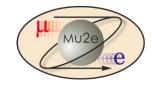


## Mu2e Tracker

Aseet Mukherjee Tracker L2 Manager 21 Oct 14

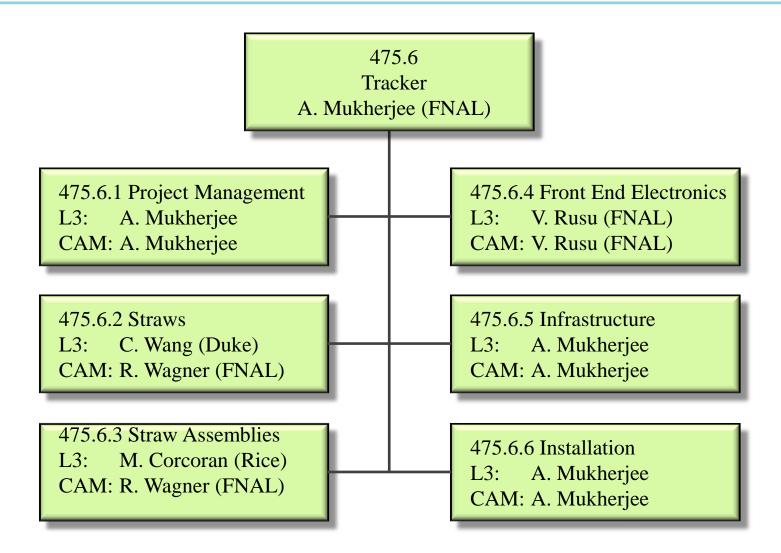


#### **Tracker Team**

- Aseet Mukherjee L2 Manager
  - Started work at Fermilab in 1986 working on CDF's Run-I tracker (CTC), a ~3m × 3m cylindrical drift chamber.
  - Co-leader with Bob Wagner for construction of CDF's Run-II tracker (COT), a ~3m × 3m cylindrical drift chamber.
  - Worked on pattern recognition and fitting software for CTC; slow controls, calibration, monitoring, and maintenance for both trackers.
- Bob Wagner Deputy Manager
  - Worked on design and construction of CTC
  - Co-leader for construction of COT.
  - Leader for construction of vertex drift chamber (VTX) for CDF Run-I
  - Worked on calibration, monitoring, and maintenance of all three drift chambers.



## **Organization**







# Requirements

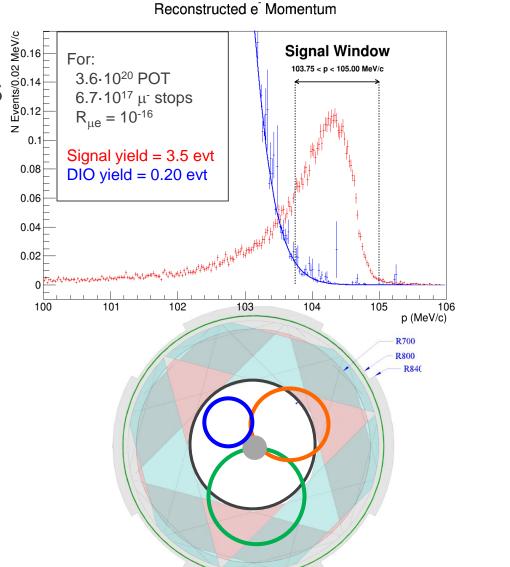
	Mu2e Document
Science Driven Requirements	4381
Requirements for the mu2e Tracker Front End Electronics	3879
Tracker Requirements Document	732





## Requirements

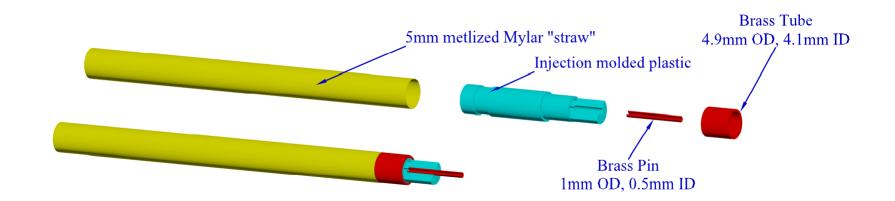
- Blind to low energy background electrons
- Adequate resolution
- Efficient for signal
- r<380mm</li>"No" mass (vacuum)
- 380<r<700mm</li>
   Low mass detector
- r>700mm
   Support structure



. ermilab

## **Straw Tubes: 475.06.02**

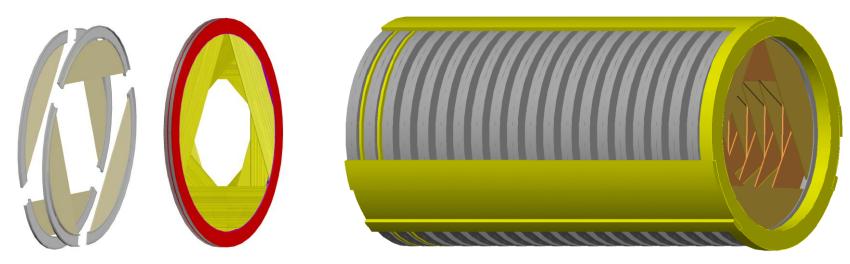
\$1,697K



- L3: C. Wang (Duke)
   CAM: R. Wagner (FNAL)
- 5 mm OD metalized Mylar® straws, 15µm wall
  - Mylar for higher yield and modulus (compared to Kapton)
  - Aluminum on inner and outer surface
  - Gold on inner surface
- 25 µm gold plated tungsten sense wire





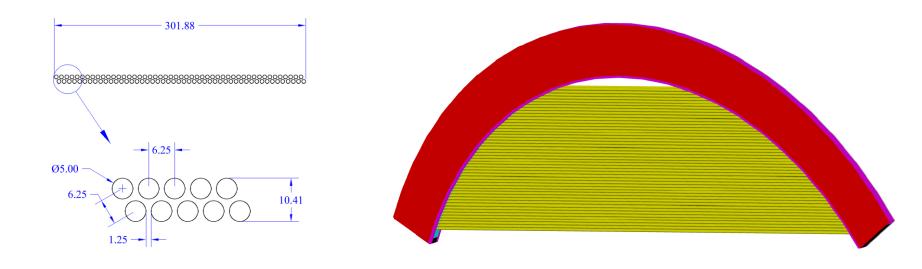


- L3: M. Corcoran (Rice) CAM: R. Wagner (FNAL)
- 96 straws form a panel (120° arc)
- 6 panels form a self supporting ring called a plane
- Two planes, with a small gap, form a station
   12 rotations, pattern set to optimize stereo reconstruction
- 18 stations form the tracker





#### **Panel**



- 96 straws of varying length form a panel
  - Staggered pattern to improve efficiency and resolve left/right ambiguity
  - Gap between straws to allow for expansion when operating in vacuum
- Panel frame encloses front end electronics





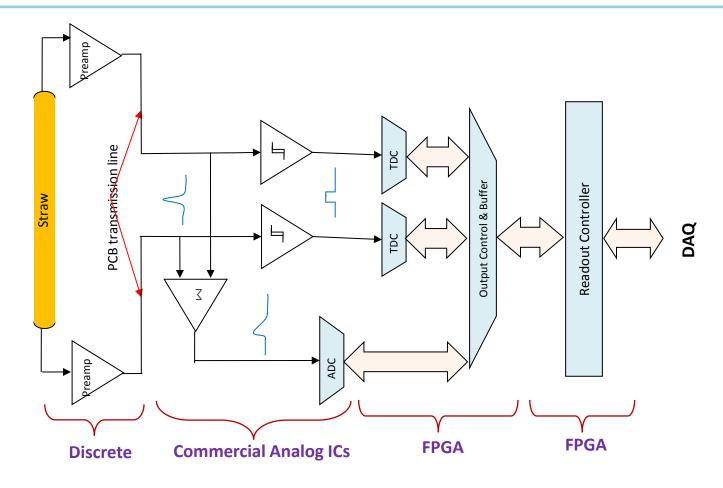
#### **Gas Manifold**

- Changed since CD1 (was all metal)
- 3D printed plastic with holes for straws: cyan. 2 pieces
- Stainless steel reinforcement: magenta. 3 pieces



## Front End Electronics: 475.06.04

\$2,910k

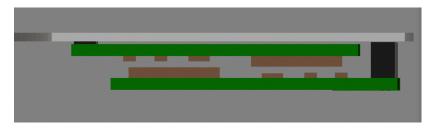


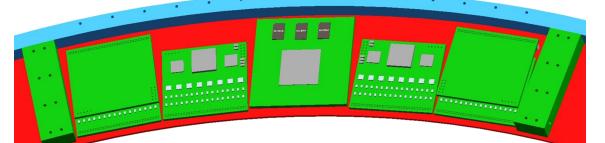
L3 & CAM: V. Rusu (FNAL)



## **Digitizers**

Digitizers and ROC (inner ring suppressed)





Edge view of digitizer boards with overlapping

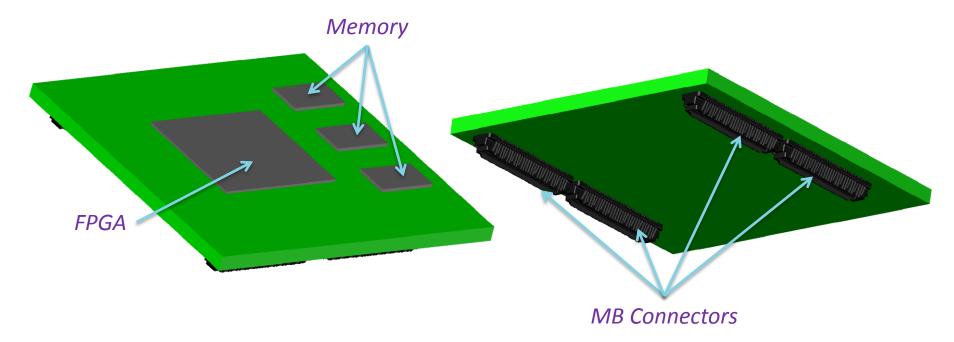
- Change since CD1: All commercial, off the shelf parts
- Tight fit, but it does fit
- Design complete (subject to value engineering as new parts become available)
- Quotes for parts, boards, assembly





#### Readout Controller

- Work is being done by Fermilab and U. of Houston
- Preliminary designs exist.
  - 1st iteration: Over-size boards with many test features
  - Next iteration: Reduce size. Conceptual layout exists



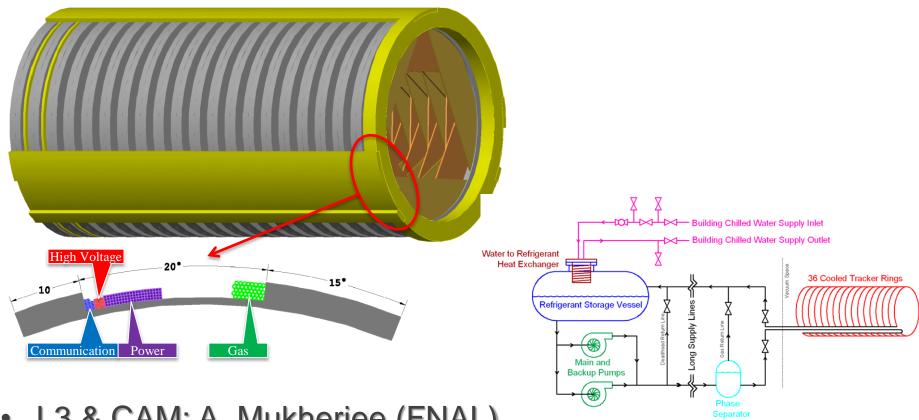


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## Infrastructure: 475.06.05

\$1,293K



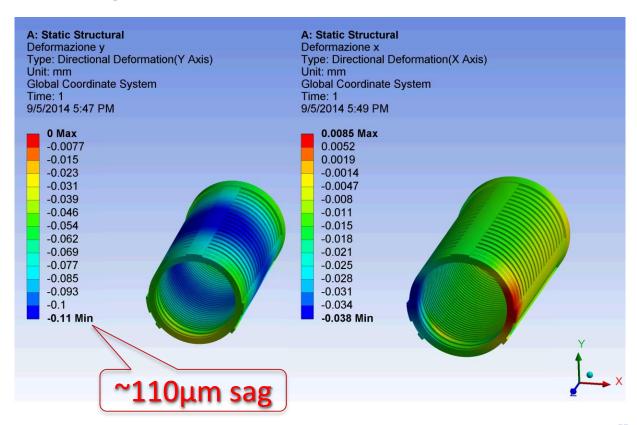
- L3 & CAM: A. Mukherjee (FNAL)
- Utilities run along support beams
- Cooling runs around each plane





## **Support Structure**

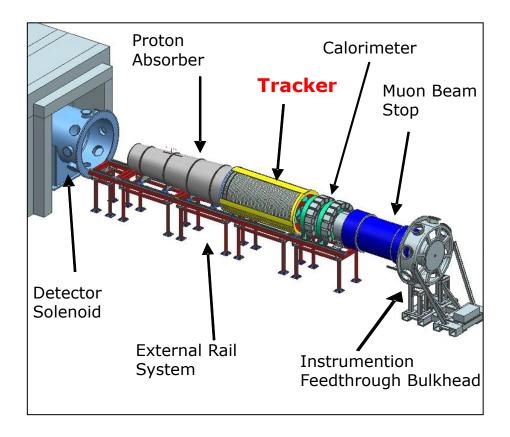
- Preliminary design complete
- All aluminum gives acceptable deflection (were considering stainless steel at CD1)







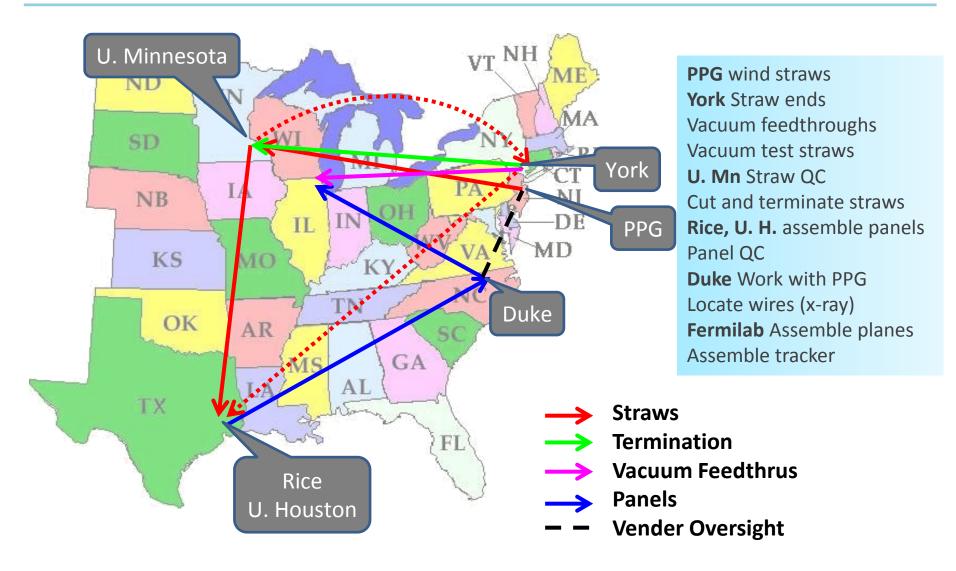
- L3 & CAM: A. Mukherjee (FNAL)
- Work with muon beamline (475.05) to install detector on rails
- Post-installation optical survey
- Route cables through DS
- Test connections







#### **Parts Flow**







## **Improvements Since CD-1**

- Composite gas manifold using 3D printing technology
  - Lower cost than drilling holes in metal
  - Insulating... don't need to add Kapton sleeves
  - Special features can be added at no added cost
    - Simplify preamp connection
    - Build in epoxy application features
- Digitizers with all off-the-shelf parts
- All-aluminum support structure
- More details in breakout talks



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## **Integration and Interfaces**

- External Interfaces
  - Muon Beamline

Calorimeter

Conventional Construction

DAQ

- Internal Interfaces
  - Straws ← FEE, Straw Assemblies
  - FEE, Straw Assemblies ↔ Infrastructure
  - Straw Assemblies, Infrastructure ↔ Installation
- Documented in docdb-1562 and 3545
- Participation in bi-weekly integration meetings
- Formal sign-off between owners of all external interfaces as part of final design requirements
- Interfaces understood and under control.

## **Quality Assurance**

- Straw material tested by supplier for conductivity and adhesion of metal to Mylar<sup>®</sup>
- 100% testing of straws for leak rate and electrical conductivity before being assembled into panels
- Tension measurement of straws and wires during panel assembly and before panels are assembled into planes
- X-ray scan of wire positions within panel
- Vacuum testing of panels before assembly into planes
- Work in progress on database, bar coding, etc.



## **Risks and Opportunities**

- 10 current risks in risk registry
  - 8 threats, all mitigated to the extent possible
    - 2 Very Low probability
    - 4 Low probability
    - 2 Medium probability
  - 2 opportunities
    - 1 Medium probability
    - 1 High probability
- Detailed mitigation plans documented and linked from Risk Register (docdb-4320)
- All risks understood and under control



#### ES&H

- X-ray machine at Duke
  - Procedures in place from ATLAS TRT construction
- Gas (Ar:CO2) is non-flammable and non-toxic. Tracker volume less than one compressed gas cylinder.
- Radioactive sources are widely used at Fermilab. All applicable saftey rules will be followed.
- High voltage is moderate by Fermilab standards:
   1500V, <1mA and ~10mJ stored energy on any one line</li>
- Power is from 48V supplies which have passive (limited capacity) and active (monitor and trip) current limit
- No unusual toxic or hazardous materials used
  - Extensive experience with epoxy at all participating institutions





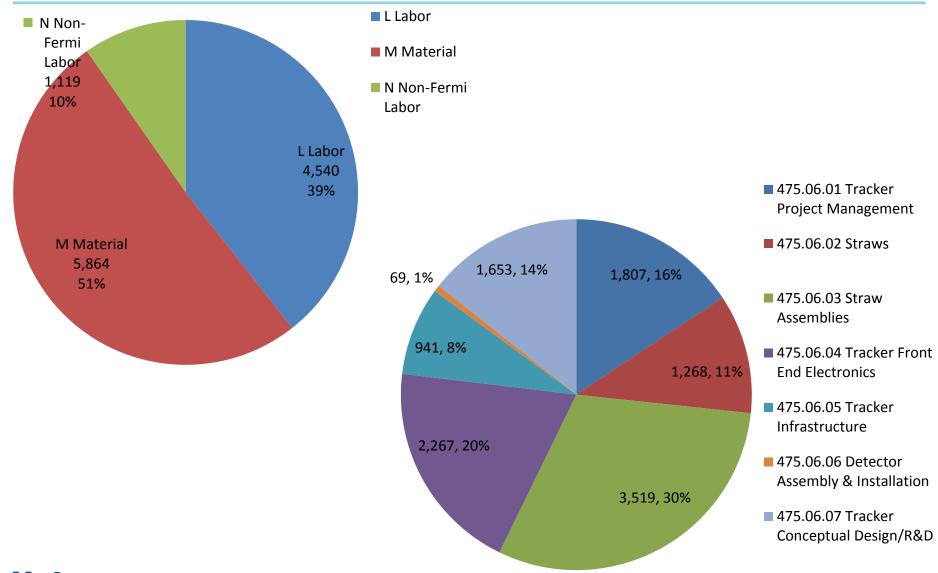
## **Cost Table**

	Base Cost (AY K\$)			Estimate Uncertainty	%	
	M&S	Labor	Total	(on remaining costs)	Contingency on ETC	Total Cost
475.06 Tracker						
475.06.01 Tracker Project Management	28	1,779	1,807	250	20%	2,057
475.06.02 Straws	1,200	69	1,268	429	38%	1,697
475.06.03 Straw Assemblies	2,708	811	3,519	1,493	47%	5,012
475.06.04 Tracker Front End Electronics	1,676	591	2,267	643	32%	2,910
475.06.05 Tracker Infrastructure	374	567	941	352	38%	1,293
475.06.06 Detector Assembly & Installation		70	69	37	53%	106
475.06.07 Tracker Conceptual Design/R&D	999	654	1,653			1,653
475.06.99 Risk Based Contingency				556	-	556
Grand Total	6,983	4,540	11,523	3,760	44%	15,283

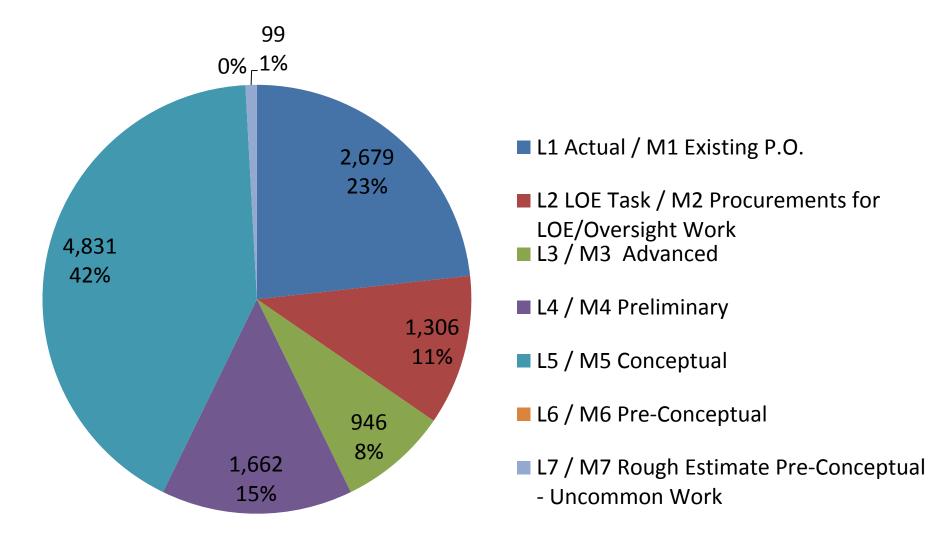


#### **Cost Breakdown**

#### Base Cost AY K\$



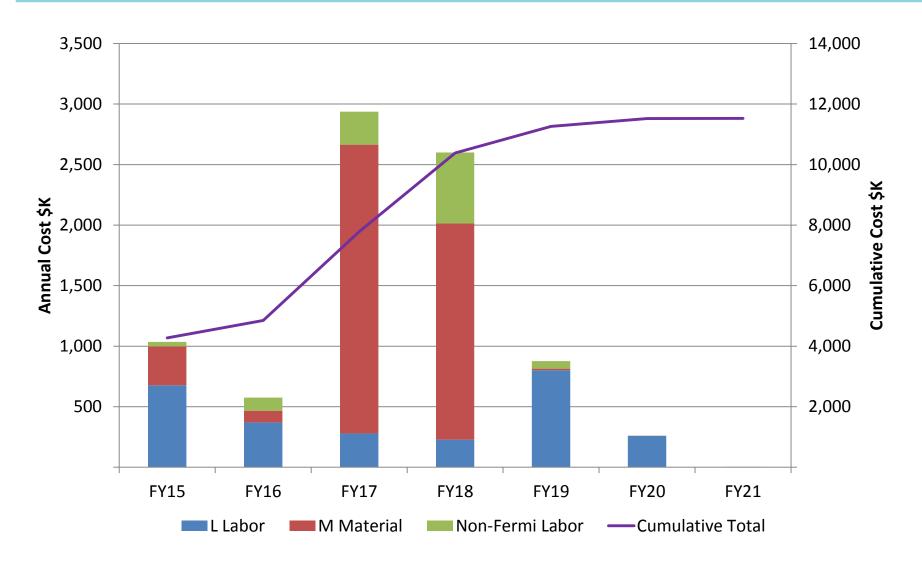
## **Quality of Estimate**



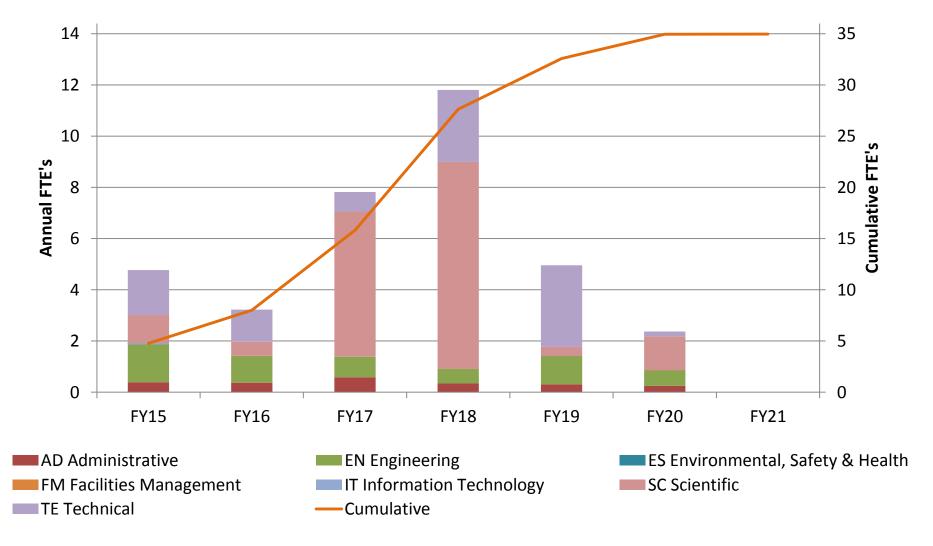




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#### **Milestones**

#### L4 and L5 with corrections that were not noticed in time for this review

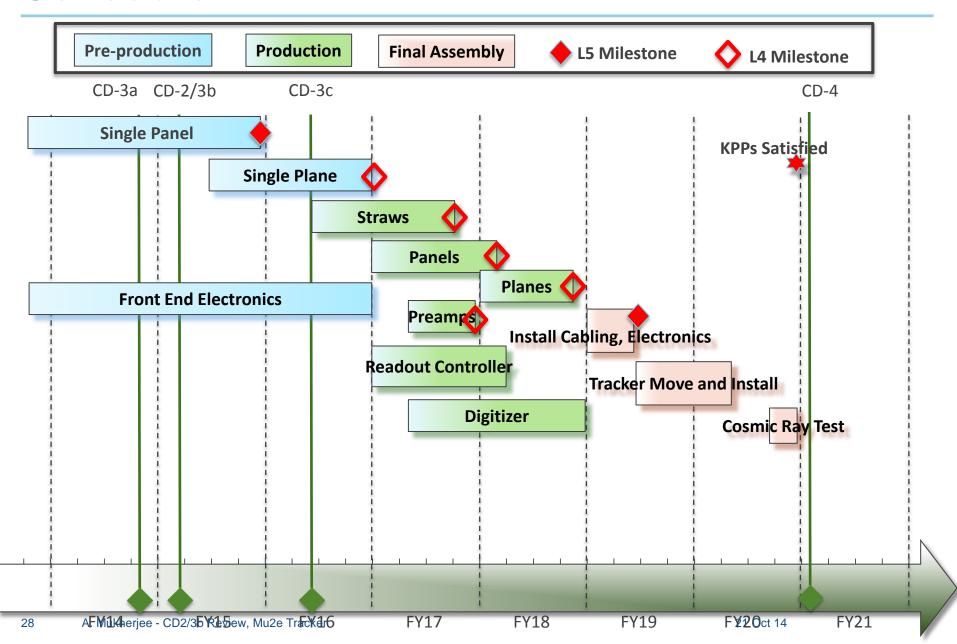
```
7/20/15 Single Panel Prototype Evaluation Complete (formerly said "Plane")
 10/1/16 Single Plane Prototype Evaluation Complete
  6/5/17 Production Straws ready for assembly
 6/13/17 LV power supplies received
 7/13/17 Production preamps tested
10/30/17 All panels complete and tested
 5/23/18 Straw Assemblies Complete
  7/6/18 LV System installed
 7/20/18 Cooling system installed and tested
 7/24/18 Gas System Installed and Tested
 8/31/18 HV system installed
 2/25/19 Electronic Installation Complete
 2/25/19 Implementation Tasks Complete
         (Ready for Verification that Key Performance Criteria are met)
4/10/20 Ready for Cosmic Ray Test
```



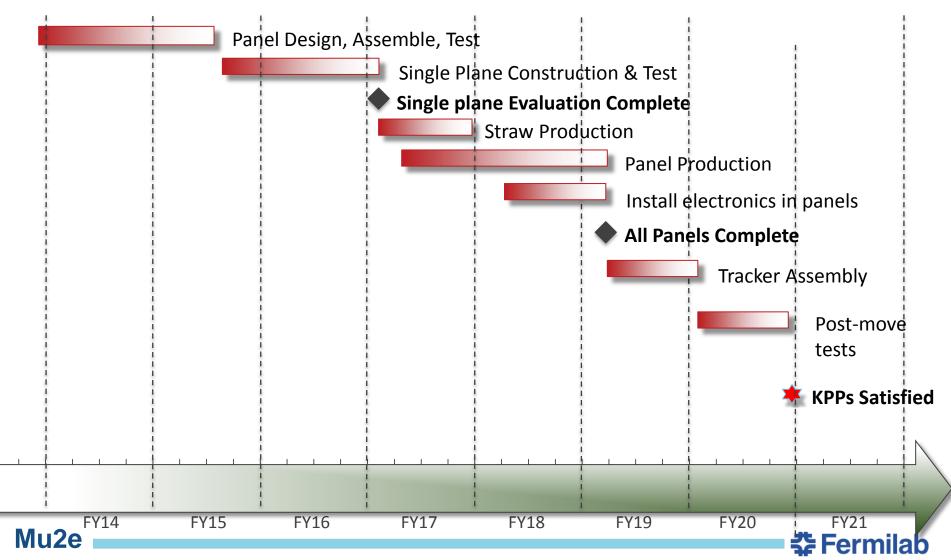


10/15/20 Ready for Operations

#### **Schedule**



#### **Critical Path**



## **Summary**

- Design satisfies requirements: resolution, efficiency, and reliability
- Cost estimates complete
  - 99% is at Conceptual or higher
  - 57% is at Preliminary or higher
  - Risks are understood and mitigated to the extent possible
- Interfaces have been identified and defined
- Needed resources identified, within Fermilab and from collaborating institutions
- ES&H incorporated into the plans

**Tracker is ready for CD-2** 

