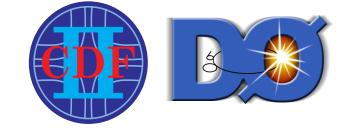
2013 FNAL Users Meeting

Higgs Boson Studies at the Tevatron

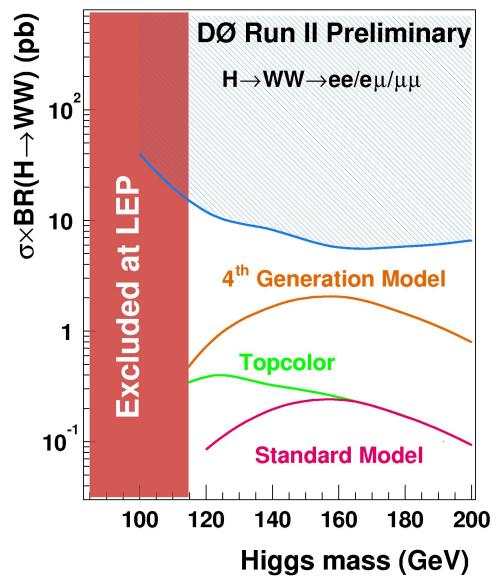
Kyle J. Knoepfel *Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory*

On behalf of the CDF and DØ Collaborations

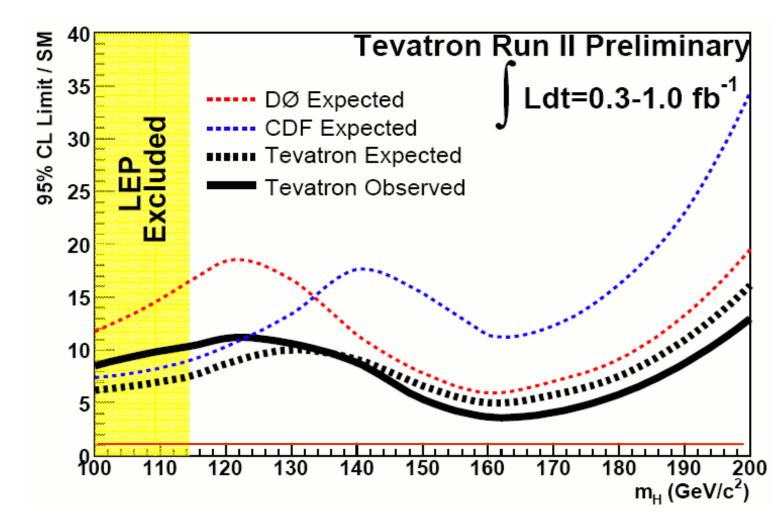


June 12, 2013

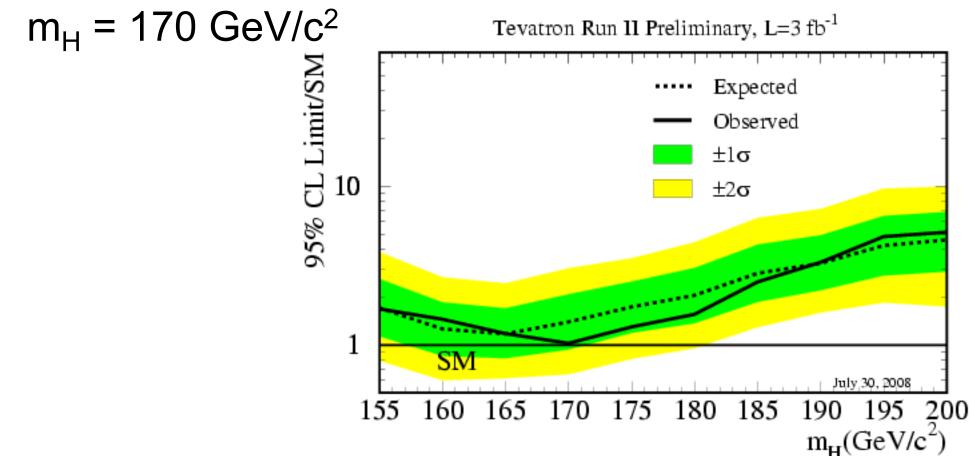
 2004 – First Preliminary Higgs Result (~175 pb⁻¹)



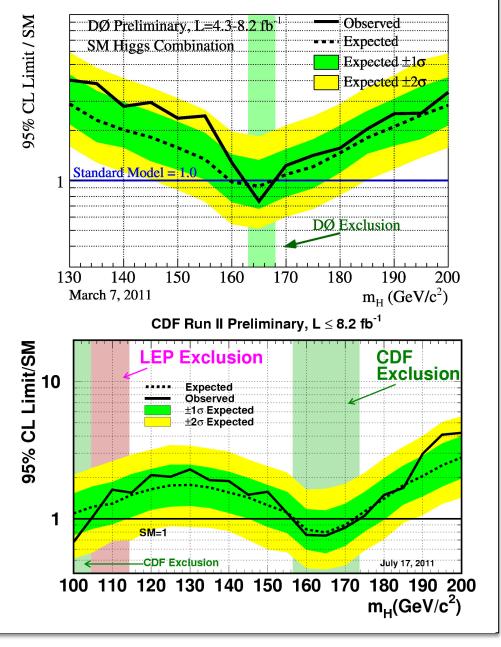
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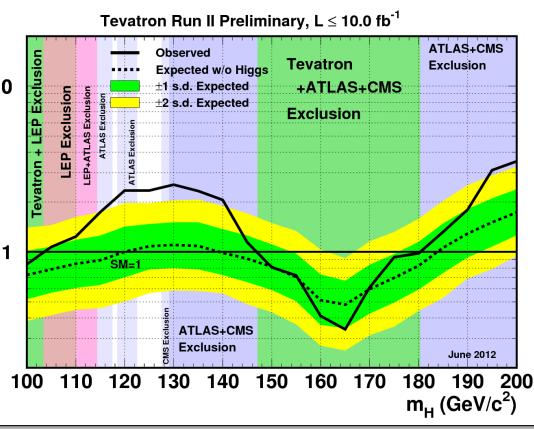


- 2004 First Preliminary Higgs Result (~175 pb⁻¹)
- 2006 First CDF-D0 Corr
- 2008 First Tevatron Higg
 m_H = 170 GeV/c²
- 2011 First single-exp. exclusions

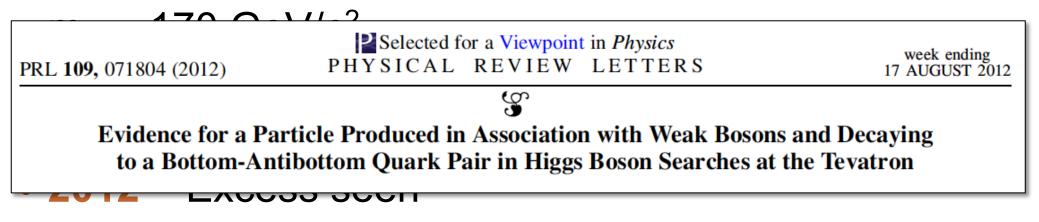


- 2004 First Prelimina Higgs Result (~175 pt
- 2006 First CDF-D0 (รู้
- 2008 First Tevatron [%] m_H = 170 GeV/c²
- 2011 First single-explosions
- 2012 Excess seen

at low mass in Tevatron combination



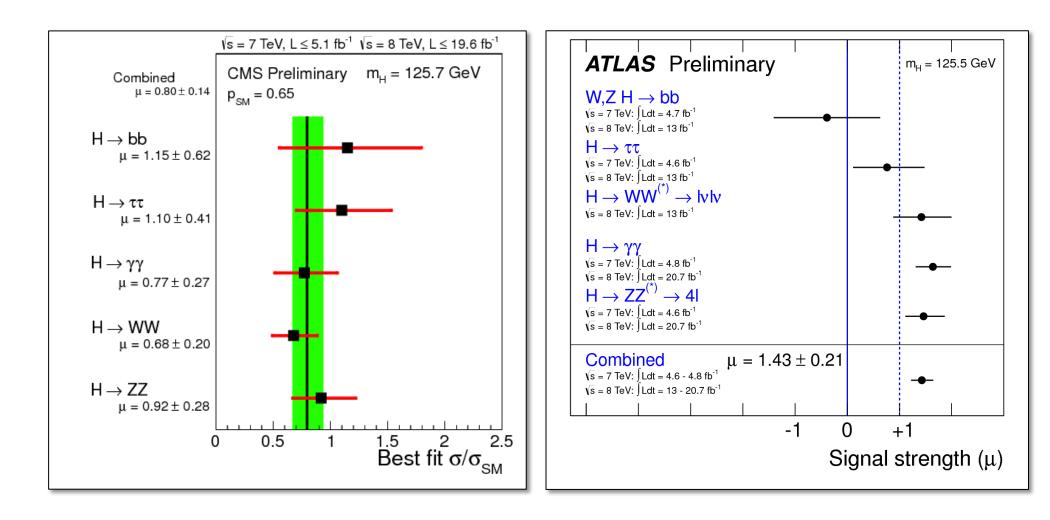
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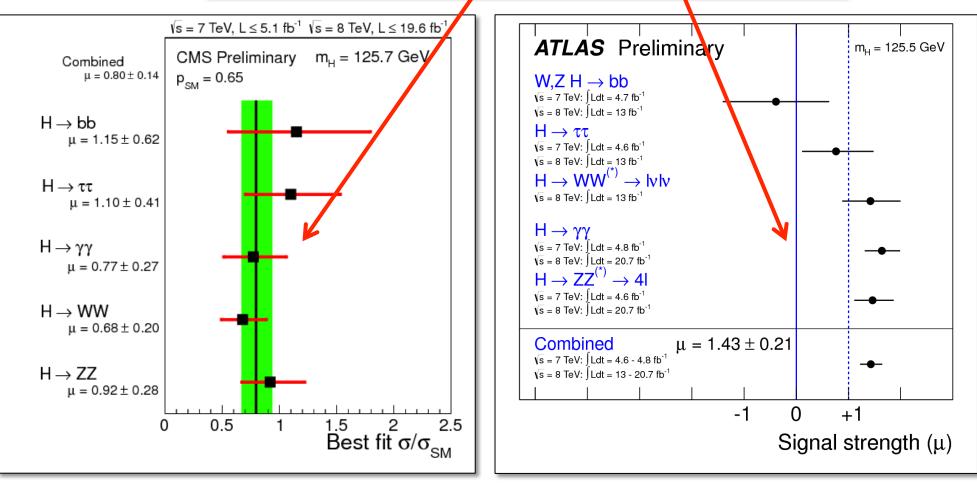
at low mass in Tevatron combination • 2012 – $H \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ evidence (3.1 σ).

- Higgs boson found by CMS and ATLAS at 125 GeV.
- Measuring properties (not limits) are the "name of the game."

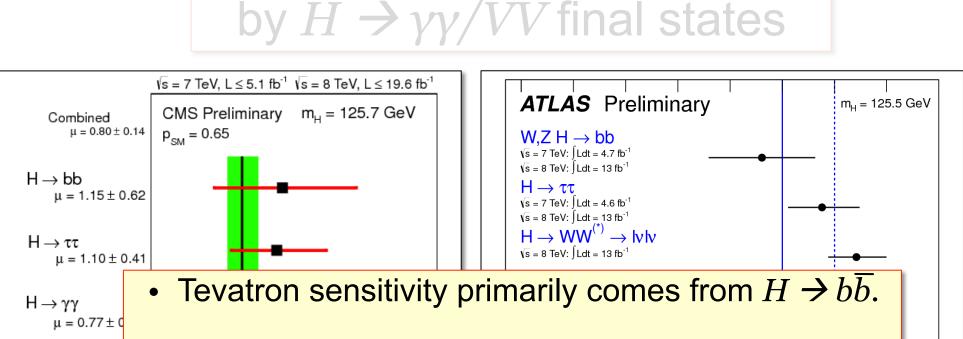
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• Higgs boson found by CMS and ATLAS at 125 Cov • Measuring r by $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma / VV$ final states



- Higgs boson found by CMS and ATLAS at 125 GoV
- Measuring r LHC sensitivity driven mainly game."



• Primary sensitivities at the LHC and Tevatron have been complementary.

Signal strength (μ)

• $H \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ will receive emphasis today.

Best fit σ/σ_{sm}

 $H \rightarrow ZZ$

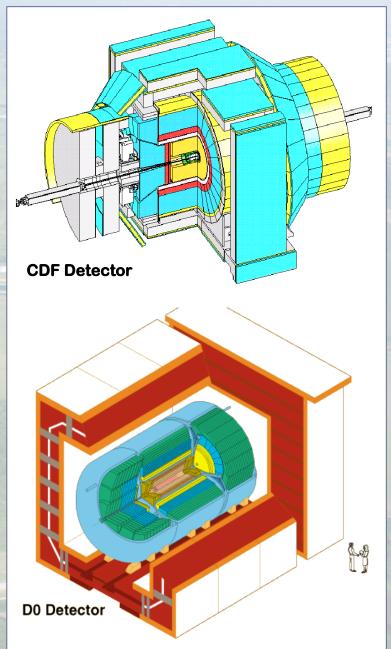
 $\mu = 0.92 \pm 0$

The Tevatron

- Center-of-mass energy: 1.96 TeV
- Delivered roughly 12 fb⁻¹ of proton-antiproton collisions from 2001 – 2011

The Tevatron & Experiments

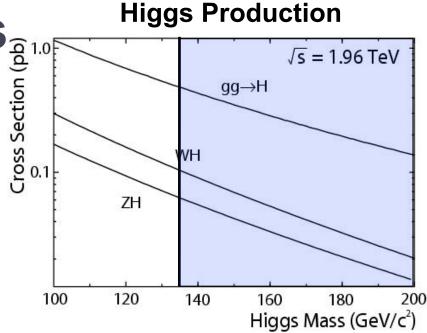
- Center-of-mass energy: 1.96 TeV
- Delivered roughly 12 fb⁻¹ of proton-antiproton collisions from 2001 – 2011
- CDF & D0 each recorded over 10 fb⁻¹
- Data samples used in Higgs analyses:
 - D0: Up to ~ 10 fb⁻¹
 - CDF: Up to ~ 10 fb⁻¹

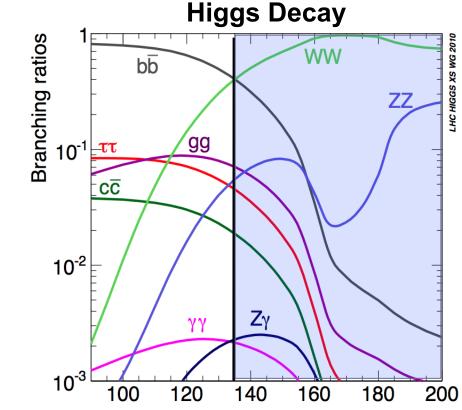


- Searching for the Higgs production cross-sections
 - Look in production modes/decay channels with:
 - High statistics: $\sigma_{H} \times \mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow X)$
 - Low background: Clean Events
 - Search Channels at the Tevatron:
 - High-mass Higgs $(m_{H} > 135 \text{ GeV})$

$$gg \to H \to W^+W^-$$

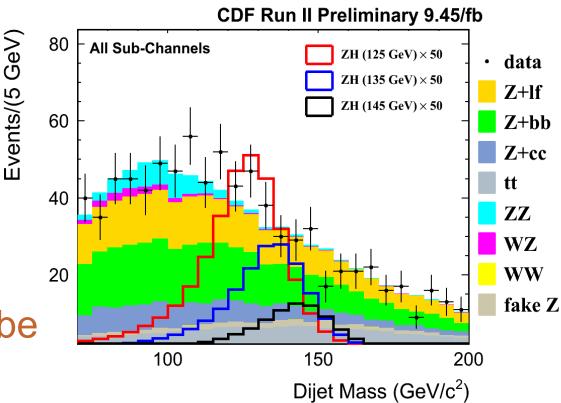
- Low-mass Higgs $(m_{\rm H} < 135 \, {\rm GeV})$
 - $VH \rightarrow Leptons + bb$



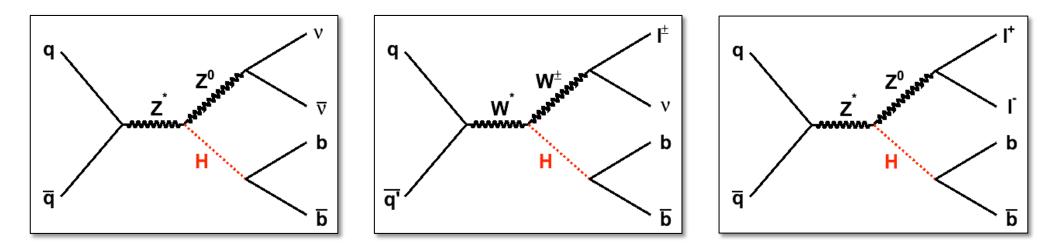


At the Tevatron...

- Cross section for Higgs production is much smaller than at the LHC
- You aren't going to see a beautiful bump in the *dijet* mass for H→ bb̄ searches.
 - Not enough events
 - Jet-energy resolution
 - Final-state radiation
- Significant overlap between Higgs mass hypotheses
 - Any H→ bb̄ signal will be very broad



$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ searches

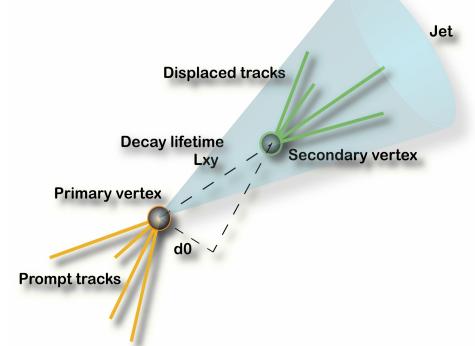


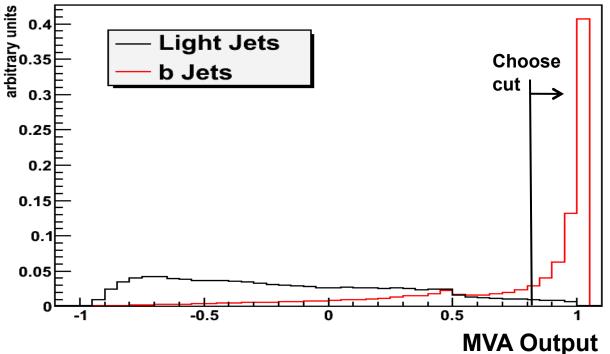
Analysis	No. of Leptons	Missing E_T ?	No. of b-Jets
$ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} + b \bar{b}$	0	Yes	2
$WH \to \ell \nu + b\bar{b}$	1	Yes	2
$ZH \to \ell^+ \ell^- + b\bar{b}$	2	No	2

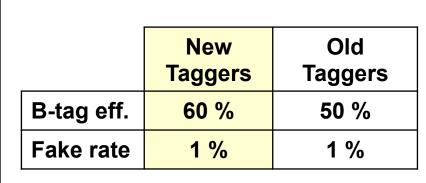
- To get the most sensitivity:
 - Maximize lepton reconstruction and selection efficiencies
 - Optimize b-jet tagging
 - Improve invariant dijet mass resolution

b-tagging improved

- Both collaborations now use MVAs to identify heavy-flavor jets, using discriminating variables (e.g.) :
 - Displaced vertex (L_{xy}, d₀)
 - Jet mass
 - Distribution of tracks within the jet cone

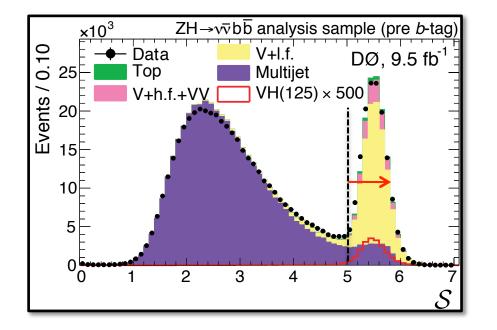






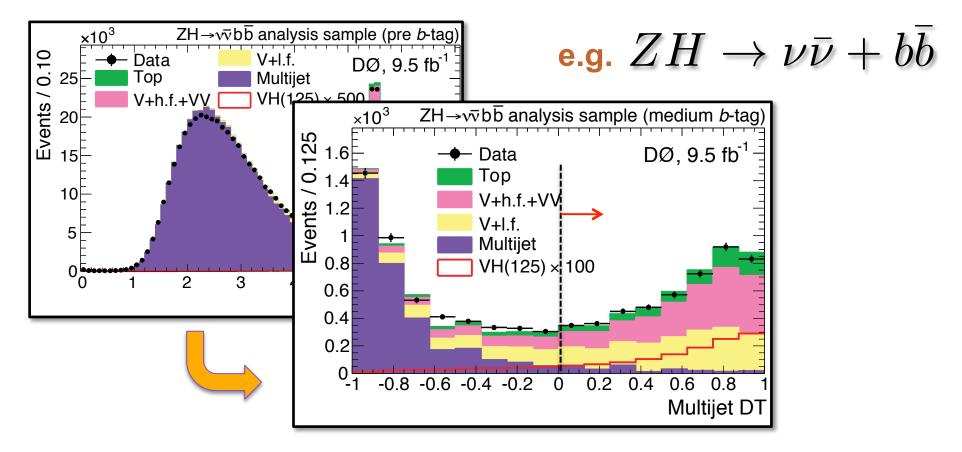
- No longer use a single discriminating variable...
 - No longer use one multivariate algorithm...
 - Now use multiple MVAs per analysis, often in series...

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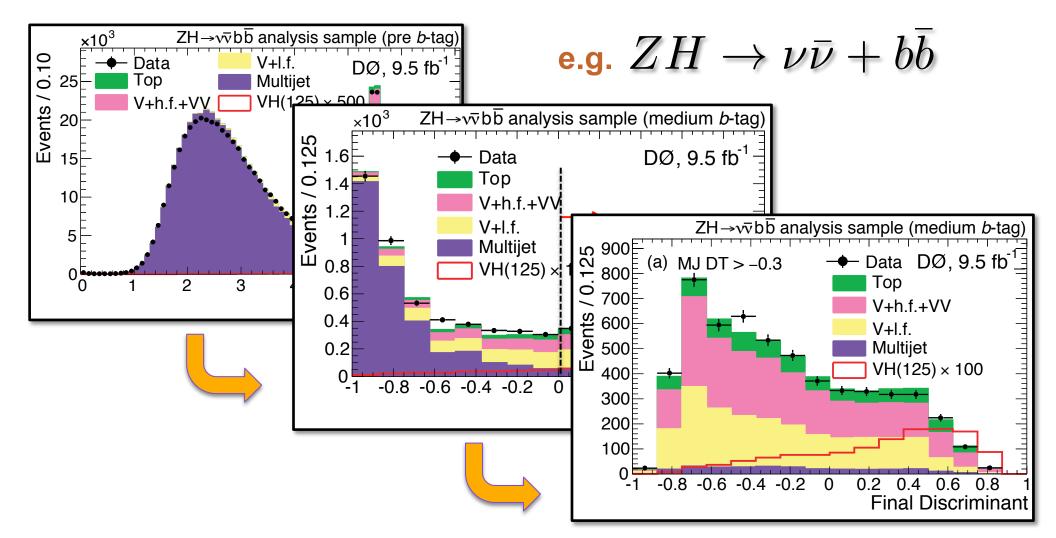


e.g. $ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} + bb$

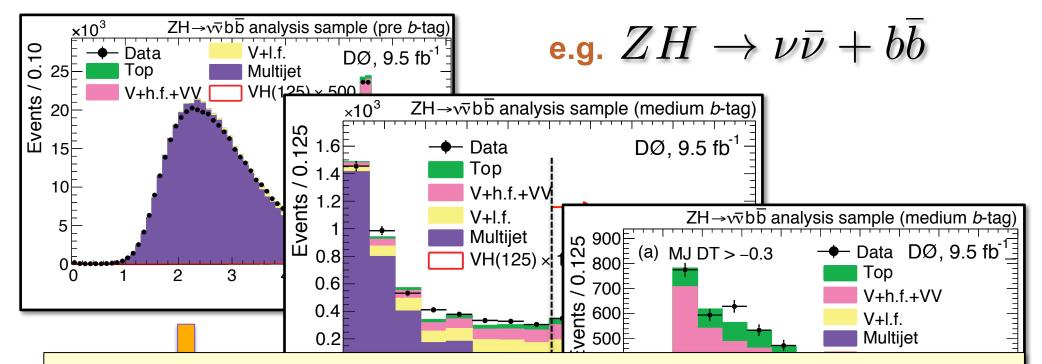
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 Analyses were improved so that Higgs results were as sensitive as possible given the available statistics.

23

Analyses Included in the Combinations

_	2-jet channels $4 \times (5 b\text{-tag categories})$ 3-jet channels $3 \times (2 b\text{-tag categories})$ (3 b-tag categories)	9.45 90-		= 	
$\begin{array}{c} ZH \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \\ WH + ZH \\ t\bar{t}H \rightarrow W^+ \ell \\ \hline H \rightarrow W^+ W \\ H \rightarrow W^+ W \\ WH \rightarrow WV \\ WV \\ WH \rightarrow WV \\ WV \\ WH \rightarrow WV \\ WV$	Channel $WH \rightarrow \ell\nu bb$ 2-jet channels $2 \times (4 b\text{-tag categories})$	$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	Luminosity (fb ⁻¹) 9.7 9.7 9.5 9.7	m_H range (GeV/ c^2) 90–150 90–150 100–150 90–150	Reference [58, 59] [58, 59] [46] [60, 61]
	$\begin{array}{l} H \to W^+W^- \to \ell^{\pm}\nu\ell^{\mp}\nu 2\times(0 \text{ jets,1 jet,}\geq 2 \text{ jets}) \\ H + X \to W^+W^- \to \mu^{\mp}\nu\tau_{\text{had}}^{\pm}\nu (3 \ \tau \text{ categories}) \\ H \to W^+W^- \to \ell\bar{\nu}jj 2\times(2 \text{ b-tag categories})\times(2 \text{ jets, } 3 \text{ jets}) \\ VH \to e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm} + X \\ VH \to \ell\ell\ell + X \ (\mu\mu e, 3 \times e\mu\mu) \\ VH \to \ell\bar{\nu}jjjj 2\times(\geq 4 \text{ jets}) \end{array}$	$H \rightarrow W^+ W^-$	9.7 7.3 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7	$\begin{array}{c} 115-200 \\ 115-200 \\ 100-200 \\ 100-200 \\ 100-200 \\ 100-200 \\ 100-200 \end{array}$	[62] [63] [59] [64] [59]
	$VH \to \tau_{\text{had}} \tau_{\text{had}} \mu + X (3 \ \tau \text{ categories})$ $H + X \to \ell^{\pm} \tau_{\text{had}}^{\mp} j j 2 \times (3 \ \tau \text{ categories})$ $H \to \gamma \gamma (4 \text{ categories})$	$H \to \tau^+ \tau^-$ $H \to \gamma \gamma$	8.6 9.7 9.6	100-150 105–150 100-150	[64] [65] [66]

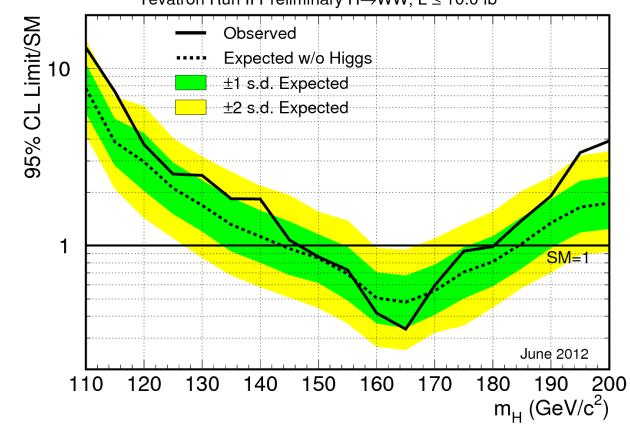
Roughly 30 independent analysis channels included in Tevatron combination

Analyses Included in the Combinations

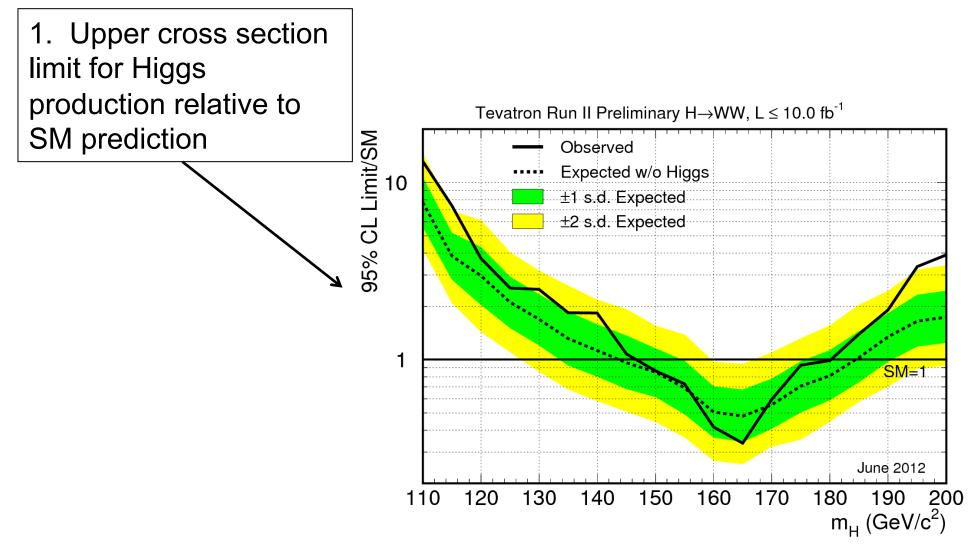
$WH \rightarrow \ell \nu b \bar{b}$	b 2-jet channels $4 \times (5 b\text{-tag categories})$ b 3-jet channels $3 \times (2 b\text{-tag categories})$ (3 b-tag categories)	9.45 90-		;e 	
$\begin{array}{c} ZH \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \\ WH + ZH \\ t\bar{t}H \rightarrow W^+ \ell \\ \hline H \rightarrow W^+ W \\ H \rightarrow W^+ W \\ WH \rightarrow WV \\ WH \rightarrow WV \\ WH \rightarrow WV \\ WH \rightarrow WV \\ \end{array}$	Channel $ \frac{WH \to \ell \nu bb \text{ 2-jet channels}}{WH \to \ell \nu b\bar{b} \text{ 3-jet channels}} 2 \times (4 \text{ b-tag categories}) \\ \frac{WH \to \nu \bar{\nu} b\bar{b}}{2H \to \nu \bar{\nu} b\bar{b}} (2 \text{ b-tag categories}) \\ \frac{ZH \to \ell^+ \ell^- b\bar{b}}{2 \times (2 \text{ b-tag}) \times (4 \text{ lepton categories})} $	$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	Luminosity (fb ⁻¹) 9.7 9.7 9.5 9.7	m_H range (GeV/c ²) 90–150 90–150 100–150 90–150	Reference [58, 59] [58, 59] [46] [60, 61]
	$\begin{array}{l} H \to W^+W^- \to \ell^{\pm}\nu\ell^{\mp}\nu 2\times(0 \text{ jets}, 1 \text{ jet}, \geq 2 \text{ jets}) \\ H + X \to W^+W^- \to \mu^{\mp}\nu\tau_{\rm had}^{\pm}\nu (3 \ \tau \text{ categories}) \\ H \to W^+W^- \to \ell\bar{\nu}jj 2\times(2 \ b\text{-tag categories})\times(2 \text{ jets}, 3 \text{ jets}) \\ VH \to e^{\pm}\mu^{\pm} + X \\ VH \to \ell\ell\ell + X \ (\mu\mu e, 3 \times e\mu\mu) \\ VH \to \ell\bar{\nu}jjjj 2\times(\geq 4 \text{ jets}) \end{array}$	$H \rightarrow W^+ W^-$	9.7 7.3 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7	$\begin{array}{c} 115-200 \\ 115-200 \\ 100-200 \\ 100-200 \\ 100-200 \\ 100-200 \\ 100-200 \end{array}$	[62] [63] [59] [64] [64] [59]
	$VH \to \tau_{had}\tau_{had}\mu + X (3 \ \tau \ \text{categories})$ $H + X \to \ell^{\pm}\tau_{had}^{\mp}jj 2 \times (3 \ \tau \ \text{categories})$ $H \to \gamma\gamma (4 \ \text{categories})$	$\begin{array}{c} H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- \\ H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \end{array}$	8.6 9.7 9.6	100-150 105–150 100-150	[64] [65] [66]

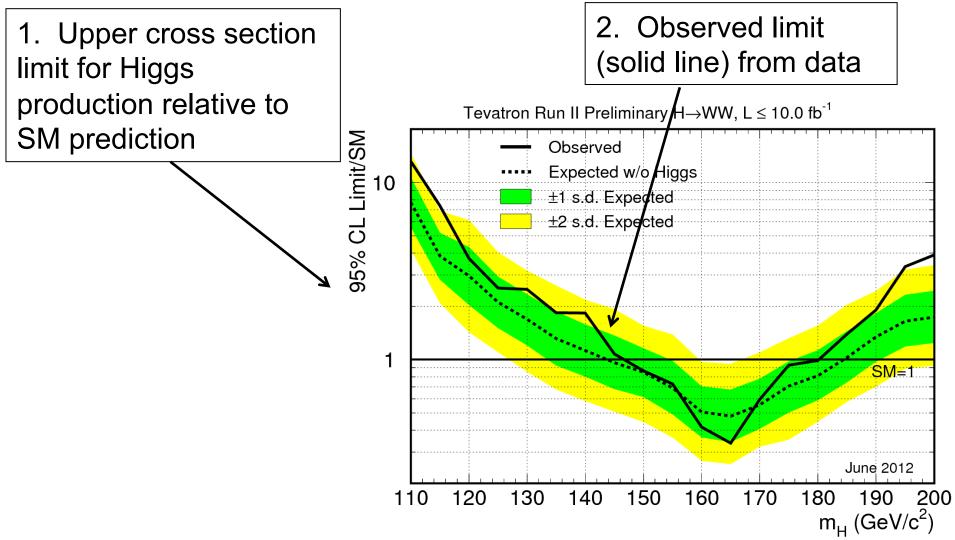
Almost all analyses published with full Tevatron data set!

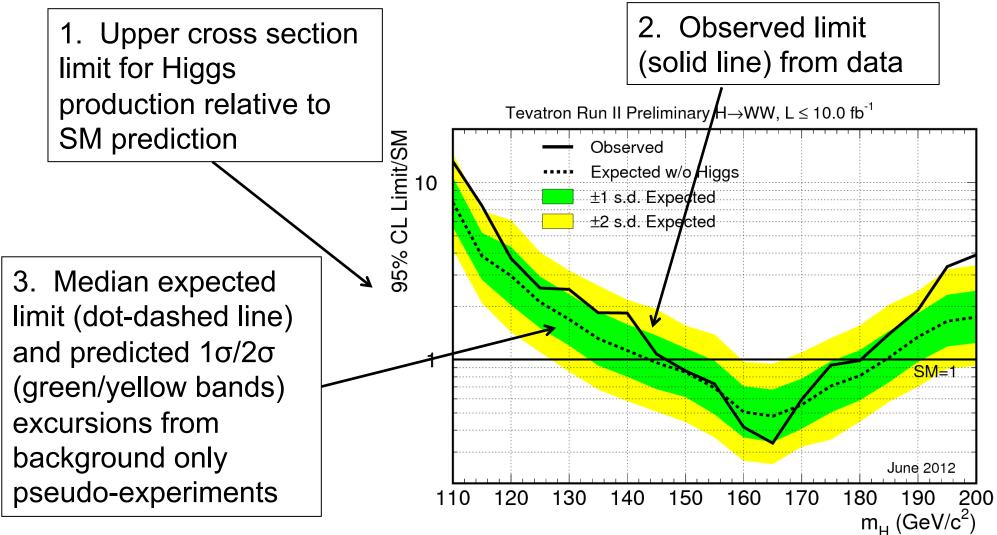
Tevatron Final Combinations

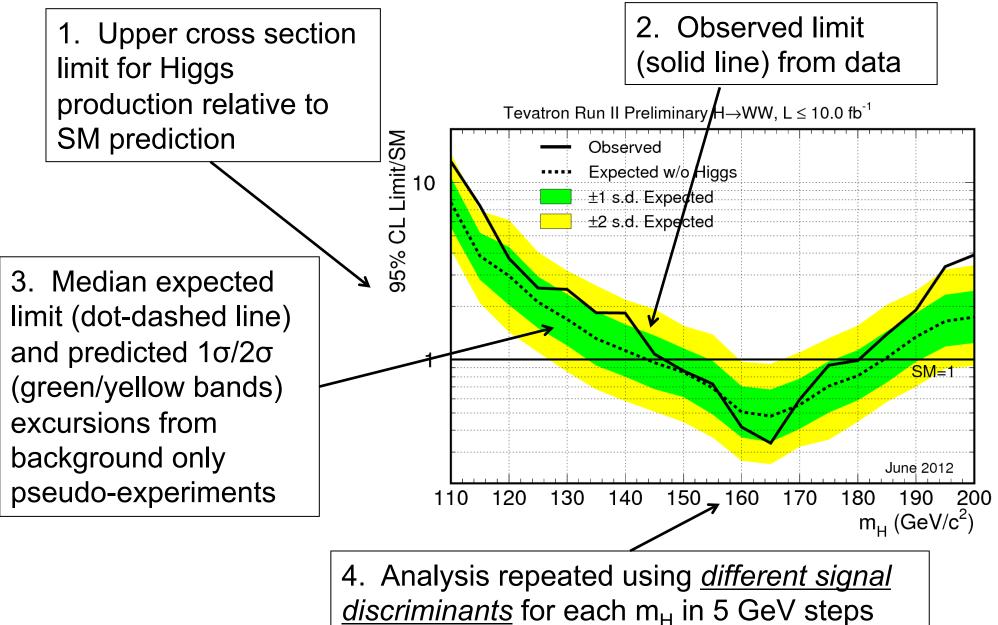


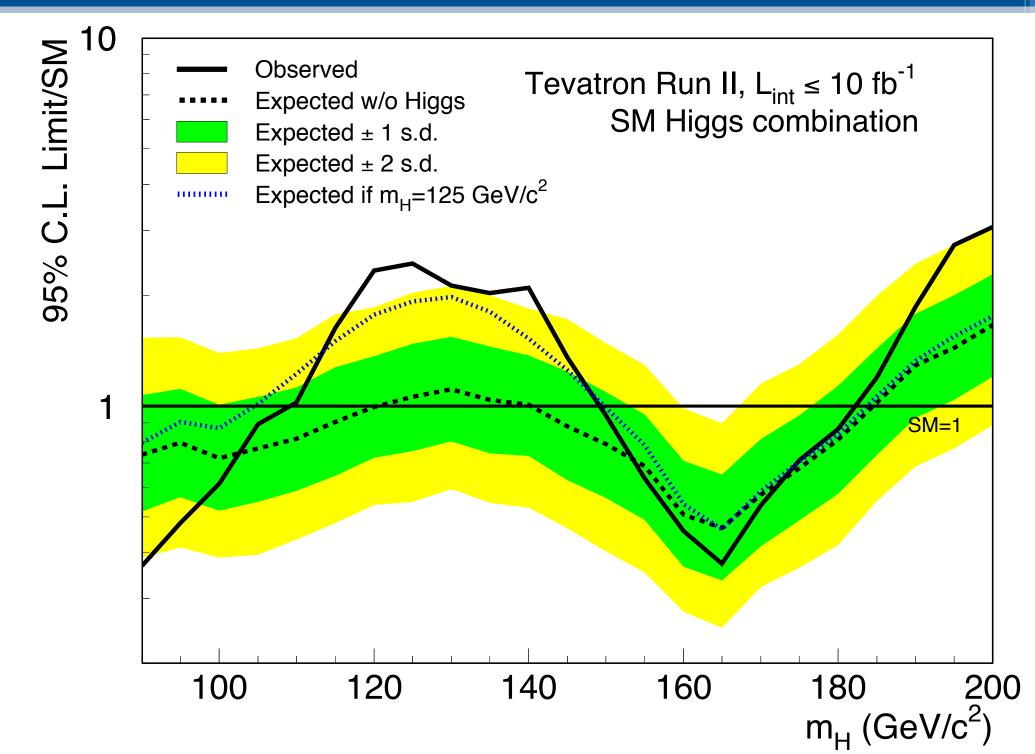
Tevatron Run II Preliminary $H \rightarrow WW$, $L \le 10.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

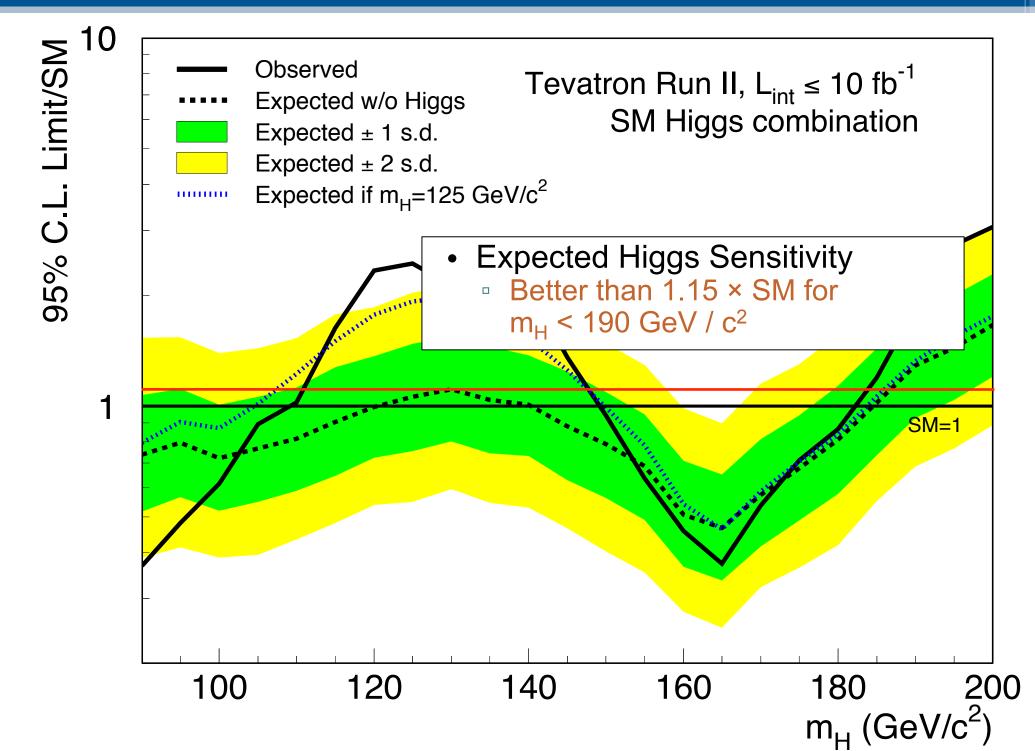


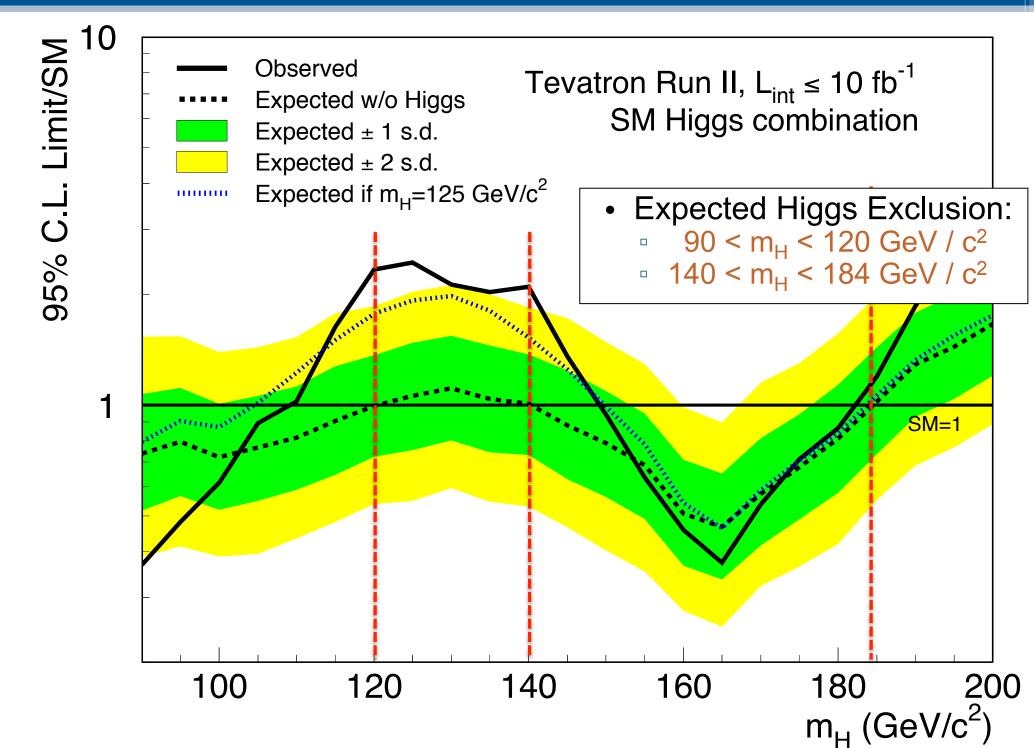


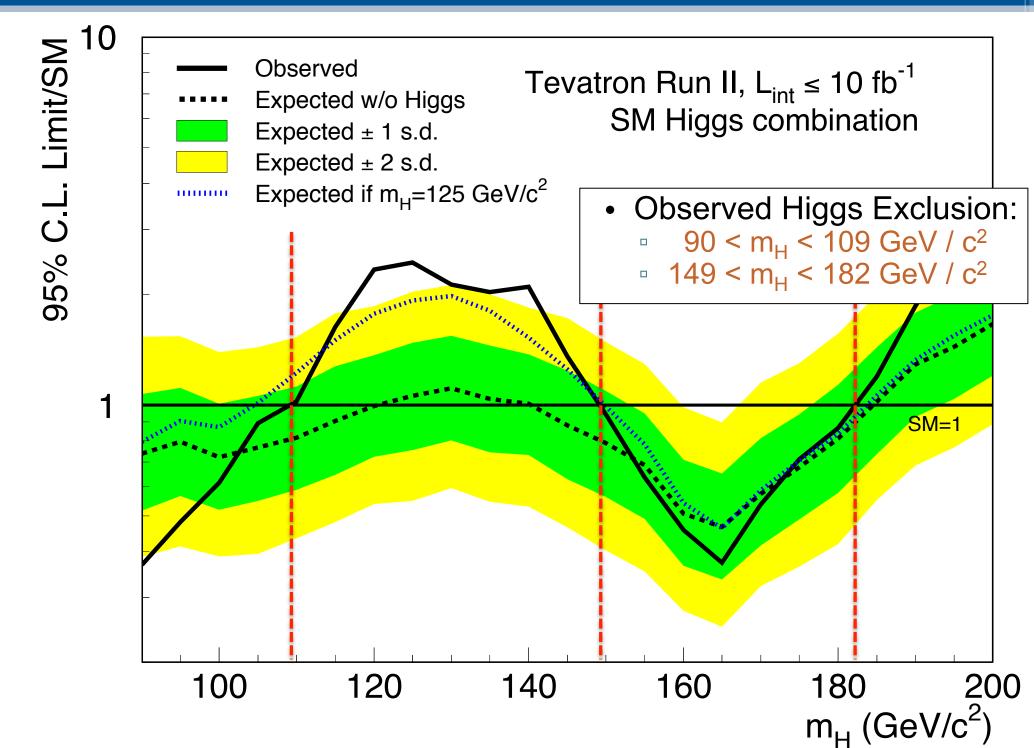


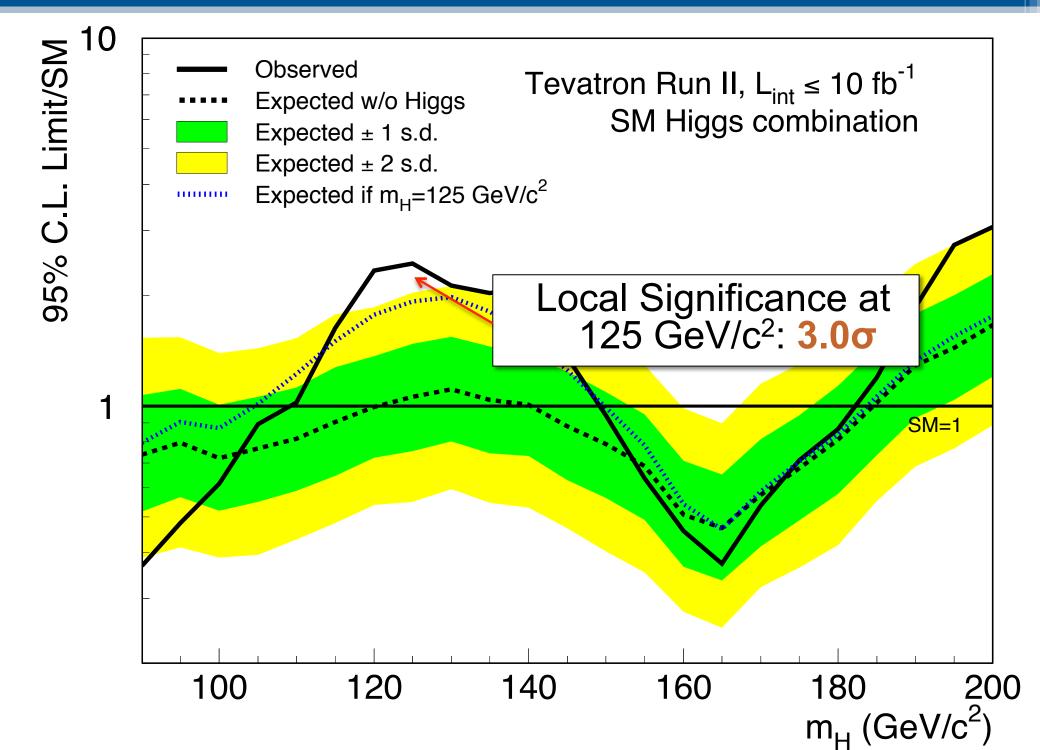




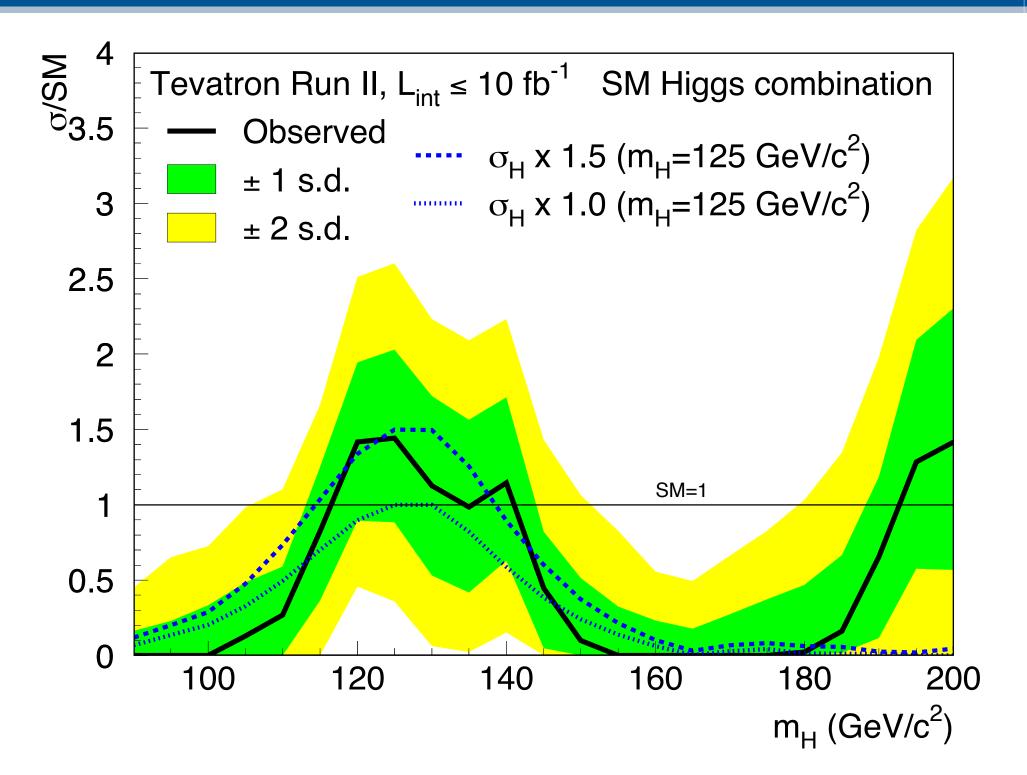




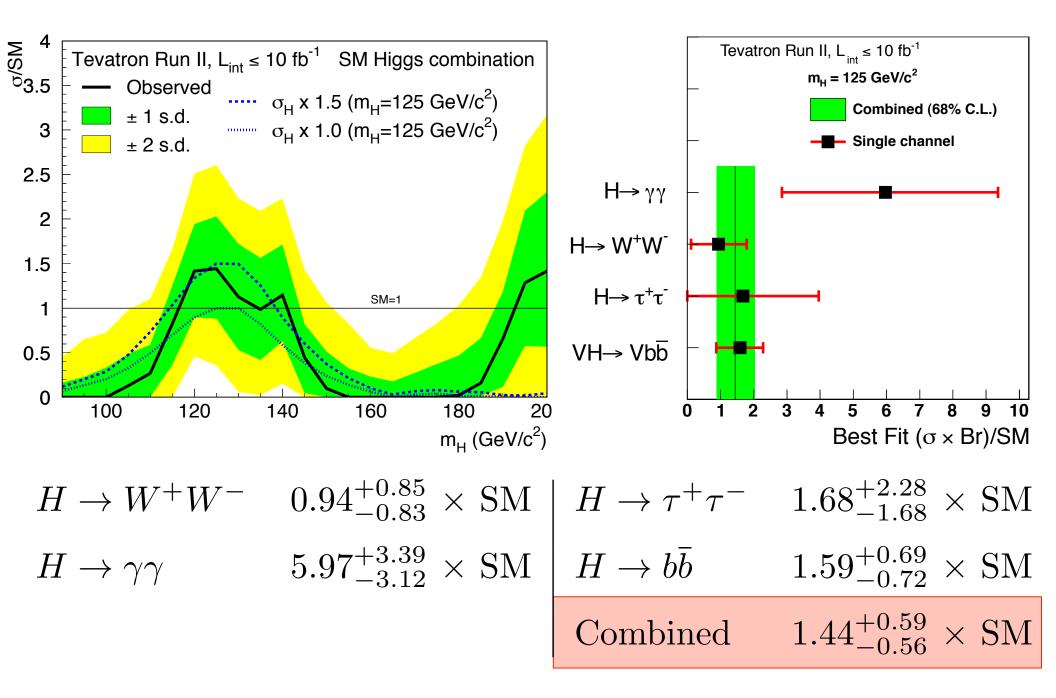




36



Cross-section Measurements: Full



Constraining Higgs Couplings

- Window to exotic physics can be parameterized through coupling factors:
 - Hff coupling scaled by: K_f
 - HWW / HZZ / HVV scaled by: K_W, K_Z, K_V
 - Standard model is obtained when:

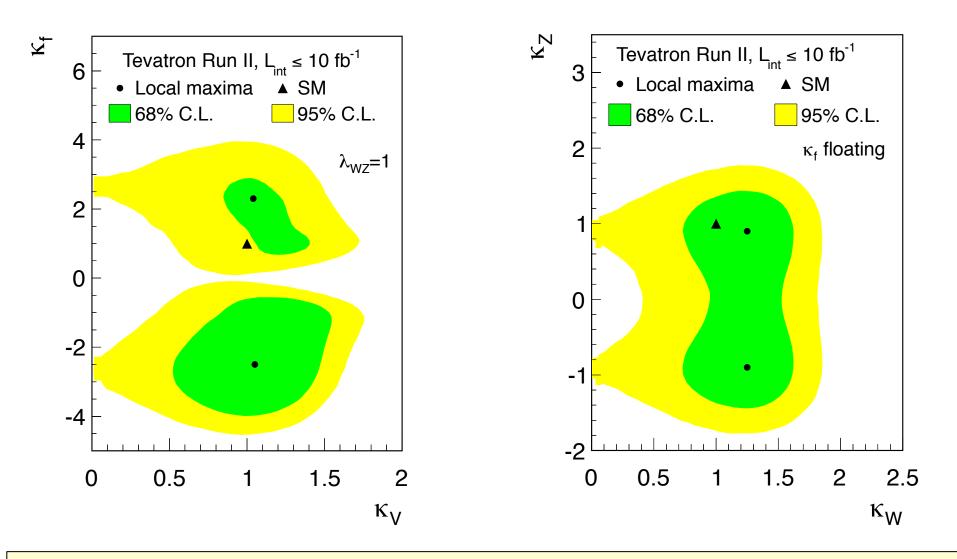
$$\kappa_f = \kappa_W = \kappa_Z = 1 .$$

 Expressions for Higgs boson production/decay processes are modified based on production mechanism and decay channel (e.g.):

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Process} & \sigma \times \mathcal{B}_H \\ \hline VH \to V + b\bar{b} & \propto (\kappa_f \kappa_V)^2 \\ t\bar{t}H \to t\bar{t} + b\bar{b} & \propto (\kappa_f^2)^2 \\ VH \to V + W^+ W^- & \propto (\kappa_V^2)^2 \end{array}$$

Test coupling factors using Bayesian method:
 Uniform priors assumed for κ 's

Couplings



All measured couplings consistent with SM predictions.

Conclusions

- Analysis improvements implemented in CDF and D0 to improve Higgs sensitivity to exclusion to better than 1.15×SM for 90 ≤ m_H ≤ 185 GeV/c².
- Final combinations also included for BSM interpretations.
- Broad excess in observed data relative to background-only hypothesis in 115 < m_H < 150 GeV/c², consistent with LHC observations.
- Measured cross-sections and couplings are constrained and consistent with SM predictions.
- All Higgs analyses published/submitted at CDF and D0.
- Final Tevatron Higgs combination submitted to PRD.



Public Results

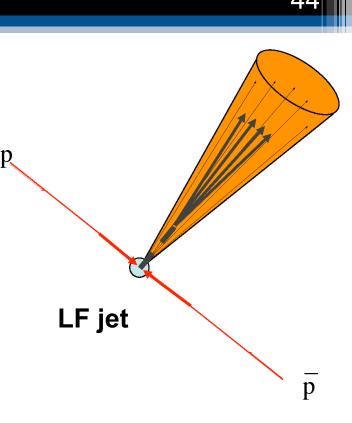
- Tevatron Combination

 http://tevnphwg.fnal.gov/results/
- D0 Results
 - http://www-d0.fnal.gov/d0_publications/ d0_pubs_list_runII_bytopic.html#higgs
- CDF Results
 - http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/new/hdg/ Results.html

Back-up Slides

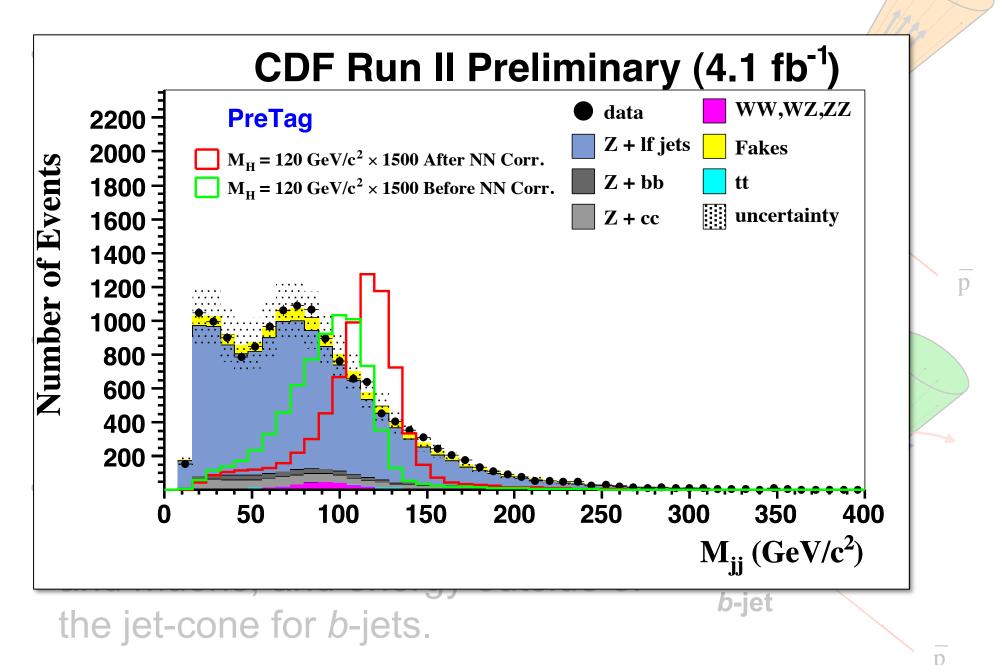
Mass resolution improved

- Shape of invariant mass distribution:
 - Peaking for Higgs signal
 - Peaking for diboson background
 - Falling for other backgrounds
- Jet-energy corrections generally derived from light-quark jets
- Regression algorithms can account for missing energy from neutrinos and muons, and energy outside of the jet-cone for *b*-jets.



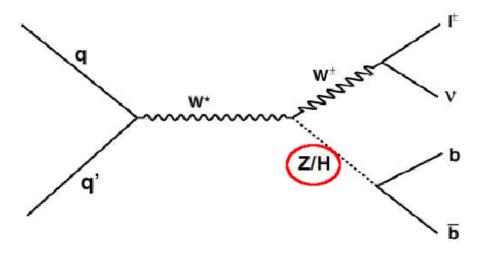
b-jet

Mass resolution improved



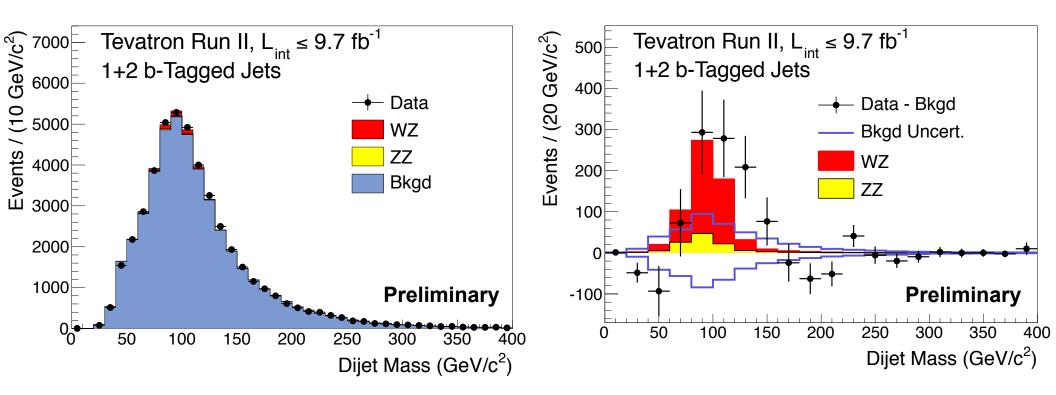
Diboson vs. Higgs Analyses

• Feynman diagrams are topologically equivalent



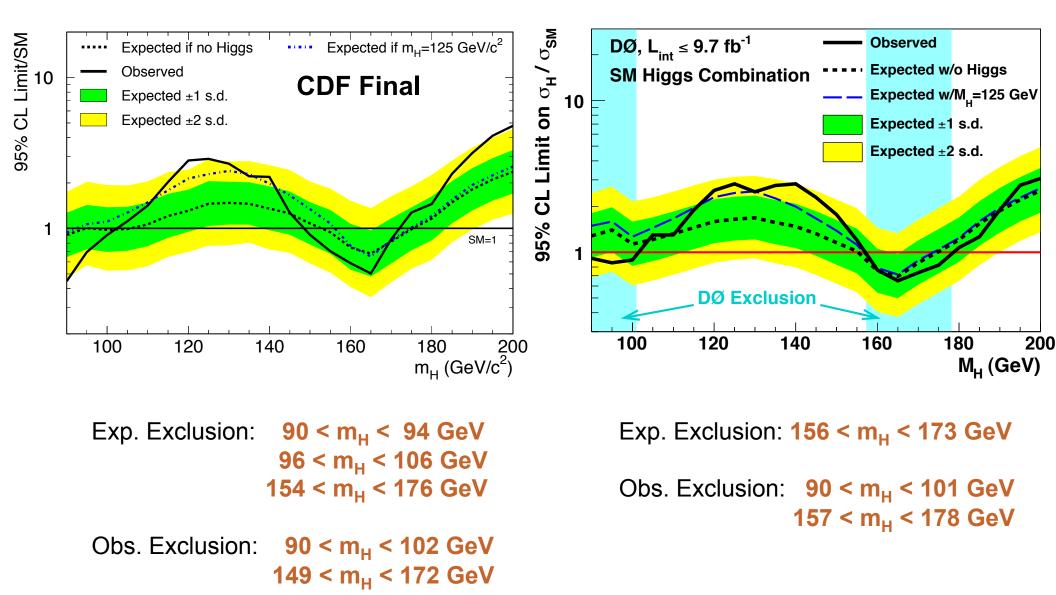
- Same final states, and therefore same analysis strategy, modulo different definitions of signal.
 - Retrained signal/background discriminants

Verify modeling with σ (WZ+ZZ)

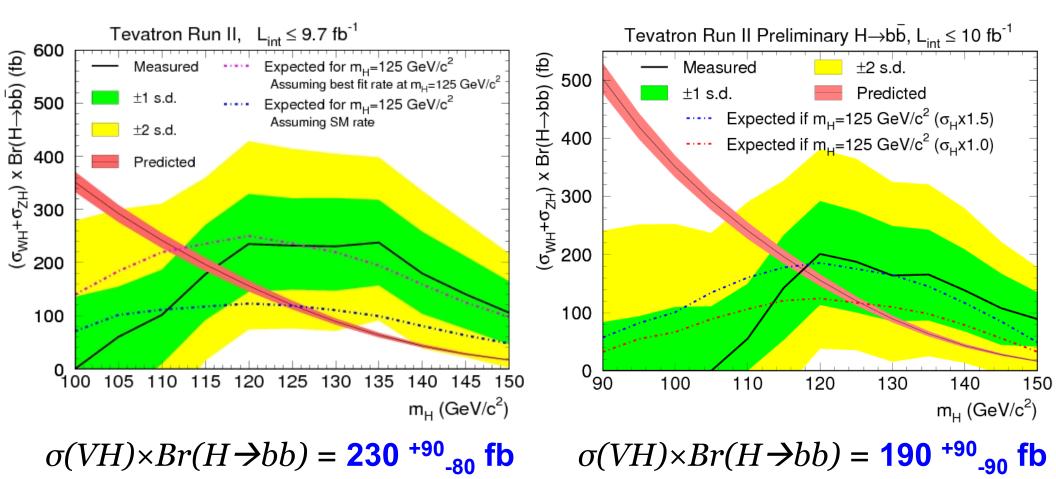


 σ (WZ+ZZ)_{meas.} = 3.0 ± 0.9 pb SM Prediction = 4.4 ± 0.3 pb

SM Higgs limits from all channels



Cross-section measurements: H→bb



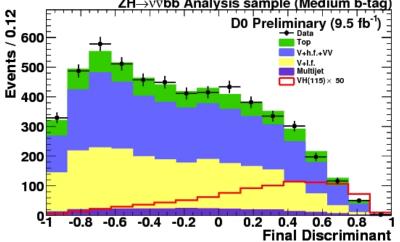
SM Prediction at 125:

 $\sigma(VH) \times Br(H \rightarrow bb) = 120 \pm 8 \text{ fb}$

Obtaining Results

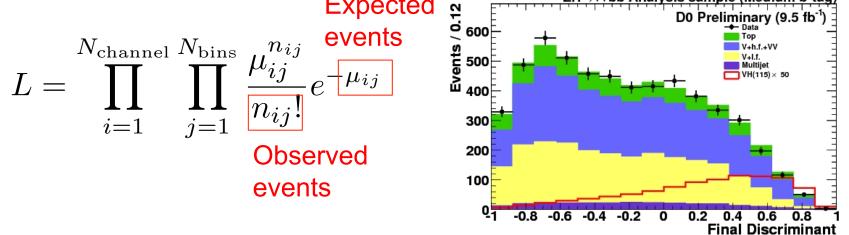
 Extracted by starting with a combined likelihood function

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^{N_{\text{channel}}} \prod_{j=1}^{N_{\text{bins}}} \frac{\mu_{ij}^{n_{ij}}}{n_{ij}!} e^{-\mu_{ij}}$$



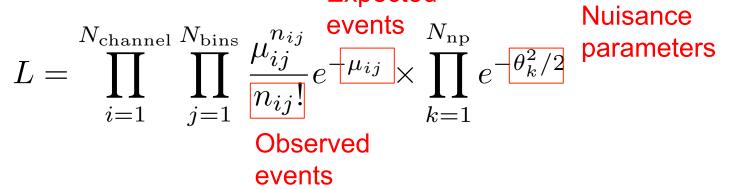
Obtaining Results

 Extracted by starting with a combined likelihood function
 Expected ≌



Obtaining Results

Extracted by starting with a combined likelihood function
 Expected

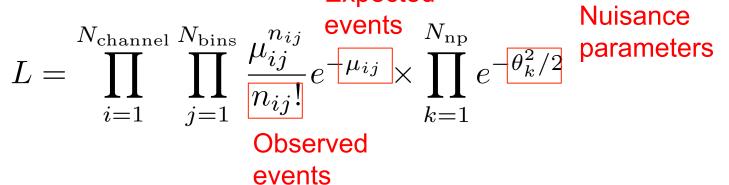


 Expected signal / background events dependent on systematic uncertainties, included as nuisance parameters

53

Obtaining Results

Extracted by starting with a combined likelihood function

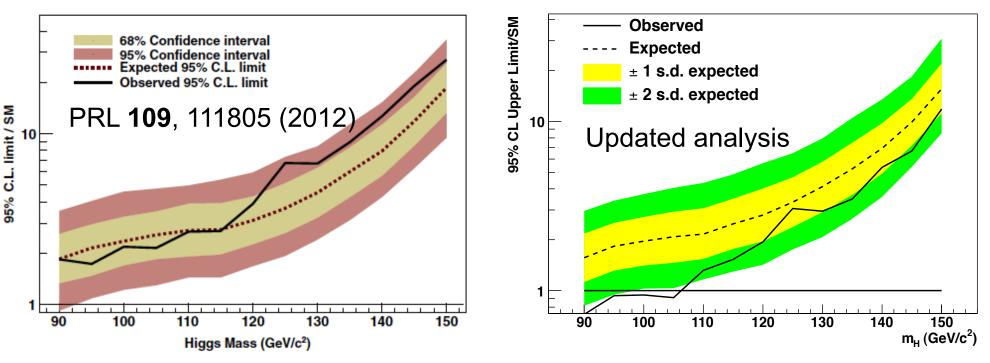


- Expected signal / background events dependent on systematic uncertainties, included as nuisance parameters
- Cross-section fits/limits calculated by maximizing likelihood using profiling or marginalizing
 Good agreement between both
- For Bayesian method (CDF), uniform, non-negative prior assumed for Higgs boson signal.



- Look for Higgs boson in final state with missing transverse energy and two jets
- Sensitive to following processes:
 - $ZH \rightarrow vv + bb$
 - $WH \rightarrow lv + bb$ (lepton lost in reconstruction)
- Analyze full CDF data set as in summer analysis

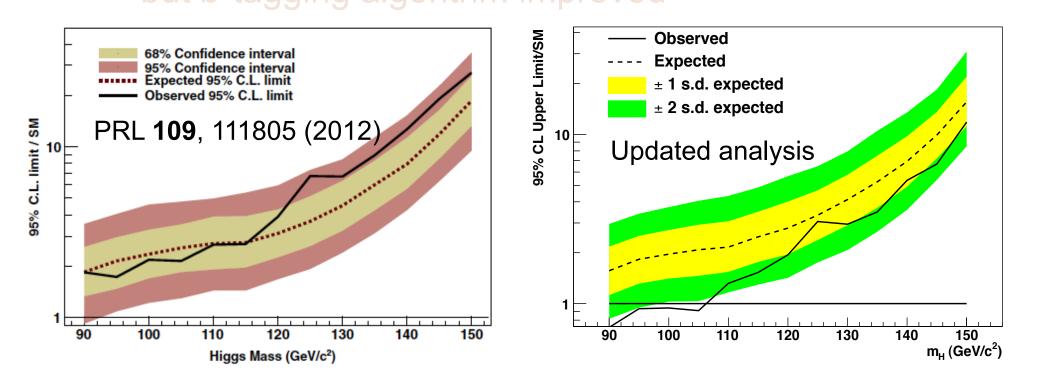
but b-tagging algorithm improved





Look for Higgs boson in final state with missing

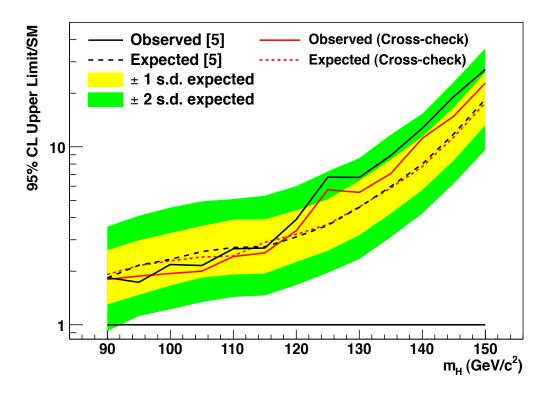
- Expected limits are 14% better on average than those of the previous analysis
- Observed limits are 55% lower on average, fairly independent across Higgs boson mass
- Why such a discrepancy?





- Many checks performed in recent months:
 - 1. Mismodeling of backgrounds? None seen.
 - 2. Mistake in *b*-jet tagging?

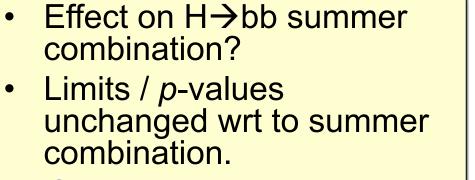
- None seen.
- 3. Reanalyze data sample using old tagging methods.



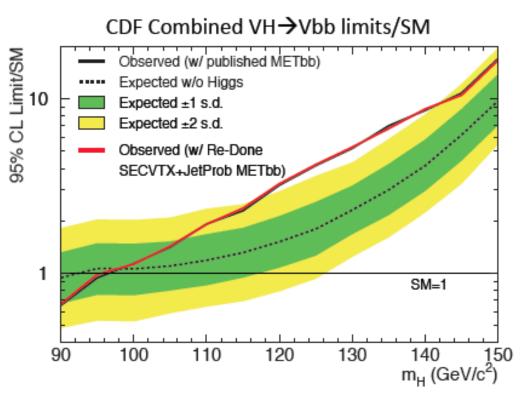
- Expected limits in very good agreement with those of summer analysis.
- Observed limits systematically lower than those of summer analysis.
- Non-negligible fraction of discrepancy originates from different (improved) treatment of systematic uncertainties.



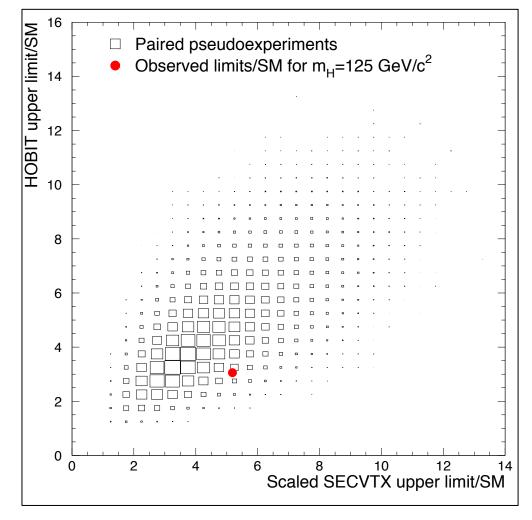
- Many checks performed in recent months:
 - 1. Mismodeling of backgrounds? None seen.
 - 2. Mistake in *b*-jet tagging?
 - 3. Reanalyze data sample using old tagging methods.



 <u>Conclusion</u>: analysis method is robust, and CDF stands behind the H→bb results from last summer.



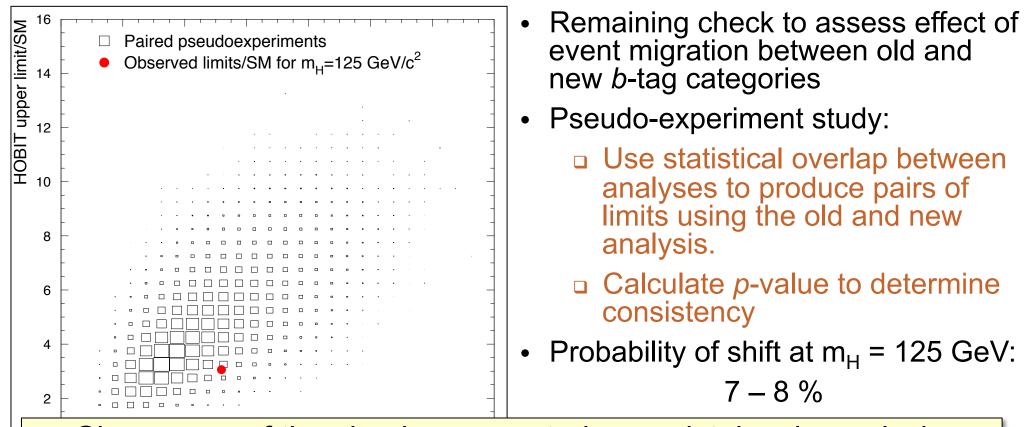
None seen.



- Remaining check to assess effect of event migration between old and new *b*-tag categories
- Pseudo-experiment study:
 - Use statistical overlap between analyses to produce pairs of limits using the old and new analysis.
 - Calculate *p*-value to determine consistency
- Probability of shift at m_H = 125 GeV:

Probability of global shift:

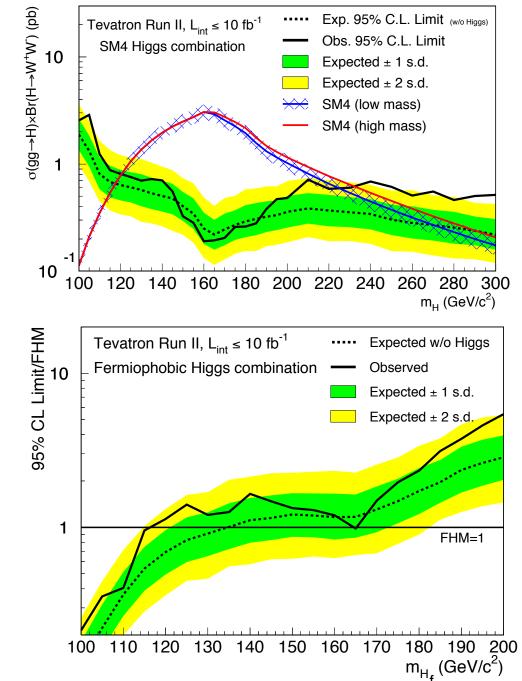
3-5%



- Since none of the checks suggested any mistakes in analysis, the conclusion is that the significant shift in limits due to event migration effects from changing *b*-tagging algorithms.
- Previous summer publication valid; for final combination, CDF decided to use analysis with most sensitive expected limits.

Beyond the SM Models

- 4th generation model
 - Additional generation of quarks/leptons added
 - Two types of models depending on 4th-gen. lepton masses
 - Exclude SM4 Higgs masses in region: 121 < m_H < ~230 GeV/c²
- Fermiophobic model
 - Higgs couplings to fermions set to 0.
 - Exclude H_f mass below 116 GeV/c².



Improvements in Sensitivity

Example from CDF

