



---

Managed by Fermi Research Alliance, LLC for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Science

---

# Detector R&D in Astrophysics

Juan Estrada

Institutional Review

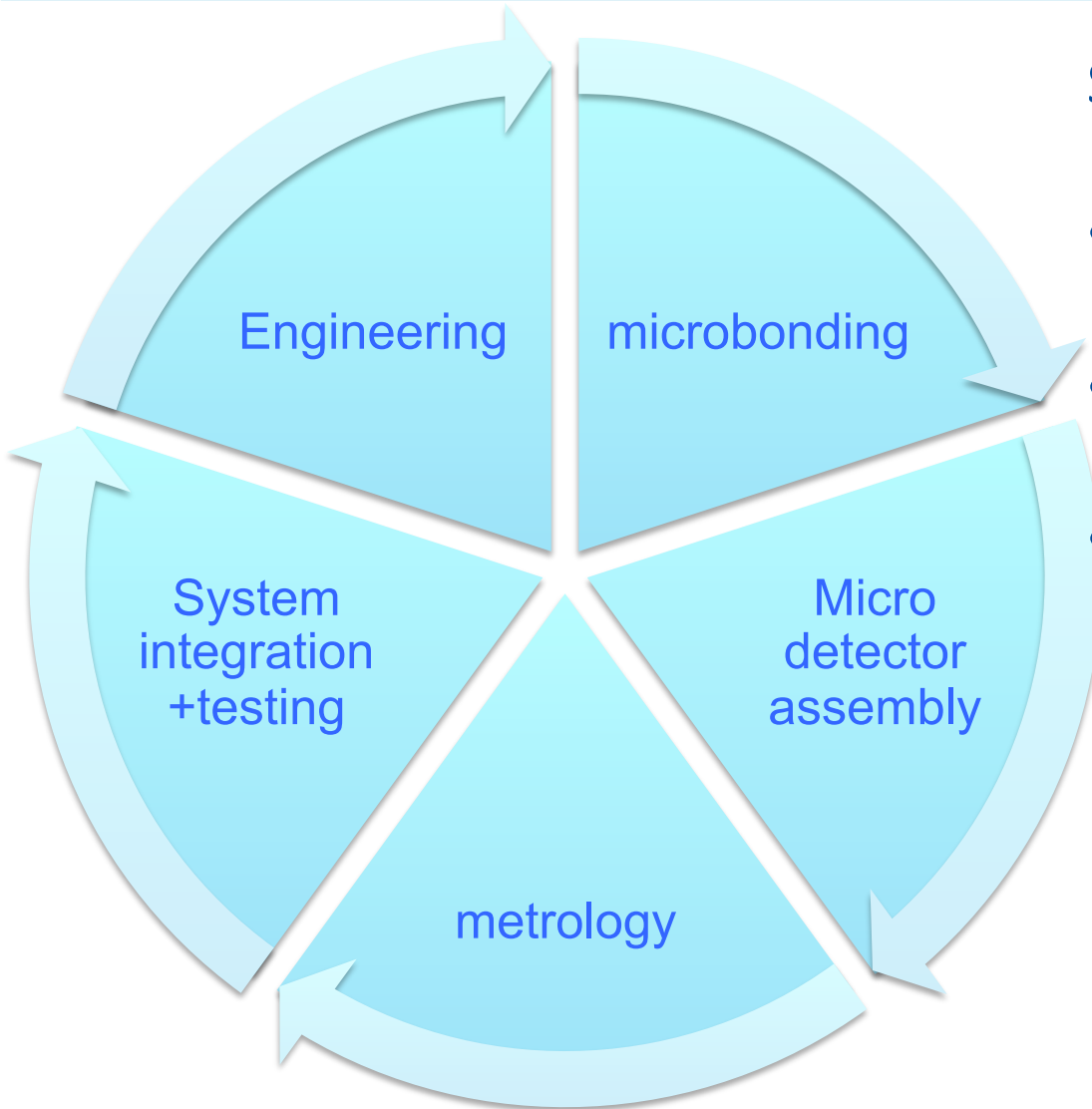
Feb. 11, 2015

# Current Lines of Research

---

- Charge Coupled Devices (CCDs):
  - Low threshold experiments (DAMIC-CONNIE)
  - Detector packaging and testing for DESI
- Microwave Kinetic Inductance Detectors (MKIDs):
  - DAQ development for large arrays
  - R&D instrument for SOAR
- Adiabatic Demagnetization Refrigerator (ADR) facility
  - Supporting CDMS, STJ, SPT-3G, MKIDs
- Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB)
  - SPT-3g
  - Stage-4
- Noble Gases
  - Liquid Argon
  - Xenon studies

# Synergy with CMS: infrastructure and expertise

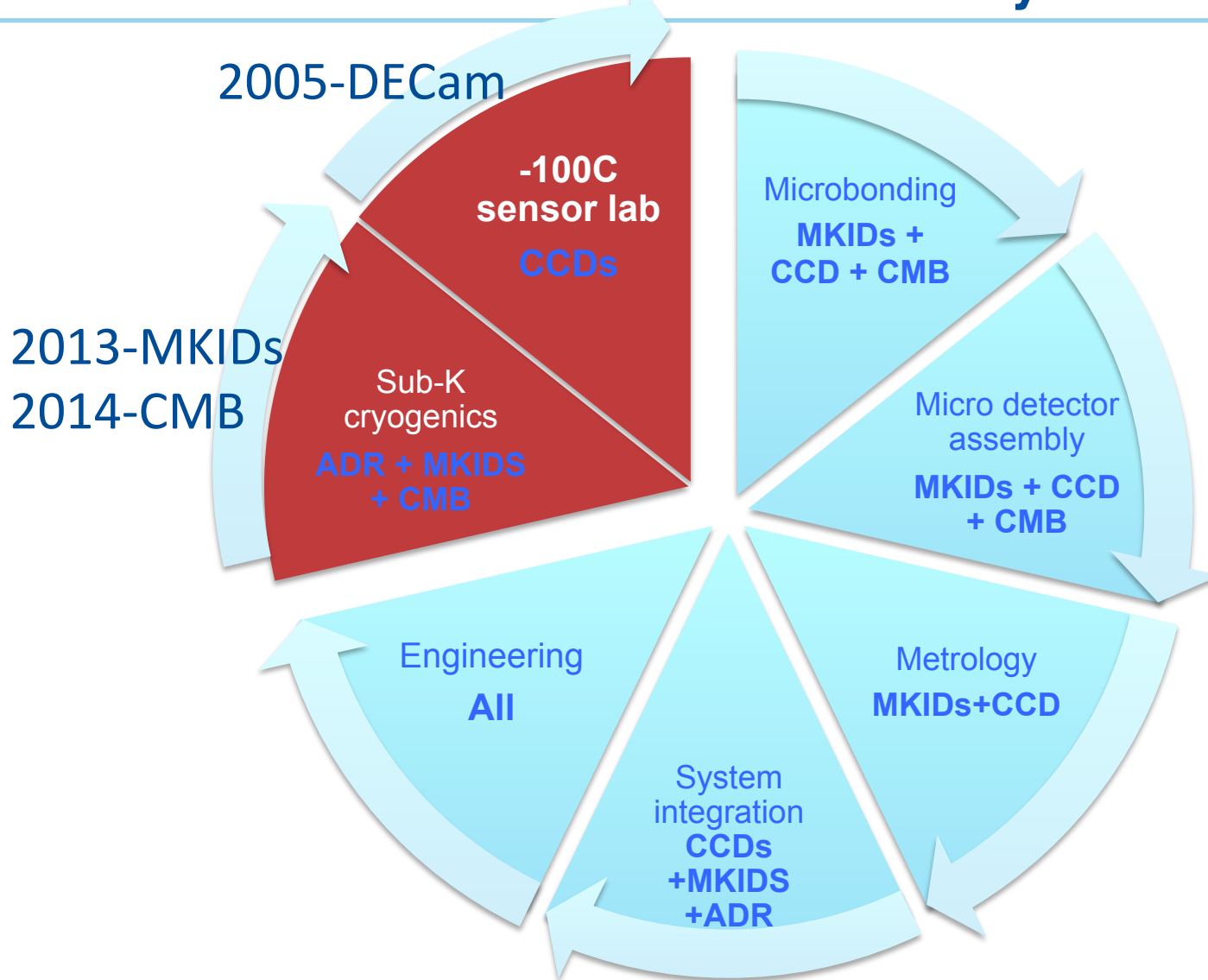


## Silicon Detector Facility:

- Developed for CDF and DZero trackers.
- Big role in CMS (past in future).
- These allowed us to build Dark Energy Camera.

Cleanroom, labs space, machines and **experienced technical specialists.**

# Two additions to Silicon Detector Facility for COSMIC needs

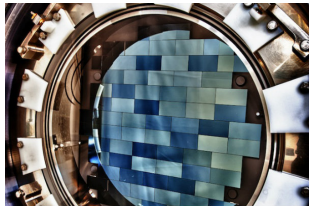




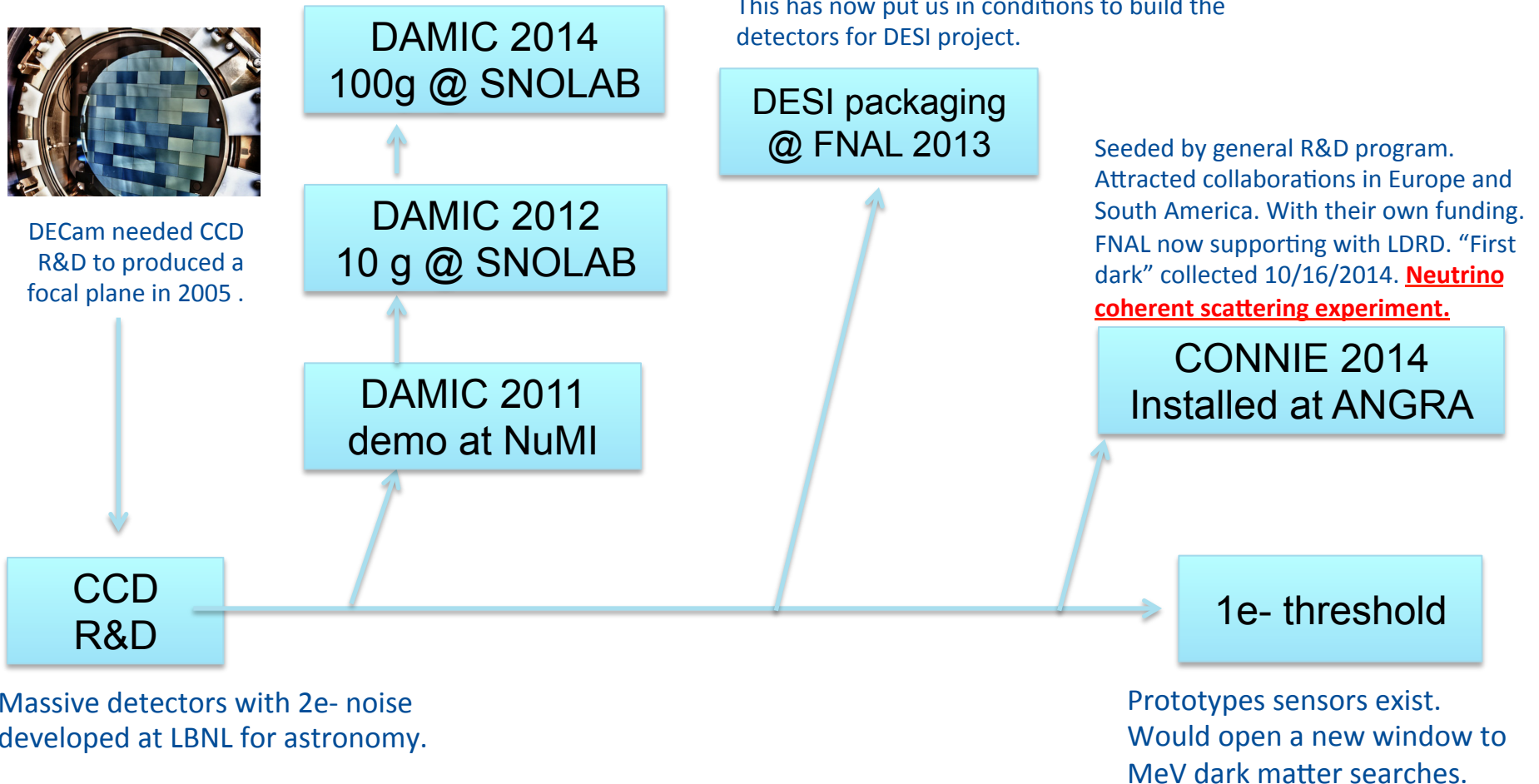
# R&D program that enables experiments in astrophysics

Best limit at low masses for DM search.  
Now an international collaboration with funds from several institutions. 15 scientists, 3 postdocs, 10 students.

Detector R&D funds allowed FNAL to develop a facility for the fabrication and testing of 500um silicon packaged for spectrograph. This has now put us in conditions to build the detectors for DESI project.



DECam needed CCD R&D to produce a focal plane in 2005.

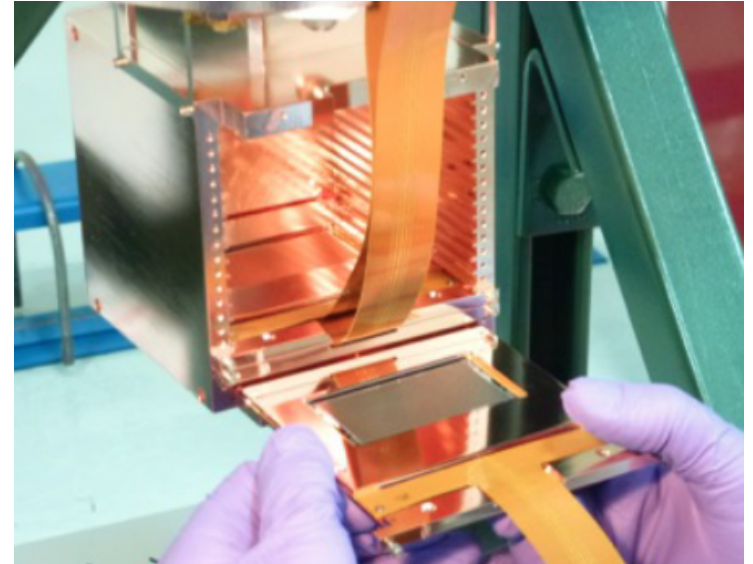
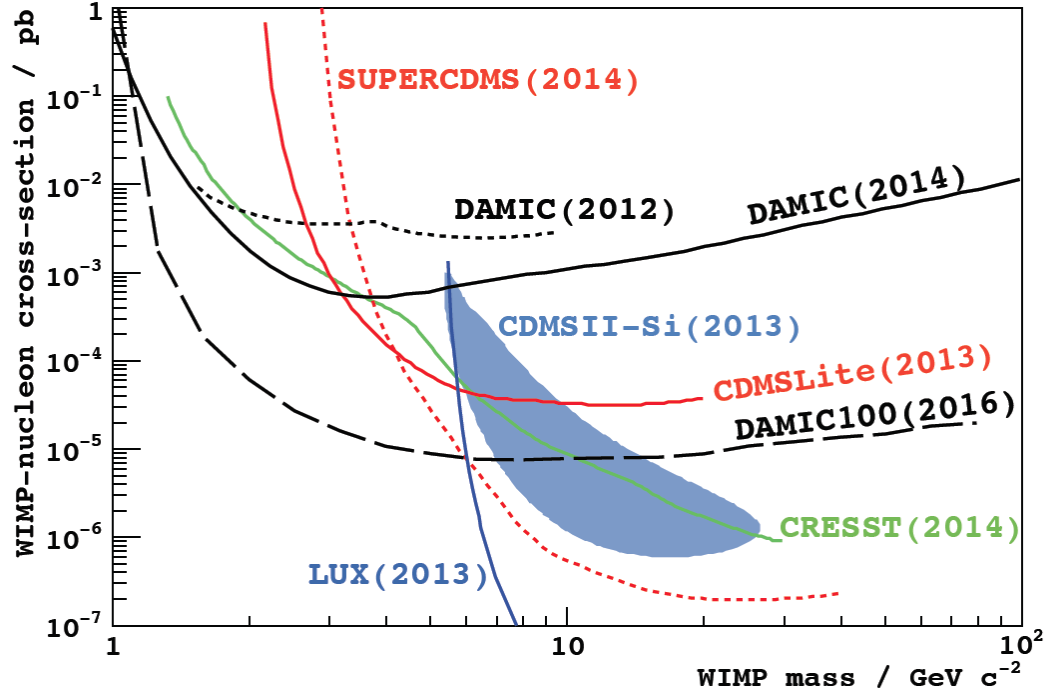


Massive detectors with 2e- noise developed at LBNL for astronomy.

Prototypes sensors exist. Would open a new window to MeV dark matter searches.

# DAMIC: Direct Search for low mass DM with CCDs

WIMP 90% exclusion limits



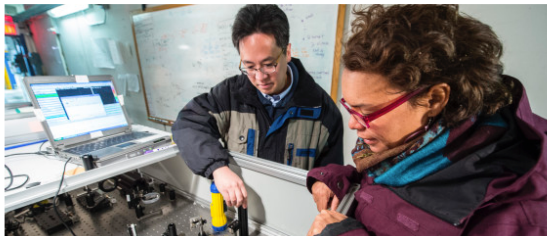
Started as R&D project at FNAL. Currently an international collaboration running the experiment at SNOLAB. Holding the best limit for low mass DM below  $\sim 3.5\text{GeV}$ , with only a 0.3 kg-day exposure.

# R&D program alumni

## Freaky Physics Experiment May Prove Our Universe Is A Two-Dimensional Hologram

The Huffington Post | By David Freeman

Posted: 08/29/2014 8:22 am EDT | Updated: 08/29/2014 8:59 am EDT



Preprint typeset in JINST style - HYPER VERSION

FERMILAB-PUB-14-402-E

## Scalability, scintillation readout and charge drift in a kilogram scale solid xenon particle detector

J. Yoo; H. Cease, W. F. Jaskierny, D. Markley, and R. B. Pahlka

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Kirk and Pine St., Batavia, IL 60510, USA

D. Balakishiyeva and T. Saab

Department of Physics, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL 32611, USA

M. Filipenko

Erlangen Center for Astroparticle Physics (ECAP), Friedrich Alexander University of Erlangen-Nuremberg, Erwin-Rommel-Straße 1, 91058 Erlangen, Germany

**PICO**

C. Amole, M. Besnier, G. Caria, G. Giroux, A. Kamaha, A. Nobe

M. Ardid, M. Bou-Cabo, I. Fails

D.M. Asner, J. Hall

D. Baxter, C.E. Dahl, M. Jin

E. Behnke, H. Borsodi, C. Harnish, O. Harris, C. Holdeman, I. Levine, E. Mann, J. Wells

P. Bhattacharjee, M. Das, S. Seth

F. DeBois, M. Fries-Nauschild, C.M. Jackson, M. Lalreindra, M. Laurin, L. Lessard, J.-P. Martin, M.-C. Piro, A. Planie, O. Scallion, N. Starinski, V. Zacek

R. Filgas, S. Pospisil, I. Stekl

S. Gagrebni, C. Krauss, D. Marilov, P. Mitra

D. Maurya, S. Priya

S.J. Brice, D. Broemmelsiek, P.S. Cooper, M. Crisler, W.H. Lippincott, E. Ramberg, M.K. Raschman, A. Sommenschein

S. Gagnebin, C. Krauss, D. Marilov, P. Mitra

KICP

University of Toronto

J.I. Collar, R. Nelson, A.E. Robinson

N. Dhungana, J. Farine, R. Podvyanuk, U. Wichoski

University of Alberta

S. Gagnebin, C. Krauss, D. Marilov, P. Mitra

VirginiaTech.

SNOLAB

I. Lawson, E. Vázquez Juárez

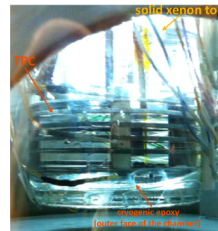


Figure 12. The TPC installed in the xenon glass chamber. The TPC operation, such as pulsed photon emission through the optical fiber to the photo-cathode, can be viewed from the external window. In this particular sample, the amount of solid xenon in the chamber is about ~2 kg. A little opaque area near the surface of the glass bottom edge is cryogenic epoxy. In this particular sample, some birefringence can be seen at the inner glass wall near the grid rings.

## First Results from the DarkSide-50 Dark Matter Experiment at Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso

P. Agnes<sup>a</sup>, T. Alexander<sup>b</sup>, A. Alton<sup>b</sup>, K. Arisaka<sup>2f</sup>, H.O. Back<sup>c</sup>, B. Baldin<sup>b</sup>, K. Biery<sup>3</sup>, G. Bonifini<sup>4</sup>, M. Bossa<sup>4</sup>, A. Brigatti<sup>4</sup>, J. Brodsky<sup>e</sup>, F. Budano<sup>2a</sup>, L. Cadonati<sup>2b</sup>, F. Calaprice<sup>2</sup>, N. Canci<sup>2f</sup>, A. Candela<sup>2</sup>, H. Cao<sup>2</sup>, M. Carliello<sup>4</sup>, P. Cavalcante<sup>2</sup>, A. Chavarria<sup>2</sup>, A. Chepurinov<sup>2</sup>, A.G. Cocco<sup>2</sup>, L. Crippa<sup>4</sup>, D. D'Angelo<sup>2</sup>, M. D'Incecco<sup>2</sup>, S. Davini<sup>2</sup>, M. De Deo<sup>2</sup>, A. Derbin<sup>2</sup>, A. Devoto<sup>4</sup>, F. Di Husanio<sup>2</sup>, G. Di Pietro<sup>2</sup>, E. Edkins<sup>2</sup>, A. Empl<sup>2</sup>, A. Fan<sup>2</sup>, G. Fiorillo<sup>2</sup>, K. Fomenko<sup>2</sup>, G. Forster<sup>2b</sup>, D. Franco<sup>2</sup>, F. Gabriele<sup>2</sup>, C. Galbiati<sup>2</sup>, A. Gonetti<sup>2</sup>, L. Grandi<sup>2</sup>, M. Gromov<sup>2d</sup>, M.Y. Guan<sup>2d</sup>, Y. Guardincerri<sup>2b</sup>, B. Hackett<sup>2</sup>, K. Herner<sup>2</sup>, E.V. Hungerford<sup>1</sup>, Al. Ianni<sup>2</sup>, An. Ianni<sup>2</sup>, C. Jollet<sup>2c</sup>, K. Keeter<sup>2</sup>, C. Kendziora<sup>2</sup>, S. Kidner<sup>2h,1</sup>, V. Kobaycho<sup>2</sup>, G. Koh<sup>2</sup>, D. Korabely<sup>2</sup>, G. Korgia<sup>2</sup>, A. Kurlej<sup>2b</sup>, P.X. Li<sup>2m</sup>, B. Loe<sup>2</sup>, P. Lombardi<sup>2</sup>, C. Love<sup>2d</sup>, L. Ludhova<sup>2</sup>, S. Luitz<sup>2b</sup>, Y.Q. Ma<sup>2m</sup>, I. Machulin<sup>2a</sup>, A. Mandarano<sup>2</sup>, S. Mari<sup>2a</sup>, J. Maric<sup>2</sup>, L. Marini<sup>2a</sup>, C.J. Martoff<sup>2d</sup>, A. Mereghaglia<sup>2e</sup>, E. Meroni<sup>2</sup>, P.D. Meyers<sup>2</sup>, R. Milincic<sup>2</sup>, D. Montanari<sup>2</sup>, A. Monte<sup>2b</sup>, M. Montusch<sup>2</sup>, M.E. Morzani<sup>2b</sup>, P. Mosteiro<sup>2</sup>, B. Mout<sup>2</sup>, V. Muratova<sup>2</sup>, P. Musico<sup>2</sup>, A. Nelson<sup>2</sup>, S. Odrowski<sup>2</sup>, M. Okounkova<sup>2</sup>, M. Orsini<sup>2</sup>, F. Ortica<sup>2</sup>, L. Paganii<sup>2</sup>, M. Pallavicini<sup>2</sup>, E. Pantici<sup>2a,c</sup>, L. Papp<sup>2h</sup>, S. Parmeggiano<sup>2</sup>, R. Parsells<sup>2</sup>, K. Pelczar<sup>2</sup>, N. Pelliccia<sup>2</sup>, S. Perasso<sup>2</sup>, A. Pocar<sup>2b</sup>, S. Pordes<sup>2</sup>, D. Pugachev<sup>2</sup>, H. Qian<sup>2</sup>, K. Randle<sup>2b</sup>, G. Ranucci<sup>2</sup>, A. Razeto<sup>2</sup>, B. Reinhold<sup>2</sup>, A. Renshaw<sup>2i</sup>, A. Romani<sup>2</sup>, B. Rossi<sup>2a</sup>, N. Rossi<sup>2</sup>, S.D. Rountree<sup>2h</sup>, D. Sabloni<sup>2</sup>, P. Saggese<sup>2</sup>, R. Saldanha<sup>2</sup>, W. Sands<sup>2</sup>, S. Sangiorgio<sup>2b</sup>, E. Segre<sup>2f</sup>, D. Semenov<sup>2m</sup>, E. Shields<sup>2</sup>, M. Skorokhvatov<sup>2a</sup>, O. Smirnov<sup>2</sup>, A. Sotnikov<sup>2</sup>, C. Stanford<sup>2</sup>, Y. Suvorov<sup>2f</sup>, R. Tartaglia<sup>2</sup>, J. Tatarowicz<sup>2d</sup>, G. Testera<sup>2</sup>, A. Tonazzo<sup>2</sup>, E. Urzhakov<sup>2m</sup>, R.B. Vogelaar<sup>2h</sup>, M. Wada<sup>2</sup>, S. Walker<sup>2</sup>, H. Wang<sup>2f</sup>, Y. Wang<sup>2f</sup>, A. Watson<sup>2d</sup>, S. Westerdale<sup>2</sup>, M. Wojcik<sup>2</sup>, A. Wright<sup>2</sup>, X. Xiang<sup>2</sup>, J. Xu<sup>2</sup>, C.G. Yang<sup>2m</sup>, J. Yoo<sup>2</sup>, S. Zavattarelli<sup>2</sup>, A. Zec<sup>2b</sup>, C. Zhu<sup>2</sup>, G. Zuzel<sup>2n</sup>

<sup>a</sup>APC, Université Paris Diderot, Sorbonne Paris Cité, Paris 75205, France  
<sup>b</sup>Physics and Astronomy Department, Augustana College, Sioux Falls, SD 57197, USA  
<sup>c</sup>Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY 11973, USA  
<sup>d</sup>Physics Department, Università degli Studi and INFN, Cagliari 09042, Italy  
<sup>e</sup>Karlsruhe Institute of Technology and Dept. of Physics, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL 60637, USA  
<sup>f</sup>School of Natural Sciences, Black Hills State University, Spearfish, SD 57799, USA  
<sup>g</sup>Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna 141980, Russia  
<sup>h</sup>Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, IL 60510, USA  
<sup>i</sup>Physics Department, Università degli Studi and INFN, Genova 16146, Italy  
<sup>j</sup>Gran Sasso Science Institute, L'Aquila 67100, Italy  
<sup>k</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Hawaii 'i, Honolulu, HI 96822, USA

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author.  
 Email address: nayars@princeton.edu (P.D. Meyers)  
<sup>†</sup>Deceased

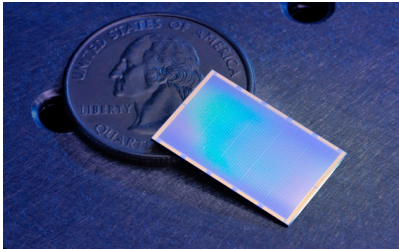
Preprint submitted to Physics Letters B

December 25, 2014

# R&D program that enables experiments in astrophysics

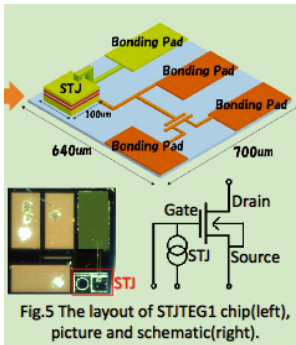
## MKIDs (Dark Energy)

(main driver for the facility)



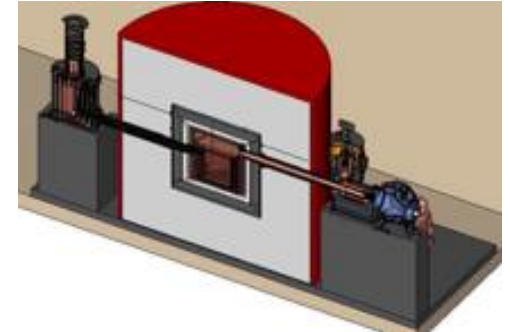
## STJ (neutrino decay)

Photon detector development with KEK group



## Super CDMS (Dark Matter)

Materials properties measurements



Adiabatic Demagnetization Refrigerator @ FNAL.



Operations start 2013.  
30mK at FNAL for the first time!

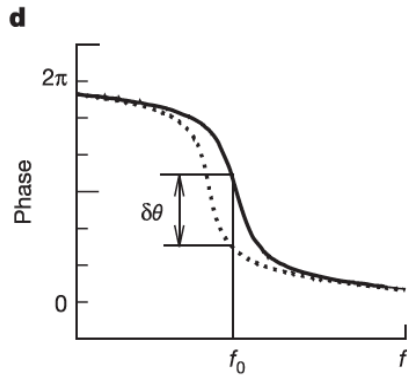
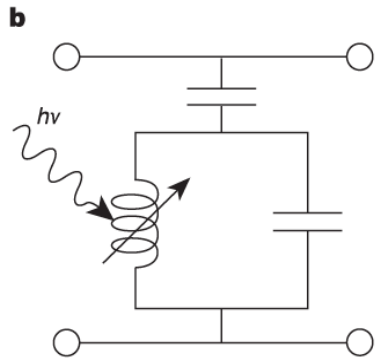
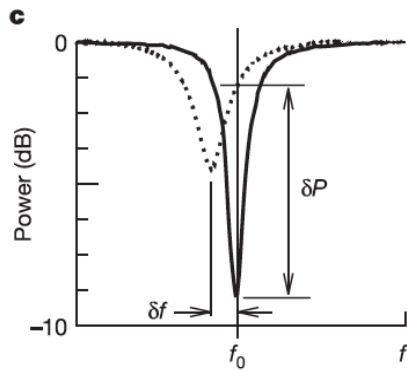
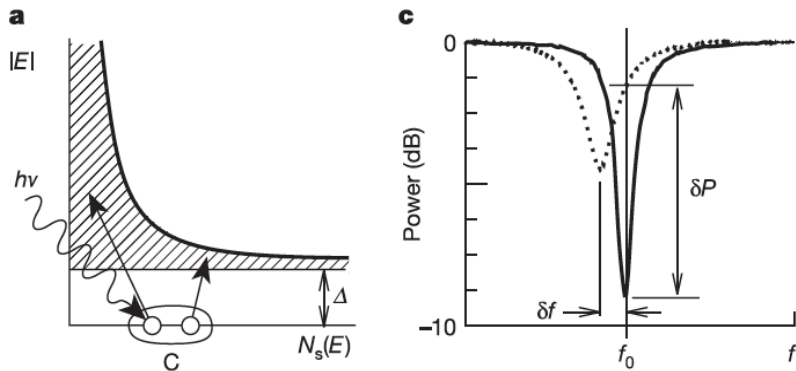
## SPT-3G (CMB)

Resonator tests

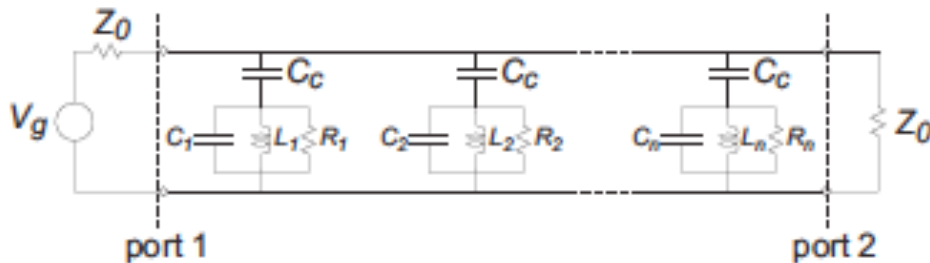
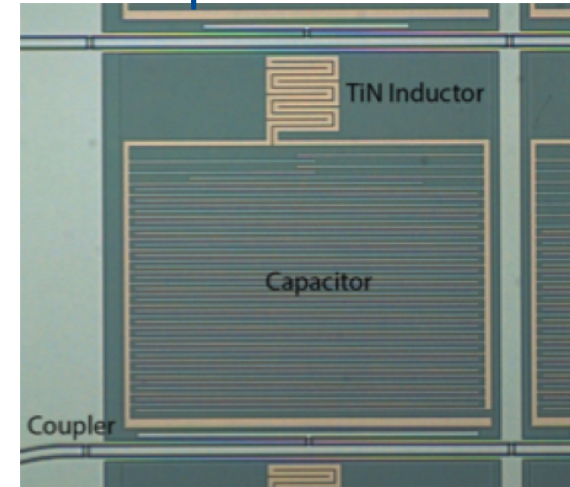




# MKID: superconductor detectors for optical-NIR astronomy

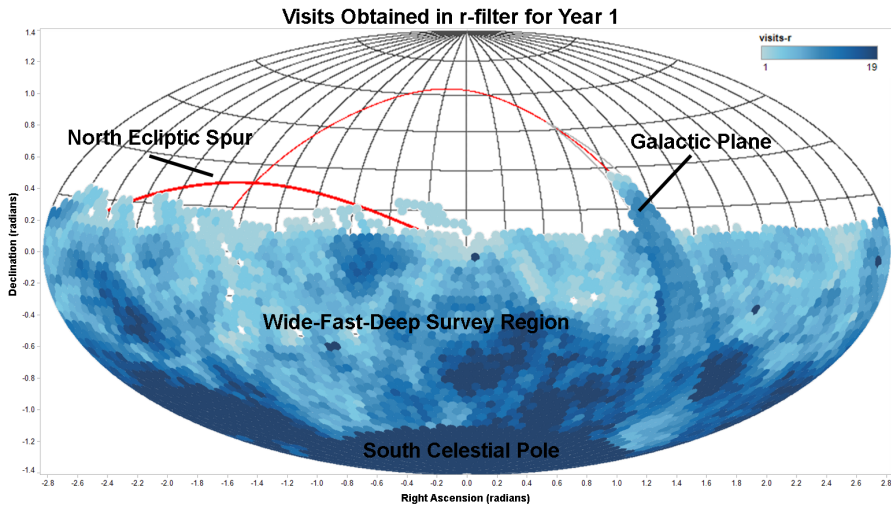


Pixels are SC resonators. Can detect single photons hitting a pixel and measure energy ( $R \sim 100$ ) and timing ( $\sim \mu\text{sec}$ ) for each photon.



Highly multiplexed in a RF line. Large focal planes are possible.

# MKID for Dark Energy



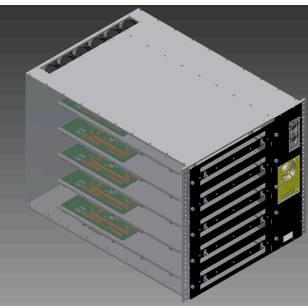
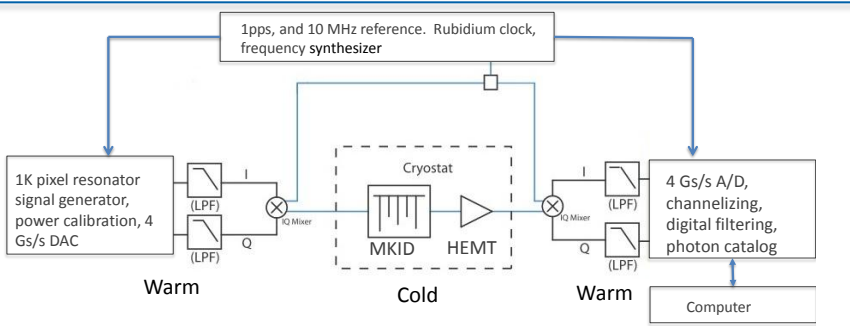
The DES and LSST will produce unprecedented imaging data sets in the coming years, decade. Do we have the technology to address the challenge of spectroscopic follow-up for this data? Are the MKIDs the solution?

Recognized by P5 as a technology that could dramatically leverage investments.

Candidates for the **Small Projects Portfolio** can dramatically leverage investments in DESI and LSST. With Integral Field Spectrographs, the large samples of both nearby and distant supernovae found by, *e.g.*, DES and LSST can be studied in detail to make supernova-based measurements as precise as the complementary DESI BAO measurements. With focused spectroscopic follow-up of the LSST galaxies, the galaxy-based measurements from LSST can be calibrated much more precisely. Proposals to develop novel Microwave Kinetic Inductance Detectors would allow the billions of galaxies found by LSST to be used for wider field/lower resolution RSD. Novel probes to search for the new force introduced by explanations of acceleration that modify Einstein's theory of gravity were identified at Snowmass.

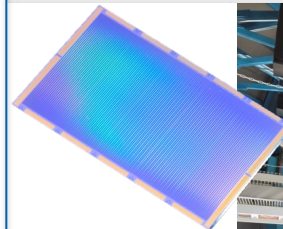
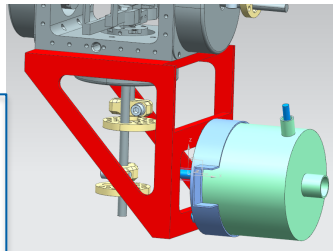
# MKID R&D steps

- Close collaboration with UCSB for developing the [next generation of large focal planes](#) (+10,000 pixels).
- UCSB is the sensor developer (current best  $R \sim 17$ , theory limit  $R \sim 80$ )
- FNAL is developing the [readout electronics and a prototype imager for SOAR](#).

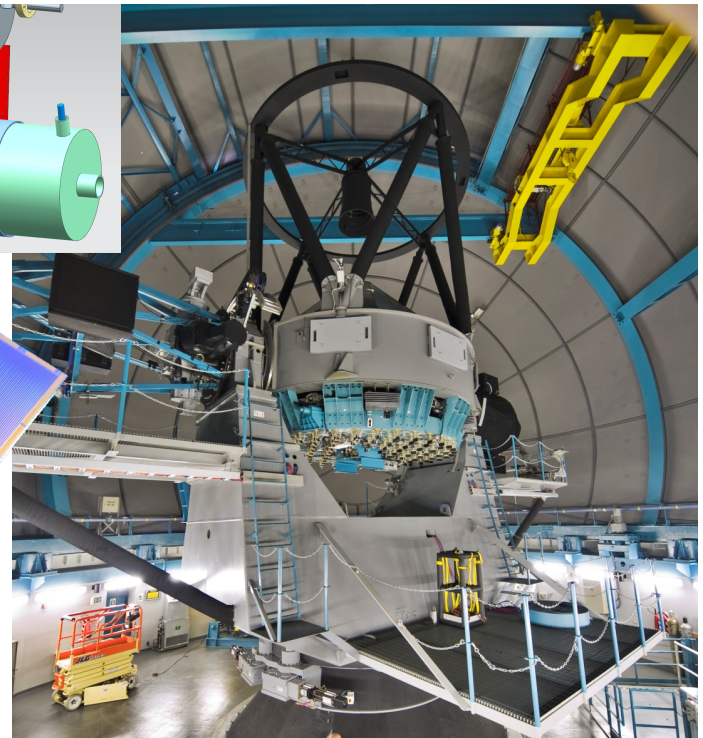


FNAL engineers developing RF multiplexing electronics for reading 10,000 pixels. Solution scalable to larger arrays.

Existing solution for 2,000 pixels does not scale for large arrays.



10k sensor developed by Prof. B. Mazin (UCSB)



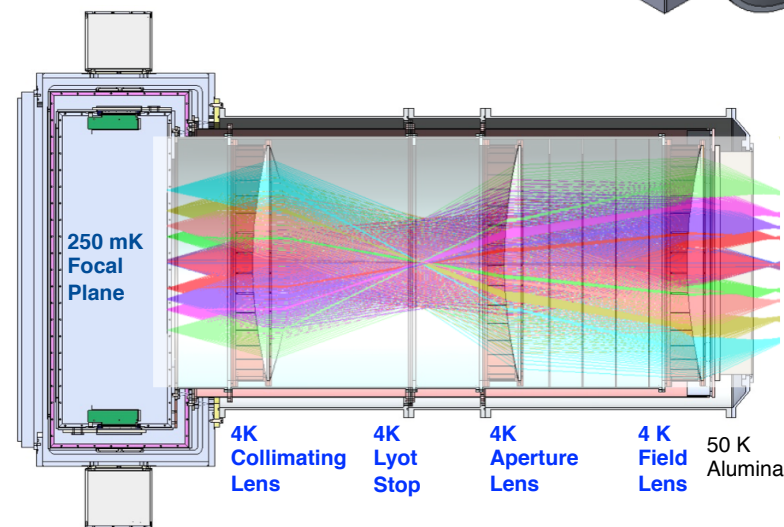
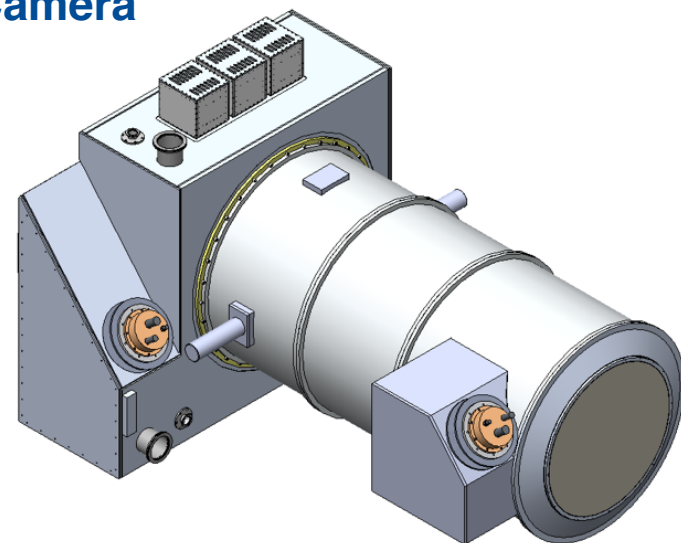
Now building at FNAL a prototype instrument to install at SOAR 4m telescope (Chile) during 2016. Already in discussions with SOAR Science board to do this. Encouragement from SOAR director.

# CMB: SPT-3G Camera Design and Assembly



- **SPT-3G Camera:** FNAL is leading the design and fabrication of the camera, and its integration with the detector focal plane.
- High-bay at Sidet will be used for SPT-3G camera assembly and testing.
- **Personnel:** Brad Benson (Scientist), Hogan Nguyen (Scientist), Sasha Rahlin (Postdoc), Andrew Lathrop (Technician), Donna Kubik (Technician)

**SPT-3G Camera Cryostat**  
2300 lbs,  
8 feet long

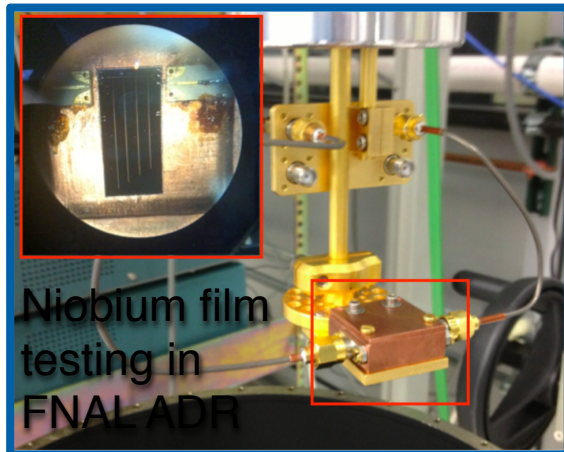
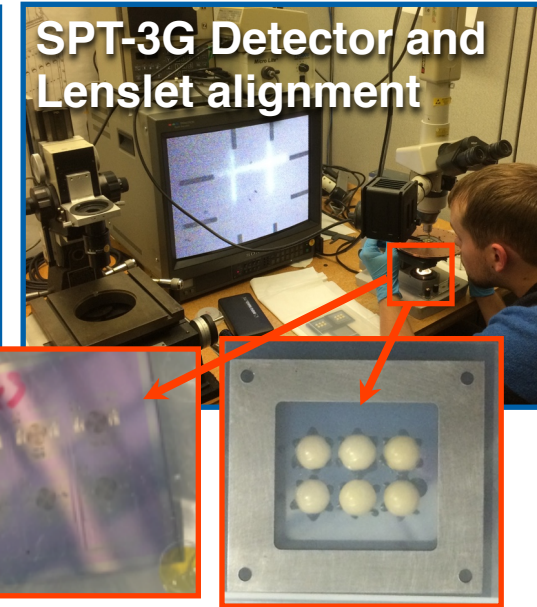
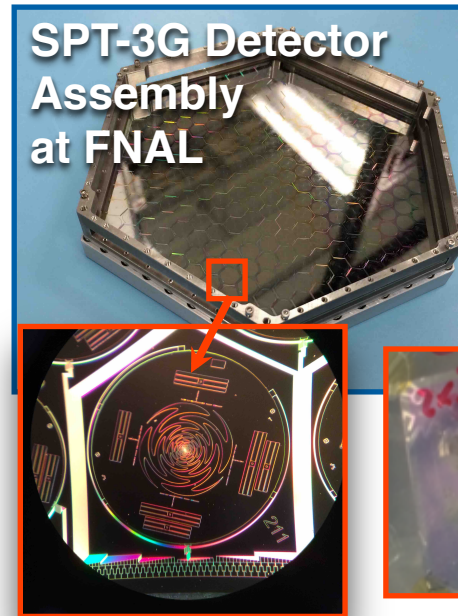




# CMB: Detector Simulation, Assembly, Testing



- **Detector Simulation:** RF simulations of coupling, and microstrip filters.
- **Detector Assembly:** Detector module assembly and packaging for SPT-3G (e.g., wire-bonding, wafer alignment).
- **Detector Testing:** Adiabatic demagnetization and He4/He3/He3 cryostats characterize detectors and superconducting films.
- **LDRD support:** Sims, assembly, and testing to support development of CMB detectors in collaboration with ANL.



# Xenon Studies (FNAL-Northwestern-Yale-Chicago)

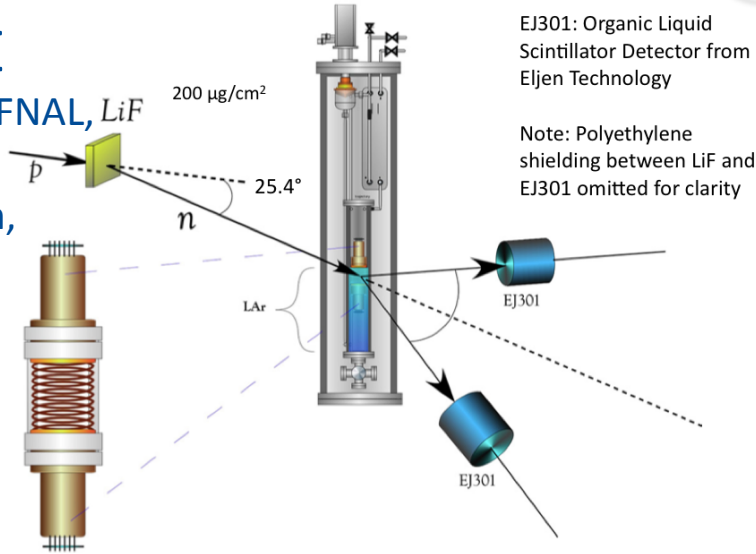
---

- Doping LXe dual phase TPC (like LUX/LZ) with helium or neon
  - Initially proposed as a potential technical aide to maintaining surface stability
  - Could greatly improve reach of experiment for low mass dark matterShares a lot of infrastructure with previous solid Xe R&D.
- Xe doping in LAr
  - Could shift the light to earlier times (from usec to 10 nsec), easier to collect in a [neutrino LArTPC](#).
  - Shift light to 175nm → more efficient detection.
  - Could be interesting for DM (more light).Shares a lot of infrastructure with previous LAr R&D.

# Nuclear Recoil Calibrations : LAr + CCDs

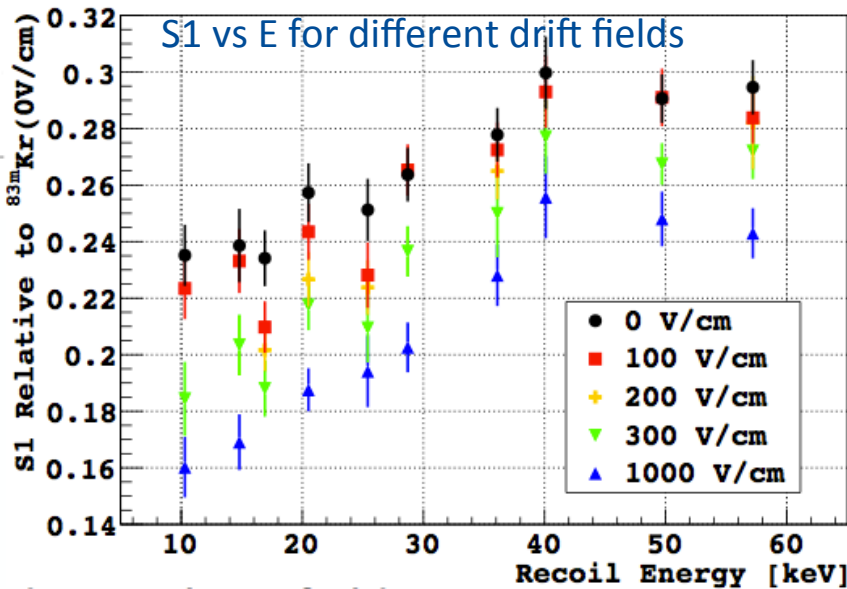
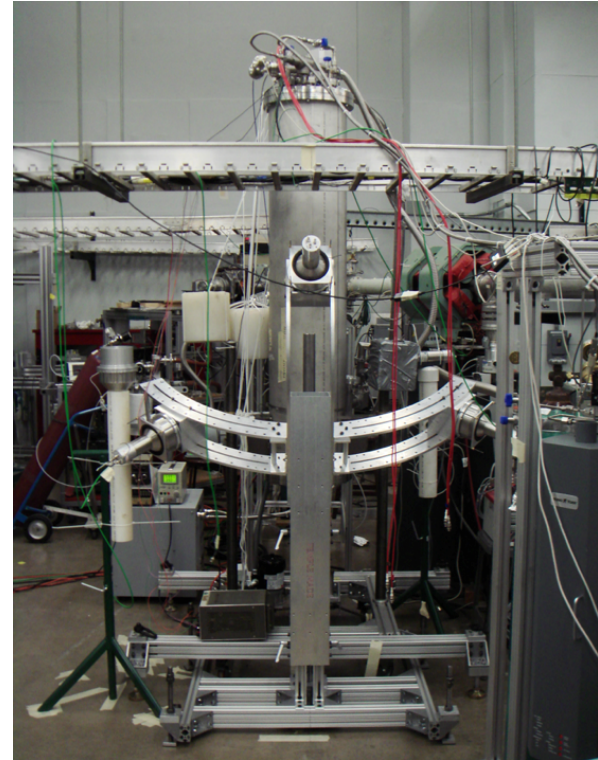
## SCENE

Chicago, FNAL, LiF  
Naples, Princeton,  
Temple



EJ301: Organic Liquid  
Scintillator Detector from  
Eljen Technology

Note: Polyethylene  
shielding between LiF and  
EJ301 omitted for clarity

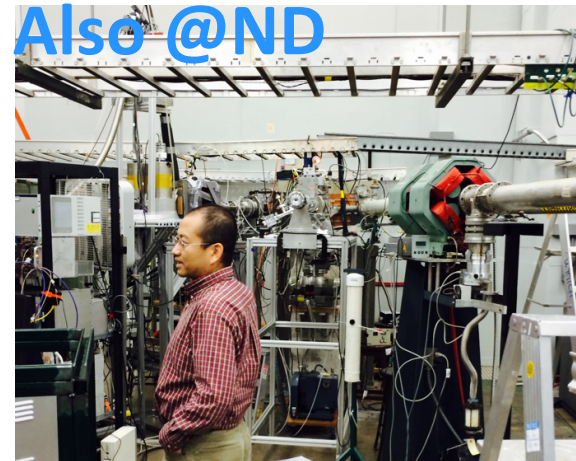
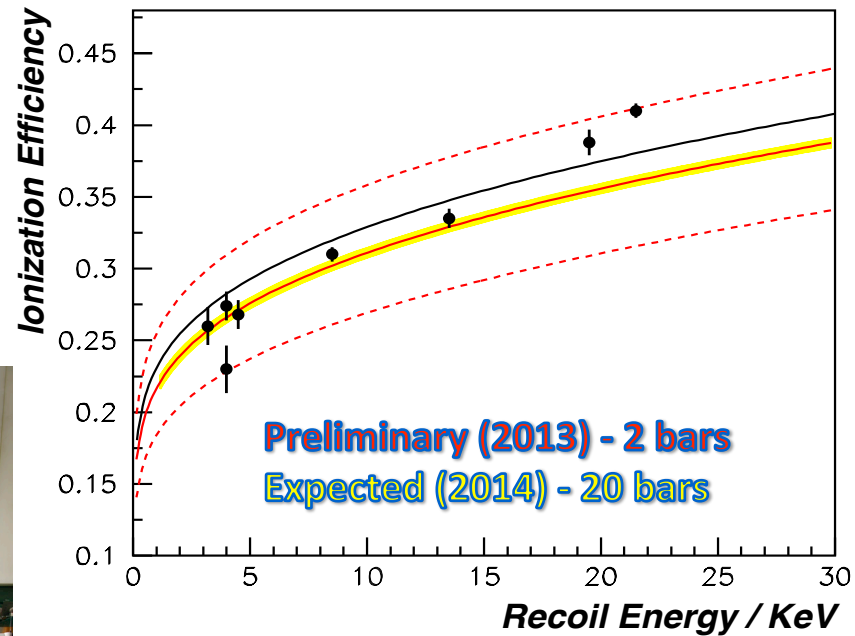
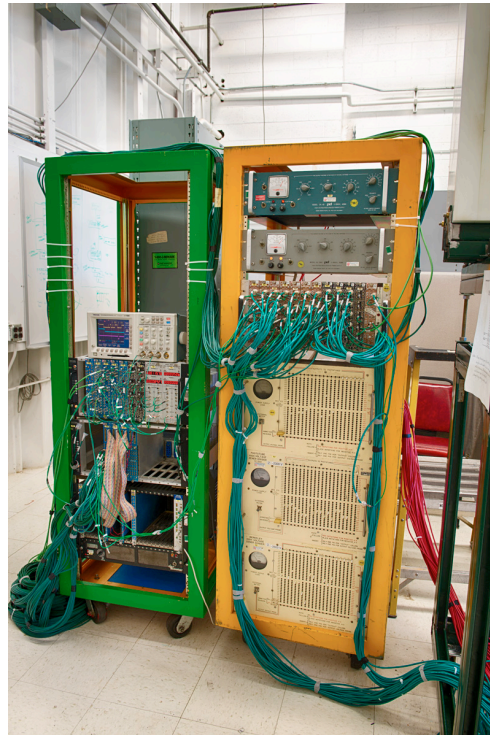
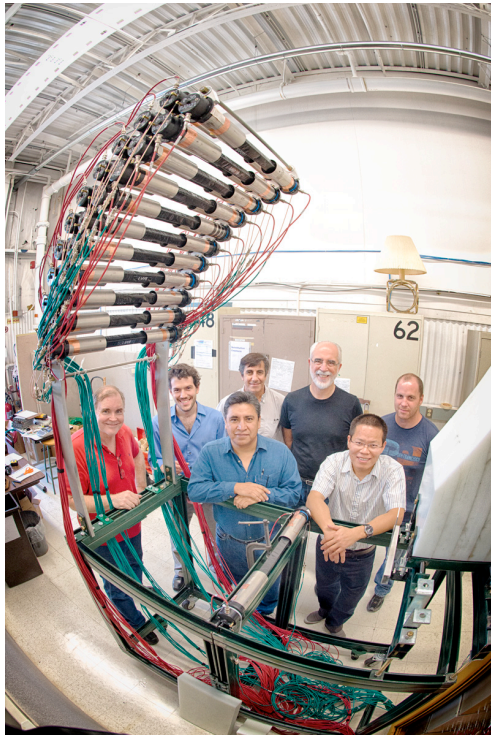


Measured light and ionization  
yield for nuclear recoils using  
neutrons at U. of. Notre Dame.  
Key for LAr dark matter.



# Nuclear Recoil Calibrations : LAr + **CCDs**

For very low energy nuclear recoils detected with Silicon we also need this calibration. Threshold 100eV, existing calibration down to 4keV.



# Some of the students visitors for Cosmic detector R&D during 2014

---

## High school

Max Drimmer (now at Stanford)  
Sebastian Wagner (now at Harvard)  
David Dodelson (now at Durham)  
Steve Kerby (senior)  
Meghan Razimoff (senior)

## Undergraduate:

Eduardo Mejia (Northern Illinois Univ)  
Mikhail Rezazadeh (U. Chicago)  
Emily Macuk (Marquette University)

## Graduate:

Melissa Butner (Northern Illinois Univ)  
Alex Kavner (U. Michigan)                   ⊙  
Junhui Liao (Zurich)                         ⊙  
Rafael Ollala (Mexico)  
Guadalupe Moreno (Mexico)               ⊙  
Alejandro Castaneda (Mexico)  
Pamela Hernandez (Mexico)  
Federico Izraelevitch (Argentina)  
Guillermo Fernandez (Argentina)  
Conett Huerta (University of Puerto Rico)  
Jing Zhou (U.Chicago)                   ⊙

⊙ Shared R&D equipment with universities to enable contributions from home institution

# Discussion

---