

Intensity Frontier Common Beams Data Initiative

Working Group Report to March NuComp

Overview

- Working group established with representatives from:
 - Accelerator Division, Minerva, MiniBooNE, Minos, NOvA, LBNE and others
 - Established Redmine project and mail list:
 - IFBeamData
 - ifbeamdata@fnal.gov
 - Held formal meetings on Feb23 and Mar2.
 - Held additional meetings with individuals from and controls groups from AD last week
 - Have drafted a preliminary requirements document that covers the scope of the project
 - See CD-DocDB-4274-v1

In Progress

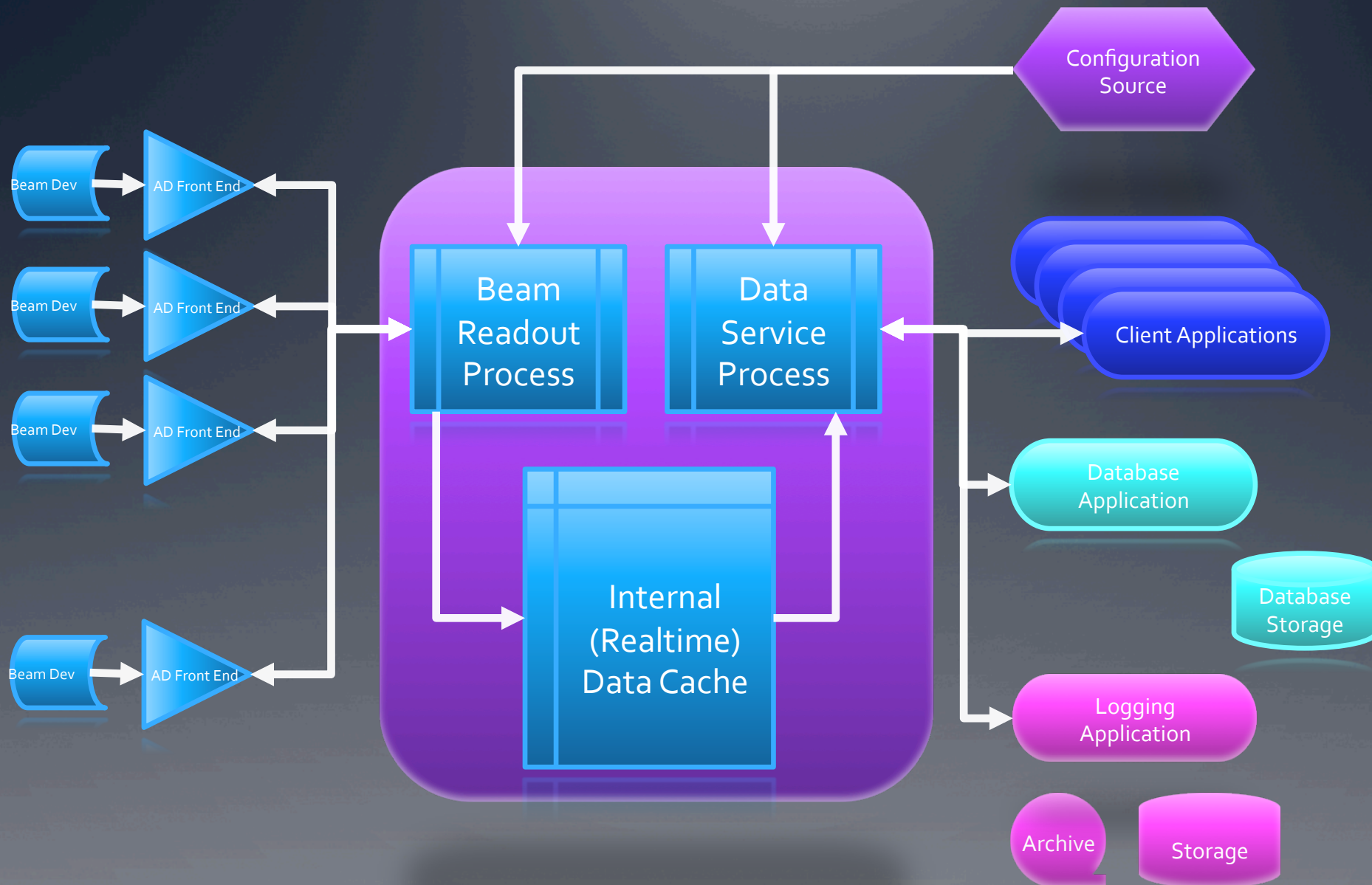
- Need to understand external constraints of the AD systems and obtain clarification on current limitations
- Informal review of the document by the experiments has begun (i.e. I have passed the draft to key people to make sure that some of my interpretation of their notes were correct)
- Informal review by individuals in AD has begun
- Formal review of the requirements document will start when the current round of comments have been merged in to the draft.
 - Expect this to be ready later today

Overview of Draft Requirements

- All the requirements that were requested by the experiments had significant overlap
- No requirements fell into a clear category of:
 - “experiment specific”
- No requirement was deemed as “impossible” by the liaisons from AD
 - A few will require changes to currently implemented readout systems to use newer tools (i.e. update readout modules to use new software)

System Overview

- Requirements generally describe “broker” or “middle man” setup
 - Broker(s) are configured to readout lists of devices on the AD network based on accelerator events
 - Broker(s) collect and correlate “beam spill events” with beam monitoring data and produce spill/event records
 - Broker(s) present or log spill records to client applications and databases
- This is similar to systems that both CDF and DØ use



Key Requirement

- Beam spills (or other accelerator events) be recorded and logged with universal time stamping
- Beam spill information (POTs, beam position, etc..) correlated to specific spill time and reported (with multiple source devices)
- Configurable with event and device lists
- Less critical information also correlated with beam spill
- All information logged to a common (nusoft) database
- All information logged to common files in common format
- Recent information available to online/nearline systems

Key Differences

- Main differences from current Minos/MiniBooNE systems:
 - Information available in real time to DAQ/Monitoring Clients
 - Fast retrieval of current spill information (latency ~50-100ms)
 - Maximum delay between accelerator event and record ready for retrieval into experiment system (for inclusion in DAQ systems) ~ 20-30 seconds
 - Online history buffer for monitoring (allows for monitoring clients with limited history)

Key Differences (cont)

- Improved time stamping:
 - Current systems use a combination of time stamping methods ranging from:
 - High precision (realtime) hardware
 - Software “timer” based
 - New System will provide:
 - Common/Universal time stamping
 - Conversion between device time stamps and bases
 - Single time base for record storage
 - Reporting in common time bases
 - Accelerator events reported with both
 - Universal time &
 - “Time into supercycle”

Key Differences (cont)

- The new system will support non-experiment specific data reporting and retrieval (i.e. not tied to a specific experiment DAQ or offline)
 - Logging
 - System will support logging/archiving to common, easily accessible “nusoft” databases
 - System supports logging/archiving on finer time scale with both raw and derived [corrected/calibrated] data
 - Reporting
 - System supports server/client style reporting using simple API
 - Data is reported in “self describing data blocks/records”
 - System supports modular inclusion of protocols (expandable)

Next Steps

- Continue to vetted the current document to a final requirements document (this week)
- Evaluate the current solution
 - MINOS and MiniBooNE systems
 - CDF and DØ systems
- Decide on a course of action for further implimentation
- Begin engineering specifications for a system or modification to existing systems