

LArSoft event generation and detector simulation

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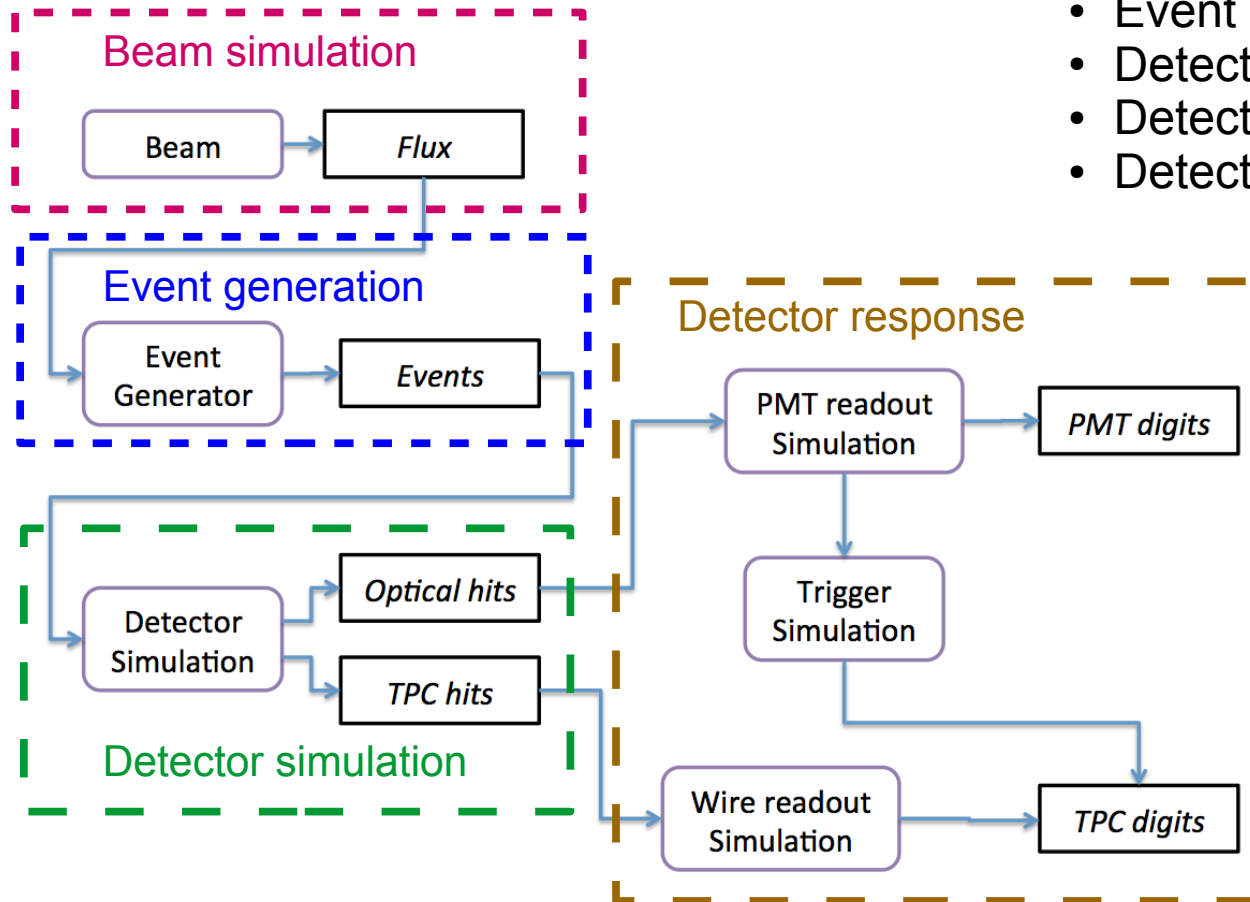
art/LArSoft Course
August 3—7, 2015
Fermilab

Goals for this session

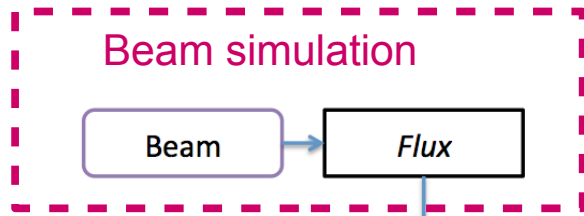
- Summarize the available generation and simulation code
- Introduce how to configure and describe detector to LArSoft
- Introduce detector-specific response functions
- Learn how to use GEANT4 and event generators in LArSoft

Simulation workflow

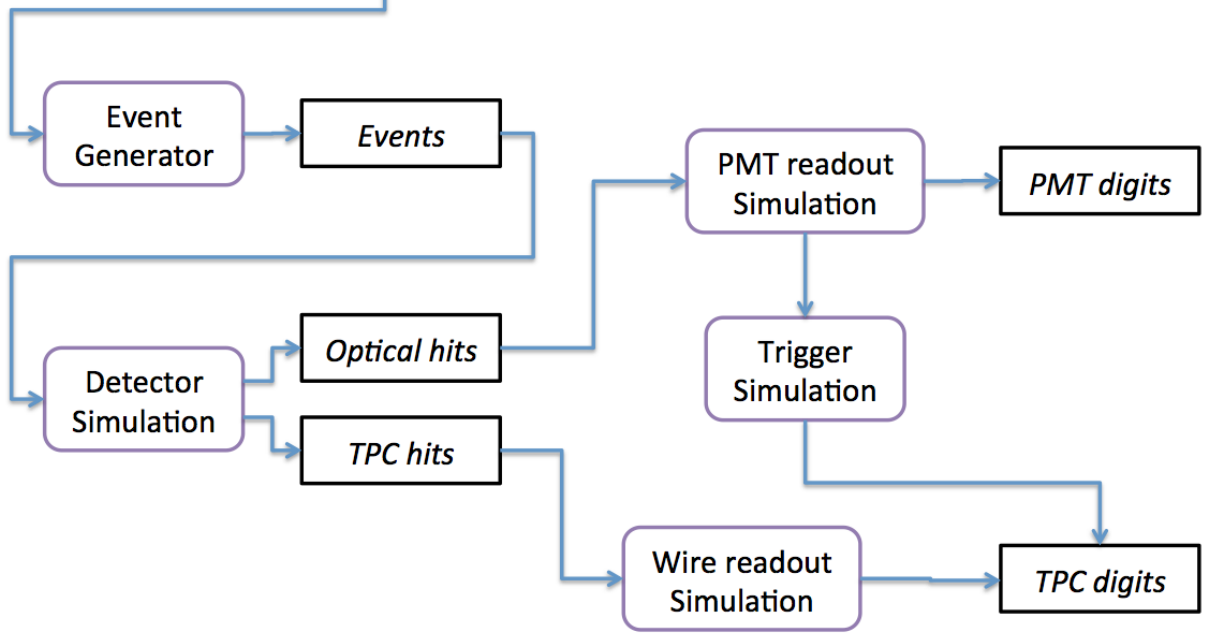
- Will step through
- Beam simulation
 - Event generation
 - Detector description
 - Detector simulation
 - Detector response



From W Seligman



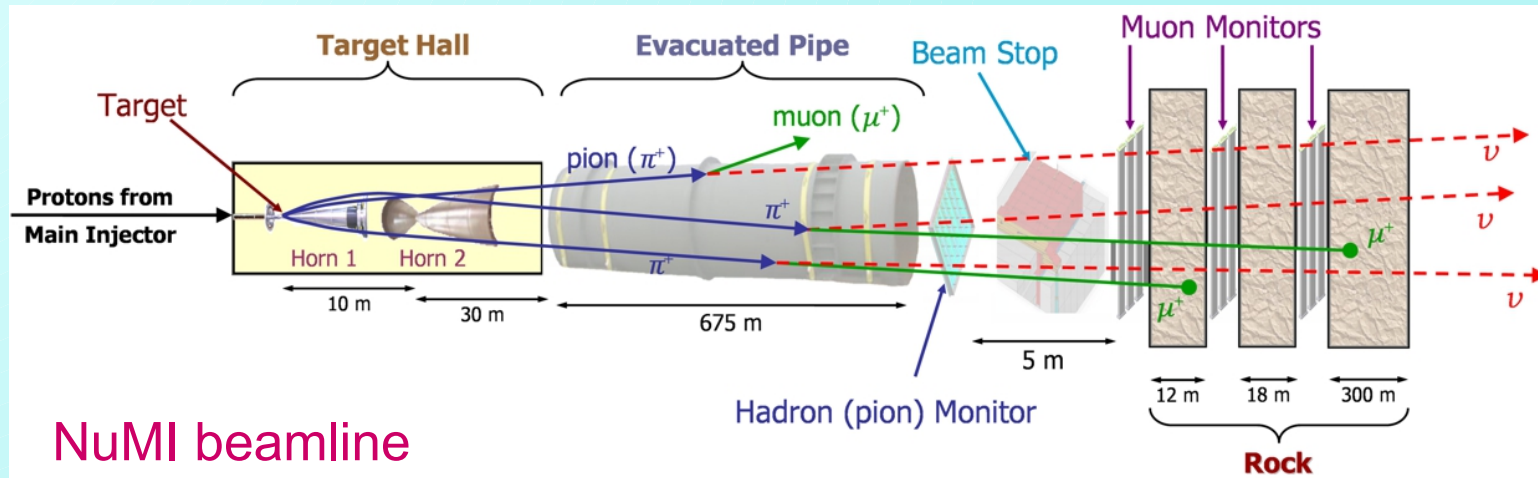
- Beam simulation
- Event generation
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From W Seligman

Beam simulation

“Typical”
neutrino
beamline

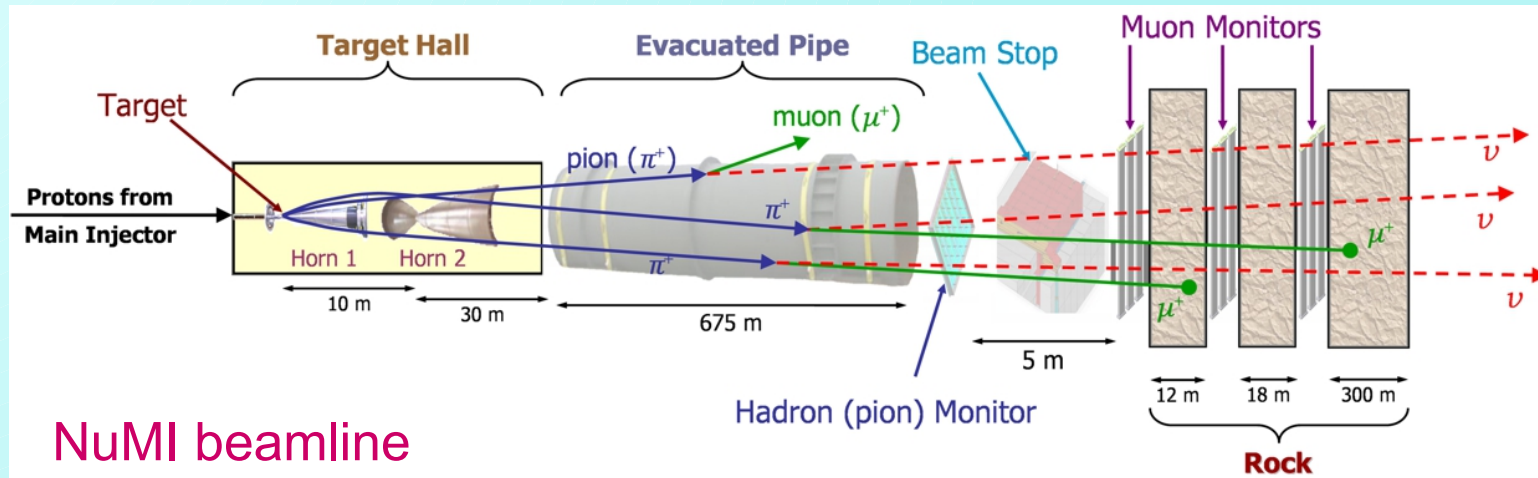


NuMI beamline

- An important (sometimes only!) tool in neutrino flux estimation
- Models
 - Incident proton beam
 - Particle production in the target and surrounding material
 - Focusing horn(s)
 - Hadron and lepton decays with neutrinos in the final state

Beam simulation

“Typical”
neutrino
beamline



NuMI beamline

- Produces “flux files” as output
 - Information about collected neutrinos stored in standardized TTree
 - LArSoft structure defined in dk2nu product shipped with LArSoft distributions
 - Allows tracking neutrino back through particle decay to production point of ultimate parent hadron
 - Used as input to neutrino event generators
- Typically run as stand-alone step
 - Re-use the flux files in multiple MC production runs
(ie, mosts people won't need to do this...)

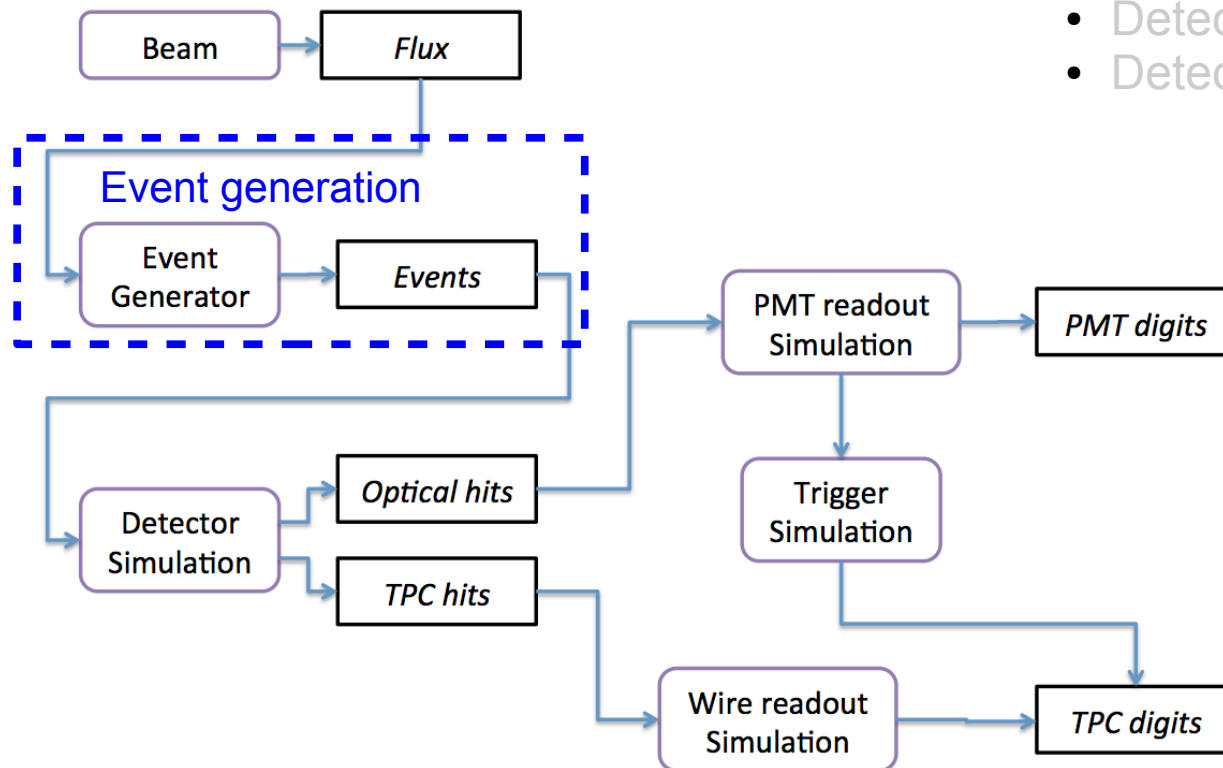
Beam simulation used by LArSoft

- GEANT4-based
 - NUMI: `g4numi`
 - Documented under “NuMi Beam Simulation” redmine project
 - <https://cdcv.s.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/numi-beam-sim/wiki>
 - BNB: `BooNEG4Beam` (the old) + `BooNEG4Beam` (the new)
 - Originally written for MiniBooNE, being used by MicroBooNE
 - The old is documented on the uBooNE DocDB. The new is not yet in production.
 - LBNF: ??
- FLUKA has also been used by some experiments

FLUKA: A. Ferrari, P.R. Sala, A. Fasso`, and J. Ranft, CERN-2005-10 (2005), INFN/TC_05/11, SLAC-R-773
<http://www.fluka.org/fluka.php>

 - Not currently interfaced to LArSoft, but may be in the future
- Some accompanying programs may be needed in various cases
 - `BooNEG4NuMI` (old): need to convert MiniBooNE-specific output into `dk2nu TTree`
 - Private code. The new `BooNEG4NuMI` creates `simb::MCTruth` directly
 - `gsimple`: select neutrinos that pass a specified plane in front of a detector
 - Documented under the GENIE redmine wiki page
 - https://cdcv.s.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/genie/wiki/Generating_GSimpleNtpFlux_files

- Beam simulation
- **Event generation**
- Detector description
- Detector simulation
- Detector response



From W Seligman

Event generation

- Produces final state particles from a specified physics process
 - Output used as input to detector simulation (or for direct studies)
 - A variety of generator types available / needed in LArSoft
 - Neutrino interaction events
 - Cosmic rays
 - Nucleon decays
 - Single particles
- A number of techniques used to interface to LArSoft
 - Direct: generator is called by LArSoft → creates `simb::MCTruth`
 - Indirect: generator output file read by LArSoft → creates `simb::MCTruth`
 - Embedded: the code lives in LArSoft

All interfaces are in `larsim/EventGenerator` or “nutools”

An aside: the “nutools” ups product

- General purpose tools for neutrino experiments
 - Shared between NOvA, LArTPC experiments (at least)
 - Distributed with LArSoft, set up automatically by LArSoft setup procedure
- Contents:

\$NUTOOLS_DIR/source/

EventDisplayBase/

EventGeneratorBase/

G4Base/

IFDatabase/

MagneticField/

NuBeamWeights/

NuReweight/

SimulationBase/

Interfaces to GENIE, CRY

Interfaces / services for DB access
to NOvA-style DB
(also used by DUNE / LArIAT)

Data products used by simulation
simb::MCTruth
simb::MCParticle

See <https://cdcvs.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/nusoftart/wiki> for details

Event generators available to LArSoft

- Neutrino event generators

- GENIE

- C. Andreopoulos et al., Nucl. Instrum. Meth., A614, pp. 87–104, 2010.
<http://www.genie-mc.org>

- General purpose (ie, not written for a specific experiment)
 - Direct interface: `larsim/EventGenerator/GENIE/GENIEGen_module.cc`

- NuWro

- <http://borg.ift.uni.wroc.pl/nuwro/>

- General purpose. Different model(s) of final state nuclear interactions, resonance production,...
 - Indirect interface: `larsim/EventGenerator/NuWroGen_module.cc`

- NUANCE

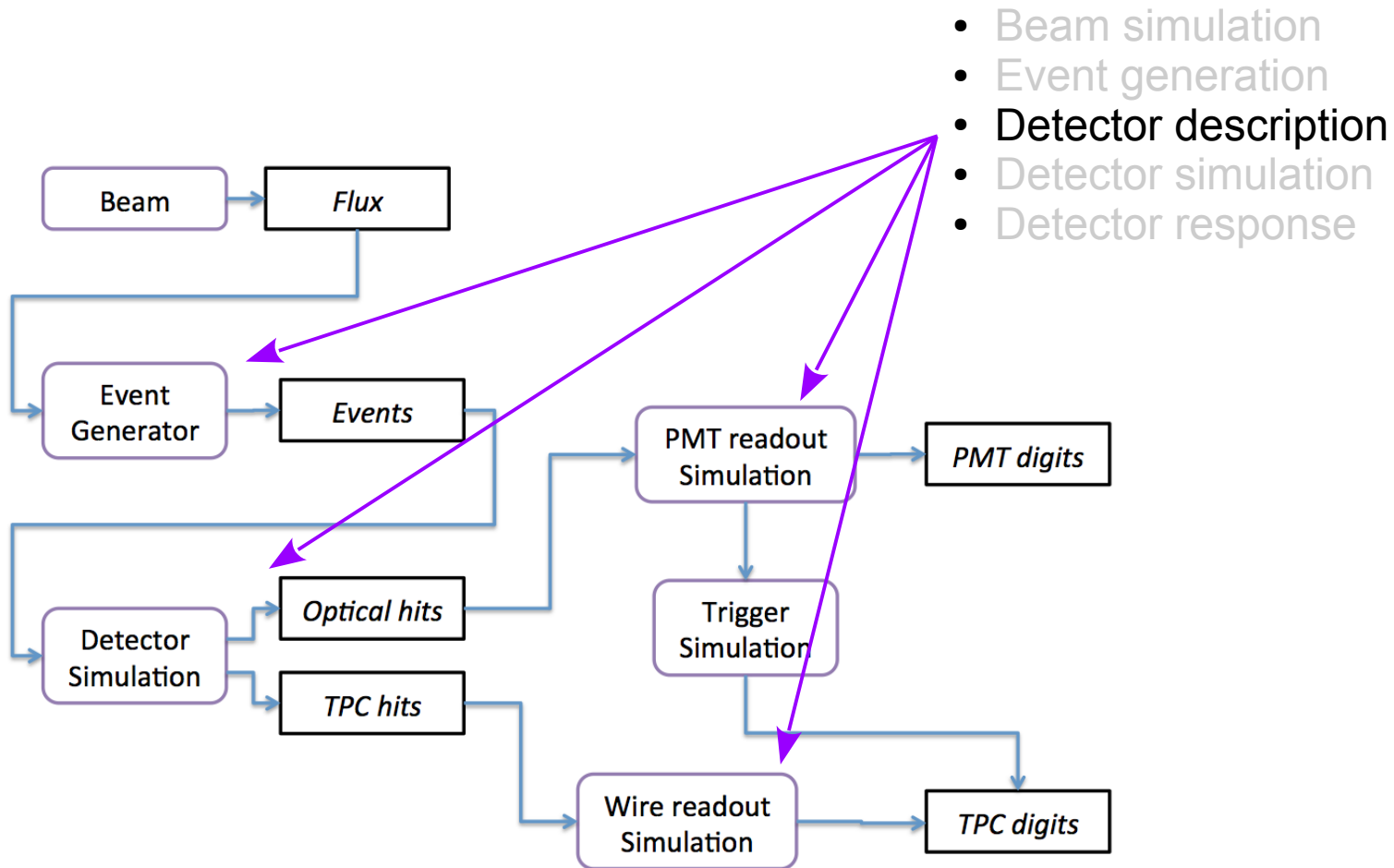
- Originally written for IMB, then adapted to MiniBooNE
 - Indirect interface: `larsim/EventGenerator/NUANCEGen_module.cc`
 - Source code / libraries are **not** distributed with LArSoft
...don't know where / when / who uses this at present...

Event generators available to LArSoft

- Cosmic ray generators
 - CRY
 - Lives in the “cry” ups product distributed with LArSoft
 - Maintained at LLNL: <http://nuclear.llnl.gov/simulation/main.html>
 - Direct interface: `larsim/EventGenerator/CRY/CosmicsGen_module.cc`
 - Output directly to `simb::MCTruth`
 - GaisserParam
 - Underground cosmic muons
 - Embedded in LArSoft:
`larsim/EventGenerator/GaisserParam/GaisserParam_module.cc`
 - Output directly to `simb::MCTruth`
 - Documented in the module.

Event generators available to LArSoft

- Other generators
 - NDKGen
 - Nucleon decay generator using GENIE
 - Indirect interface: `larsim/EventGenerator/NDKGen_module.cc`
 - SingleGen
 - Single particle event generator. Detector agnostic. (!!)
 - Embedded in LArSoft: `larsim/EventGenerator/SingleGen_module.cc`
 - All `prodsingle*.fcl` files everywhere use SingleGen
 - TextFileGen
 - Generates an event corresponding to contents of input text file in `hepevt` format
 - Embedded in LArSoft: `larsim/EventGenerator/TextFileGen_module.cc`
 - RadioGen
 - Models signals generated by radioactive decays in and around LAr
 - Uses decay tables, TGraphs of relevant spectra stored in `larsoft_data` product
 - Embedded in LArSoft: `larsim/EventGenerator/RadioGen_module.cc`

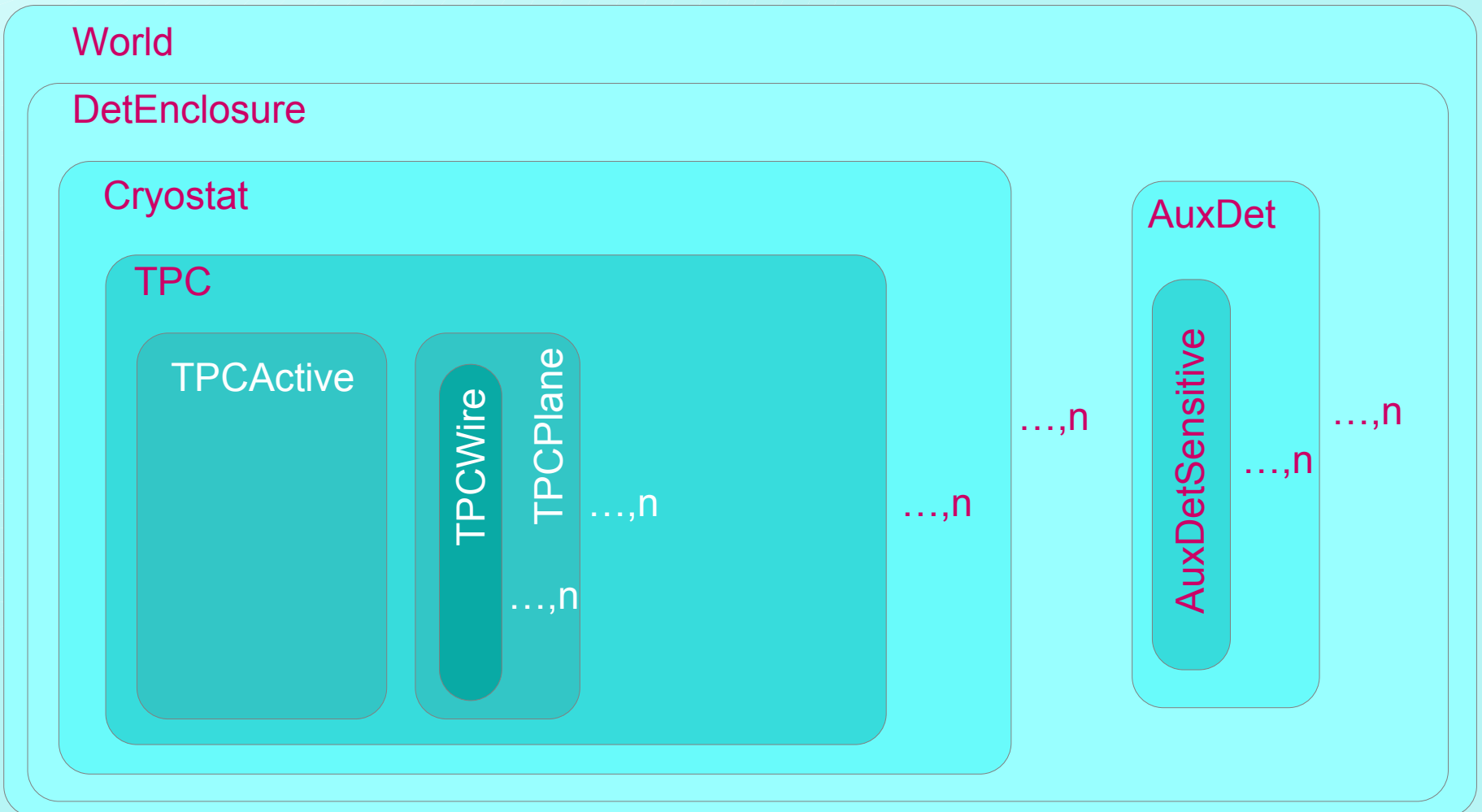


From W Seligman

Detector geometry

Hierarchy of geometry volumes

- Material associated with most of these

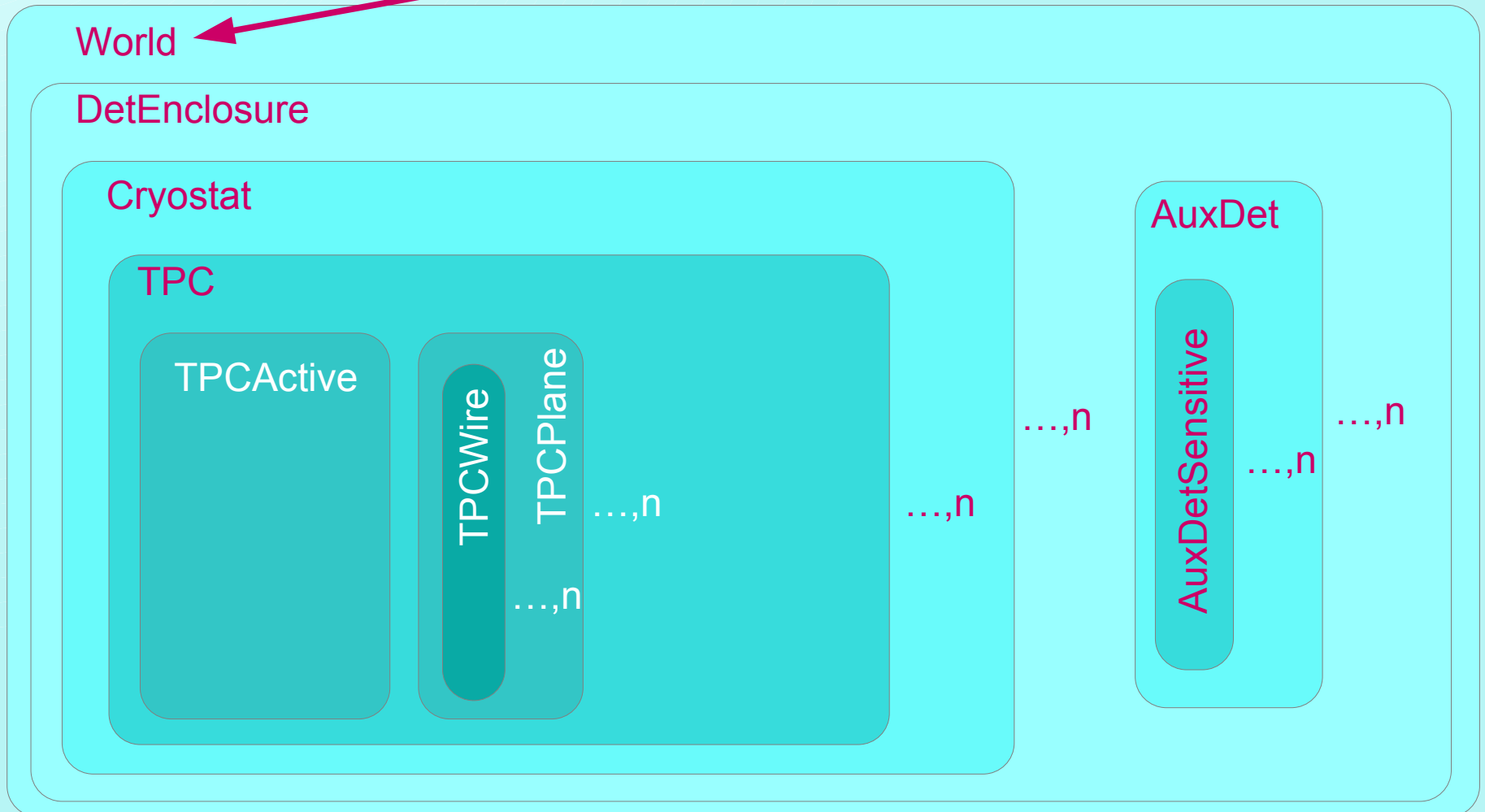


Detector geometry

Hierarchy of geometry volumes

- Material associated with most of these

E.g., buildings, overburden, surrounding dirt / rock

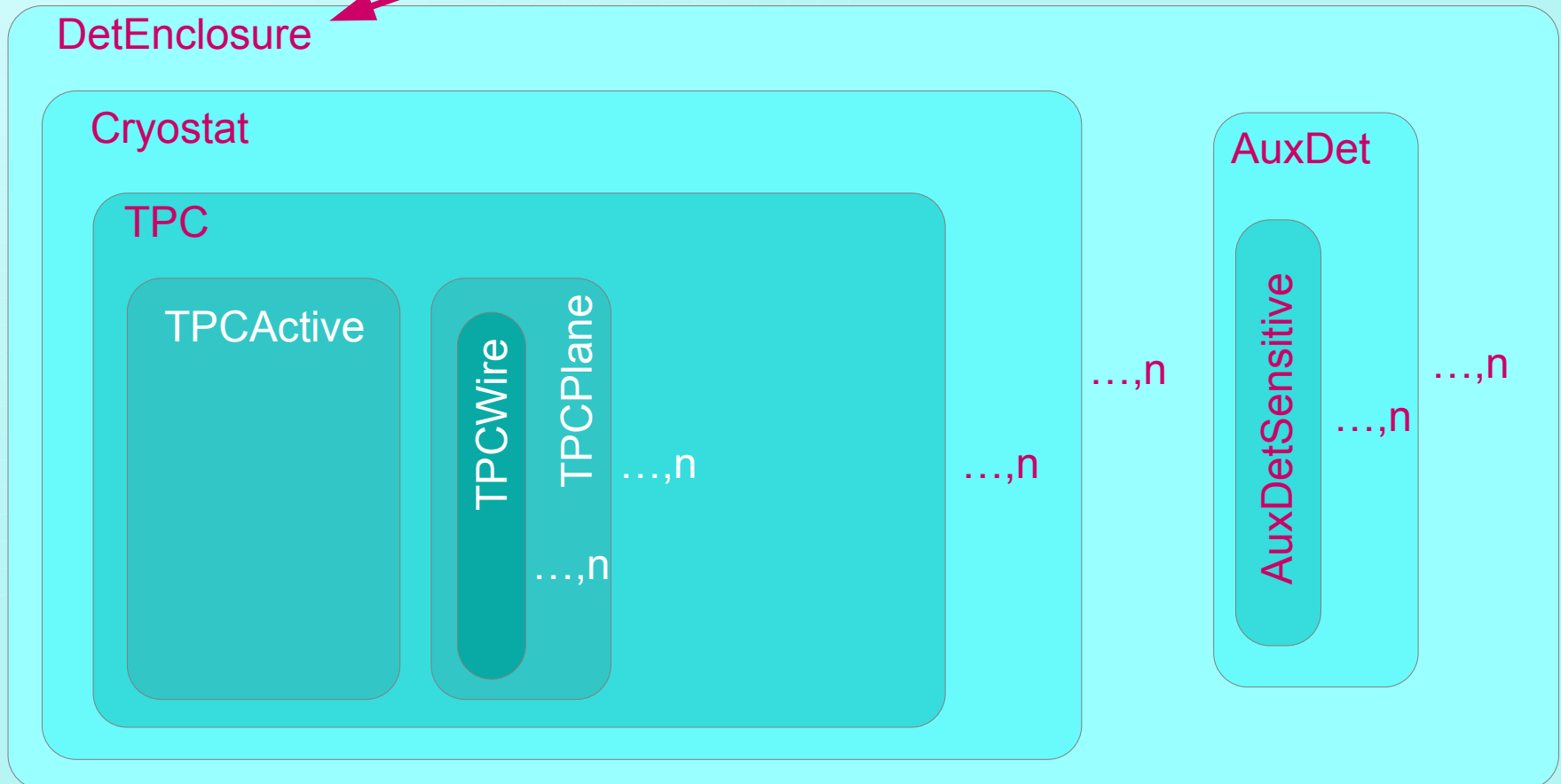


Detector geometry

Hierarchy of geometry volumes

- Material associated with most of these

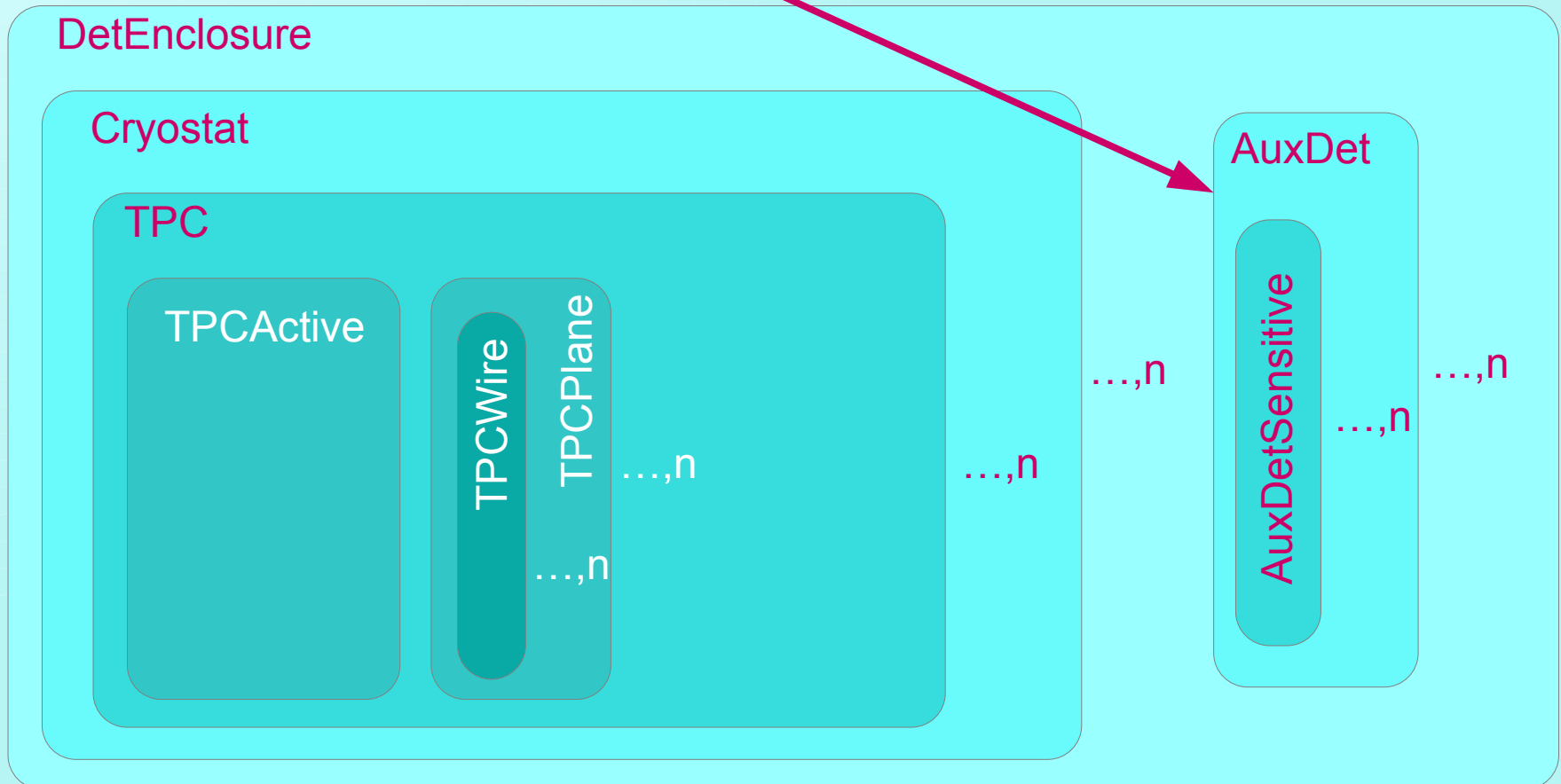
E.g., containment structure for cryostat, front end boards, etc.



Detector geometry

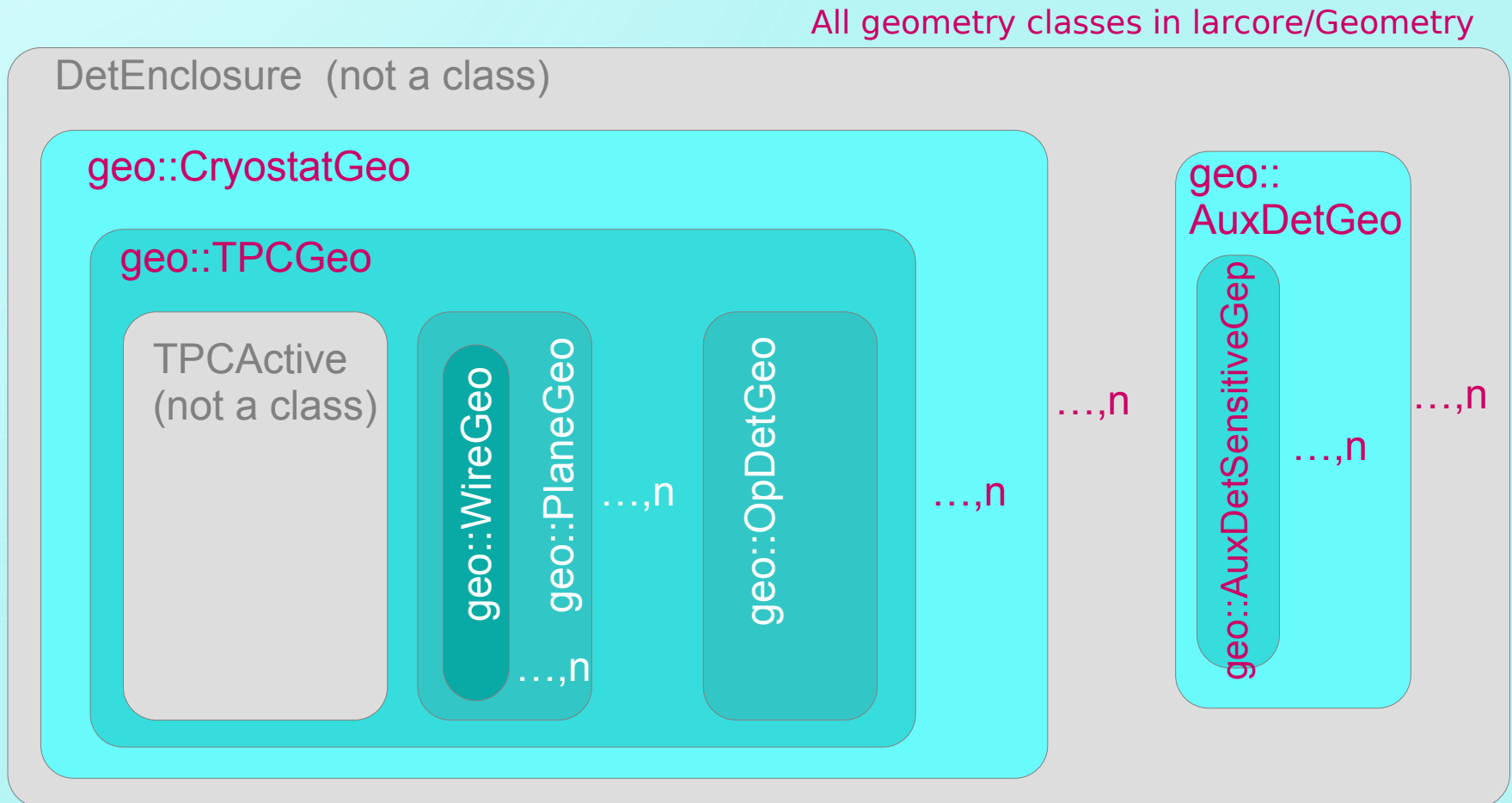
Auxiliary detectors

- For detector elements outside the cryostat
- E.g., cosmic ray counters around cryostat, upstream detectors in a test beam, etc.



Detector geometry

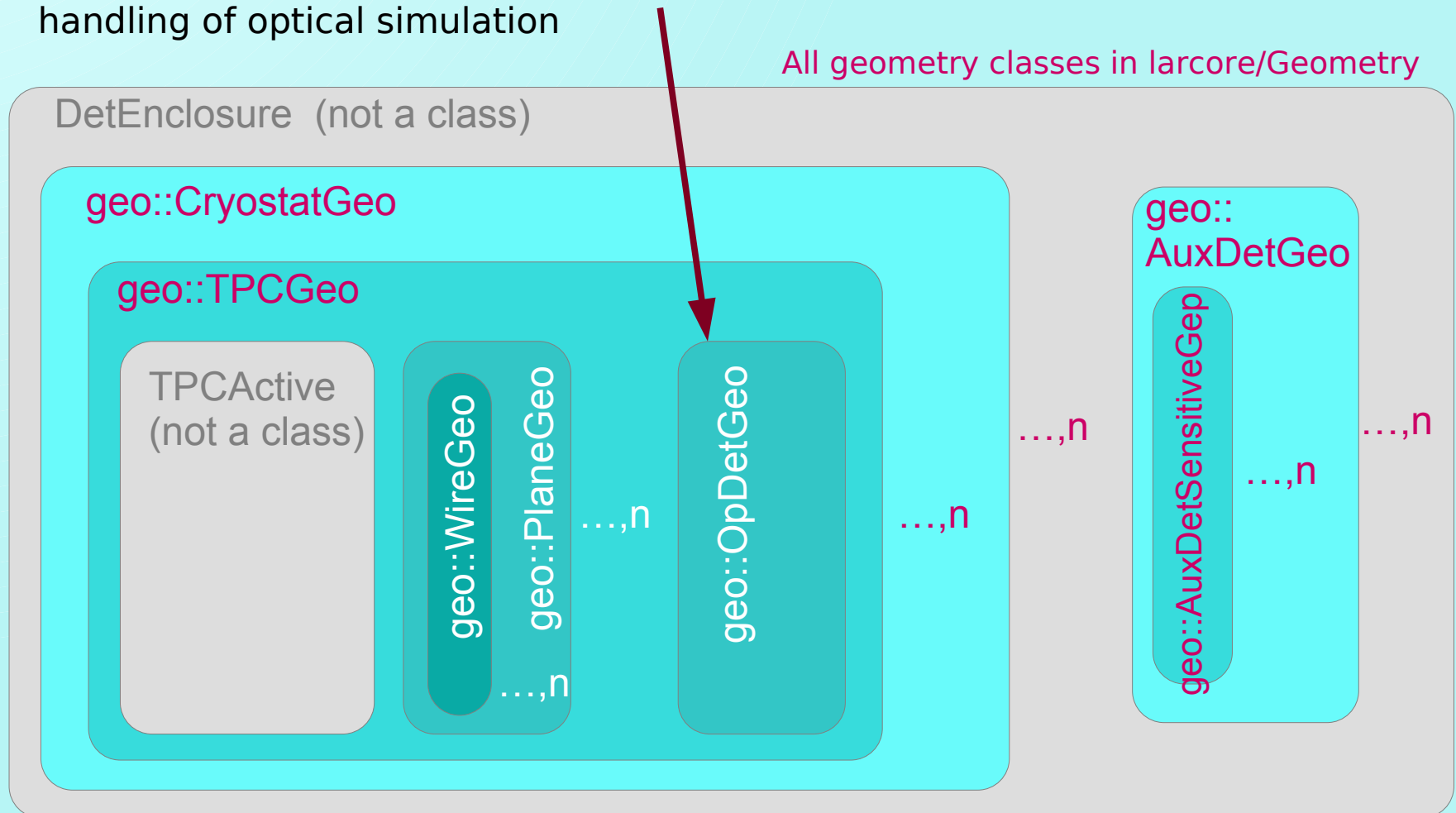
Class structure reflects this hierarchy



Detector geometry

Class structure reflects this hierarchy

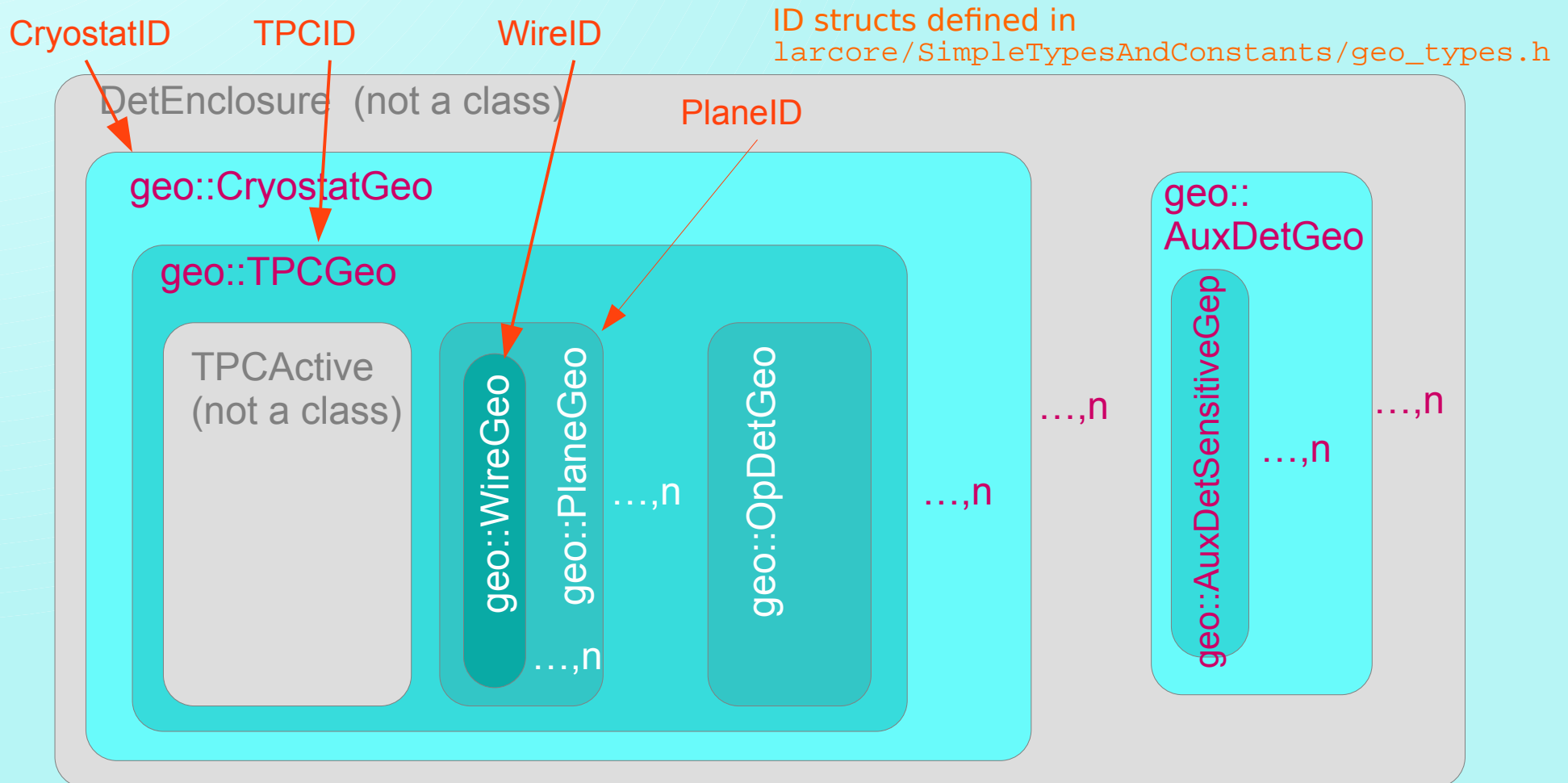
- Adds “parallel” volume `geo::OpDetGeo` to represent / separate handling of optical simulation



Detector geometry

Access the geometry classes via `Geometry` service

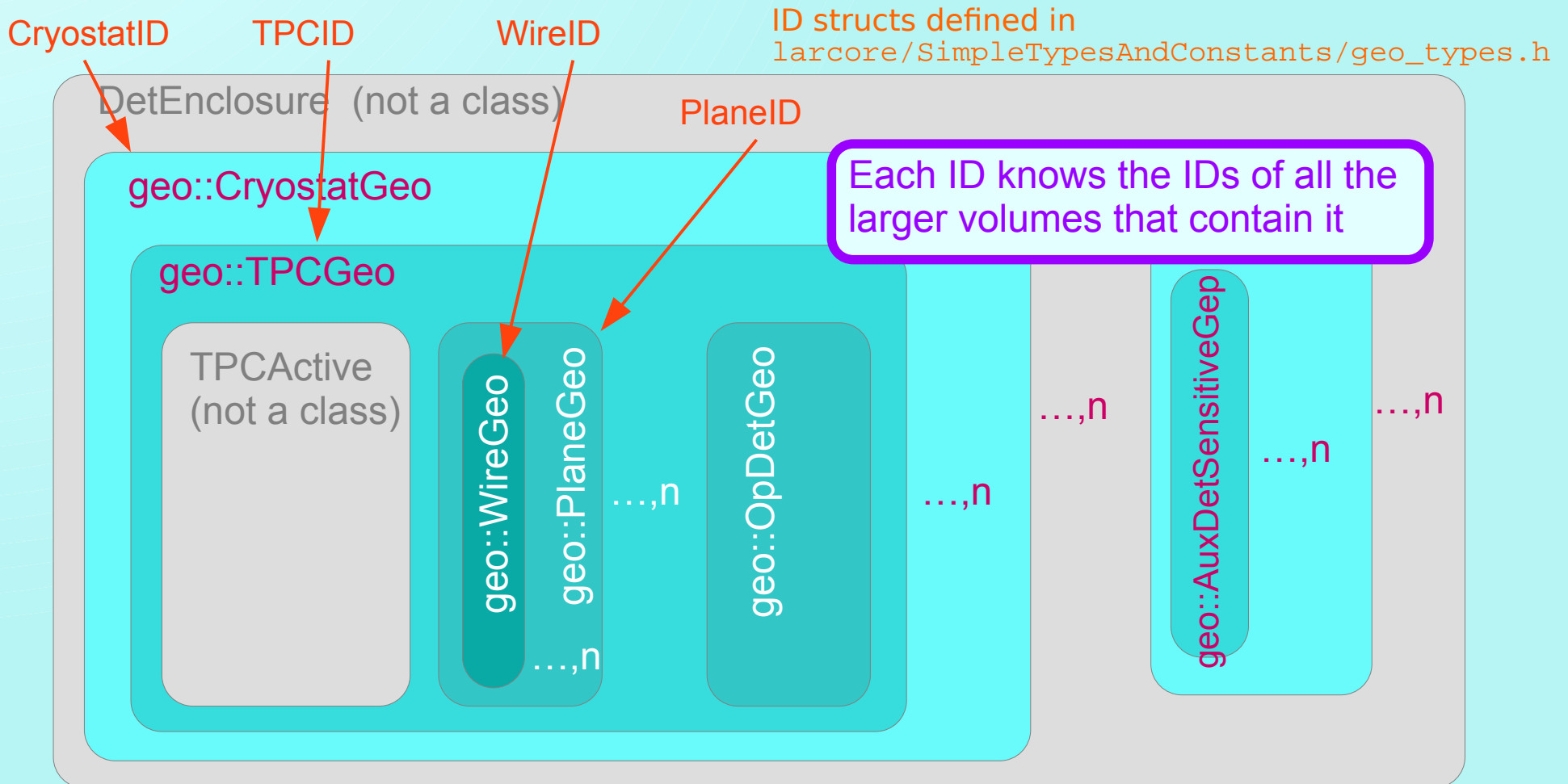
- Use ID objects to specify which instance of TPC geometry objects you want



Detector geometry

Access the geometry classes via `Geometry` service

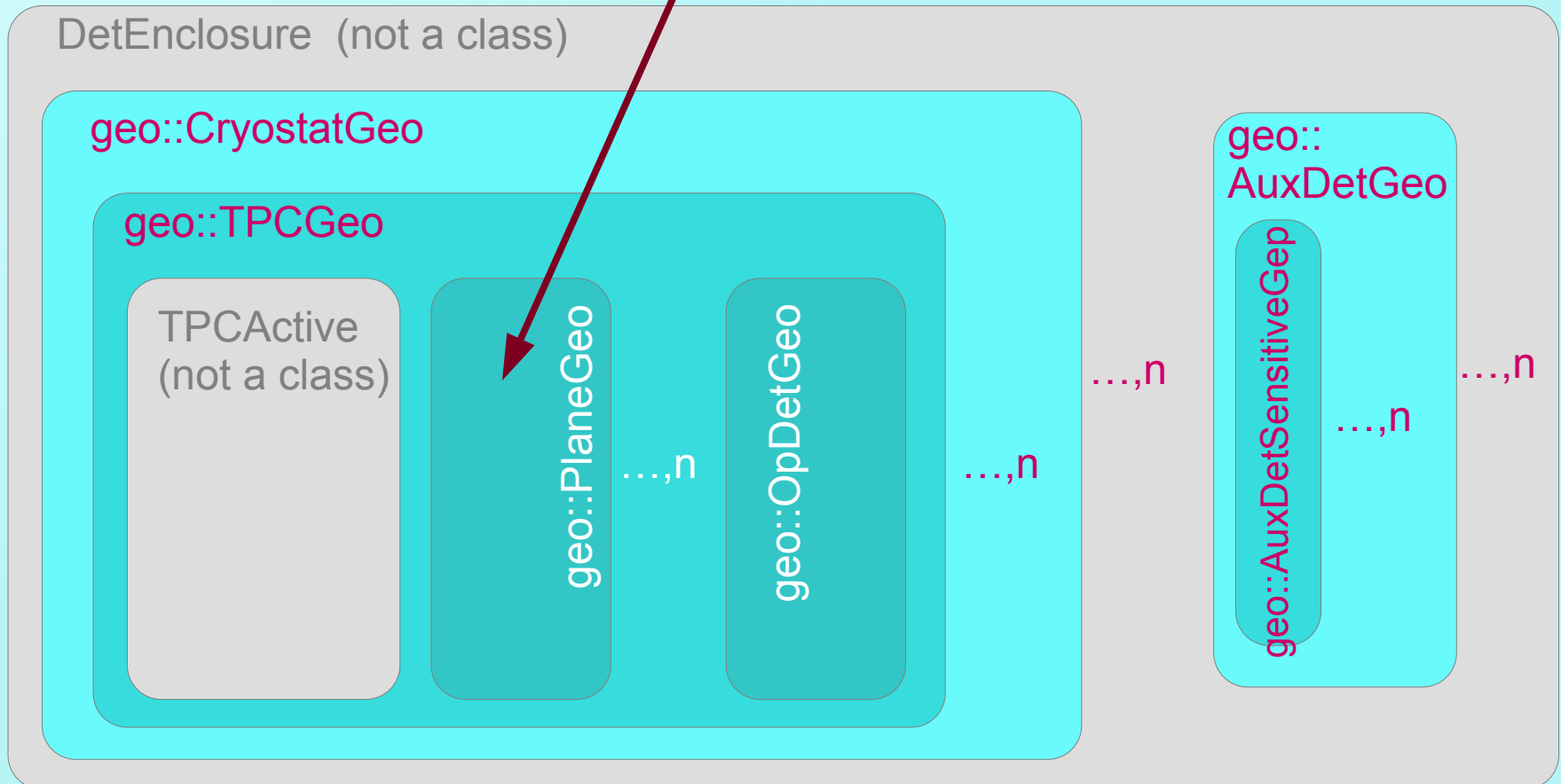
- Use ID objects to specify which instance of TPC geometry objects you want



Detector geometry

Don't usually need the wire volumes to be defined

- Often define “nowires” geometries that exclude the wire volumes, otherwise identical
- Saves on memory usage



Detector geometry specification

- Geometry specified with Geometry Description Markup Language (GDML)

<http://gdml.web.cern.ch/GDML/>

- A declarative geometry language understood by `root` and `GEANT4`
- The official GDML files currently live in experiment repositories
 - `<expt_repo>/Geometry/gdml/*.gdml`,
 - `<expt_repo>/Geo/gdml/*.gdml`, etc
- The GDML files are not necessarily the “master” geometry description
 - Most experiments have written Perl or C programs to write the actual GDML files
 - DUNE plans to use a DB to construct the GDML
- The main point:
 - There should be **exactly one** authoritative source for geometry information
 - Must use GDML file to tell LArSoft about it

Accessing detector information

- `geo::Geometry` (in `larcore/Geometry/Geometry.h`)
 - An art service that provides common interface to detector geometry
 - Access geometry via the `geo::GeometryCore` interface
 - Several methods to access geometry classes

- By element ID, for example:

```
PlaneGeo const & Plane( geo::PlaneID id ) const;  
PlaneGeo const & GetElement( geo::PlaneID id ) const;  
PlaneGeo const * PlanePtr( geo::PlaneID & id ) const;  
PlaneGeo const * GetElementPtr( geo::PlaneID id ) const;
```

- Iteration over all IDs of a given type, for example:

```
void GetBeginID( geo::TPCID & id ) const;           void GetEndID( geo::TPCID & id ) const;  
std::set<PlaneID> const & PlaneIDs() const;  
plane_id_iterator begin_plane_id() const;         plane_id_iterator end_plane_id() const;  
plane_iterator begin_plane() const;                plane_iterator end_plane() const;
```

These methods / iterators allow iteration over geometry / readout units without nested loops, needing to know how many of what is there

The above methods available for each level in geometry class structure

Accessing detector information

- `geo::ChannelMapAlg`

- Provides the mapping between geometry objects and readout channels
 - Refer to geometry objects using the geometry ID structs already introduced
 - Refer to TPC DAQ channels using `raw::ChannelID_t`
 - Defined in `larcore/SimpleTypesAndConstants/RawTypes.h`
 - Concept of optical channel IDs also
- ChannelMap available from the `Geometry` service

```
ChannelMapAlg const * cma = geom->ChannelMap();
```

- Detector-specific, so `ChannelMapAlg` is an abstract class
 - Detector-specific implementation is provided via `ExptGeoHelperInterface` service, **which itself is an abstract class for the service.**
 - Uses the art feature “service interface class”: specifies an interface for a service
 - Allows run-time selection of art service implementation in a fcl file
 - Helper service not exposed to users of `Geometry`, but geometry authors need to know

Accessing detector information

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```
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 - Detector-specific, so `ChannelMapAlg` is an abstract class
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The use of service interface classes is a common pattern throughout LArSoft
Allows experiment / detector-specific implementations for shared services

Look for “`service_provider`” line in fcl files

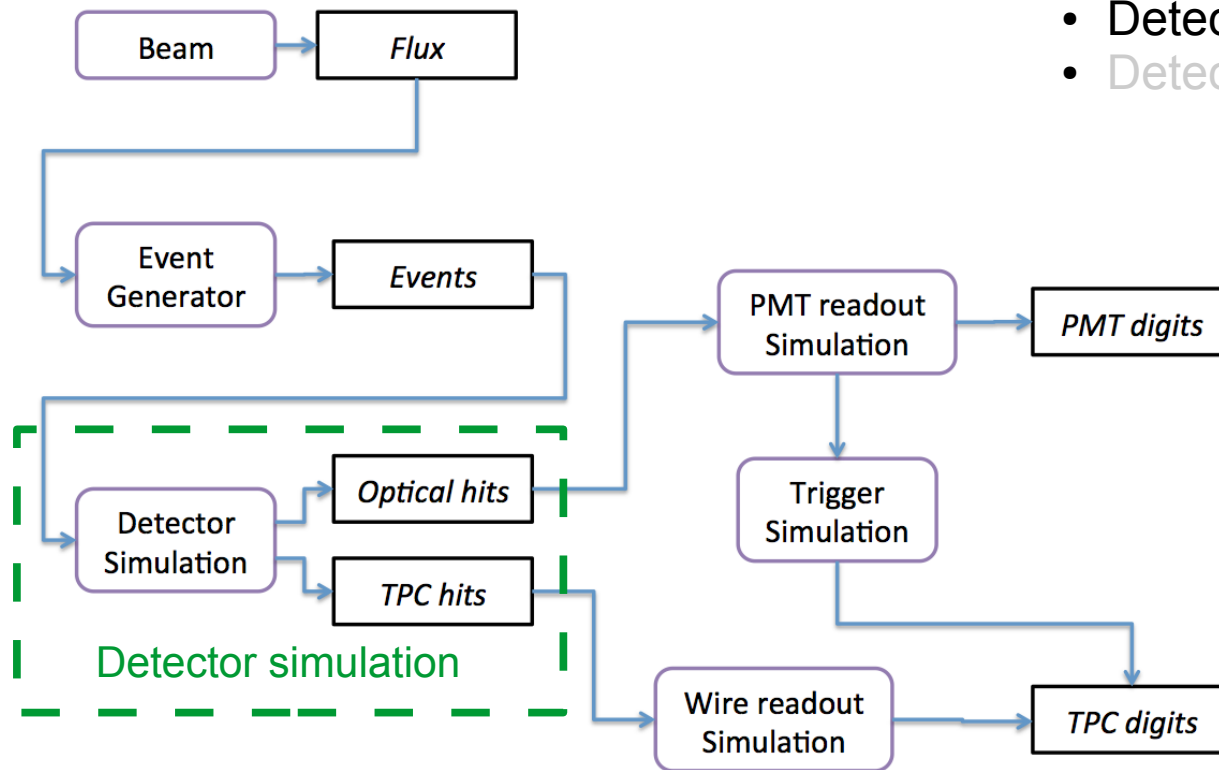
Accessing detector information

- `util::DetectorProperties`
 - An art service that provides access to information about the detector
 - Sampling rate, number of time samples per drift window
 - Trigger time offset
 - Time offsets between wire planes
 - ADC tick to distance conversion
 - etc.
 - Data currently filled from input fcl files
 - Working to allow use of a database to fill values
 - Lives in `lardata/Utilities`

Accessing detector information

- `util::LArProperties`
 - An art service that provides access to liquid argon properties
 - Density
 - Drift velocity
 - Birks correction
 - Electric field
 - Temperature
 - Electron lifetime
 - etc.
 - Also currently filled from fcl input
 - And also currently working to allow use of a database to fill values
 - Lives in `lardata/Utilities`

- Beam simulation
- Event generation
- Detector description
- **Detector simulation**
- Detector response



From W Seligman

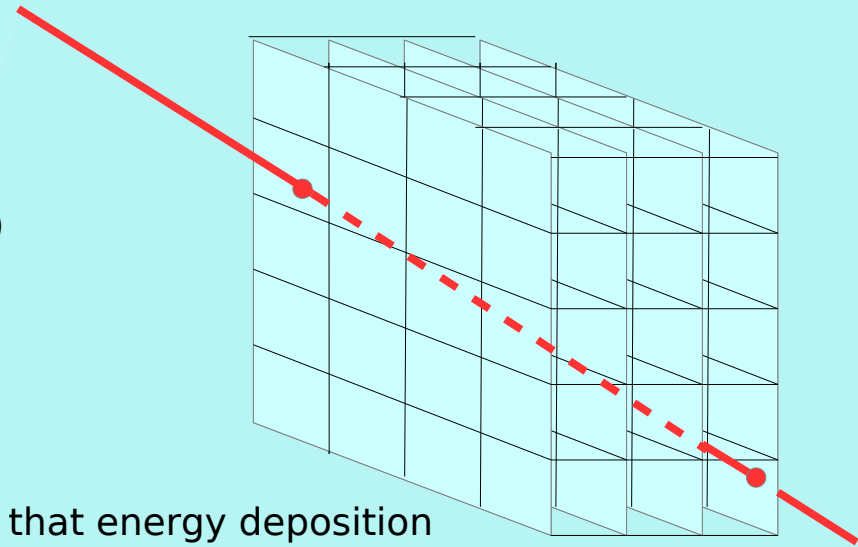
Detector simulation

- The `larg4::LArG4` module: GEANT4 interface
 - Configures GEANT4
 - Passes GDML file and material properties to GEANT4
 - Creates “parallel worlds” for wire, optical, and auxiliary detector geometries
 - `LArVoxelReadoutGeometry`, `OpDetReadoutGeometry`, `AuxDetReadoutGeometry`
 - Each registers call-backs to classes that know how to simulate that sub-system
 - Registers particle list
 - Processes interactions one at a time
 - Collects the results and stores it in the `art::Event`
 - Truth information at this stage
 - `simb::MCParticle`
 - *Trajectory, momentum, PDG code, ...*
 - `art::Assns< simb::MCTruth, simb::MCParticle >`
 - `sim::SimChannel`
 - `sim::SimPhotons` or `sim::SimPhotonsLite`
 - `sim::AuxDetSimChannel`

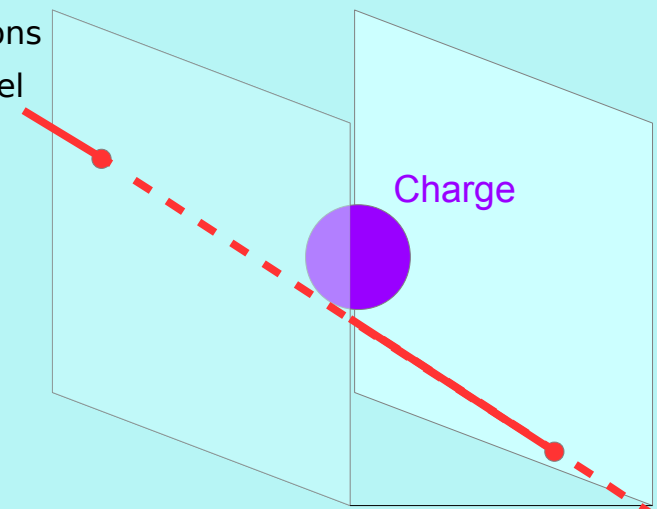
Detector simulation

- TPC simulation

- LAr volume split into “voxels” (3-D pixels)
 - 0.3 mm is typical in current simulations
- GEANT4 deposits energy in each voxel
- `larg4::LArVoxelReadout`
 - Calculates number of electrons created by that energy deposition



- Calculation performed by `sim::IonizationAndScintillation` singleton
 - Allows proper correlation between N electrons and photons
 - Uses `sim::ISCalculation` abstract interface for the model
- Drifts cluster of electrons as if at center
- Generates sequence of arrival times for each wire
 - Includes effect of longitudinal and transverse diffusion
- Fills `sim::SimChannel` with this (truth) information



Detector simulation

- TPC simulation (cont'd)

- `larg4::OpDetSensitiveDetector`
 - Calculates number of photoelectrons at each PMT
 - Uses `sim::IonizationAndScintillation` singleton to get correct N photons
 - Performs a lookup that depends upon originating voxel, terminating PMT
 - Does **not** perform a detailed arrival time calculation
 - Time resolution is ~20 ns
 - Fills `sim::SimPhotons` (tracks individual photon)
or `sim::SimPhotonsLite` (only tracks N photons detected)

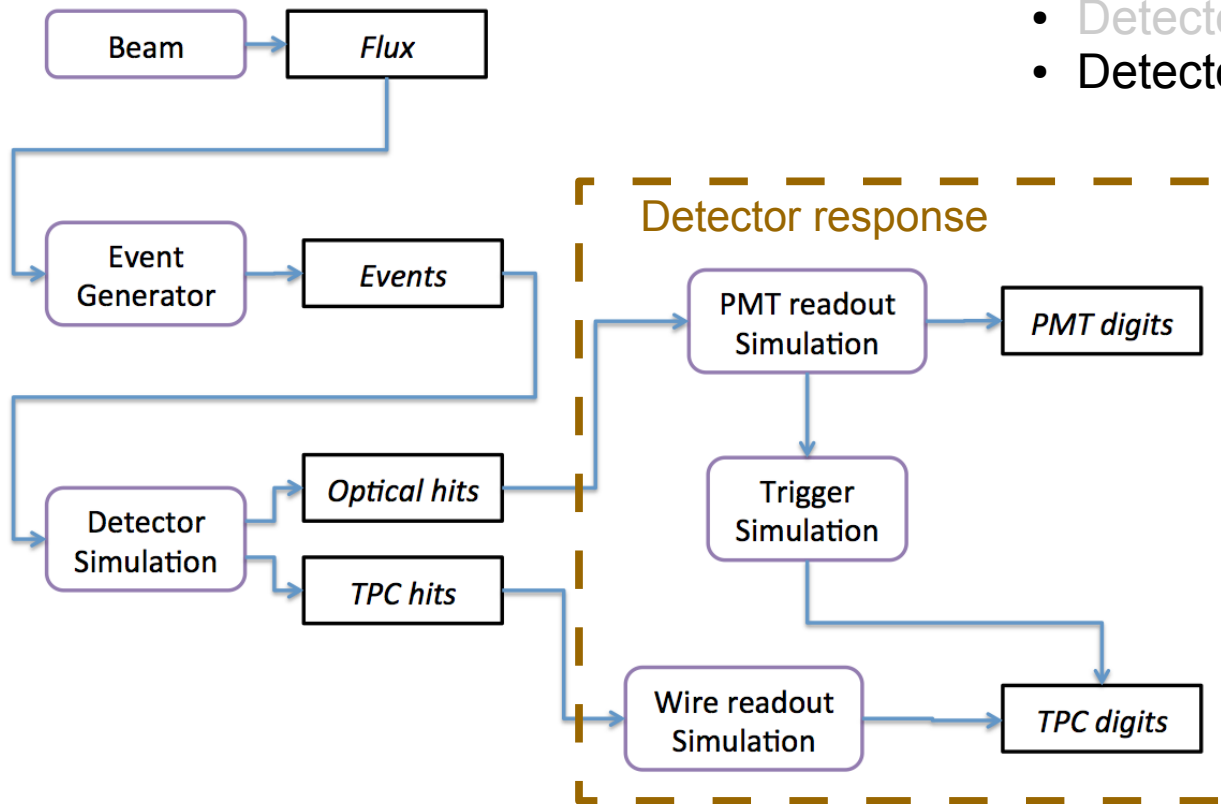
A comment about photon propagation calculation

- Have a slow method and a “fast” method
- Slow method tracks individual photons
- Fast uses `phot::PhotonVisibilityService` (in `larsim/PhotonPropagation`)
 - Lookup table to determine probability of observing an isotropically produced photon within a given voxel
 - Can include effects of geometry, scattering, attenuation, quantum efficiency

Detector simulation

- Auxiliary detector simulation
 - Geometry specifies N `AuxDetSensitiveGeo` per `AuxDetGeo`
 - GEANT4 deposits energy in each `AuxDetSensitiveGeo`
 - `larg4::AuxDetReaout`
 - Stores information about the energy deposition in `sim::AuxDetSimChannel`
 - Adds it to the event
 - Details of how the detector turns that energy into digitized signals is (currently) handled outside the simulation (e.g., in the simulation analysis)

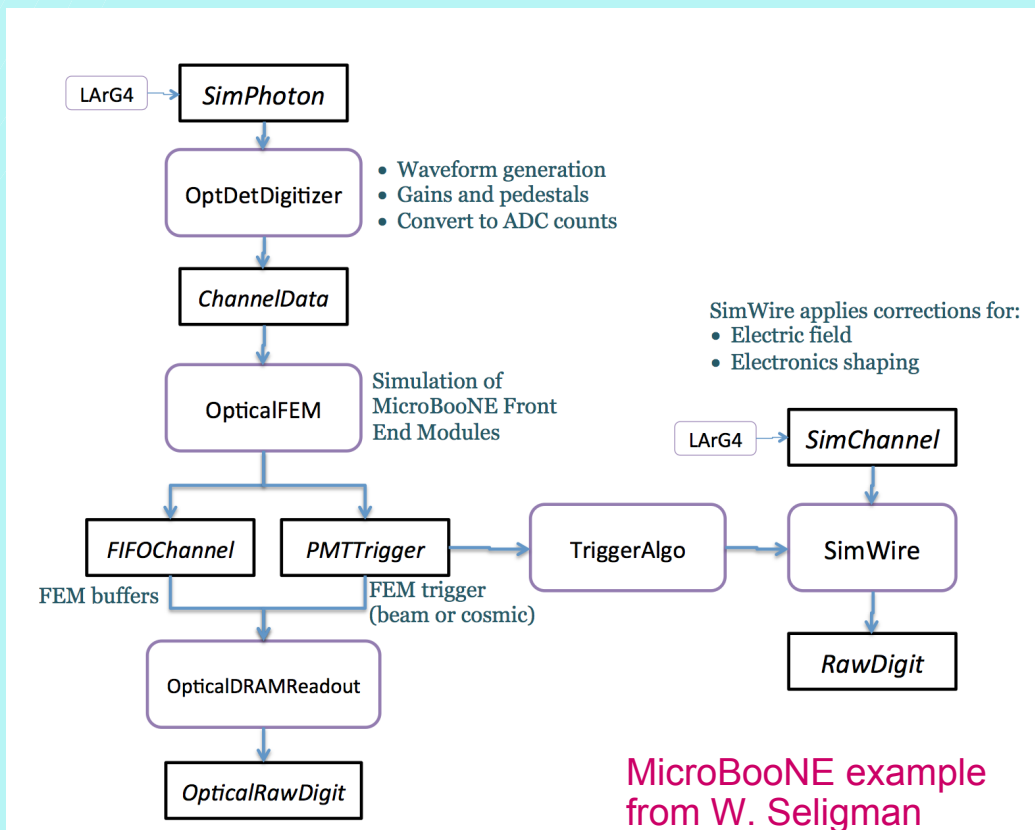
- Beam simulation
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From W Seligman

The detector response simulation

- The remaining steps are performed after GEANT4 is done
 - Model charge / photon transport effects not in the detector simulation
 - Model DAQ response for given input charge, detected photons
 - May include triggers
 - Digitize the final output signals



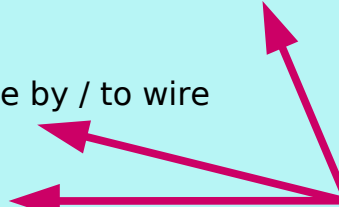
The detector response simulation

- `detsim::SimWire` module

Note: Typically held in experiment repositories with different name

- E.g., `uboonecode/uboone/DetSim/SimWireMicroBooNE_module.cc`
- The code is nearly identical, so this separation is probably unnecessary...

- Simulates signal generation on a TPC wire
 - Drift charge displacements due to electric field non-uniformities
 - Field effects
 - Raw signal induction due to motion of charge by / to wire
 - Induced signals on neighboring wires
 - Electronics effects: signal shaping, noise
 - Performs calculation in frequency space
- Output is `raw::RawDigit`



The detector-specific parts...
...but changes to configuration
might cover the differences

The detector response simulation

- Optical detector response
 - Highly detector-dependent, and changing rapidly
 - Essentially no code in core LArSoft that handles optical response
 - For MicroBooNE: uboonecode/uboone/OpticalDetectorSim/*
 - For DUNE: lbncode/lbne/OpticalDetector/OpDetDigitizerLBNE_module.cc

Derives from `OpDetResponseInterface`
an art service interface class defined
in `larana/OpticalDetector`
(probably not the correct location...)

`DUNEOpDetResponse_service.cc`

`LBNE35tonOpDetResponse_service.cc`

Will not go into further details here...

The detector response simulation

- Optical detector response (cont'd)

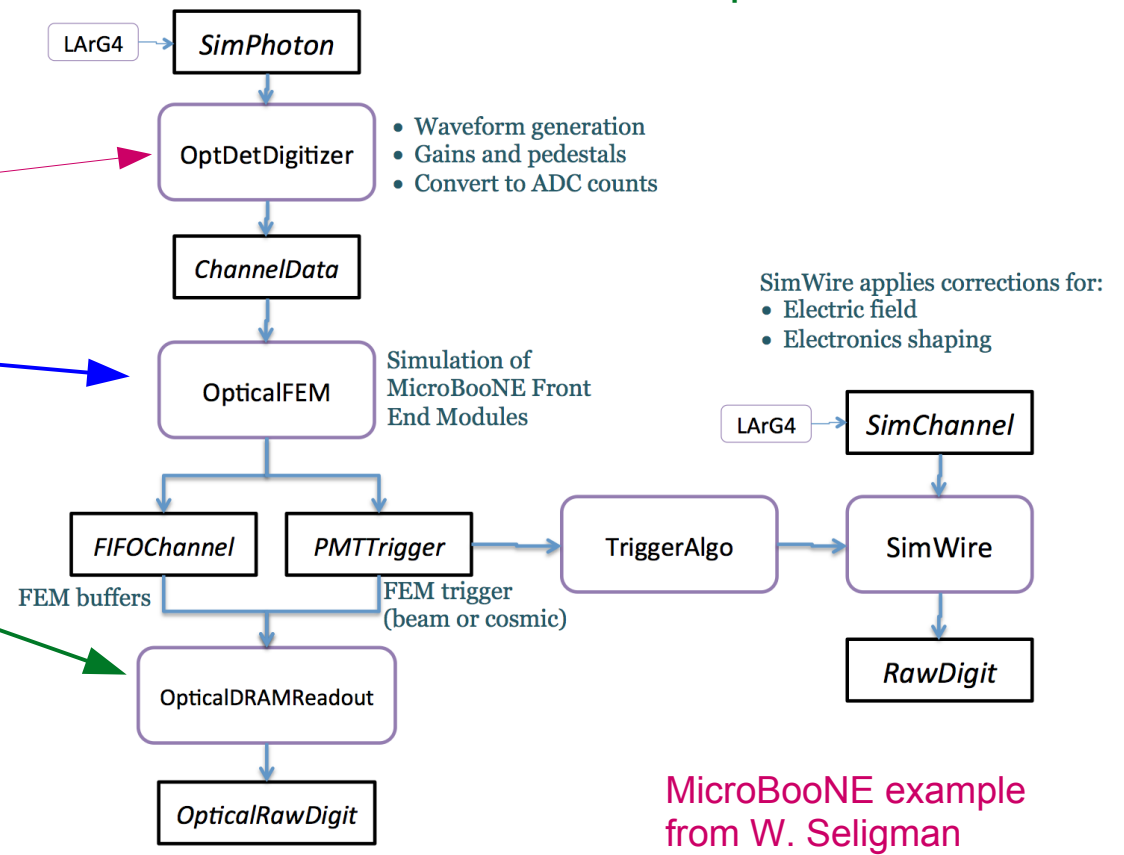
...but can stroll through the MicroBooNE example

UBOpticalADCSim_module.cc
Waveform generation

OpticalFEM_module.cc
Converts waveform to DAQ output format needed for trigger simulation

OpticalDRAMReadout_module.cc
Converts DAQ format to raw::OpticalRawDigit

Code is in uboonecode/uboone/OpticalDetectorSim



Running the generators and simulation

Event generator example: prodsingle

```
#include "services_lbne.fcl"
#include "singles_lbne.fcl"
#include "largeantmodules_lbne.fcl"
#include "detsimmodules_lbne.fcl"

process_name: SinglesGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "single35t_hist.root" }
  Timing:       {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} #ART native random number generator
  user:         @local::lbne35t_simulation_services
}
#services.user.ExptGeoHelperInterface:
@local::lbne_geometry_helper
#services.user.Geometry.GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v3.gdml"

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 1 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
# First modules are defined; they are scheduled later.
# Modules are grouped by type.
physics:
{

producers:
{
  generator: @local::lbne35t_singlep
  largeant: @local::lbne35t_largeant
  daq: @local::lbne35t_simwire
  rns: { module_type: "RandomNumberSaver" }
  simcounter: @local::lbne35t_simcounter
}

# define the producer and filter modules for this
# path, order matters,
simulate: [ generator, largeant, daq, rns, simcounter ]

# define the output stream
stream1: [ out1 ]

# trigger_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
# modify the art::event
trigger_paths: [simulate]

# end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# not modify the art::Event,
end_paths: [stream1]
}

# block to define where the output goes.
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "single35t_gen.root" #default file name
  }
}
}
```

[lbncode/lbne/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl](#)

Event generator example: prodsingle

```
#include "services_lbne.fcl"
#include "singles_lbne.fcl"
#include "largeantmodules_lbne.fcl"
#include "detsimmodules_lbne.fcl"

process_name: SinglesGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "single35t_hist.root" }
  Timing: {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} #ART native random number generator
  user: @local::lbne35t_simulation_services
}
#services.user.ExptGeoHelperInterface:
@local::lbne_geometry_helper
#services.user.Geometry.GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v3.gdml"

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  largeant: @local::lbne35t_largeant
  daq: @local::lbne35t_simwire
  rns: { module_type: "RandomNumberSaver" }
  simcounter: @local::lbne35t_simcounter
}
}
```

Native art random number service

```
# define the producer and filter modules for this
# path, order matters,
simulate: [ generator, largeant, daq, rns, simcounter ]

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# block to define where the output goes.
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "single35t_gen.root" #default file name
  }
}
```

lbncode/lbne/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

Event generator example: prodsingle

```
#include "services_lbne.fcl"
#include "singles_lbne.fcl"
#include "largeantmodules_lbne.fcl"
#include "detsimmodules_lbne.fcl"

process_name: SinglesGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "single35t_hist.root" }
  Timing:      {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} #AKF native random number generator
  user:        @local::lbne35t_simulation_services
}
#services.user.ExptGeoHelperInterface:
@local::lbne_geometry_helper
#services.user.Geometry.GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v3.gdml"

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 1 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
# First modules are defined; they are scheduled later.
# Modules are grouped by type.
physics:
{
  producers:
  {
    generator: @local::lbne35t_singlep
    largeant: @local::lbne35t_largeant
    daq: @local::lbne35t_simwire
    rns: { module_type: "RandomNumberSaver" }
    simcounter: @local::lbne35t_simcounter
  }
}

# define the producer and filter modules for this
# path, order matters,
simulate: [ generator, largeant, daq, rns, simcounter ]

# trigger_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
# modify the art::event
trigger_paths: [simulate]

# end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# not modify the art::Event,
end_paths: [stream1]
}

# block to define where the output goes.
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "single35t_gen.root" #default file name
  }
}


```

Defined in lbnecode/lbne/Utilities/services_lbne.fcl

lbnecode/lbne/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

...so look there and find:

lbne35t_simulation_services: @local::lbne35t_g4_services

lbne35t_simulation_services.LArFFT: @local::lbne35t_larfft

lbne35t_simulation_services.SignalShapingServiceLBNE35t: @local::lbne35t_signalshapingervice

lbne35t_simulation_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::lbne35t_photonvisibilityservice

lbne35t_simulation_services.BackTracker: @local::lbne35t_backtracker

```
#include
#include
#include
#include
process
service
{
  # Local
  TFileService: { fileName: "single35t_hist.root" }
  Timing: {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} #ART native random number generator
  user: @local::lbne35t_simulation_services
}
#services.user.ExptGeoHelperInterface:
@local::lbne_geometry_helper
#services.user.Geometry.GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v3.gdml"

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 1 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
# First modules are defined; they are scheduled later.
# Modules are grouped by type.
physics:
{
  producers:
  {
    generator: @local::lbne35t_singlep
    largeant: @local::lbne35t_largeant
    daq: @local::lbne35t_simwire
    rns: { module_type: "RandomNumberSaver" }
    simcounter: @local::lbne35t_simcounter
  }
}

# end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# not modify the art::Event,
end_paths: [stream1]
}

# block to define where the output goes.
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "single35t_gen.root" #default file name
  }
}

lbnecode/lbne/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl
```

...so look there and find:

lbne35t_simulation_services: @local::lbne35t_g4_services

lbne35t_simulation_services.LArFFT: @local::lbne35t_larfft

lbne35t_simulation_services.SignalShapingServiceLBNE35t: @local::lbne35t_signalshapingservice

lbne35t_simulation_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::lbne35t_photonvisibilityservice

```
#include
#include
#include
#include
process:
```

```
serv lbne35t_g4_services: @local::lbne35t_gen_services
{
  # lbne35t_g4_services.LArG4Parameters: @local::lbne35t_largeantparameters
  T lbne35t_g4_services.LArVoxelCalculator: @local::lbne35t_larvoxelcalculator
  T lbne35t_g4_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::lbne35t_photonvisibilityservice
  T lbne35t_g4_services.OpDetResponseInterface: @local::lbne35t_opdetresponse
}
#serv
@loc
```

```
#services.user.Geometry.GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v3.gdml"

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 1 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}
```

```
# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
# First modules are defined; they are scheduled later.
# Modules are grouped by type.
physics:
{
```

```
producers:
{
  generator: @local::lbne35t_singlep
  largeant: @local::lbne35t_largeant
  daq: @local::lbne35t_simwire
  rns: { module_type: "RandomNumberSaver" }
  simcounter: @local::lbne35t_simcounter
}
```

```
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "single35t_gen.root" #default file name
  }
}
```

lbnecode/lbne/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

...so look there and find:

lbne35t_simulation_services: @local::lbne35t_g4_services

lbne35t_simulation_services.LArFFT: @local::lbne35t_larfft

lbne35t_simulation_services.SignalShapingServiceLBNE35t: @local::lbne35t_signalshapingervice

lbne35t_simulation_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::lbne35t_photonvisibilityservice

```
#include
#include
#include
#include
process
```

```
serv lbne35t_g4_services: @local::lbne35t_gen_services
```

```
{ # lbne35t_g4_services.LArG4Parameters: @local::lbne35t_largeantparameters
```

```
Th lbne35t_g4_services.LArVoxelCalculator: @local::lbne35t_larvoxelcalculator
```

```
Th us lbne35t_simulation_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::lbne35t_photonvisibilityservice
```

```
#serv lbne35t_gen_services: @local::lbne35t_basic_services
```

```
@loc lbne35t_gen_services.MagneticField: @local::no_mag
```

```
#services.use
```

```
#Start each new event with an empty event.
```

```
source:
```

```
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 1 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}
```

```
# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
```

```
# First modules are defined; they are scheduled later.
```

```
# Modules are grouped by type.
```

```
physics:
```

```
{
  producers:
  {
    generator: @local::lbne35t_singlep
    largeant: @local::lbne35t_largeant
    daq: @local::lbne35t_simwire
    rns: { module_type: "RandomNumberSaver" }
    simcounter: @local::lbne35t_simcounter
  }
}
```

```
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "single35t_gen.root" #default file name
  }
}
```

the paths that do

es.

lbnecode/lbne/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

...so look there and find:

```
lbne35t_simulation_services: @local::lbne35t_g4_services
lbne35t_simulation_services.LArFFT: @local::lbne35t_larfft
lbne35t_simulation_services.SignalShapingServiceLBNE35t: @local::lbne35t_signalshapingervice
lbne35t_simulation_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::lbne35t_photonvisibilityservice
```

```
lbne35t_g4_services: @local::lbne35t_gen_services
lbne35t_g4_services.LArG4Parameters: @local::lbne35t_largeantparameters
lbne35t_g4_services.LArVoxelCalculator: @local::lbne35t_larvoxelcalculator
lbne35t_g4_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::lbne35t_photonvisibilityservice
lbne35t_gen_services: @local::lbne35t_basic_services
lbne35t_gen_services.MagneticField: @local::no_mag
```

```
lbne35t_basic_services:
{
  ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::lbne_geometry_helper
  Geometry: @local::lbne35t_geo
  TimeService: @local::lbne35t_timeservice
  DetectorProperties: @local::lbne35t_detproperties
  LArProperties: @local::lbne35t_properties
  DatabaseUtil: @local::lbne35t_database
  SeedService: @local::lbne_seedservice
}
```

```
type: RootOutput
: "single35t_gen.root" #default file name
```

[/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl](#)

...so look there and find:

```
lbne35t_simulation_services: @local::lbne35t_g4_services
lbne35t_simulation_services.LArFFT: @local::lbne35t_larfft
lbne35t_simulation_services.SignalShapingServiceLBNE35t: @local::lbne35t_signalshapingervice
lbne35t_simulation_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::lbne35t_photonvisibilityservice
```

```
lbne35t_g4_services: @local::lbne35t_gen_services
lbne35t_g4_services.LArG4Parameters: @local::lbne35t_largeantparameters
lbne35t_g4_services.LArVoxelCalculator: @local::lbne35t_larvoxelcalculator
```

```
lbne35t_gen_services: @local::lbne35t_basic_services
lbne35t_gen_services.MagneticField: @local::no_mag
```

```
lbne35t_basic_services:
```

```
ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::lbne_geometry_helper
```

```
Geometry: @local::lbne35t_geo
```

```
TimeService: @local::lbne35t_timeservice
```

```
DetectorProperties: @local::lbne35t_detpr
```

```
LArProperties: @local::lbne35t_properties
```

```
DatabaseUtil: @local::lbne35t_database
```

```
SeedService: @local::lbne_seedservice
```

```
lbnecode/lbne/Geometry/geometry_lbne.fcl
```

```
/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl
```



```
lbne35t_geo: {
  Name: "lbne35t4apa_v4"
  # Choose GDML file and set detector version similarly
  GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v4.gdml"
  ROOT: "lbne35t4apa_v4.gdml"
  SortingParameters: { DetectorVersion: "lbne35t4apa_v4" }
  SurfaceY: 0.0e2 # in cm, vertical distance to the surface
  DisableWiresInG4: true
}

lbne_geometry_helper: {
  service_provider : LBNEGeometryHelper
}

# Star
sourc
{
  mod
  t.m
  max
  f.r
  f.r
}
# Def
# Fir
# Mod
physi
{
  prod
  {
    ge
    la
    da
    rn
    si
  }
}

ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::lbne_geometry_helper
Geometry: @local::lbne35t_geo
TimeService: @local::lbne35t_timeservice
DetectorProperties: @local::lbne35t_detp
LARProperties: @local::lbne35t_properties
DatabaseUtil: @local::lbne35t_database
SeedService: @local::lbne_seedservice

type: RootOutput
"single35t_gen.root" #default file name

lbnecode/lbne/Geometry/geometry_lbne.fcl

/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl
```

...so look

lbne35t_s

lbne35t_s

lbne35t_s

lbne35t_s

lbne35t_g4

lbne35t_g4

lbne35t_g4

lbne35t

lbne

lbne

lbne35t_ba

ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::lbne_geometry_helper

Geometry: @local::lbne35t_geo

TimeService: @local::lbne35t_timeservice

DetectorProperties: @local::lbne35t_detp lbnecode/lbne/Geometry/geometry_lbne.fcl

LARProperties: @local::lbne35t_properties

DatabaseUtil: @local::lbne35t_database /EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

SeedService: @local::lbne_seedservice

```

lbne35t_geo: {
  Name: "lbne35t4apa_v4"
  # Choose GDML file and set detector version similarly
  GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v4.gdml"
  ROOT: "lbne35t4apa_v4.gdml"
  SortingParameters: { DetectorVersion: "lbne35t4apa_v4" }
  SurfaceY: 0.0e2 # in cm, vertical distance to the surface
  DisableWiresInG4: true
}

lbne_geometry_helper: {
  service_provider : LBNEGeometryHelper
}

ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::lbne_geometry_helper
Geometry: @local::lbne35t_geo
TimeService: @local::lbne35t_timeservice
DetectorProperties: @local::lbne35t_detpr
LARProperties: @local::lbne35t_properties
DatabaseUtil: @local::lbne35t_database
SeedService: @local::lbne_seedservice

type: RootOutput
"single35t_gen.root" #default file name

lbnecode/lbne/Geometry/geometry_lbne.fcl

/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

```

...so look

GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v4.gdml" The geometry

To get the correct ChannelMapAlg

service_provider : LBNEGeometryHelper

ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::lbne_geometry_helper

Geometry: @local::lbne35t_geo

lbnecode/lbne/Geometry/geometry_lbne.fcl

/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

Event generator example: prodsingle

```
#include "services_lbne.fcl"
#include "singles_lbne.fcl"
#include "largeantmodules_lbne.fcl"
#include "detsimmodules_lbne.fcl"

process_name: SinglesGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "single35t_hist.root" }
  Timing: {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} #ART native random number generator
  user: @local::lbne35t_simulation_services
}
#services.user.ExptGeoHelperInterface:
@local::lbne_geometry_helper
#services.user.Geometry.GDML: "lbne35t4apa_v3.gdml"

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 1 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
# First modules are defined; they are scheduled later.
# Modules are grouped by type.
physics:
{

producers:
{
  generator: @local::lbne35t_singlep
  largeant: @local::lbne35t_largeant
  daq: @local::lbne35t_simwire
  rns: { module_type: "RandomNumberSaver" }
  simcounter: @local::lbne35t_simcounter
}

# define the producer and filter modules for this
# path, order matters,
simulate: [ generator, largeant, daq, rns, simcounter ]

# define the output stream
stream1: [ out1 ]

# trigger_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
# modify the art::event
trigger_paths: [simulate]

# end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# not modify the art::Event,
end_paths: [stream1]
}

# block to define where the output goes.
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "single35t_gen.root" #default file name
  }
}
}
```

EmptyEvent input module

lbncode/lbne/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

Event generator example: prodsingle

```
#include "services_lbne.fcl"
#include "singles_lbne.fcl"
#include "largeantmodules_lbne.fcl"
#include "detsimmodules_lbne.fcl"

process_name: SinglesGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "single35t_hist.root" }
  Timing: {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} #ART native random number generator
  user: @local::lbne35t_simulation_services
}
#services.user.ExptGeoHelperInterface:
@local::lbne_geometry_helper
#services.user.Geometry.GDML: "lbne35t

#Start each new event with an empty ev
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "Gen
maxEvents: 1 # Number of
firstRun: 1 # Run numbe
firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
# First modules are defined; they are scheduled later.
# Modules are grouped by type.
physics:
{
  producers:
{
  generator: @local::lbne35t_singlep
  largeant: @local::lbne35t_largeant
  daq: @local::lbne35t_simwire
  rns: { module_type: "RandomNumberSaver" }
  simcounter: @local::lbne35t_simcounter
}
}
}

# define the producer and filter modules for this
# path, order matters,
simulate: [ generator, largeant, daq, rns, simcounter ]

# define the output stream
stream1: [ out1 ]

# trigger_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
# modify the art::event
trigger_paths: [simulate]

# end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# not modify the art::Event,
end_paths: [stream1]

#default file name
```

The complete generation – simulation workflow
Generator = SingleGen
Then:
LArG4
SimWireLBNE35t

lbncode/lbne/EventGenerator/prodsingle_lbne35t.fcl

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```
#include "ervices_microboone.fcl"
#include "genie_microboone.fcl"
#include "rgeantmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "tsimmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "triggersim_microboone.fcl"
#include "opticaldetectorsim_microboone.fcl"
#include "mccheatermodules.fcl"

process_name: GenieGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "genie_hist_uboone.root" }
  Timing: {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} # ART native random number generator
  user: @local::microboone_full_services
}
services.user.BackTracker: @local::microboone_backtracker

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 5 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
physics:
{
  producers:
  {
    generator: @local::microboone_genie_simple
    largeant: @local::microboone_largeant
    backtrack: @local::standard_backtrackerloader
    optdigitizer: @local::microboone_optical_adc_sim
    optfem: @local::microboone_optical_fem_sim
    triggersim: @local::ubtrigger_singlep
    optreadout: @local::microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim
    daq: @local::microboone_simwire
  }

  analyzers:
  {
    largana: @local::microboone_largeantana
  }

  # define the producer and filter modules for this path
  # filters reject all following items. see lines starting
  # physics.producers below
  simulate: [ generator, largeant, backtrack, optdigitizer,
              optfem, triggersim, optreadout, daq ]
  analyzeIt: [ largana ]
  # define the output stream, there could be more than one
  # if using filters
  stream1: [ out1 ]

  # trigger_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
  # modify the art::event,
  #ie filters and producers
  trigger_paths: [simulate]

  # end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
  # not modify the art::Event,
  end_paths: [analyzeIt, stream1]
}

#block to define where the output goes. if you defined a
# filter in the physics block and put it in the
# trigger_paths then you need to put a
# SelectEvents: {SelectEvents: [XXX]} entry in the output
# stream you want those to go to, where XXX is the label
# of the filter module(s)
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "genie_gen_uboone.root" #default file name,
  }
}
}
```

uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/prodgenie_uboone.fcl

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```
#include "ervices_microboone.fcl"
#include "genie_microboone.fcl"
#include "rgeantmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "tsimmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "triggersim_microboone.fcl"
#include "opticaldetectorsim_microboone.fcl"
#include "mccheatermodules.fcl"

process_name: GenieGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "genie_hist_uboone.root" }
  Timing: {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} # AKF native random number generator
  user: @local::microboone_full_services
}
services.user.BackTracker: @local::microboone_backtracker

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 5 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
physics:
{
  producers:
  {
    generator: @local::microboone_genie_simple
    largeant: @local::microboone_largeant
    backtrack: @local::standard_backtrackerloader
    optdigitizer: @local::microboone_optical_adc_sim
    optfem: @local::microboone_optical_fem_sim
    triggersim: @local::ubtrigger_singlep
    optreadout: @local::microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim
    daq: @local::microboone_simwire
  }
  analyzers:
  {
    largana: @local::microboone_largeantana
  }
  # define the producer and filter modules for this path
  simulate: [ generator, largeant, backtracker, optdigitizer,
              optfem, triggersim, optreadout, daq ]
  analyzeIt: [ largana ]
  # define the output stream, there could be more than one
  # if using filters
  stream1: [ out1 ]

  # trigger_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
  # modify the art::event,
  #ie filters and producers
  trigger_paths: [simulate]

  # end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
  # not modify the art::Event,
  end_paths: [analyzeIt, stream1]
}

#block to define where the output goes. if you defined a
# filter in the physics block and put it in the
# trigger_paths then you need to put a
# SelectEvents: {SelectEvents: [XXX]} entry in the output
# stream you want those to go to, where XXX is the label
# of the filter module(s)
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "genie_gen_uboone.root" #default file name,
  }
}

```

Defined in uboonecode/uboone/Utilities/services_microboone.fcl

uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/prodgenie_uboone.fcl

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```
#include "ervices_microboone.fcl"
#include "genie_microboone.fcl"
#include "rgeantmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "uboonemodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "uboonemodules_microboone_services.fcl"
#include "uboonemodules_microboone_simulation_services.fcl"
#include "uboonemodules_microboone_backtracker.fcl"
#include "uboonemodules_microboone_optical_adc_sim.fcl"
#include "uboonemodules_microboone_optical_fem_sim.fcl"
#include "uboonemodules_microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim.fcl"
#include "uboonemodules_microboone_simwire.fcl"

process_name: GenieGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "genie_hist_uboone.root" }
  Timing: {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} # AKF native random number generator
  user: @local::microboone_full_services
}
services.user.BackTracker: @local::microboone_backtracker

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 5 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
physics:
{
  producers:
  {
    generator: @local::microboone_genie_simple
    largeant: @local::microboone_largeant
    backtrack: @local::standard_backtrackerloader
    optdigitizer: @local::microboone_optical_adc_sim
    optfem: @local::microboone_optical_fem_sim
    triggersim: @local::ubtrigger_singlep
    optreadout: @local::microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim
    daq: @local::microboone_simwire
  }
  simulate: [ generator, largeant, backtrack, optdigitizer,
              optfem, triggersim, optreadout, daq ]
  analyzeIt: [ largana ]
  # define the output stream, there could be more than one
  # if using filters
  stream1: [ out1 ]

  # trigger_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
  # modify the art::event,
  #ie filters and producers
  trigger_paths: [simulate]

  # end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
  # not modify the art::Event,
  end_paths: [analyzeIt, stream1]
}

#block to define where the output goes. if you defined a
# filter in the physics block and put it in the
# trigger_paths then you need to put a
# SelectEvents: {SelectEvents: [XXX]} entry in the output
# stream you want those to go to, where XXX is the label
# of the filter module(s)
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "genie_gen_uboone.root" #default file name,
  }
}
}


```

Defined in uboonecode/uboone/Utilities/services_microboone.fcl

microboone_full_services: @local::microboone_simulation_services

microboone_full_services.BackTracker: @local::microboone_backtracker

uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/prodgenie_uboone.fcl

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```

#include "ervices_microboone.fcl"
#include "genie_microboone.fcl"
#include "rgeantmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "microboone_full_services:
#include "microboone_full_services.BackTracker:
process name: GenieGen
simulate: generator largeant backtrack optdigitizer

microboone_simulation_services: @local::microboone_simulation_services
microboone_simulation_services.LArFFT: @local::microboone_larfft
microboone_simulation_services.SignalShapingServiceMicroBooNE: @local::microboone_signalshapingservi
microboone_simulation_services.UBOpticalChConfig: @local::microboone_optical_ch_config
microboone_simulation_services.UBOpReadoutMap: @local::microboone_opreadoutmap
microboone_simulation_services.ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::microboone_geometry_helper

{
  module_type: EmptyEvent
  timestampPlugin: { plugin_type: "GeneratedEventTimestamp" }
  maxEvents: 5 # Number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
physics:
{
  producers:
  {
    generator: @local::microboone_genie_simple
    largeant: @local::microboone_largeant
    backtrack: @local::standard_backtrackerloader
    optdigitizer: @local::microboone_optical_adc_sim
    optfem: @local::microboone_optical_fem_sim
    triggersim: @local::ubtrigger_singlep
    optreadout: @local::microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim
    daq: @local::microboone_simwire
  }
}
end_paths: [analyzeIt, stream1]
}

#block to define where the output goes. if you defined a
# filter in the physics block and put it in the
# trigger_paths then you need to put a
# SelectEvents: {SelectEvents: [XXX]} entry in the output
# stream you want those to go to, where XXX is the label
# of the filter module(s)
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "genie_gen_uboone.root" #default file name,
  }
}

```

Defined in uboonecode/uboone/Utilities/services_microboone.fcl

for this path see lines starting

uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/prodgenie_uboone.fcl

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```
#include "ervices_microboone.fcl"
#include "genie_microboone.fcl"
#include "rgeantmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "services_microboone.fcl"
microboone_full_services: @local::microboone_simulation_services
microboone_full_services.BackTracker: @local::microboone_backtracker
process name: GenieGen simulate: generator largeant backtrack optdigitizer

microboone_simulation_services: @local::microboone_g4_services
microboone_g4_services: @local::microboone_g4_dark_services
microboone_g4_services.PhotonVisibilityService: @local::microboone_photonvisibilityservice
microboone_g4_services.LArProperties.ScintYield: 24000
microboone_g4_services.LArProperties.ScintPreScale: 0.01 # Prescale production by 0.01, correct
microboone_g4_services.LArProperties.ScintPreScale: # MUST match between g4 and detsim
{
  mod
  tin
  max
  fir
  fir
}
# Def
physi
{
  proc
  {
    ge
    la
    ba
    op
    op
    tr
    op
    da
  }
  microboone_g4_services.LArProperties.EnableCerenkovLight: false # Cerenkov light OFF by default
  microboone_g4_services.LArG4Parameters.UseCustomPhysics: true
  microboone_g4_services.LArG4Parameters.EnabledPhysics: [ "Em",
    "FastOptical",
    "SynchrotronAndGN",
    "Ion",
    "Hadron",
    "Decay",
    "HadronElastic",
    "Stopping",
    "NeutronTrackingCut" ]
}
```


Event generator example 2: GENIE

```
#include "ervices_microboone.fcl"
#include "genie_microboone.fcl"
#include "rgeantmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.BackTracker.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.LArG4Parameters.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.MagneticField.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.LArVoxelCalculator.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.LArG4Parameters.KeepEMShowerDaughters.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.LArG4Parameters.StoreTrajectories.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.LArG4Parameters.UseModBoxRecomb.fcl"
#include "microboone_simulation_services.LArG4Parameters.UseModBoxRecomb.fcl"

process name: GenieGen
  simulate: generator largeant backtracker optdigitizer

microboone_full_services: @local::microboone_simulation_services
microboone_full_services.BackTracker: @local::microboone_backtracker

microboone_simulation_services: @local::microboone_g4_services
microboone_g4_services: @local::microboone_g4_dark_services
microboone_g4_services.LArG4Parameters: @local::microboone_largeantparam
microboone_g4_dark_services: @local::microboone_gen_services
microboone_g4_dark_services.LArG4Parameters: @local::microboone_largeantparam
microboone_gen_services: @local::microboone_basic_services
microboone_gen_services.MagneticField: @local::no_mag
microboone_larvoxelcalculator: @local::microboone_larvoxelcalcu

microboone_g4_dark_services.LArG4Parameters.KeepEMShowerDaughters: true
microboone_g4_dark_services.LArG4Parameters.StoreTrajectories: true
microboone_g4_dark_services.LArG4Parameters.UseModBoxRecomb: true

prod
{
  ge
  la
  ba
  op
  op
  tr
  op
  da
}

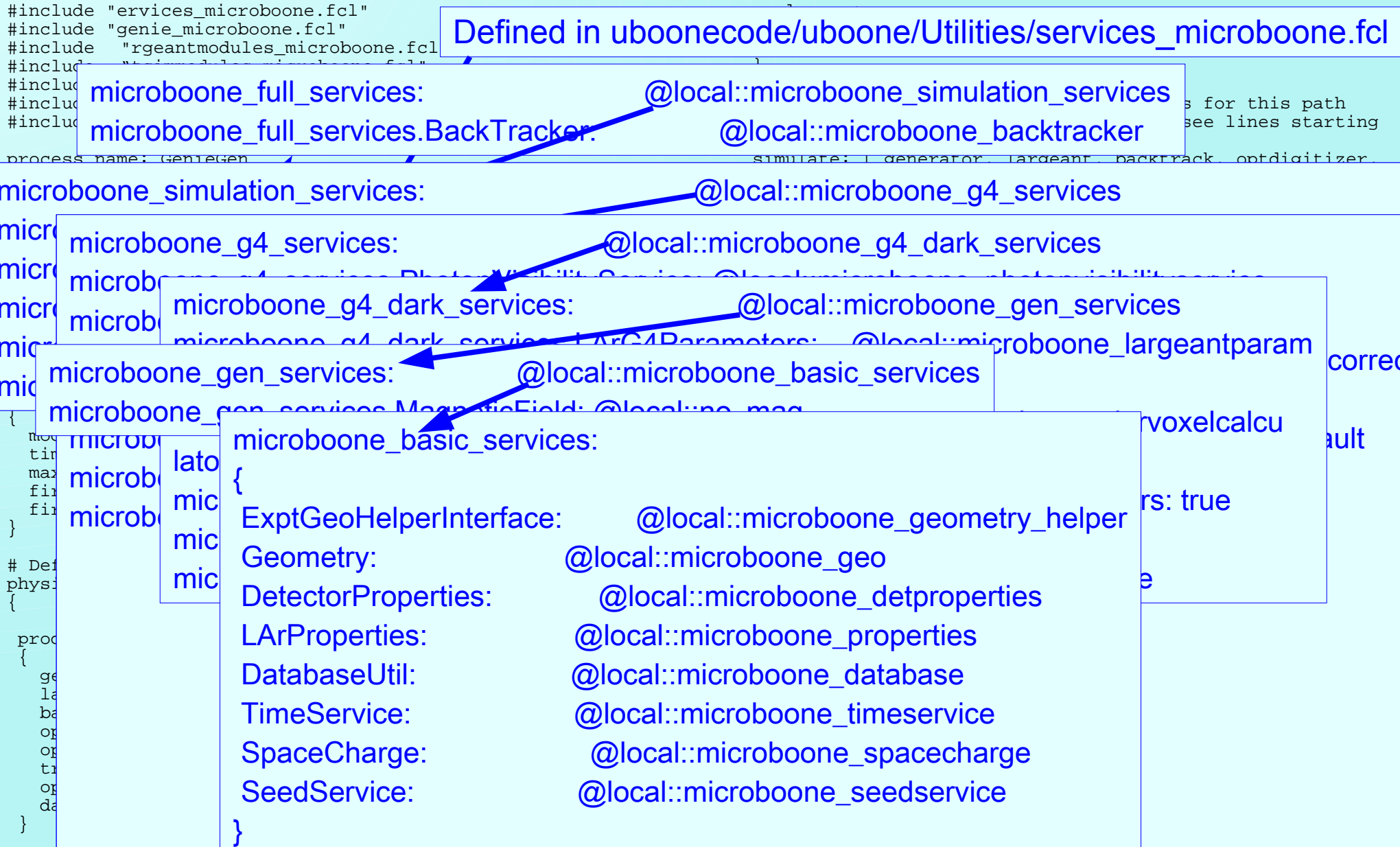
"lon",
"Hadron",
"Decay",
"HadronElastic",
"Stopping",
"NeutronTrackingCut" ]
```

Defined in uboonecode/uboone/Utilities/services_microboone.fcl

for this path
see lines starting

correct
ault

Event generator example 2: GENIE



```
microboone_geometry_helper:  
{  
  service_provider : UBooNEGeometryHelper  
  ...  
}
```

Get the correct ChannelMapAlg

microboone.fcl

```
microboone_full_services: @local::microboone_simulation_services  
microboone_full_services.BackTracker: @local::microboone_backtracker
```

```
microboone_simulation_services: @local::microboone_g4_services
```

```
microboone_g4_services: @local::microboone_g4_dark_services
```

```
microboone_g4_dark_services: @local::microboone_gen_services
```

```
microboone_gen_services: @local::microboone_basic_services
```

```
microboone_basic_services:  
{  
  ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::microboone_geometry_helper  
  Geometry: @local::microboone_geo  
  DetectorProperties: @local::microboone_detproperties  
  LArProperties: @local::microboone_properties  
  DatabaseUtil: @local::microboone_database  
  TimeService: @local::microboone_timeservice  
  SpaceCharge: @local::microboone_spacecharge  
  SeedService: @local::microboone_seedservice  
}
```

```
microboone_geometry_helper:  
{  
  service_provider : UBooNEGeometryHelper  
  ...  
}
```

```
microboone_geo: @local::microboone_geo
```

```
microboone_detproperties: @local::microboone_detproperties
```

```
microboone_properties: @local::microboone_properties
```

```
microboone_database: @local::microboone_database
```

```
microboone_timeservice: @local::microboone_timeservice
```

```
microboone_spacecharge: @local::microboone_spacecharge
```

```
microboone_seedservice: @local::microboone_seedservice
```

```
}
```

```
microboone_geometry_helper:
{
  service_provider : UBooNEGeometryHelper
}
```

```
... microboone_geo:
```

```
{
  SurfaceY:      6.9e2          #in cm, vertical distance to the surface
```

```
  Name:          "microboonev7"
```

```
  GDML:          "microboonev7.gdml"      Set the geometry
```

```
  ROOT:          "microboonev7.gdml"
```

```
  DisableWiresInG4: true          # Whether to use wirefree geometry in LArG
```

```
microboone_g4_dark_services: @local::microboone_gen_services
```

```
microboone_g4_dark_services_LArG4Parameters: @local::microboone_largeantparam
```

```
microboone_gen_services: @local::microboone_basic_services
```

```
microboone_gen_services_MagneticField: @local::mag
```

```
microboone_basic_services:
```

```
{
  ExptGeoHelperInterface: @local::microboone_geometry_helper
```

```
  Geometry: @local::microboone_geo
```

```
  DetectorProperties: @local::microboone_detproperties
```

```
  LArProperties: @local::microboone_properties
```

```
  DatabaseUtil: @local::microboone_database
```

```
  TimeService: @local::microboone_timeservice
```

```
  SpaceCharge: @local::microboone_spacecharge
```

```
  SeedService: @local::microboone_seedservice
```

```
}
```

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boone.fcl
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```
this path  
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otdigitizer
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```
rs: true
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e
```

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```
#include "ervices_microboone.fcl"
#include "genie_microboone.fcl"
#include "rgeantmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "tsimmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "triggersim_microboone.fcl"
#include "opticaldetectorsim_microboone.fcl"
#include "mccheatermodules.fcl"

process_name: GenieGen

services:
{
  # Load the service that manages root files for histograms.
  TFileService: { fileName: "genie_hist_uboone.root" }
  Timing: {}
  RandomNumberGenerator: {} # ART native random number generator
  user: @local::microboone_full_services
}
services.user.BackTracker: @local::microboone_backtracker

#Start each new event with an empty event.
source:
{
  module_type:
  timestamp:
  maxEvents: 5 # number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
physics:
{
  producers:
{
  generator: @local::microboone_genie_simple
  largeant: @local::microboone_largeant
  backtrack: @local::standard_backtrackerloader
  optdigitizer: @local::microboone_optical_adc_sim
  optfem: @local::microboone_optical_fem_sim
  triggersim: @local::ubtrigger_singlep
  optreadout: @local::microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim
  daq: @local::microboone_simwire
}
}

analyzers:
{
  largana: @local::microboone_largeantana
}

# define the producer and filter modules for this path
# filters reject all following items. see lines starting
# physics.producers below
simulate: [ generator, largeant, backtrack, optdigitizer,
           optfem, triggersim, optreadout, daq ]
analyzeIt: [ largana ]
# define the output stream, there could be more than one
# if using filters
stream1: [ out1 ]

# trigger_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
# modify the art::event,
#ie filters and producers
trigger_paths: [simulate]

# end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# not modify the art::Event,
end_paths: [analyzeIt, stream1]

#block to define where the output goes. If you defined a
# filter in the physics block and put it in the
# trigger_paths then you need to put a
# SelectEvents: {SelectEvents: [XXX]} entry in the output
# stream you want those to go to, where XXX is the label
# of the filter module(s)
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "genie_gen_uboone.root" #default file name,
  }
}
}
```

Defined in uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/GENIE/genie_microboone.fcl

uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/prodgenie_uboone.fcl

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```
microboone_genie_simple:      @local::microboone_genie
microboone_genie_simple.FluxType:  "simple_flux"
microboone_genie_simple.FluxFiles:
["uboonebeam/bnb_gsimple_fluxes_02.28.2014_470/gsimple_microboone-470-onaxis_mc_nu_dummy_ntrd_*.root"]
microboone_genie_simple.EventsPerSpill: 0
microboone_genie_simple.POTPerSpill: 5e12
```

```
microboone_genie:            @local::standard_genie
microboone_genie.BeamName:    "booster"
microboone_genie.GlobalTimeOffset: 1.6e6          #microboone reads out 1.6ms before the spill
```

```
#Start each new event with an empty event
source:
{
  module_type:
  timestamp:
  maxEvents: 5
  firstRun: 1
  firstEvent: 1
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
physics:
{
  producers:
  {
    generator:      @local::microboone_genie_simple
    targetant:      @local::microboone_targetant
    backtrack:      @local::standard_backtrackerloader
    optdigitizer:   @local::microboone_optical_adc_sim
    optfem:         @local::microboone_optical_fem_sim
    triggersim:    @local::ubtrigger_singlep
    optreadout:    @local::microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim
    daq:           @local::microboone_simwire
  }
}

# end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# not modify the art::Event,
end_paths: [analyzeIt, stream1]

#Block to define where the output goes. If you defined a
# filter in the physics block and put it in the
# trigger_paths then you need to put a
# SelectEvents: {SelectEvents: [XXX]} entry in the output
# stream you want those to go to, where XXX is the label
# of the filter module(s)
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName:    "genie_gen_uboone.root" #default file name,
  }
}
```

Defined in uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/GENIE/genie_microboone.fcl

uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/prodgenie_uboone.fcl

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```

microboone_genie_simple:      @local::microboone_genie
microboone_genie_simple.FluxType:  "simple_flux"
microboone_genie_simple.FluxFiles:
["uboonebeam/bnb_gsimple_fluxes_02.28.2014_470/gsimple_microboone-470-onaxis_mc_nu_dummy_ntrd_*.root"]
microboone_genie_simple.EventsPerSpill: 0
microboone_genie_simple.POTPerSpill: 5e12
    
```

In larsim/EventGenerator/GENIE/genie.fcl

```

microboone_genie:      @local::standard_genie
microboone_genie.BeamName:  "booster"
microboone_genie.GlobalTimeOffset:  1.6e6      #microboone reads out 1.6ms before the spill
    
```

```

#Start each new event with an empty event
source:
{
  module_type:
  timestamp:
  maxEvents: 5 # number of events to create
  firstRun: 1 # Run number to use for this file
  firstEvent: 1 # number of first event in the file
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
physics:
{
  producers:
  {
    generator: @local::microboone_genie_simple
    targetant: @local::microboone_targetant
    backtrack: @local::standard_backtrackerloader
    optdigitizer: @local::microboone_optical_adc_sim
    optfem: @local::microboone_optical_fem_sim
    triggersim: @local::ubtrigger_singlep
    optreadout: @local::microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim
    daq: @local::microboone_simwire
  }
}
    
```

Defined in uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/GENIE/genie_microboone.fcl

```

# end_paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# not modify the art::Event,
end_paths: [analyzeIt, stream1]

#Block to define where the output goes. If you defined a
# filter in the physics block and put it in the
# trigger_paths then you need to put a
# SelectEvents: {SelectEvents: [XXX]} entry in the output
# stream you want those to go to, where XXX is the label
# of the filter module(s)
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "genie_gen_uboone.root" #default file name,
  }
}
    
```

uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/prodgenie_uboone.fcl

Event generator example 2: GENIE

```
#include "ervices_microboone.fcl"
#include "genie_microboone.fcl"
#include "rgeantmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "tsimmodules_microboone.fcl"
#include "triggersim_microboone.fcl"
#include "opticaldetectorsim_microboone.fcl"
#include "mccheatermodules.fcl"

process_name: GenieGen

services:
{
  # Load the services
  TFileService
  Timing:
  RandomNumbers
  user:
}
services.use

#Start each event from a source
source:
{
  module_type: GenieGen
  timestamp:
  maxEvents:
  firstRun:
  firstEvent:
}

# Define and configure some modules to do work on each event.
physics:
{
  producers:
{
  generator: @local::microboone_genie_simple
  largeant: @local::microboone_largeant
  backtrack: @local::standard_backtrackerloader
  optdigitizer: @local::microboone_optical_adc_sim
  optfem: @local::microboone_optical_fem_sim
  triggersim: @local::ubtrigger_singlep
  optreadout: @local::microboone_optical_dram_readout_sim
  daq: @local::microboone_simwire
}
}
}
```

The event generation and simulation workflow:
GENIEGen module
LArG4 module
UBOpticalADCSim module
OpticalFEM module
Trigger simulation (did not talk about this...)
OpticalDRAMreadout module
SimWireMicroBooNE module

```
analyzers:
{
  largana: @local::microboone_largeantana
}

# define the producer and filter modules for this path
# filters reject all following items. see lines starting
# physics.producers below
simulate: [ generator, largeant, backtrack, optdigitizer,
  optfem, triggersim, optreadout, daq ]
analyzeIt: [ largana ]
# define the output stream, there could be more than one
# filters
out1: [ out1 ]

# paths is a keyword and contains the paths that
# modify the art::Event,
# filters and producers
paths: [simulate]

# paths is a keyword and contains the paths that do
# modify the art::Event,
paths: [analyzeIt, stream1]

# to define where the output goes. if you defined a
# in the physics block and put it in the
# paths then you need to put a
# SelectEvents: {SelectEvents: [XXX]} entry in the output
# stream you want those to go to, where XXX is the label
# of the filter module(s)
outputs:
{
  out1:
  {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "genie_gen_uboone.root" #default file name,
  }
}
}
```

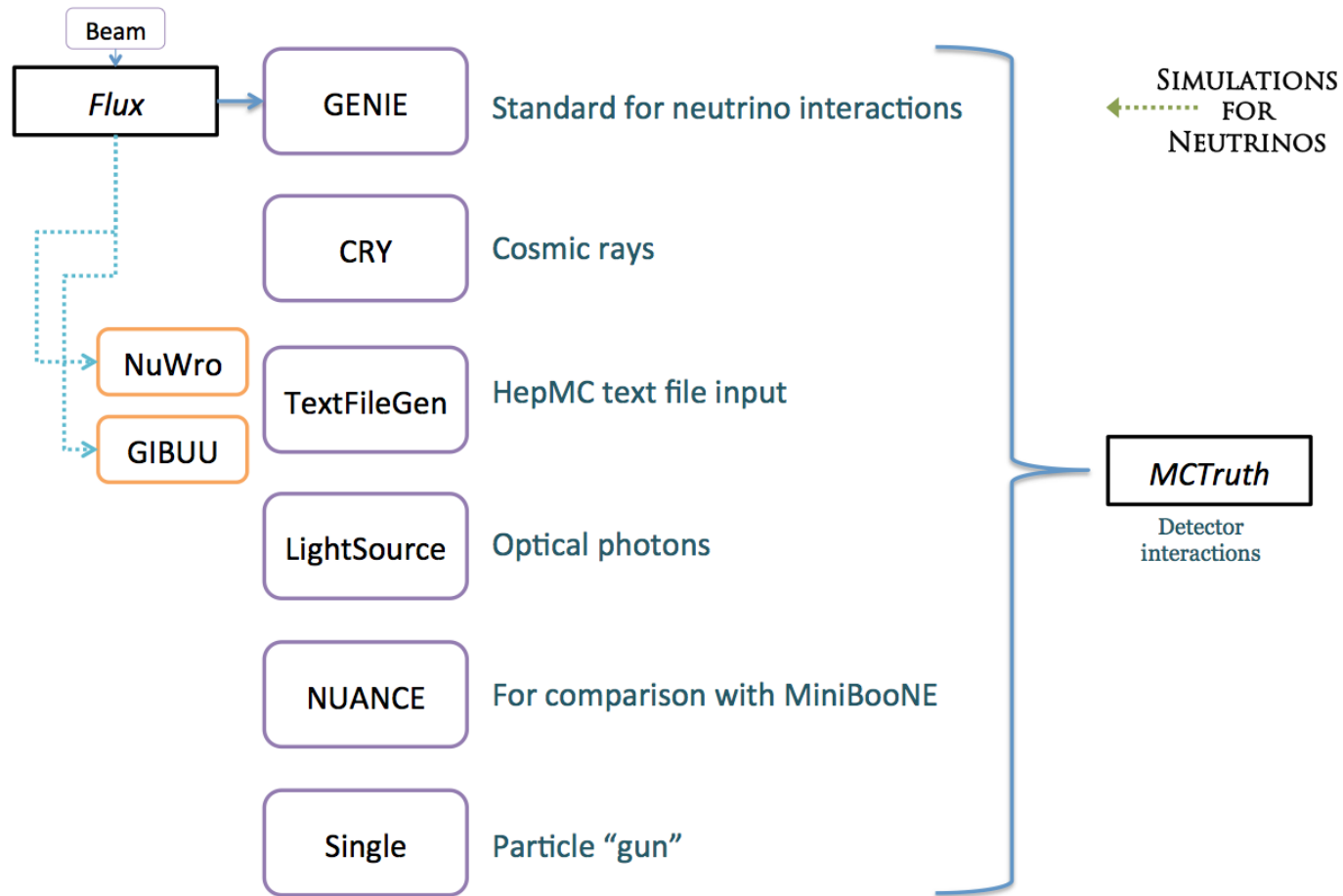
uboonecode/uboone/EventGenerator/prodgenie_uboone.fcl

Summary

- Provided a broad overview of event generation and simulation infrastructure in LArSoft
- Introduced geometric and other classes needed to specify detector properties using shared interfaces
- Showed two examples of running event generators and simulation within LArSoft

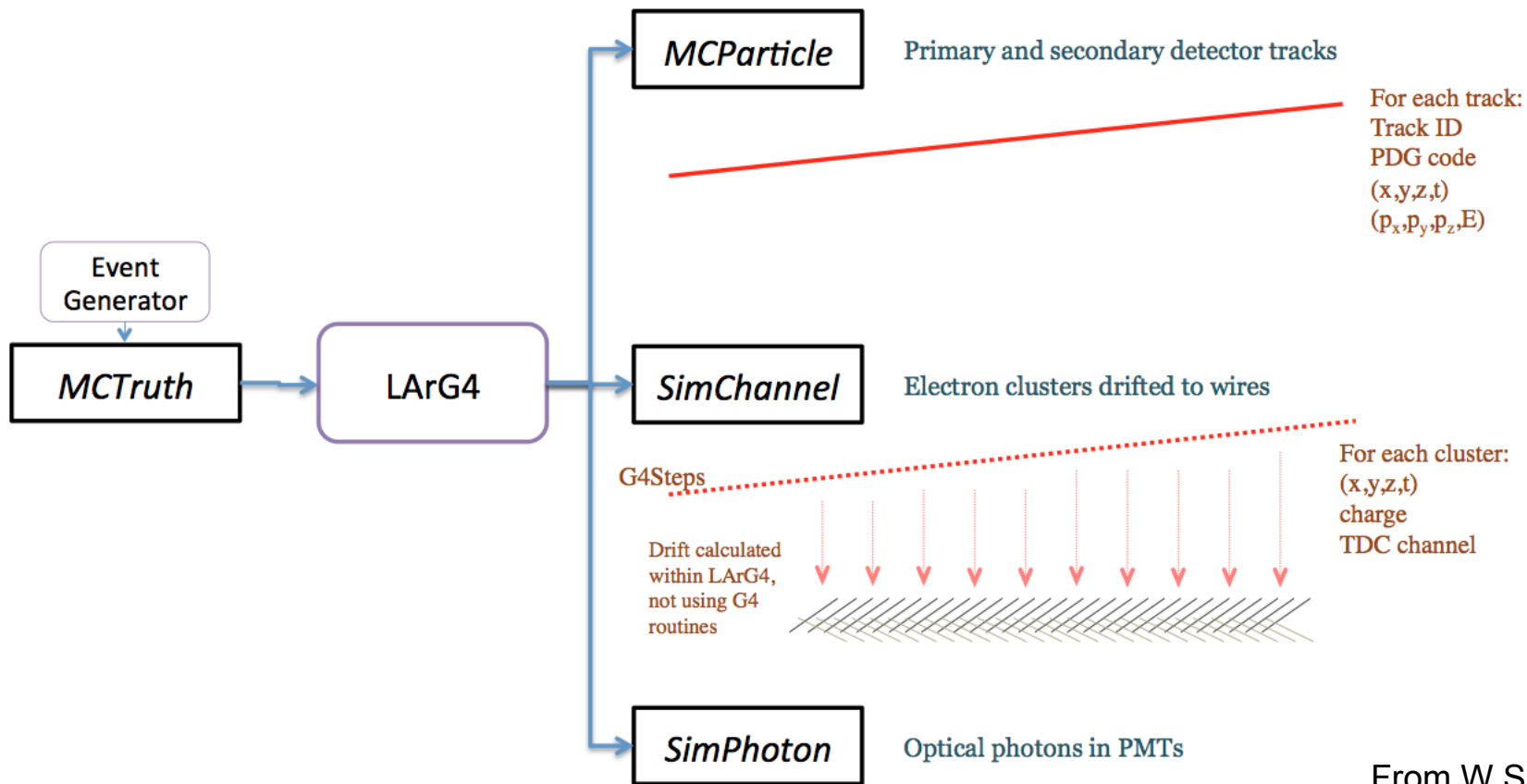
Backup

Event generators



From W Seligman

Detector simulation



From W Seligman

Simulation task workflow

Detector response and digitization

