



Geant 4

Summary of Parallel Session 3A

Hadronic Models: Developments and Validation (part I)

Julia Yarba, Fermilab
20th Geant4 Collaboration Workshop
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Outline

- Geant4 String Models – A.Ribon
- Geant4 Cascade Models – M.Kelsey
- Status Report on the Varied Model Parameters Interface – J.Yarba
- Status of the Precompound Model – V.Ivanchenko

- Conveners: A.Ribon, J.Yarba

String Models (I)

A.Ribon

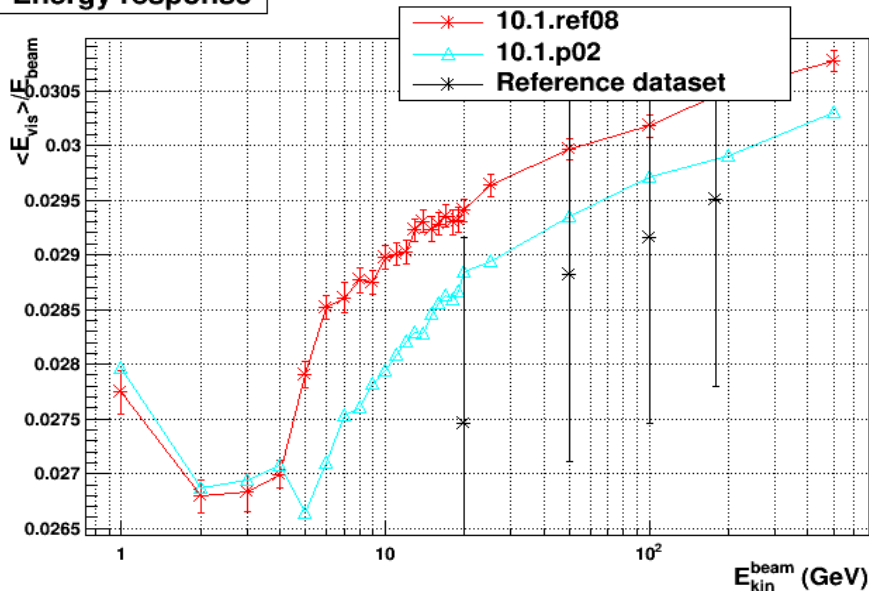
- **FTF**

- Significantly improved in the range of tens of GeV and up (as of 10.1); will be used in Run 2 analysis by all LHC experiments
- Tune of the FTF lowest energy sector related to the preparation of the excited nuclear remnants
 - Production of slow nucleons
 - Comparison vs thin target data look promising but...
 - ... there's non-negligible impact (few %) on modeling of the hadronic shower shapes (goes the wrong way – see next slide)
- Production of strange particles (K^0, Λ, Σ) in antiproton annihilation
 - Tuned the strangeness suppression and introduced anisotropic decay for diquark-strings (hyperon production)
- Lower-energy limit of FTF applicability extended to 1GeV

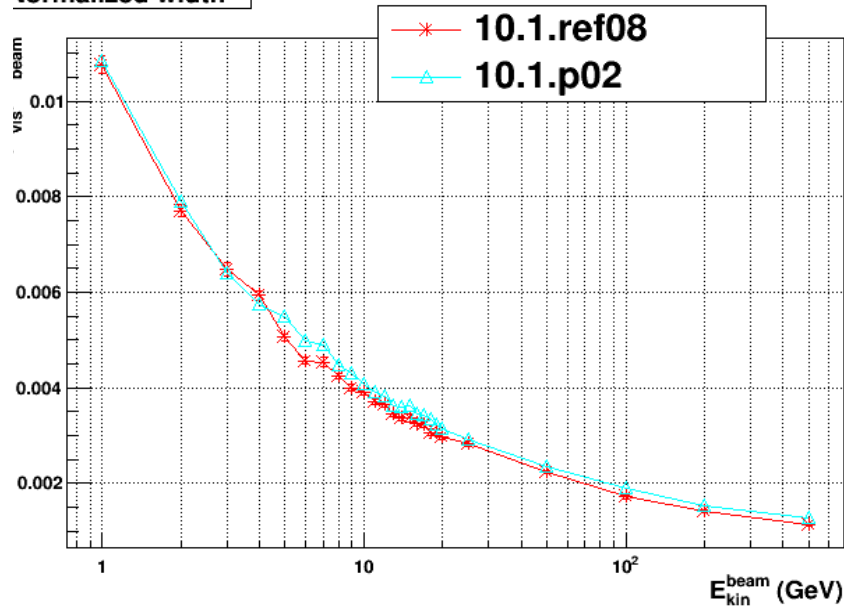
FTFP_BERT:

characteristics of π^- -induced shower in Fe-Sci

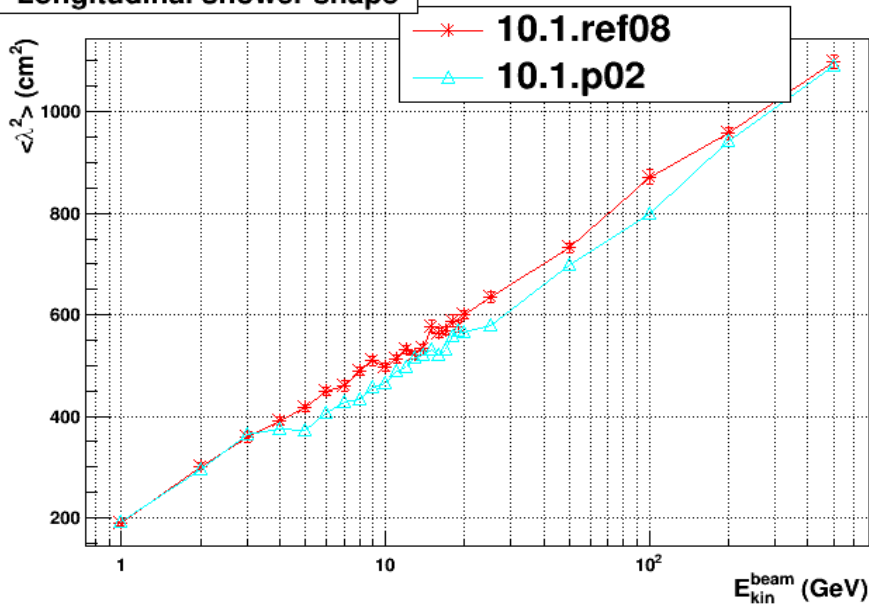
Energy response



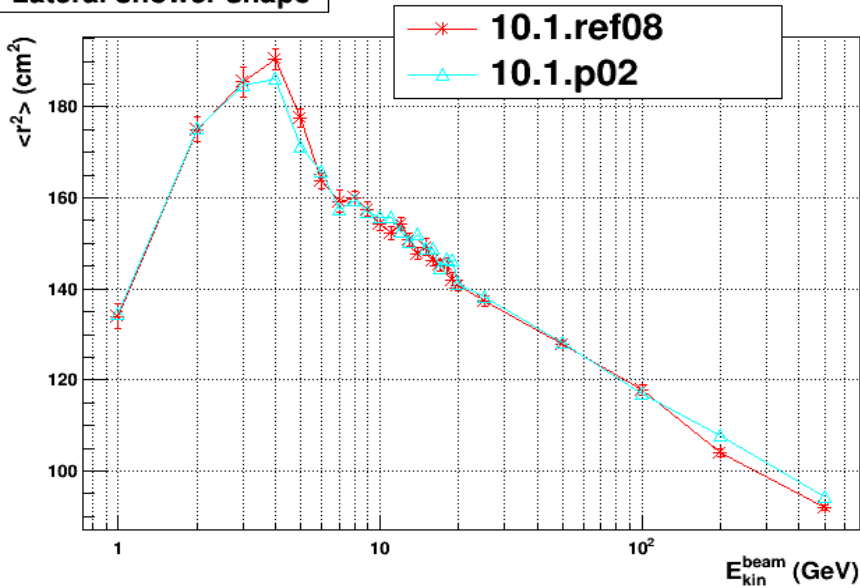
Normalized width



Longitudinal shower shape



Lateral shower shape



String Models (II)

A.Ribon

- **QGS**

- Implementation is significantly different from the original Kaidalov's theory
- Efforts to make model implementation consistent with the original ideas
 - Revised QGS string fragmentation - included in 10.1
 - Revised and improved formation of strings - ongoing
 - Parameters have NOT yet been re-tuned
 - Non-vacuum reggeon contribution needs to be included

- **Comparison vs data:**

- Better in some areas, worse in some other areas at high energy (158GeV)
- Worse towards the lower end of the model's applicability (31GeV)
- Effect on shower shapes is being carefully monitored

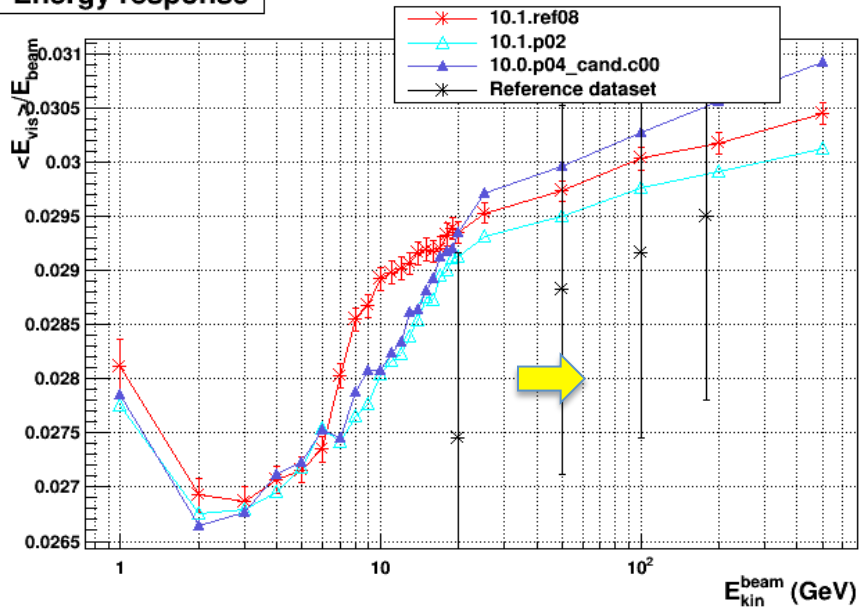
- **Discussion on how to release QGS in 10.2**

- Re-tuning is a complex process
- QGS is widely used – controversial changes maybe confusing to users
- **Decision: release QGS in the same state in 10.1 cycle**

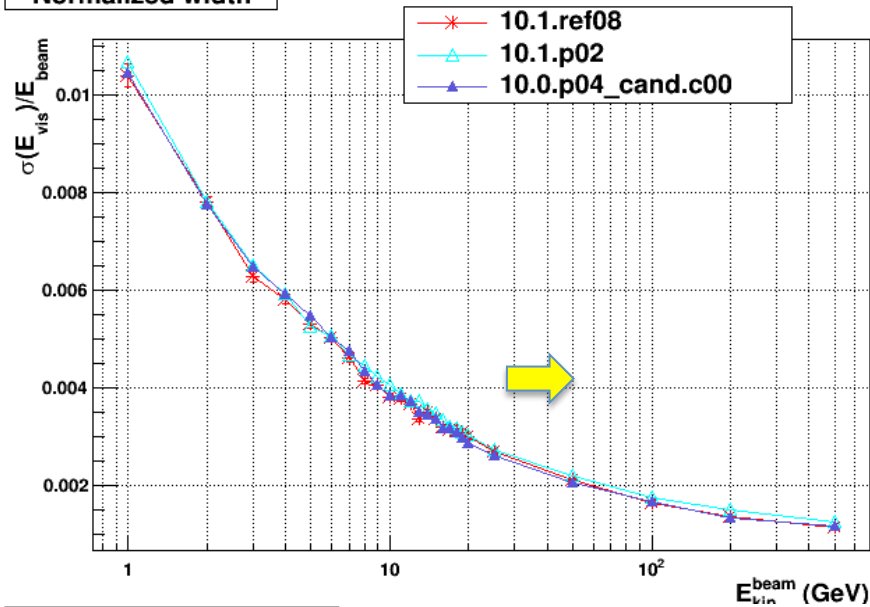
QGSP_FTFP_BERT:

characteristics of π^- -induced shower in Fe-Sci

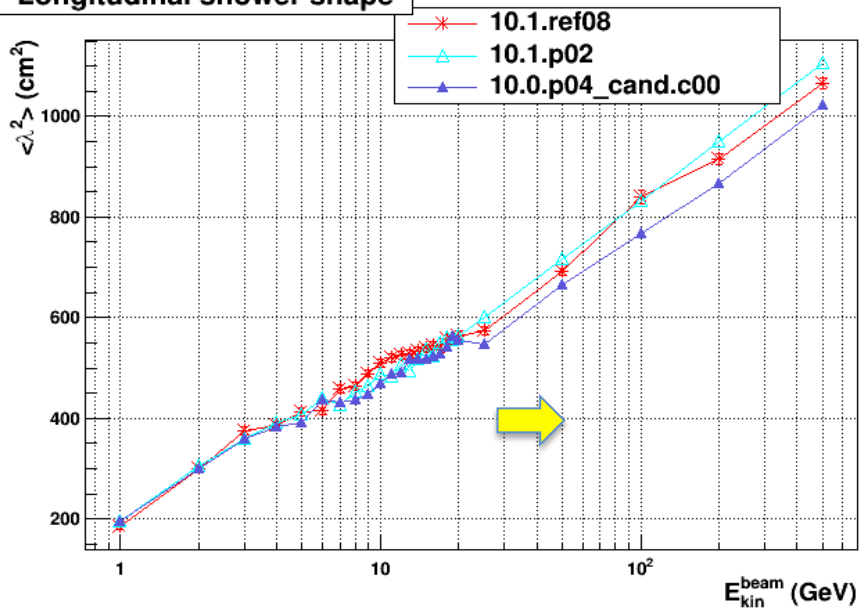
Energy response



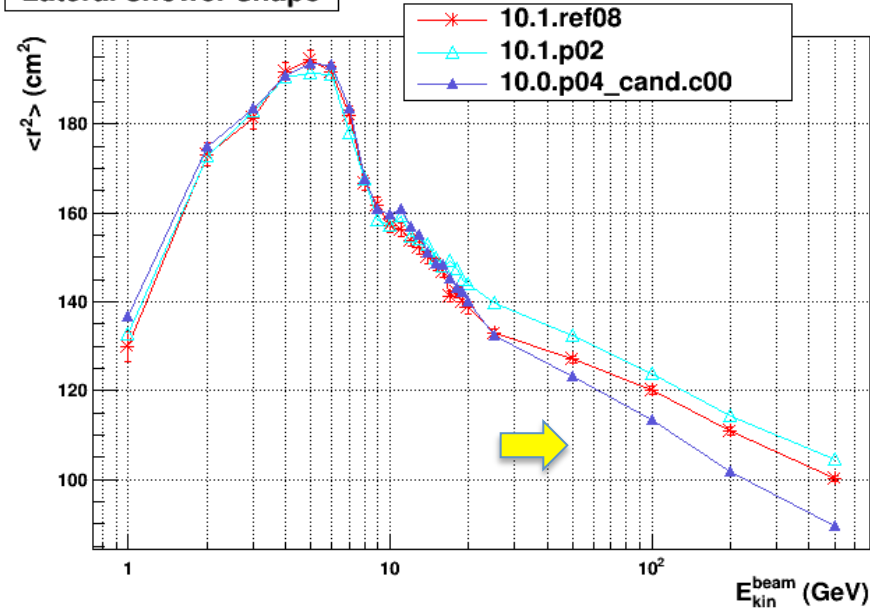
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Longitudinal shower shape



Lateral shower shape



Intranuclear Cascade Models

M.Kelsey

- Common improvements
 - Migration to fast math
 - Proper (guaranteed) termination of loops
- **Bertini**
 - Extended K+n and K+p up to 32 GeV and 9-body "final" states
 - Introduced (optional) improved nucleon evaporation from giant dipole resonance excitation – in response to an earlier bug report
 - Exploring systematic variation of BERT parameters
- **INCLXX** – no development In this cycle
- **Binary** – improved four-momentum conservation for fragmented nuclei; otherwise no development in this cycle

Varied Model Parameters Interface (Bertini)

J.Yarba

- The challenge
 - Standardize the machinery to compute systematic uncertainties due to model choice in the simulation
 - Help optimize model(s) parameters
- Software tools/features at the initial phase
 - Tools to vary intentionally exposed parameters in a controlled way, without recompiling the code
 - Convenient and uniform API
 - Documentation
 - Tools to comprehensively analyze the impact of perturbing model parameters around their current tuned values, to understand the induced uncertainties
- Joint efforts by Fermilab and SLAC teams
 - Bertini is the 1st use-case to exercise the idea and explore SW technologies

Precompound Model Status and Plans

V.Ivanchenko

- Current Updates:
 - Technical aspects: memory/CPU usage, code duplication clean up
 - MT processing: thread safety, nuclear level management for MT
 - Revised computation of evaporation cross sections, unifying between Precompound and de-excitation
 - New nuclear level data structure
- Planned development:
 - New nuclear level data structure should be used by all de-excitation models (GEM, Evaporation, FermiBreakUp)
 - Need to ensure consistent use of the same nuclear level data by G4IonTable, Radioactive decays, de-excitation module
 - Multiple hardcoded parameters – encapsulate, make configurable
 - Migrate to C++11, further improve CPU performance
 - Validate, including introduction of dedicated photon evaporation test tools