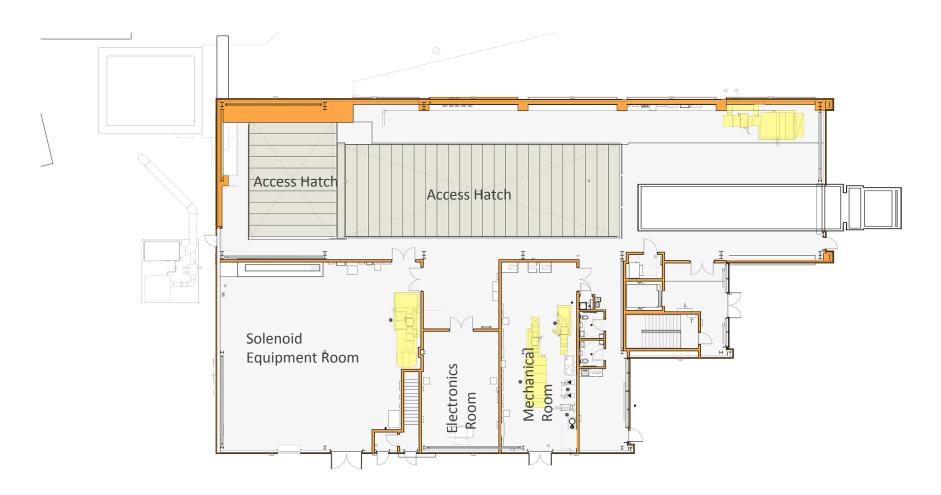
## Conventional Construction scope includes

- Mu2e Detector Hall
  - Underground enclosure to house detector
  - Surface building for infrastructure
- Delivery Ring power and ventilation upgrades/ reconfiguration.
- Interface to Muon Campus Beamline Enclosure GPP and MC-1 Building.



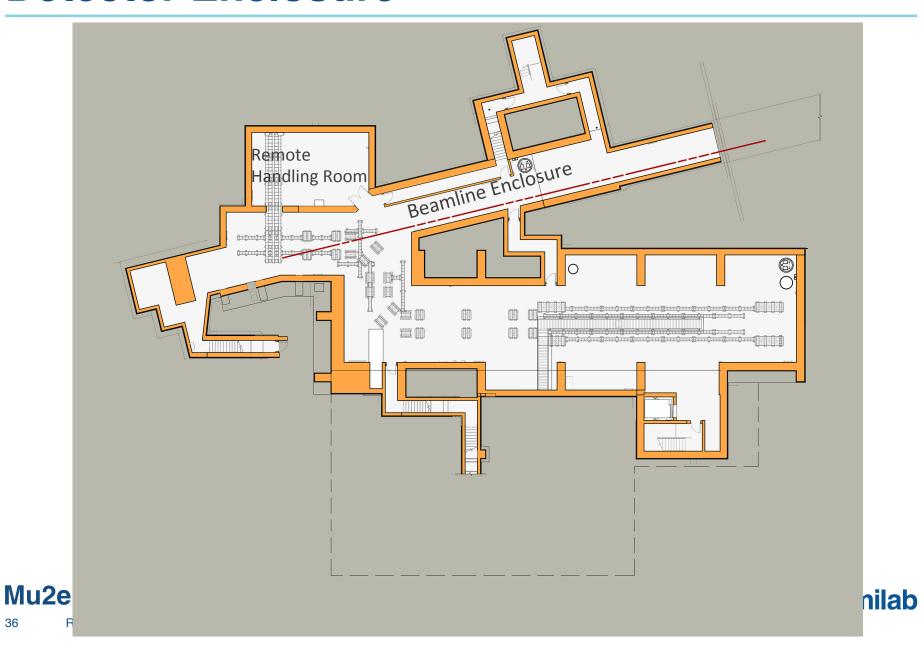


## **Surface Building**



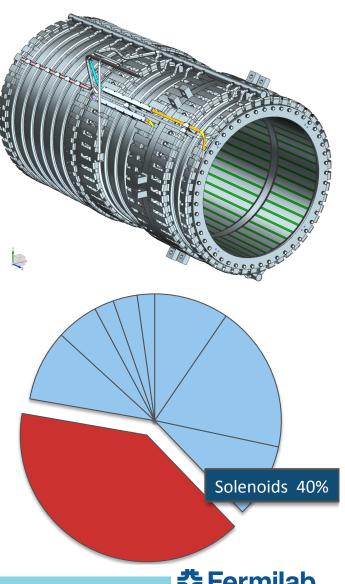
### **Detector Enclosure**

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## **WBS 4 - Solenoids**

- Solenoids drive the cost and the schedule
  - On or near the critical path for entire duration of Project.
- System includes solenoids, infrastructure, installation, commissioning, field mapping equipment.
- Solenoid conductor being procured based on CD-3a authorization.
  - P.O.s in place
  - ESAAB scheduled for July 10.
- Evaluation of bids for final design/build of PS and DS complete.
  - Putting P.O. in place. Costs known. Consistent with CD-1 estimates.
- Significant contribution from INFN Genoa to TS R&D and QA of production conductor.



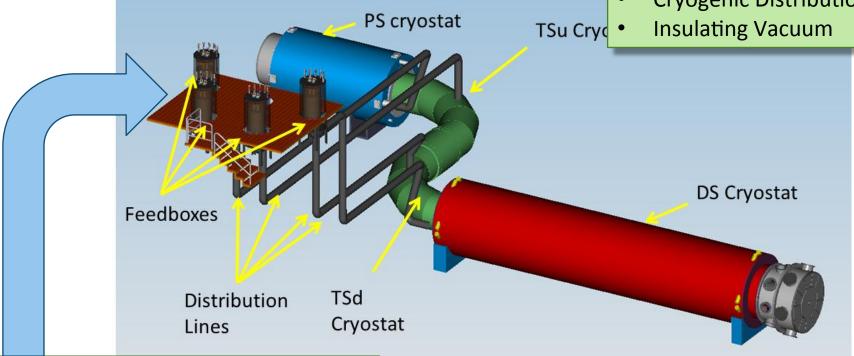




## **Solenoids**

~65/35 of Base Cost Solenoids/Infrastructure

- Production Solenoid (PS)
- Transport Solenoid (TS)
- Detector Solenoid (DS)
- Cryogenic Distribution



- Power Supply
- Quench Protection

- Field Mapping
- Ancillary Equipment
  - Installation and commissioning

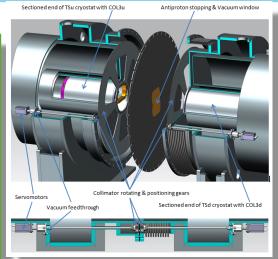


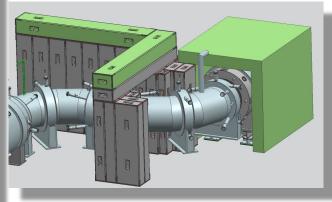
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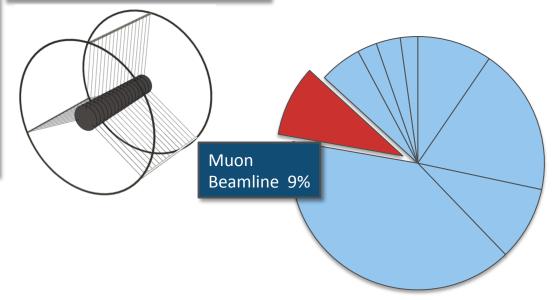
**#**Fermilab

## **WBS 5 - Muon Beamline**

- Vacuum System
- Collimators
- External Shielding
- Stopping Target
- Stopping Target Monitor
- DS Internal Shielding
- Muon Beam Stop
- Detector Support and Installation System
- Muon Beamline interfaces to nearly every other system.





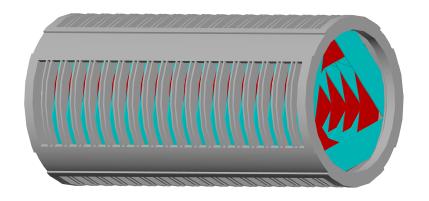


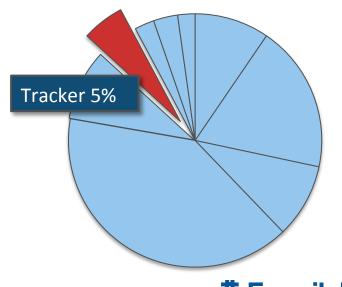




## **WBS 6 - Tracker**

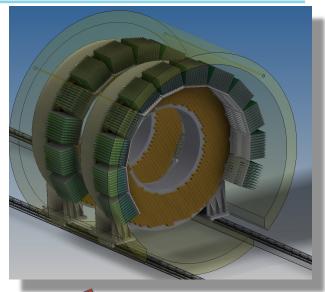
- 23,040 thin wall (15 μm) straws (5 mm diameter) distributed over 20 stations.
  - Thin walls to minimize multiple scattering.
  - Operates in 10<sup>-4</sup> Torr vacuum and 1 Tesla magnetic field.
- Each straw outfitted with
  - 2 preamps
  - 2 TDCs (time division)
  - 1 ADC (differentiate protons from electrons)
  - Addressable fuse to disable straw
- Operation in vacuum requires cooling system
- Gas system (Ar: CO<sub>2</sub>)

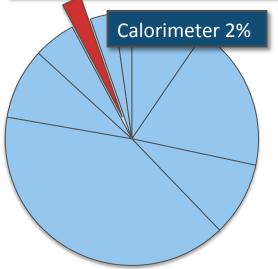




## **WBS 7 - Calorimeter**

- Significant in-kind scope provided by INFN
- 1860 BaF<sub>2</sub> crystals arranged in 2 disks.
  - Operates in 10<sup>-4</sup> Torr vacuum and 1 T field.
- Each crystal read out by
  - 2 UV-extended, solar-blind APDs to take advantage of fast component at 220 nm.
- Carbon Fiber mechanical support system
- Flasher system
- Source calibration system
- DOE contribution is
  - 2/3 of crystals
  - 1/2 of APDs
  - Source Calibration system Recycled from BaBar
  - 50% of installation and commissioning labor
- INFN provides balance of crystals, APDs and installation labor plus
  - Mechanical support
  - Front end electronics and digitizers
  - Laser calibration system

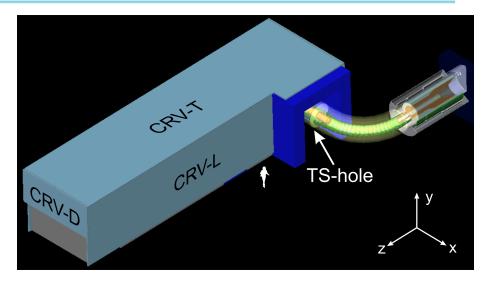


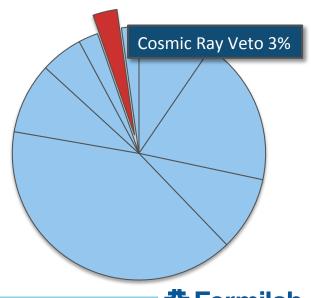




# **WBS 8 - Cosmic Ray Veto**

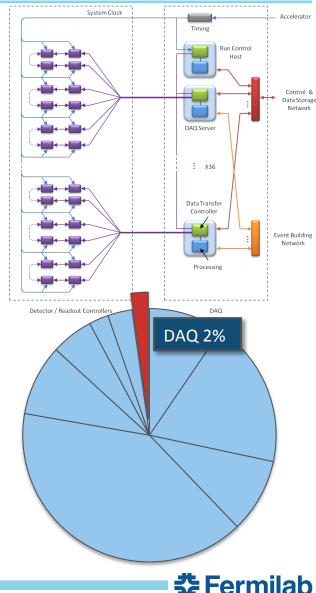
- Nearly hermetic veto on top and sides of DS and half of TS with 0.9999 overall efficiency.
- 4 layers of extruded scintillator
  - 5152 counters
  - Up to 4.7 m long
  - 1248 m<sup>2</sup>
  - 50 km of WLS fiber
  - Read out with SiPMs
- Shielding of neutrons from production target, stopping target collimators and beam stop required.
  - Intense μ beam is a significant source of neutrons when they are captured.





## WBS 9 - DAQ

- Collect and assemble data from ~550 detector sources
- Provide online filtering to reduce data rate by  $\sim$ x100.
- Streaming Architecture. Data is zerosuppressed, transferred off the detector, assembled and then analyzed in a single processor.
- Slow controls interface to detector.
- Primarily off-the-shelf components, but a significant amount of software.
  - Leverages existing ART and ARTDAQ platforms developed to support NOvA, Mu2e and other future Fermilab programs.





## Additional Contributions to Mu2e

The scope required for Mu2e to become a functioning experiment comes from several sources

- Mu2e Project

- Muon Campus Common Projects

  Managed by Mary Convery. Muon Campus common projects no are need by Mary Common Accelerator Improvement Projected by Muze. Required by wany converse.

  8-2 long before they

  - Recycler Ring RF AIP
  - Beamline Enclosure General Plant Project (GPP)
  - Muon Campus Infrastructure GPP
- In-kind contribution from INFN for significant part of calorimeter and contributions to the solenoids
- Off project work tracked in Mu2e schedule via milestones.





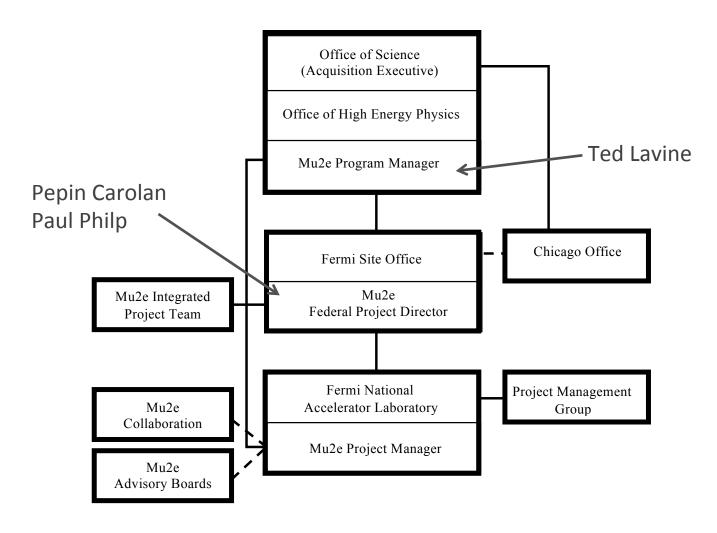
# **Management and Organization**







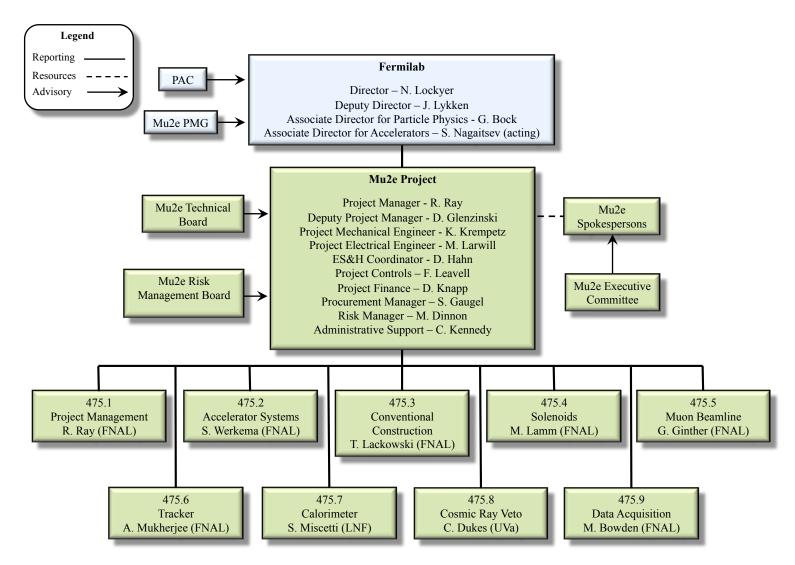
# **Management and Organization**







# **Management and Organization**







# **L2 Managers**



Project
Management
R. Ray
FNAL



Accelerator
S. Werkema
FNAL



3 Conventional Construction T. Lackowski FNAL



Solenoids

M. Lamm
FNAL



5 Muon Beamline G. Ginther FNAL

Tracker

A. Mukherjee
FNAL

Calorimeter
S. Miscetti
Frascati

8 Cosmic Ray Veto C. Dukes UVa.

9 Trigger and DAQ M. Bowden FNAL









## **Project Office**

Ron Ray
 PM

Doug Glenzinski Deputy PM

Kurt Krempetz Project Mechanical Engineer/

Systems integration

Marcus Larwill Project Electrical Engineer/

**Systems Integration** 

Fran Leavell Lead Project Controls

David Leeb Project Controls

Halley Brown Project Controls

Mike Gardner
 Project Controls

Dale Knapp Financial Officer

Dee Hahn ES&H Coordinator

Cindy Kennedy Admin support

Steve Gaugel Procurement Manager

Mike Dinnon
 Risk Management

Hank Glass Configuration Management











## Lab Framework

Lab framework supports the successful execution of Projects

- Lab-wide Integrated Safety Management
- Lab-wide approach to Quality Assurance
- Lab-wide uniform approach to Project Controls and use of certified Earned Value Management System (EVMS)
- Project Management Group (PMG) oversees all Projects in a uniform manner.
- Monthly Project Oversight Group (POG) brings Project Managers, Directorate and Line Managers together to discuss common issues and concerns.
  - Shared experience
  - Lessons Learned



## **Communications**

- Laboratory and DOE Management
  - Monthly Program Oversight Group (POG)
  - Monthly Project Management Group (PMG)
  - Weekly Integrated Project Team (IPT)
  - Semi-annual meetings with Divisions/Sections to discuss resource needs
- Project
  - Weekly Technical Board Meetings
  - Weekly/bi-weekly meetings of L2 Subsystems
  - Bi-weekly Integration Meetings
- Collaboration
  - Weekly meetings and monthly updates from Project Manager
  - Week-long Collaboration Meetings every 4 months
  - Weekly Simulation Meeting





## ESH&Q

- Fermilab and Mu2e Project firmly committed to safety and quality.
- Safety integrated into Lab management at all levels.
  - Project embedded in Lab's line Management
- Oversight by Lab ESH&Q organization as well as by Division & Section ES&H organizations
- Project ES&H coordinator appointed Dee Hahn.
- Integrated Safety Management Plan developed (Mu2e-doc-785)
- Hazard Analysis Report including evaluation and mitigation of safety risks developed and posted (docdb 4229)
- NEPA approval obtained in 2012 (docdb 2274)
- Preliminary Shielding Assessment approval (docdb 4313)
- Preliminary approval of TLMs as a credited safety system (docdb 4132)
- Quality Assurance Program (docdb 677)
- Custom QA/QC plan tailored to each L2 subsystem discussed in TDR subsystem chapters
- Extensive QA plan developed for solenoid conductor







Cost and Schedule



# **Cost Methodology**

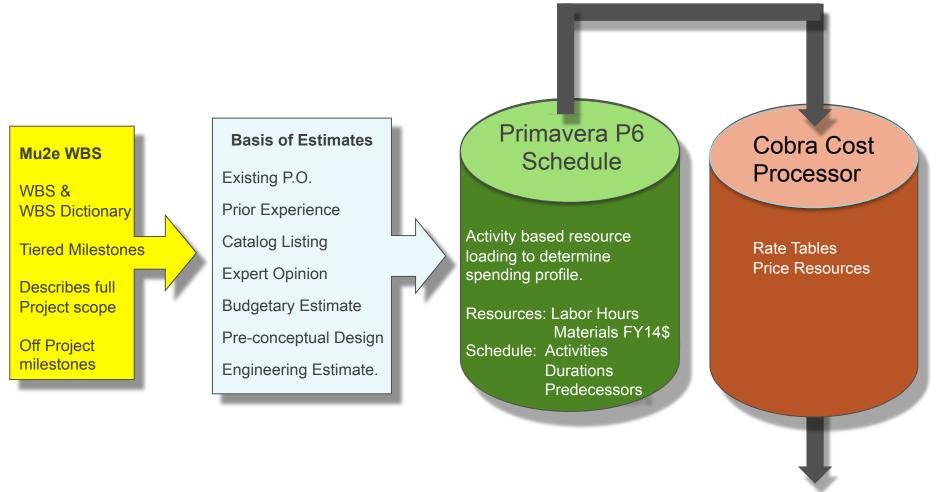
### General Procedure

- Activity-based RLS. M&S, labor hours, resources and durations established at activity level.
- Estimators instructed to use 85% C.L. base estimates
- Estimate uncertainty is added to each activity based on the level of design maturity.
- A statistical evaluation of the cost associated with risk exposure adds additional contingency to the Project

```
TPC = base estimate +
100% estimation uncertainty +
90% C.L. cost associated with risks
+ application of burdening and escalation
```



## **Cost and Schedule Development**



Burdened, escalated cost based on schedule





## **WBS Dictionary**

- WBS defines Project Scope
- Dictionary describes
   Scope, objective,
   deliverables and
   assumptions for each
   Control Account.
- Describes activities that make up the Control Account.

Control Account	WBS Name	WBS Extended Definition
475.02.05	Resonant Extraction System	Cost Account Manager: V. Nagaslaev
	System	A. Technical Objective  The technical objective is to design, manufacture, and install the systems necessary for the resonant extraction of beam from the Delivery Ring synchrotron.
		<ul> <li>B. Scope of Work Statement</li> <li>General engineering design of the Delivery Ring resonant extraction system.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Design, manufacture, and installation of the resonant extraction electrostatic septum modules (two modules) and power supply.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Design, procurement, and installation of the resonant extraction tune quadrupole magnets and power supplies.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Design, manufacture, and installation of the resonant extraction harmonic sextupole magnets and power supplies.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Design, procurement/manufacture, and installation of the resonant extraction dynamic bump magnets and power supplies.</li> </ul>
		Design, manufacture, and installation of the RF knock out (RFKO) kicker and power supply.
		<ul> <li>Design, manufacture, and installation of the resonant extraction fast feedback devices and electronics.</li> </ul>
		C. Deliverables
		• Two resonant extraction electrostatic septum modules and power supply installed plus two spare ESS modules (one spare of each type).
		3 CQA tune quadrupole magnets and power supplies.
		• 7 ISA harmonic sextupole magnets (6 + 1 spare) and power supplies.
		RFKO kicker and power supply.
		4 NDB dynamic bump dipole magnets and power supplies.
		Wall current monitor and associated feedback electronics.





- Support the costs and durations in P6
- Include
  - Definition of scope covered
  - Supporting documents
  - Assumptions



### Mu2e BASIS of ESTIMATE (BoE)

Date of Estimate: 6/26/2014

**Revision Date:** 

Prepared by: Julie Whitmore Contributing: Paul Rubinov Yuri Oksuzian Craig Dukes

Docdb #: 3912

WBS number: 475.08.05.02 Control Account:475.08.05

WBS Title: Photodetector Quality Assurance Design and Fabrication

WBS Dictionary Definition: This set of activities includes the labor and materials necessary to design and produce the Quality Assurance SiPM testing fixture for evaluating the SiPMs. The QA tester is needed to test a 10% sample of the production devices before accepting the SiPMs from the vendor. The production SiPMs are then sent to UVA for mounting on counter motherboards. There are a total of 18,816 SiPMs needed for CRV module production with an additional 1,526 SiPMs needed for spare modules. A total of 20,000 SiPMs are needed for production, including wastage, and radiation/longevity acceptance testing. In addition, a total of 5,000 spares will be needed. The cost for these spare devices and the labor for the 10% acceptance testing are off-project.

#### Supporting Documents (including but not limited to):

see Electronic docdb file referenced above for supporting documentation.

#862 includes the parameters for the CRV system.

#3911 Includes information on the Photodetector Procurement

Vendor summary of invoices for prototype QA jig materials and eng/tech effort to date.

P6 schedule spreadsheet corresponding to this BOE (Excel)

Quality Control Process Applied by: E. Craig Dukes Date: 6/26/14

#### Assumptions

- BOE only covers activities from the baseline date of May 1, 2014 onward. Activities prior to the baseline date are entered
  into the schedule as actuals with 0% contingency.
- Costs are in 2014 dollars and do not include indirects.
- · Durations are in working days.
- 1 FTE = 1768 hours for an average year. P6 uses the actual calendar for each year with the exact number of workdays.
- · SiPMs are fabricated in industry.
- SiPMs are characterized using a custom testing tester (see WBS 475.05.02). Devices will be shipped to UVa for assembly
  onto SiPM counter motherboards (see WBS in CRV Electronics)

#### Currently Assigned Personnel

L2 Manager – E.C. Dukes Deputy L2 Manager – J. Whitmore L3 Manager – J. Whitmore

Page 1 of 1



- Resources
- Hours
- M&S costs
- Estimate type/ contingency
- Durations at 85% C.L.

#### Task 475.8.5.2.1050 Fabricate QA prototype tester - M&S

M&S cost for prototype tester.

Estimate Type

 M&S Cost
 \$8000
 Cost for tester chassis and misc electronics components

 Duration
 60 days
 M&S purchases for rebuild after prototype design changes.

 Estimate Type
 Advanced
 Contingency of 20% based on contingency rule M3.

 M&S based on fabrication of boards with similar design.

#### Task 475.8.5.2.1055 Fabricate QA prototype tester - remaining - FNAL

Labor for FNAL electrical engineer and technicians to procure components, fabricate, assemble and test the QA tester. Parts procurement, board layout/design, and board assembly is nearly completed. Tester assembly and testing is not.

Electrical Design Engineer 100 hours Engineering estimate based on previous experience testing similar items. Assumes EE working 3 months at 0.25 FTE. Engineering Physicist 80 hours Engineering estimate based on previous NIU experience. Electrical Drafter 40 hours Engineering estimate based on previous board layout work. Electrical Technician 8 hours Engineering estimate based on previous experience procuring parts. Electrical Assembly Technician 24 hours Engineering estimate based on previous board assembly work. Electronics Technician 40 hours Engineering estimate based on previous NIU experience. Assumes 3 month at 10% FTE. Duration 60 days Assumes 3 months of above eng/tech effort.

Preliminary Contingency of 35% based on contingency rule L4.

#### Task 475.8.5.2.1062 Fabricate QA prototype tester - Labor - NIU remaining

Labor for NIU undergraduate student to write software for QA SiPM tester.

 M&S
 \$16,131
 595 Hours software support remaining. Engineering estimate based on similar projects.

 Duration
 162 days
 Assumes student working for 4 FTE months.

 Estimate Type
 Conceptual
 Contingency of 50% based on contingency rule L5. Higher end of range due to inexperienced student labor.

#### Task 475.8.5.2.1065 Fabricate QA dark box - Labor - NIU

Labor for NIU electrical technicians to design, procure components, and fabricate temperature stabilized dark box for testing prototype, pre-production, and production SiPMs.

Mechanical Engineer - Northern Ill Univ 120 h Engineering estimate based on similar projects with large modifications.

 Duration
 30 days
 Assumes tech working for 0.75 FTE month.

 Estimate Type
 Conceptual
 Contingency of 50% based on contingency rule L5.

 Higher end of range due to design immaturity.

Page 3 of 3





### Often include supporting details

#### **Details of the Base Estimate**

The activities covered in this BOE include M&S purchases, procurement activities related to the M&S, and labor associated with producing a Quality Assurance tester for the Cosmic Ray Veto photodetectors. M&S estimates are based on previous experience with fabricating prototype testers used at NIU for the proton tomography project.

The plan for SiPM Quality Assurance testing is to measure the I-V curves of 10% of the 20,000 production SiPMs. This SiPM QA testing procedure has been used previously on a joint NIU/FNAL proton tomography project with a SiPM test facility at NIU. SiPMs for the Fall 2013 FNAL beam test were also tested at this facility. Based on the experience from that facility, a stand-alone test tester has been designed that does not require the additional support infrastructure (power supplies, picoammeter, etc.) that the NIU test stand needs to test the SiPMs.

The QA testing box is a stand-alone tester that will be used to simultaneously apply bias voltages to 32-SiPMs, measure the currents of each SiPM, and send the data off to a PC via a USB connection. The 32 SiPMs are mounted in a reusable waffle-pack fixture, with electrical connections to each surface mount SiPM being made by elastometric ZEBRA connectors. The SiPMs fixture will be placed in a temperature stabilized dark box.

A prototype of the QA tester is being developed and will be used to test the initial 320 SiPMs for radiation damage studies. Modifications to the final production design will come from experience with that prototype tester and dark box. The production tester will be built by Fermilab. NIU is responsible for producing the temperature controlled dark box. Production SiPMs will be tested at NIU with NIU undergraduates. Ten percent of the SiPMs will be QA tested before accepting the production devices.

#### Estimate SiPM Tester jig Labor and M&S

This document summarizes the labor and M&S for fabricating the SiPM tester jig that Fermilab is developing. It does not include the cost for the dark box that NIU is developing. The documentation includes a summary of the labor from the initial development of the prototype SiPM tester jig. Also attached is a parts list for the prototype jig. The total amount for the components is ~\$8k. We assume that this is the cost for the components for the production

#### Labor summary:

Estimate for remaining development work is based on the actuals from the initial development work.

Prototype jig

FNAL Electrical Design Engineer (David Huffman + Mark Kozlovsky) - 100 hours

FNAL Engineering Physicist (Paul Rubinov) - 80 hours

FNAL Electrical Drafter (Nina Moibenko) - 40 hours

FNAL Electrical Technician (Johnny Green) - 8 hours

FNAL Elec Assembly Technician (Paula Lippert) - 24 hours

FNAL Electronics Technician (Merle Watson) - 40 hours

#### Production Jig

FNAL Electrical Design Engineer (David Huffman + Mark Kozlovsky) - 55 hours

FNAL Engineering Physicist (Paul Rubinov) - 40 hours

FNAL Electrical Drafter (Nina Moibenko) - 40 hours

FNAL Electrical Technician (Johnny Green) - 24 hours

FNAL Electrical Assembly Technician (Paula Lippert) - 32 hours

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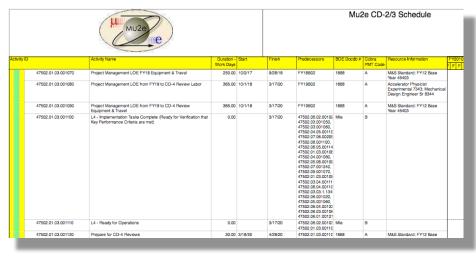
## Listing of catalog prices

SiPM_IVMS parts costs		
Description	cost	Total
		\$7,987.97
ghielectronicsdisplay_req2410.pdf	\$199.90	
newark_SiPM_IVMS_TQ2_req2408.pdf	\$25.50	
digikey_Web ID 50336149 Access ID		
67167_req2402	\$36.00	
advanced metalcraft_IVMSpanels_req2401.pdf	\$174.00	
mcmaster_FHS440_req2397.pdf	\$11.06	
advanced metalcraft_IVMS-brackets-		
panels_req2396.pdf	\$138.00	
advanced metalcraft_IVMS-brackets-		
panels_req2377.pdf	\$894.00	
arrownac_quote_SiPM_IVMS_purchase_req2376.pdf	\$221.99	
mouser_SiPM_IVMS_purchase_req2375.pdf	\$364.17	
Digi-Key_Web ID- 49895085-Access ID-		
17304_req2374.pdf	\$593.72	
newark_SiPM_IVMS_purchase_req2373.pdf	\$625.75	
hammond BUF13-12019M_req2372.pdf	\$147.70	
samtec_connector_req2309.pdf	\$120.80	
newark_80condFlat_req2371.pdf	\$180.00	
coastal_q61718_sipm_ivms_req2358.pdf	\$1,231.50	
Future_sstpad5_req2335.pdf	\$189.00	
PSUI_traco_TEN-5_0511_req2310.pdf	\$93.18	
acopian_PS and sockets_req2329.pdf	\$1,830.00	
newark_enclosure_1402KV_req2320.pdf	\$187.08	
ghi_elect_modules_req2317.pdf	\$619.20	
avnet_connectors_req2311.pdf	\$105.42	



## Resource Loaded Schedule

- Activity based RLS contains
  - 6022 activities
  - 4324 Work Packages
    - 3212 current budget
    - 758 contracted labor/material purchases
    - 354 obligations
  - 74 Control Accounts and 30 CAMs
  - 494 milestones
  - 25 Constraints
    - 8 are completed activities/milestones
    - 8 are Muon Campus milestones
- Estimate Uncertainty is assessed at the activity level.
- Critical Path, Near Critical Path and sub-project Critical Paths all identified.
- Work schedule, obligations, resource profiles are derived from the RLS
- CD-2 date fixed. Other CD dates float.



## Rates and Assumptions

- Schedule trued-up with actuals through end of April, 2014.
- Estimate developed in FY14\$
- One person-year = 1768 hours
  - 52 weeks x 40 hrs/week x 0.85
- Applied burdening rates are based on where work is being done
  - Every Division/Section at Fermilab has different overhead rates.
  - Every Mu2e institution has their own rates.
  - Rates are subject to change.
- Average salary rates are used for each distinct resource
- Escalation rates for M&S, Labor and Construction.



## **Escalation**

	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21
Labor	2.7%	2.8%	3.0%	3.1%	3.3%	3.4%	3.5%
M&S	1.9%	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Civil Construction	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%

- Labor and M&S rates from Fermilab Financial Office.
- Construction rates from Jacobs Engineering.
- Rates subject to change.
- Risk Registry addresses risk that commodities (steel, aluminum, copper, gold) escalate faster than inflation.

7/8/14

# **Estimate Uncertainty**

- Contingency is the combination of estimate uncertainty and risk exposure.
- Estimate Uncertainty Rules for labor and M&S posted on review web site (Mu2e-doc-459)
  - Standard rules, similar (or identical) to those used by NOvA, g-2 LBNE, MicroBooNe, etc.
    - Do not reflect risk.
- Risk was addressed in a quantitative analysis process using a Monte Carlo
  - Similar approach from g-2 and Mu2e
  - Primavera Risk Analysis Tool used to confirm cost and schedule risk analysis.



# Fermilab Estimate Uncertainty Rules

### M&S

Code	Type of Estimate	Contingency %	Description
M&S Guide	<del>'</del>		
M1	Existing Purchase Order	0%-15%	Items that have been completed or obligated. Non-zero contingency may be appropriate in some cases because of potential changes that may occur over the life of the procurement.
M2	Procurements for LOE / Oversight work	0%-20%	M&S items such as travel, software purchases and upgrades, computers, etc. estimated to support LOE efforts and other work activities.
M3	Advanced	10%-20%	Items for which there is a catalog price or recent vendor quote based on a completed or nearly completed design or an existing design with little or no modifications and for which the costs are documented.
M4	Preliminary	20%-40%	Items that can be readily estimated from a reasonably detailed but not completed design; items adapted from existing designs but with moderate modifications, which have documented costs from past projects. A recent vendor survey (e.g., budgetary quote, vendor RFI response) based on a preliminary design belongs here.
M5	Conceptual	40%-60%	Items with a documented conceptual level of design; items adapted from existing designs but with extensive modifications, which have documented costs from past projects
M6	Pre-Conceptual - Common work	60%-80%	Items that do not have a documented conceptual design, but do have documented costs from past projects. Use of this estimate type indicates little confidence in the estimate. Its use should be minimized when completing the final estimate.
M7	Pre-Conceptual - Uncommon work	80%-100%	Items that do not have a documented conceptual design, and have no documented costs from past projects. Its use should be minimized when completing the final estimate.
M8	Beyond state of the art	>100%	Items that do not have a documented conceptual design, and have no documented costs from past projects. Technical requirements are beyond the state of the art.



# Fermilab Estimate Uncertainty Rules

### Labor

Code	Type of Estimate	Contingency %	Description
LABOR Guid	delines		
L1	Actual	0%	Actual costs incurred on activities completed to date.
L2	Level of Effort Tasks	0%-20%	Support type activities that must be done to support other work activities or the entire project effort, where estimated effort is based on the duration of the activities it is supporting.
L3	Advanced	10%-25%	Based on experience with documented identical or nearly identical work. Development of activities, resource requirements, and schedule constraints are highly mature. Technical requirements are very straightforward to achieve.
L4	Preliminary	25%-40%	Based on direct experience with similar work. Development of activities, resource requirements, and schedule constraints are defined at a preliminary (beyond conceptual) design level. Technical requirements are achievable and with some precedent.
L5	Conceptual	40%-60%	Based on expert judgment using some experience as a reference. Development of activities, resource requirements, and schedule constraints are defined at a conceptual level. Technical requirements are moderately challenging.
L6	Pre-conceptual	60%-80%	Based only on expert judgment without similar experience. Development of activities, resource requirements, and schedule constraints are defined at a pre-conceptual level. Technical requirements are moderately challenging.
L7	Rough Estimate	80%-100%	Based only on expert judgment without similar experience. Development of activities, resource requirements, and schedule constraints is largely incomplete. Technical requirements are challenging.
L8	Beyond state of the art	>100%	No experience available for reference. Activities, resource requirements, and schedule constraints are completely undeveloped. Technical requirements are beyond the state of the art.



## **Primary Estimate Sources**

### 1. Project Management

Primarily LOE assigned personnel and experience from other Projects.

### 2. Accelerator

In house expertise and experience. Lessons Learned from NOvA.

### 3. Conventional Construction

In house expertise and experience including recent MC-1 building.

### 4. Solenoids

P.O.s/quotes for cost drivers. In-house experience and engineering estimates for labor.

### 5. Muon Beamline

In-house engineering estimate

### 6. Tracker

 Experience from CDF tracker, ATLAS straws. In-house engineering estimates. COTS parts for electronics.

### 7. Calorimeter

• Experience from KLOE and BaBar. Crystal costs based on vendor quotes and R&D purchases.

### 8. Cosmic Ray Veto

In-house experience with scintillator extrusions (NuMI, T2K, Minerva) and vendor quotes for SiPMs.

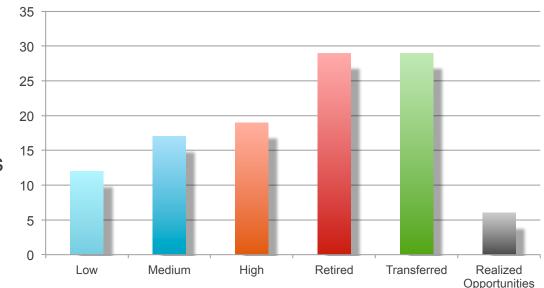
### 9. DAQ

In-house experience and scaling from NOvA actuals.



# **Risk Management**

- Project risks documented in risk registry
- Risks continuously monitored. Living document.
  - Monitor, mitigate and retire risks as part of design and implementation process.
- Actively managing 48 risks
  - 58 retired or transferred
- Since CD-1
  - 29 risks retired
  - 6 opportunities realized at a savings of \$1.7M
  - >\$6M spent to mitigate risks





# **Largest Remaining Risks**

Risk						Post-mitigation						
Risk ID	Risk Form DocDb #	Туре	Title	Date of Risk	Mitigation Cost (Included in baseline)	Probability	Cost	Technical	ES&H	Score	Risk Owner	 estimate ost k\$)
SOL-157	4225	Threat	PS conductor first article does not meet specifications	FY15-FY16	\$ 400,000	М	VH	М	N	40	M. Lamm	\$ 2,000
PM-010	<u>3366</u>	Threat	Unexpected increase in Fermilab overhead rates	FY14-FY19		М	VH	N	N	40	Ron Ray	\$ 1,000
CAL-108	<u>3347</u>	Threat		FY14-FY19		М	VH	Н	N	40	R. Ray	\$ 1,000
ACCEL-151	<u>3833</u>	Threat	, -	FY14-FY17	\$ 100,000	L	VH	М	N	24	M.Campbell, R.Coleman	\$ 3,300
CONST-050	<u>3352</u>	Threat		FY14		L	VH	N	N	24	T. Lackowski	\$ 1,200
MUON-138	<u>3360</u>	Threat	Detector installation takes longer than expected.	FY19		М	Н	N	N	24	G. Ginther	\$ 400
PM-154	<u>3845</u>	Threat	Commodity prices escalate faster than inflation	FY15-FY17		L	VH	N	N	24	Ron Ray	\$ 1,024
SOL-066	<u>3367</u>	Threat		FY18-FY20	\$ 20,000	М	VH	N	N	24	M. Lamm	\$ 1,384
SOL-070	<u>3368</u>	Threat	** * * * *	FY14-FY19		L	VH	N	N	24	M. Lamm	\$ 1,000
SOL-080	<u>3372</u>	Threat		FY18-FY20	\$ 50,000	L	VH	N	N	24	M. Lamm	\$ 2,000
SOL-148	3837	Threat	Production Solenoid must be installed through PS hatch using a large rented crane.	FY18-19		М	н	N	N	24	T. Page	\$ 300
TRIG-128	3393	Threat	Insufficient manpower for DAQ software.	FY14-FY19		М	Н	N	N	24	M. Bowden	\$ 500
VETO-164	<u>4258</u>	Threat	More CRV coverage is needed.	FY14-FY15		Н	VL	N	N	24	C. Dukes	\$ 60





# **Risk Management**

 High and Medium Risks have detailed individual risk forms describing the risk and mitigation strategies.

	M. Lamo	a		Risk Ov	vner:	M. Lam	<u>m</u>	
Risk ID:	SOL-066			Risk Ty	pe:	THREAT	r	
Date:	1/14/14			Date re	vised:			
Risk Title: (	ritical pati	n delayed du	e to long solenoi	d schedule delay.				
project sche steps or ade	dule. Ther quate dur k Cause: 1	e are many pations in the	ootential sources schedule, commi	ath, so any delay to of delay including ssioning problems ilties or overly agg	technica , etc.	al difficult	ies, failure to inclu	ide all of the
Project by a	equivale d: 475.04	nt amount. T	are the critical p his leads to a cos 3, 475.04.04	ath for the Project t increase.	so a de	lay to the	solenoid system (	delays the entir
(when avail from schedu	Actual Start Date (when available from schedule)  FY18  Actual Finish Date (when available from schedule)  FY20							
Initial Risk Analysis — (description of selection of impacts and probability, text length commensurate with risk complexity): The solenoids are complex devices. There are many opportunities for schedule delays associated with their fabrication. The probability of a long schedule delay, on the order of a year, is moderate. Because the solenoids are on the critical path, a delay could delay the overall project. The length of such a delay is unknown but could be as long as a year.								
the critical year.			scores selected	from Mu2e Risk N	anagen			Tables 1 and 2
the critical year.	Probability S (Decry 3 m VL) pro		If HIGH SCHEDULE IMPACT, Upper Bound of Current Schedule Impact (Days)	from Mu2e Risk N Initial Cost Impact (VH,H,M,V,VL)	If HIG IMI Upper of C	PACT, r Bound urrent impact (\$)	Initial Scope Impact (VH,H,M,L,VL)	Tables 1 and 2 Initial ES&H and Quality Impact (VH,H,M,L,VL

Base Plan Mitigation Cost (\$)			Base Plan Mitigation Cost Uncertainty (\$)				Start and Finish Dates or Description of Current Mitigation Plan Duration				
\$20k for s											
New Mitigati Response Type (Accept, Reduce Transfer)	New	ew or Additional Mitigation			Sched the mi 3 mi	Measures Description: None  Schedule impact of undertaking the mitigation plan – delays Level 3 milestone or project critical path (Days) Lower Bound Upper Bound			Probability of plan failing to achieve expected mitigation (H,MH,ML,L)		
Accept											
Residual/Currer	nt Risk Prol	ability	and Impa	ct Scor	es:						
Residual Schedule Impact Current (Delays Level 3 milestone or project critical path (Dyk), M. M. L. VL)		ule ct .evel ne or ritical ays)	Upper Bound		Imp	al Cost pact M, L,VL)	Upper Bound		Residual Scope Impact (VH,H,M, L,VL)		Residual ES&H and Quality Impact (VH,H,M, L,VL)
М	н		12 months		٧	VH :		M N			N
Additional Notes:  Point estimate (cost k\$) (schedu							EXPECTATION VALUE IN k\$			EXPECTATION VALUE IN Days	
\$4000k 12		L2 moi	onths		50%	50%		\$2000k		6 months	



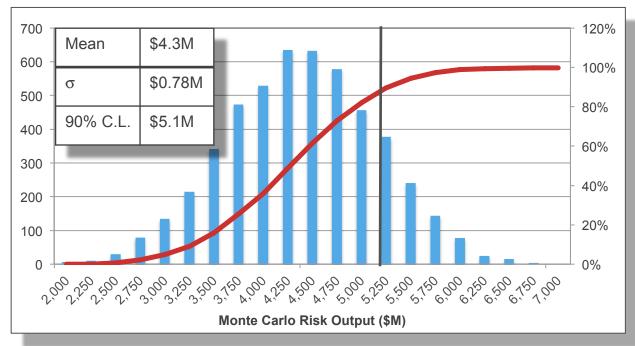


# **Risk Analysis**

- Monte Carlo performed on Risk Register to determine cost at 90% C.L.
- Schedule risks included and costed in analysis
  - Cost associated with schedule risks determined using PRA

 PRA analysis of overall schedule risk consistent with 24 months of float added to end of schedule.

Project Office costed for 24 months of float.



L2	90% C.L. Risk
Project Management	\$1208
Accelerator	\$982
Conventional Construction	(\$510)
Solenoids	\$1196
Muon Beamline	\$499
Tracker	\$651
Calorimeter	\$523
Cosmic Ray Veto	\$323
DAQ	\$273
Total	\$5145

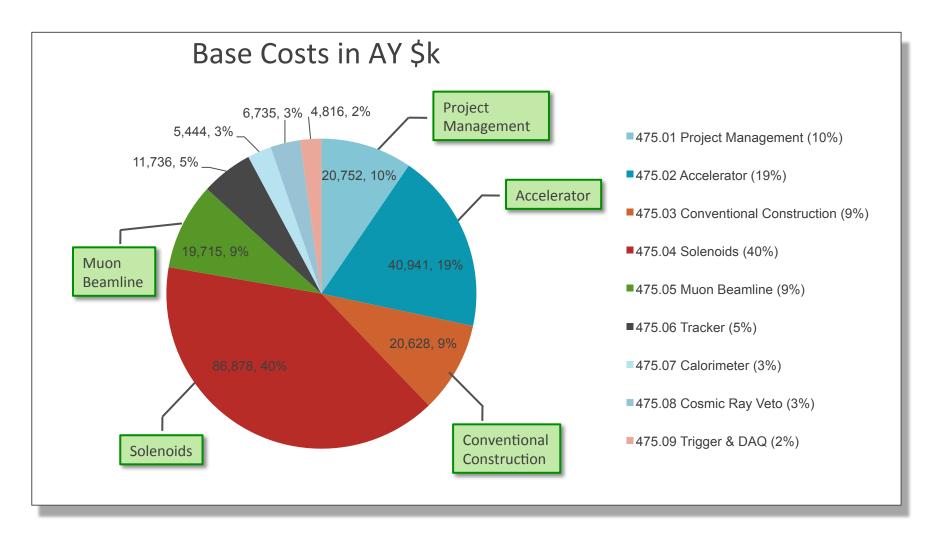
# **Total Project Cost**

(Values in AY \$k)	Performed	ETC	Contingency EU + Risk	% Cont on ETC	Total
Project Management	8,458	12,294	2,071	17%	22,823
Accelerator	10,315	30,627	9,726	32%	50,668
Conventional Construction	2,274	18,354	3,183	17%	23,811
Solenoids	15,285	71,593	23,208	32%	110,086
Muon Beamline	4,039	15,676	5,993	38%	25,708
Tracker	2,610	9,126	3,912	43%	15,648
Calorimeter	164	5,280	1,898	36%	7,342
Cosmic Ray Veto	1,262	5,472	1,955	36%	8,690
Trigger & DAQ	1,506	3,310	1,243	38%	6,059
Total	45,913	171,733	53,190	31%	270,836





## **Cost Breakdown by L2**







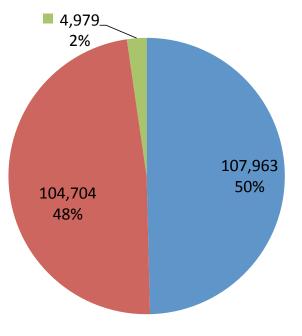
## **Cost Breakdown**

#### **Resource Type: Base Cost (AY k\$)**

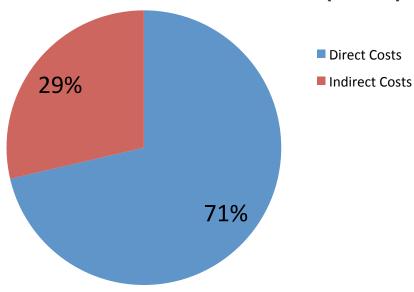
Fermilab Labor

Procured Labor

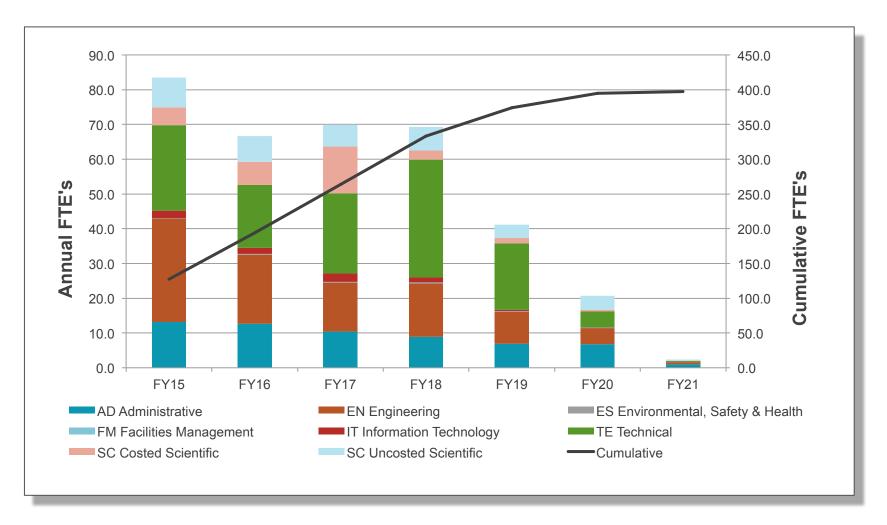
Materials and Services



#### **Direct vs. Indirect: Base Cost (AY k\$)**



### **Labor Resources**

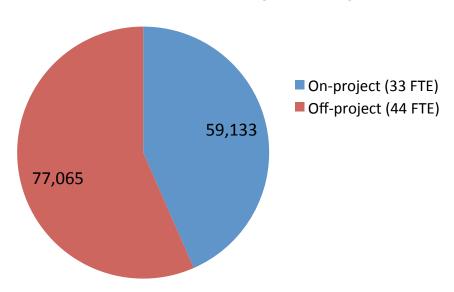






## **Scientists**

#### **Scientific Labor (Hours)**



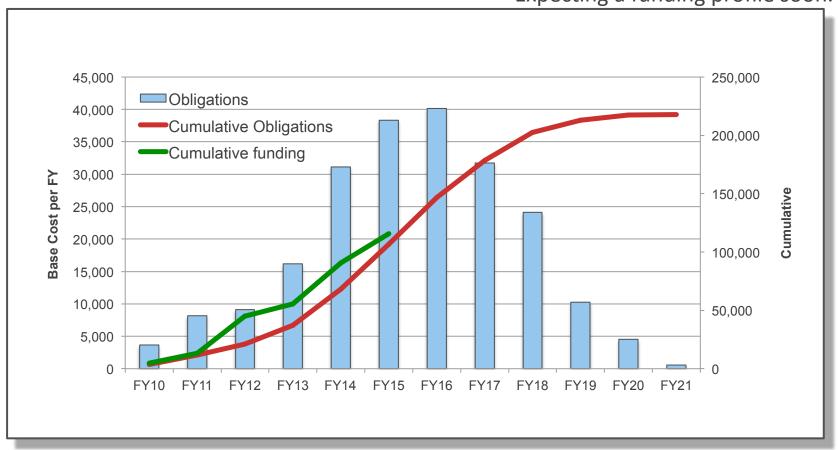
- \$13.7M Total for on-project scientists from project inception.
- Uncosted scientists are included in RLS if they are required to satisfy CD-4
  - L3 or L4 managers
  - Simulations needed for design.

See Doug Glenzinski's Management breakout talk for more details



# **Obligation and Funding Profile**

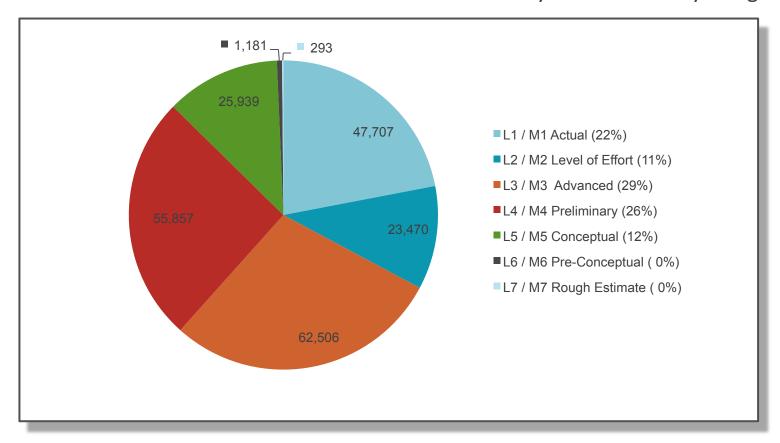
Expecting a funding profile soon.





## **Quality of Estimate**

#### 88% of cost at or beyond Preliminary design



## **Degree of Project Definition**

- No unique definition
- Based on DOE Cost Estimating Guide we have a Class 2 estimate with engineering that is 30 - 70% complete.
  - "Class 2 estimates are generally prepared to form a detailed contractor control baseline against which all Project work is monitored."
- We looked at the number of performed design hours (engineers, designers, drafters, scientists) compared to the entire design process.
  - Design is not necessarily a linear process.
  - Based on this metric, the design process is 56% complete.

L2	Project Definition
Accelerator	55%
Conventional Construction	100%
Solenoids	55%
Muon Beamline	40%
Tracker	40%
Calorimeter	40%
Cosmic Ray Veto	55%
DAQ	60%
Total	56%



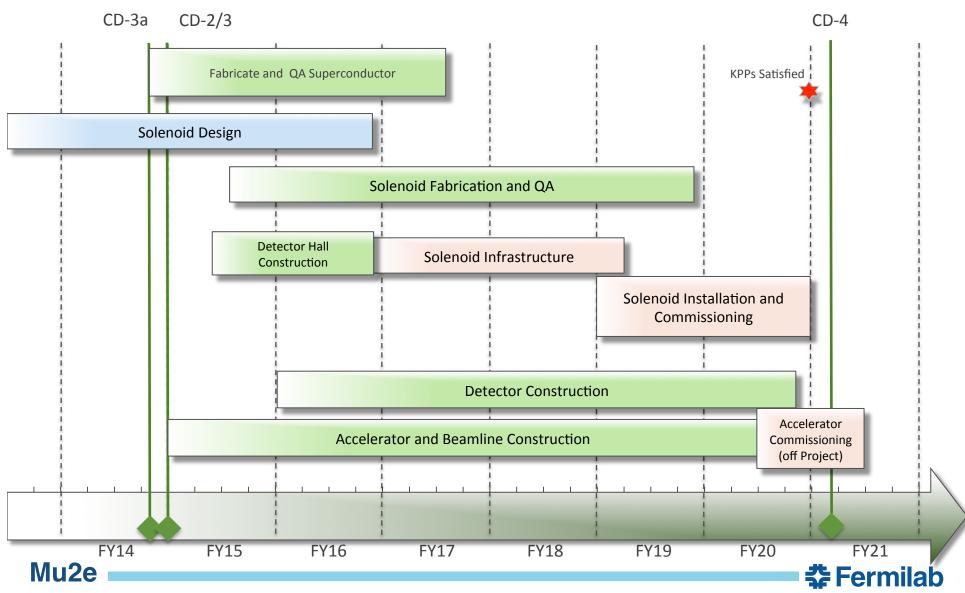
## **CD Milestones**

Major Milestone Events	Preliminary Schedule
CD-0 (Approve Mission Need)	1st Qtr, FY10 (A)
CD-1 (Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range)	4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr, FY12 (A)
CD-3a (Approve Start of Long-lead Procurement)	4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr, FY14
CD-2 (Approve Performance Baseline)	4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr, FY14
CD-3 for Detector Hall	4th Qtr, FY14
CD-3 Mini Reviews	FY15 – FY17
Key Performance Parameters Satisfied	1st Qtr, FY21
CD-4 (Includes 24 months of programmatic float)	1 <sup>st</sup> Qtr, FY23

- CD-2 date fixed in schedule. Other CD dates float and are determined by predecessors.
- CD date is defined as official sign-off.

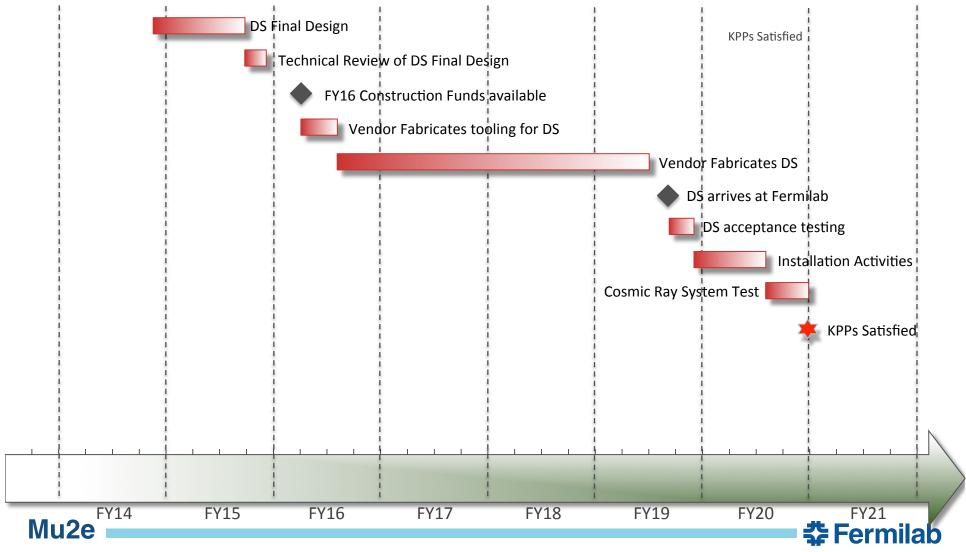


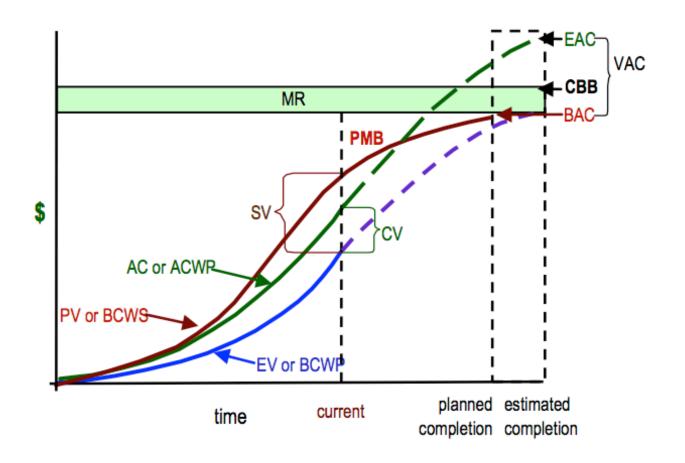
## **Schedule**



## **Critical Path**

Detailed Gantt Chart of critical path posted on Review web page



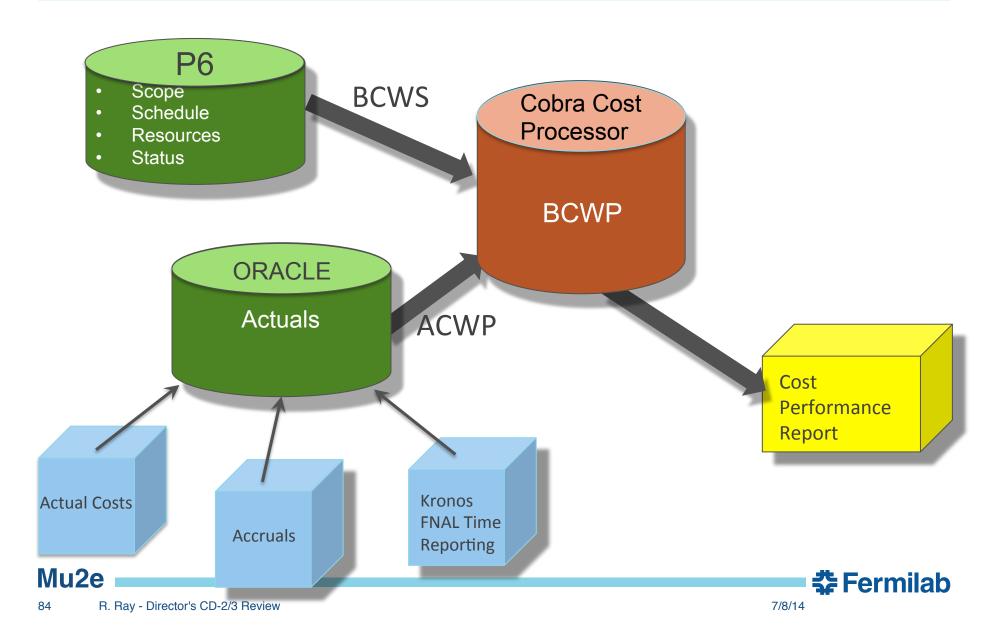


**EVMS** 





# **Monthly Reporting**



### **EVMS**

- Have been statusing the schedule since January
- Most statusing is done face-to-face between CAM and Project Controls leads.
- Baseline was frozen 2 weeks ago.
- Cost and schedule trued up to actuals through April.
- Cost Performance Reports generated for April and May and included in Monthly Reports (available from Review web page)
  - Will generate June before DOE Review.
- Not as far along on this as we would like but our P6 schedule is fully EVMS compliant, the tools and procedures are in place and we will have a full ramp-up prior to the DOE Review.



# **EVMS – May Report by L2**

Report: Mu2e\_Earned Value - Project Stoplight metrics

Project: Mu2e - Mu2e
Status Date: 05/31/2014

#### Mu2e May 31, 2014

,,																
Currency in: \$K	Current Period					Cumulative to Date										
Work Package.WBS (2)	Budget	Earned	Actuals	SV (\$)	SV (%)	CV (\$)	CV (%)	Budget	Earned	Actuals	SV (\$)	SV (%)	CV (\$)	CV (%)	SPI	CPI
475.01 Project Management	217	217	205	0	0%	12	6%	8,676	8,676	8,663	0	0%	12	0%	1.00	1.00
475.02 Accelerator	563	351	337	(212)	-38%	14	4%	10,608	10,396	10,382	(212)	-2%	14	0%	0.98	1.00
475.03 Conventional Construction	97	68	38	(29)	-30%	30	44%	2,371	2,341	2,312	(29)	-1%	30	1%	0.99	1.01
475.04 Solenoids	611	520	542	(92)	-15%	(22)	-4%	15,434	15,342	15,365	(92)	-1%	(22)	0%	0.99	1.00
475.05 Muon Beamline	259	109	106	(150)	-58%	3	3%	4,177	4,028	4,025	(150)	-4%	3	0%	0.96	1.00
475.06 Tracker	95	16	184	(79)	-83%	(168)	-1061%	2,703	2,624	2,792	(79)	-3%	(168)	-6%	0.97	0.94
475.07 Calorimeter	54	174	70	120	221%	104	60%	189	309	205	120	63%	104	34%	1.63	1.51
475.08 Cosmic Ray Veto	223	57	74	(166)	-74%	(17)	-30%	1,457	1,292	1,309	(166)	-11%	(17)	-1%	0.89	0.99
475.09 Trigger & DAQ	95	76	76	(19)	-20%	1	1%	1,602	1,583	1,582	(19)	-1%	1	0%	0.99	1.00
Total	2,214	1,587	1,631	(627)	-28%	(44)	-3%	47,218	46,591	46,635	(627)	-1%	(44)	0%	0.99	1.00
Management Reserve																
TAB																

At Comp						
BAC	EAC	VAC	% Spent	% Complete		
20,752	20,744	8	42%	42%		
40,941	40,848	93	25%	25%		
20,628	20,598	30	11%	11%		
86,878	87,057	(179)	18%	18%		
19,715	19,681	34	20%	20%		
11,736	11,901	(165)	23%	22%		
5,444	5,464	(20)	4%	6%		
6,735	6,635	99	20%	19%		
4,816	4,796	20	33%	33%		
217,645	217,726	(81)	21%	21%		
0	0					
217,645	217,726					







CD-2/	APPROVE PERFORMANCE BASELINE	SC-2		
	Approve updated Acquisition Strategy if changes are major	SC-1 with SC-28 concurrence		
	Establish a Performance Baseline (PB)	FPD		
	Approve updated PEP	SC-2		
	Prepare a Baseline Fund. Profile & reflect in budget docs. & PEP. Consider full funding if TPC < \$50M	SC-2		
	Approval of Long-Lead Procurement	SC-2		
	Develop Project Management Plan, if applicable	N/A		
	Complete Preliminary Design	Project		
z	Incorporate High Perf. & Sustainable Bldg. & Sustainable Environmental Stewardship	Project		
SIGN	Conduct a Preliminary Design Review	Team external to project		
	Complete Preliminary Design Report	Project		
IAR	Perform Baseline Validation Review	ICE by OECM with OPA		
LIMI	Conduct a Project Definition Rating Index analysis as part of an EIR	N/A		
PRIOR TO CD-2PRELIMINARY DESIGN	Conduct a Technical Readiness Assessment & develop a Technical Maturation Plan	N/A		
.D-2-	Employ an EVMS compliant with ANSI/EIA-748A, or as defined in the contract	Contractor		
T0 0	Prepare a Hazard Analysis Report	Site Office or Lab		
IOR	Continue with Quality Assurance Program	Site Office or Lab		
<b>P</b>	Conduct Preliminary Security Vulnerability Assessment, if necessary	Site Office or Lab		
	Issue Final NEPA determination (i.e., FONSI)	SC-1 or Site Office		
	Update budget documents and Exhibit 300 if applicable	SC-AD		

http://science.energy.gov/~/media/opa/pdf/processes-and-proceduresProject\_Decision\_Matrix\_11\_2010\_n.pdf



- Acquisition Strategy
  - Document complete and signed (Mu2e-doc-1074)
- Establish a Performance Baseline
  - Cost, schedule scope defined. Need a funding profile followed by resource leveling
- Approve Updated PEP
  - Updated draft exists (Mu2e-doc-1172)
- Approval of Long-Lead Procurement
  - CD-3a ESAAB scheduled for July 10
- Complete Preliminary Design
  - Design documented in TDR (Mu2e-doc-4299)
- Incorporate High Performance & Sustainable Environmental Stewardship
  - Comply with DOE Guiding Principles (Mu2e-doc-2005)
  - High Performance and Sustainability Checklist (Mu2e-doc-2081)
- Conduct a Preliminary Design Review





- Complete Preliminary Design Report
  - TDR (Mu2e-doc-4299)
- Perform Baseline Validation Review
  - ICE/ICR scheduled for July 22-24
- Employ an EVM System
  - Tools and processes in place. Reports for April and May generated. Schedule being statused. Actuals brought into schedule.
- Prepare a Hazard Analysis Report
  - Mu2e-doc-4229 See D. Hahn's Management breakout talk.
- Continue with QA Program
  - Rigorous QA program for solenoid conductor in place and serves as an example for the rest of the Project.
- Conduct Preliminary Security Vulnerability Assessment
  - Mu2e-doc-676. Theft, vandalism, computer security are the primary issues.
- Issue Final NEPA determination
  - Categorical Exclusion obtained in June, 2012 (Mu2e-doc-2274).



## **Additional Requirements for CD-3**

CD-3	APPROVE START OF CONSTRUCTION	SC-2
	Approve updated CD-2 Project Documentation (PEP, AS, PDS, etc) if major changes	Reviewed by SC-28 Approved by SC-2
	Complete Final Design	Project
	Incorporate High Performance & Sustainable Bldg. & Sustainable Env. Stewardship	Project
	Conduct a Final Design Review	Team external to project
	Complete Final Design Report	Project
SIGN	Employ a certified EVMS compliant with ANSI/EIA-748A, or as defined in the contract	Certified by SC-28
. DE	Execution Readiness Review	ICE by OECM if warranted o
PRIOR TO CD-3FINAL DESIGN	Conduct a Technology Readiness Assessment, where significant CTE modification occurs	N/A
-3F	Update the Hazard Analysis Report	Site Office or Lab
0 C	Prepare Construction Project Safety and Health Plan	Site Office or Lab
JR T	Update the Quality Assurance Program	Site Office or Lab
PRIC	Finalize the Security Vulnerability Assessment Report, if necessary	Site Office or Lab

#### Complete a Final Design

- 100% designs completed for
  - Mu2e building (see Tom's talk)
  - Accelerator Instrumentation and Controls (see Steve's talk)
  - Radiation Safety (see Steve's talk)
  - Delivery Ring RF (see Steve's talk)





## **Summary**

- Mu2e target sensitivity has great discovery potential, directly addresses one of the P5 physics drivers and is complementary to present/future collider programs.
- Technical design is at or beyond the Preliminary design stage for vast majority of components.
- Comprehensive RLS has been constructed consistent with Fermilab standards including the certified EVM System.
- We are ready for CD-2!
- The Detector Hall is ready for CD-3!